POWER OF ATTORNEY for

1. **DESIGNATION OF AGENT**

I, _____, do hereby designate and appoint my husband, _____, whose address is _____, as my agent to make decisions for me and in my name, place and stead and for my use and benefit and to exercise the powers as authorized in this document.

2. DESIGNATION OF ALTERNATE AGENT

If my agent is unwilling or unable to act for me, then I designate the following persons to serve as my agent as authorized in this document, such persons to serve in the order listed below:

А.	First Alternate Agent Name <mark>:</mark>
	Address:
	Phone:
B.	Second Alternate Agent Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
3.	DURABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE

- (a) <u>DURABLE</u>. This Power of Attorney shall not be affected by my subsequent disability or incapacity.
- (b) <u>SPRINGING POWER</u>. This Power of Attorney is only effective in the event of my incapacity as proven by two (2) written medical opinions issued by licensed medical doctors clearly stating that I am disabled or incapacitated and incapable of managing my affairs. Said medical opinions shall establish that I am under a disability and that my agent shall then be authorized to act on my behalf.

4. **OTHER POWERS OF ATTORNEY**

This Power of Attorney is intended to, and does, revoke any prior Power of Attorney for financial matters I have previously executed.

5. NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN

If, after execution of this Power of Attorney, incompetency proceedings are initiated for my estate, I hereby nominate as the guardian or conservator of my estate for consideration by the court my agent herein named, in the order above named.

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ______ 1 of 5

6. **GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY**

I grant my agent and any successor agent(s) general authority to act for me with respect to the following subjects:

(INITIAL each subject you want to include in the agent's general authority. If you wish to grant general authority over all of the subjects you may initial "All Preceding Subjects" instead of initialing each subject.)

[]	Real Property
[]	Tangible Personal Property
[]	Stocks and Bonds
[]	Commodities and Options
[]	Banks and Other Financial Institutions
[]	Safe Deposit Boxes
[]	Operation of Entity or Business
	Insurance and Annuities
[]	Estates, trusts and Other Beneficial Interests
[]	Legal Affairs, Claims and Litigation
[]	Personal Maintenance
[BREAK] NG	Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service
	Retirement Plans
[]	Taxes
[]	All Preceding Subjects

7. LIMITATION OF AGENT'S AUTHORITY

An agent that is not my spouse <u>MAY NOT</u> use my property to benefit the agent or a person to whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I have included that authority in the Special Instructions.

8. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS OR OTHER OR ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY GRANTED TO AGENT

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR _____ 2 of 5

9. THIRD PARTY PROTECTION

Third parties may rely upon the validity of this Power of Attorney or a copy and the representation of my agent as to all matters relating to any power granted to my agent, and no person or agency who relies upon the representation of my agent, or the authority granted by my agent, shall incur any liability to me or my estate as a result of permitting my agent to exercise any power unless a third party knows or has reason to know this Power of Attorney has terminated or is invalid.

10. **RELEASE OF INFORMATION**

I agree to, authorize and allow full release of information, by any government agency, business, creditor or third party who may have information pertaining to my assets or income, to my agent named therein.

I sign my name to this Power of Attorney	on, 2019, at Las Vegas, Nevada.
Dooof	
CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWL	EDGEMENT OF NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF NEVADA BOUNDANI)S. UNRIV	
COUNTY OF CLARK)	
On this, in the year 2019, befor known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisf	

known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person whose name is subscribed to this instrument and acknowledged that she executed it. I declare under penalty of perjury that the person whose name is ascribed to this instrument appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud or undue influence.

[Seal]

Notary Public

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR _____ 3 of 5

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR AGENT

1. **Agent's Duties.** When you accept the authority granted under this Power of Attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you and the principal. This relationship imposes upon you legal duties that continue until you resign or the Power of Attorney is terminated or revoked. You must:

(a) Do what you know the principal reasonably expects you to do with the principal's property or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, act in the principal's best interest;

(b) Act in good faith;

(c) Do nothing beyond the authority granted in this Power of Attorney; and

(d) Disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act for the principal and signing your own name as "agent" in the following manner:

___ by _____, as Agent

2. Unless the Special Instructions in this Power of Attorney state otherwise, you must also:

(a) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;

(b) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the principal's best interest;

(c) Act with care, competence, and diligence;

(d) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and transactions made on behalf of the principal;

(e) Cooperate with any person that has authority to make health care decisions for the principal to do what you know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interest; and

(f) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest.

3. **Termination of Agent's Authority.** You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates this Power of Attorney or your authority under this Power of Attorney. Events that terminate a Power of Attorney or your authority to act under a Power of Attorney include:

- (a) Death of the principal;
- (b) The principal's revocation of the Power of Attorney of your authority;
- (c) The occurrence of a termination event stated in the Power of Attorney;
- (d) The purpose of the Power of Attorney is fully accomplished; or
- (e) If you are married to the principal, your marriage is dissolved.

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR

4. **Liability of Agent.** The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in this chapter. If you violate this chapter or act outside the authority granted in this Power of Attorney, you may be liable for any damages caused by your violation.

5. If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal advice.



POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR 5 of 5

Consumer Resources LLC | DocsOut.ai LLC 6475 S. Rainbow Blvd. Suite 102 | Las Vegas, NV 89118 Phone: 702.421.1111 | Fax: 702.904.6004 | admin@lcpsnv.com

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS

for

THIS IS AN IMPORTANT LEGAL DOCUMENT. IT CREATES A DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE. BEFORE EXECUTING THIS DOCUMENT, YOU SHOULD KNOW THESE IMPORTANT FACTS:

1. THIS DOCUMENT GIVES THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE AS YOUR AGENT THE POWER TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU. THIS POWER IS SUBJECT TO ANY LIMITATIONS OR STATEMENT OF YOUR DESIRES THAT YOU INCLUDE IN THIS DOCUMENT. THE POWER TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU MAY INCLUDE CONSENT, REFUSAL OR CONSENT OR WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT TO ANY CARE, TREATMENT, SERVICE OR PROCEDURE TO MAINTAIN, DIAGNOSE OR TREAT A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION. YOU MAY STATE IN THIS DOCUMENT ANY TYPES OF TREATMENT OR PLACEMENTS THAT YOU DO NOT DESIRE.

2. THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE IN THIS DOCUMENT HAS A DUTY TO ACT CONSISTENT WITH YOUR DESIRES AS STATED IN THIS DOCUMENT OR OTHERWISE MADE KNOWN OR, IF YOUR DESIRES ARE UNKNOWN, TO ACT IN YOUR BEST INTERESTS.

3. EXCEPT AS YOU OTHERWISE SPECIFY IN THIS DOCUMENT, THE POWER OF THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU MAY INCLUDE THE POWER TO CONSENT TO YOUR DOCTOR NOT GIVING TREATMENT OR STOPPING TREATMENT WHICH WOULD KEEP YOU ALIVE.

4. UNLESS YOU SPECIFY A SHORTER PERIOD IN THIS DOCUMENT, THIS POWER WILL EXIST INDEFINITELY FROM THE DATE YOU EXECUTE THIS DOCUMENT AND, IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF, THIS POWER WILL CONTINUE TO EXIST UNTIL THE TIME WHEN YOU BECOME ABLE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF.

5. NOTWITHSTANDING THIS DOCUMENT, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE MEDICAL AND OTHER HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF SO LONG AS YOU CAN GIVE INFORMED CONSENT WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR DECISION. IN ADDITION, NO TREATMENT MAY BE GIVEN TO YOU OVER YOUR OBJECTION, AND HEALTH CARE NECESSARY TO KEEP YOU ALIVE MAY BE STOPPED IF YOU OBJECT.

6. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REVOKE THE APPOINTMENT OF THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU BY NOTIFYING THAT PERSON OF THE REVOCATION ORALLY OR IN WRITING.

7. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REVOKE THE AUTHORITY DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU BY NOTIFYING THE TREATING PHYSICIAN, HOSPITAL OR OTHER PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE ORALLY OR IN WRITING.

8. THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU HAS THE RIGHT TO EXAMINE YOUR MEDICAL RECORDS AND TO CONSENT TO THEIR DISCLOSURE UNLESS YOU LIMIT THIS RIGHT IN THIS DOCUMENT.

9. THIS DOCUMENT REVOKES ANY PRIOR DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE.

10. IF THERE IS ANYTHING IN THIS DOCUMENT THAT YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND, YOU SHOULD ASK A LAWYER TO EXPLAIN IT TO YOU.

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR



DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR 2 of 7



1. **DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE AGENT**

I, NAME OF CLIENT, do hereby designate and appoint 1ST CHOICE AGENT, whose and whose telephone number is address is as my agent to make health care decisions for me as authorized in this document.

2. **DESIGNATION OF ALTERNATE AGENT**

If my agent is unwilling or unable to act for me, then I designate the following persons to serve as my agent as authorized in this document, such persons to serve in the order listed below:

A. **First Alternate Agent**

	Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
B.	Second Alternate Agent
	Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
CPE	ATION OF DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEV FOR HEALTH CARE

3.

By this document I intend to create a durable power of attorney by appointing the person designated above to make health care decisions for me. This power of attorney shall not be affected by my subsequent incapacity. RIES UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS

4. **GENERAL STATEMENT OF AUTHORITY GRANTED**

In the event that I am incapable of giving informed consent with respect to health care decisions, I hereby grant to the agent named above full power and authority: to make health care decisions for me before or after my death, including consent, refusal of consent or withdrawal of consent to any care, treatment, service or procedure to maintain, diagnose or treat a physical or mental condition; to request, review and receive any information, verbal or written, regarding my physical or mental health, including, without limitation, medical and hospital records; to execute on my behalf any releases or other documents that may be required to obtain medical care and/or medical and hospital records, EXCEPT any power to enter into any arbitration agreements or execute any arbitration clauses in connection with admission to any health care facility including any skilled nursing facility; and subject only to the limitations and special provisions, if any, set forth in paragraph 5 or 6.

5. SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND LIMITATIONS

(Your agent is not permitted to consent to any of the following: commitment to or placement in a mental health treatment facility, convulsive treatment, psychosurgery, sterilization or abortion. If there are any other types of treatment or placement that you do not want your

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR

3 of 7

agent's authority to give consent for or other restrictions you wish to place on his or her agent's authority, you should list them in the space below.

If you do not write any limitations, your agent will have the broad powers to make health care decisions on your behalf which are set forth in paragraph 7, except to the extent that there are *limits provided by law.*)

In exercising the authority under this durable power of attorney for health care, the authority of my agent is subject to the following special provisions and limitations:

DURATION 6.

I understand that this power of attorney will exist indefinitely from the date I execute this document unless I establish a shorter time. If I am unable to make health care decisions for myself when this power of attorney expires, the authority I have granted my agent will continue to exist until the time when I become able to make health care decisions for myself.

STATEMENT OF DESIRES 7.

If the statement reflects your desires, initial the box next to the statement.

- I desire that my life be prolonged to the greatest extent possible, without regard to my condition, the chances I have for recovery or long-term survival, or the cost of the procedures.
- If I am in a coma which my doctors have reasonably concluded is irreversible, I 1.0 desire that life sustaining or prolonging treatments not be used.
 - If I have an incurable or terminal condition or illness and no reasonable hope of long-term recovery or survival, I desire that life sustaining or prolonging treatment not be used.
- I do not desire treatment to be provided and/or continued if the burdens of the 1 treatment outweigh the expected benefits. My agent is to consider the relief of suffering, the preservation or restoration of functioning, and the quality as well as the extent of the possible extension of my life.
- Withholding or withdrawal of artificial nutrition and hydration may result in death 1 by starvation or dehydration. I want to receive or continue receiving artificial nutrition and hydration by way of the gastrointestinal tract after all other treatment is withheld.

Other or additional statements of desires, special provisions, or limitations:

8. PRIOR DESIGNATIONS REVOKED

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR

4 of 7



I revoke any prior durable power of attorney for health care.

9. WAIVER OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

If my designated agent is my spouse or is one of my children, then I waive any conflict of interest in carrying out the provisions of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care that said spouse or child may have by reason of the fact that he or she may be a beneficiary of my estate.

10. CHALLENGES

If the legality of any provision of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care is questioned by my physician, my agent or a third party, then my agent is authorized to commence an action for declaratory judgment as to the legality of the provision in question. The cost of any such action is to be paid from my estate. This Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care must be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada.

11. NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN

If, after execution of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care, incompetency proceeding are initiated for my person, I hereby nominate as my guardian or conservator for my person, consideration by the court my agent herein named, in the order named above.

12. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

I agree to authorize and allow full release of information by any government agency, medical provider, business, creditor or third party who may have information pertaining to my health care, to my agent named herein, pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, as amended and applicable regulations.

13. UNIFORM ANATOMICAL GIFT ACT

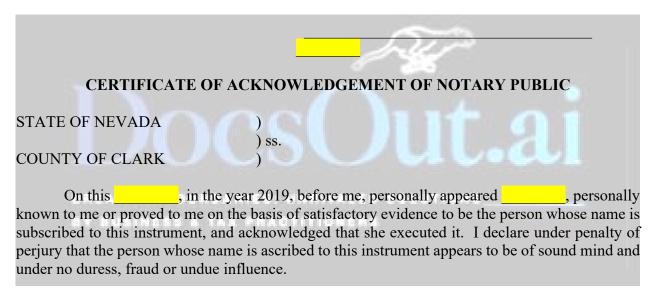
You may choose to make a gift of all or part of your body to a hospital, physician, or medical school for scientific, educational, therapeutic, or transplant purposes. Such a gift is allowed by the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act pursuant to NRS 451.500, et. seq. as amended. If you do not make such a gift, you authorize your agent to do so, or a member of your family may make a gift unless you give them notice that you do not want a gift made. In the space below you may state that you do not want to make a gift by initialing the line next to the statement. If you do not complete this section, your agent will have the authority to make a gift of all or a part of your body under the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act.

- [____] I do not want to make a gift under the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, nor do I want my agent or family to do so.
- [____] I allow my agent to make a gift under the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act subject to the following limitations, if any:

14. **DECLARATION** (pursuant to NRS 449.535 - 449.690)

If I should have an incurable and irreversible condition that, without the administration of life-sustaining treatment, will, in the opinion of my attending physician, cause my death within a relatively short time, and I am no longer able to make decisions regarding my medical treatment, I appoint my agent, to make decisions on my behalf regarding withholding or withdrawal of treatment that only prolongs the process of dying and is not necessary for my comfort or to alleviate pain, pursuant to NRS 449.535 to 449.690, inclusive.

I sign my name to this Durable Power of Attorney for Health care on _____, 2021 at Las Vegas, Nevada.



[Seal]

Notary Public

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR

6 of 7



STATEMENT OF WITNESSES

I declare under penalty of perjury that the principal is personally known to me, that the principal signed or acknowledged this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care in my presence, that the principal appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud, or undue influence, that I am not the person appointed as agent by this document, and that I am not a provider of health care, an employee of a provider of health care, the operator of a community care facility, nor an employee of an operator of a health care facility.

First Witness				
Name:	Nikita Burdick	Telephone: (702) 481-9207		
Address:	6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232	2, Las Vegas, Nevada 89118		
Signature	of Witness:	Date:, 2021		
Second V	Vitness			
Name:	Salina Raymond	Telephone: (702) 481-9207		
Address:	6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232	2, Las Vegas, Nevada 89118		
	of Witness:			

ADDITIONAL STATEMENT OF WITNESS: At least one of the above witnesses must also sign the following declaration:

I further declare under penalty of perjury that I am not related to the principal by blood, marriage, or adoption, and to the best of my knowledge I am not entitled to any part of the estate of the principal upon death of the principal under a will now existing or by operation of law.

Signature of Witness:

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR 7 of 7



POWER OF ATTORNEY for NAME OF CLIENT

1. **DESIGNATION OF AGENT**

I, NAME OF CLIENT_____, do hereby designate and appoint 1ST CHOICE AGENT(USUALLY SAME AS TRUSTEE) whose address is _____ and whose telephone number is _____, as my agent to make decisions for me and in my name, place and stead and for my use and benefit and to exercise the powers as authorized in this document.

2. DESIGNATION OF ALTERNATE AGENT

If my agent is unwilling or unable to act for me, then I designate the following persons to serve as my agent as authorized in this document, such persons to serve in the order listed below:

А.	First Alternate Agent Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
B.	Second Alternate Agent Name:
	Address:
	APhone: BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS
	USINESS & TAX PRACTITIONERS
3.	DURABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE
(a)	DURABLE. This Power of Attorney shall not be affected by my subsequent

(b) <u>SPRINGING POWER</u>. This Power of Attorney is only effective in the event of my incapacity as proven by two (2) written medical opinions issued by licensed medical doctors clearly stating that I am disabled or incapacitated and incapable of managing my affairs. Said medical opinions shall establish that I am under a disability and that my agent shall then be authorized to act on my behalf.

4. **OTHER POWERS OF ATTORNEY**

disability or incapacity.

This Power of Attorney is intended to, and does, revoke any prior Power of Attorney for financial matters I have previously executed.

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ______ 1 of 5

5. NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN

If, after execution of this Power of Attorney, incompetency proceedings are initiated for my estate, I hereby nominate as the guardian or conservator of my estate for consideration by the court my agent herein named, in the order above named.

6. **GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY**

I grant my agent and any successor agent(s) general authority to act for me with respect to the following subjects:

(INITIAL each subject you want to include in the agent's general authority. If you wish to grant general authority over all of the subjects you may initial "All Preceding Subjects" instead of initialing each subject.)

[]	Real Property
[]	Tangible Personal Property
[]	Stocks and Bonds
[]	Commodities and Options
	Banks and Other Financial Institutions
[]	Safe Deposit Boxes
[]	Operation of Entity or Business
[]	Insurance and Annuities
BREAKING	Estates, trusts and Other Beneficial Interests
LET BUTIN	Legal Affairs, Claims and Litigation
[]	Personal Maintenance
[]	Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service
[]	Retirement Plans
[]	Taxes
[]	All Preceding Subjects

7. LIMITATION OF AGENT'S AUTHORITY

An agent that is not my spouse <u>MAY NOT</u> use my property to benefit the agent or a person to whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I have included that authority in the Special Instructions.

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR _____ 2 of 5

8. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS OR OTHER OR ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY GRANTED TO AGENT

9. THIRD PARTY PROTECTION

Third parties may rely upon the validity of this Power of Attorney or a copy and the representation of my agent as to all matters relating to any power granted to my agent, and no person or agency who relies upon the representation of my agent, or the authority granted by my agent, shall incur any liability to me or my estate as a result of permitting my agent to exercise any power unless a third party knows or has reason to know this Power of Attorney has terminated or is invalid.

10. **RELEASE OF INFORMATION**

I agree to, authorize and allow full release of information, by any government agency, business, creditor or third party who may have information pertaining to my assets or income, to my agent named therein.

I sign my name to this Power of Attorney on 2019, at Las Vegas, Nevada. BY BUSINESS & TAX PRACTITION **CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF NOTARY PUBLIC** STATE OF NEVADA)) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK

On this ______, in the year 2019, before me, personally appeared ______, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person whose name is subscribed to this instrument, and acknowledged that he executed it. I declare under penalty of perjury that the person whose name is ascribed to this instrument appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud or undue influence.

[Seal]

Notary Public

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ______ 3 of 5

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR AGENT

1. **Agent's Duties.** When you accept the authority granted under this Power of Attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you and the principal. This relationship imposes upon you legal duties that continue until you resign or the Power of Attorney is terminated or revoked. You must:

(a) Do what you know the principal reasonably expects you to do with the principal's property or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, act in the principal's best interest;

(b) Act in good faith;

(c) Do nothing beyond the authority granted in this Power of Attorney; and

(d) Disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act for the principal and signing your own name as "agent" in the following manner:

__ by _____, as Agent

2. Unless the Special Instructions in this Power of Attorney state otherwise, you must also:

(a) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;

(b) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the principal's best interest;

(c) Act with care, competence, and diligence;

(d) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and transactions made on behalf of the principal;

(e) Cooperate with any person that has authority to make health care decisions for the principal to do what you know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interest; and

(f) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest.

3. **Termination of Agent's Authority.** You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates this Power of Attorney or your authority under this Power of Attorney. Events that terminate a Power of Attorney or your authority to act under a Power of Attorney include:

- (a) Death of the principal;
- (b) The principal's revocation of the Power of Attorney of your authority;
- (c) The occurrence of a termination event stated in the Power of Attorney;
- (d) The purpose of the Power of Attorney is fully accomplished; or
- (e) If you are married to the principal, your marriage is dissolved.

POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR

4. **Liability of Agent.** The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in this chapter. If you violate this chapter or act outside the authority granted in this Power of Attorney, you may be liable for any damages caused by your violation.

5. If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal advice.



POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ______ 5 of 5

ASSIGNMENT OF ASSETS

We, CLIENT 1 and CLIENT 2, Grantors, hereby grant, transfer, assign and deliver to CLIENT 1 and CLIENT 2, Trustees of THE ______ TRUST, dated _____, 2021, as amended and/or restated, the following assets:

All jewelry, pictures, books, silverplate, linen, china, coin collections, glassware, objects of art, clothing, household furniture and furnishings, personal automobiles, motor homes, mobile homes, boats and other tangible articles of personal property, together with any insurance on such property, as well as insurance on any other assets owned by the trust;

Promissory notes, amounts owing to Grantors, stocks, bonds, securities, interests in general or limited partnerships, contents of safe deposit boxes, claims under pending lawsuits, and other choses in action; and any other assets held by Grantors which otherwise would be subject to probate.

These assets, together with any other property which may become subject to this trust, including assets which require formal documents of transfer, shall constitute the trust estate of this trust and shall be held, administered and distributed by the Trustee as provided in this trust. Grantors request that any person dealing with the Trustee recognize this assignment without any further documentation.

Dated:	, 2021		
	BREAKING BOU		ON CLIENT 1
			CLIENT 2
STATE	E OF NEVADA)) ss:	

This instrument was acknowledged before me on _____, 2021, by _____ and

)

COUNTY OF CLARK

Notary My commission expires:

Certification of Trust for

dated _____

- 1. The Grantors of the trust are ______ and _____. The trust is revocable by the Grantors, acting jointly and not separately.
- 2. The Trustees of the trust are ______ and _____. The signature of one Trustee is sufficient to exercise the powers of the Trustee.
- 3. The tax identification number of the trust is the Social Security number of either ________ and ______.

4.	Title to assets held in the trust will be titled as:			
	and	, Trustees	of	
	dated	and	any	
	amendments.			

- 5. An alternative description will be effective to title assets in the name of the trust or to designate the trust as a beneficiary if the description includes the name of at least one initial or successor Trustee, any reference indicating that property is being held in a fiduciary capacity, and the date of the trust.
- 6. Excerpts from the trust document that establish the trust, designate the Trustee, and set forth the powers of the Trustee will be provided upon request. The powers of the Trustees include the power to acquire, sell, assign, convey, pledge, encumber, lease, borrow, manage, and deal with real and personal property interests.
- 7. The terms of the trust provide that a third party may rely upon this Certification of Trust as evidence of the existence of the trust and is specifically relieved of any obligation to inquire into the terms of this trust or the authority of the Trustee, or to see to the application that the Trustee makes of funds or other property received by the Trustee.
- 8. The trust has not been revoked, modified, or amended in any way that would cause the representations in this Certification of Trust to be incorrect.

Page 1

Certification of Trust for

Consumer Resources LLC | DocsOut.ai LLC 6475 S. Rainbow Blvd. Suite 102 | Las Vegas, NV 89118 Phone: 702.421.1111 | Fax: 702.904.6004 | admin@lcpsnv.com Dated:

, Trustee

, Trustee

STATE OF NEVADA) ss.	7	
COUNTY OF CLARK) 55.		
This instrument was acknowledged bef , as Trustees.	ore me on	, by	and
[Seal] BREAKING BOUNDARIES U	HRIVALED SOLU	TIONS	
BY BUSINESS & TAX PRACT	ITIONERS		
No	otary Public		

My commission expires: _____

Certification of Trust for _____ Page 2

APN: GET APN FROM COUNTY RECORD OFFICE \$0.00 Consideration

Recording Requested By: BURDICK LAW PLLC 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118

Mail Tax Statements to: NAME OF THE TRUST ADDRESS OF THE CLIENT CITY, STATE ZIP

GRANT, BARGAIN, SALE DEED

THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH: That _____, a _____, for good and other valuable consideration, do hereby Grant, Bargain, Sell and Convey to THE ______TRUST dated ______, as amended, or restated, or their successors, all of their right, title and interest in that real property situated in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, bounded and described as follows:

SEE EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERETO FOR LEGAL DESCRIPTION AND MADE A PART HEREOF

Property commonly known as:

1. 2.

SUBJECT TO:

All general and special taxes for the fiscal year. Covenants, conditions, restrictions, reservations, rights, rights of way and easements now of record.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

///

///

///

///

///

Witness their hands this date _____, 2021.

<mark>NAME</mark>

STATE OF NEVADA)) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK)

This instrument was acknowledged before me on _____, 2021, by _____, as Grantor.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.
Notary Public
BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS By Business & Tax practitioners

APN:

EXHIBIT "A"

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION AS IT APPEARS ON PRIOR DEED – TYPE EXACTLY







Consumer Resources LLC | DocsOut.ai LLC

THE _____ TRUST Table of Contents

Article One	Establishing Our Trust1	1-1
Section 1.01	Identifying Our Trust	
Section 1.02	Reliance by Third Parties	
Section 1.03	Transferring Property to Our Trust	
Section 1.04	Powers Reserved by Us as Grantors	
Section 1.05	Grantor Trust Status 1	1-4
Article Two	Family Information2	2-1
Article Three	Trustee Succession Provisions	3-1
Section 3.01	Initial Trustee	3-1
Section 3.02	Successor Trustee	3-1
Section 3.03	Resignation of a Trustee	3-1
Section 3.04	Removal and Replacement by the Grantors	3-1
Section 3.05	Removal and Replacement after the Death of a Grantor	3-1
Section 3.06	Removal and Replacement after the Death of Both	
	Grantors	
Section 3.07	Notice of Removal and Appointment	
Section 3.08	Appointment of a Co-Trustee	
Section 3.09	Corporate Fiduciaries	3-2
Section 3.10		
Section 3.11	Rights of Successor Trustees	3-2
Article Four	Administration of Our Trust during a Grantor's	
	Incapacity4	I-1
Section 4.01	Definition of a Grantor's Incapacity	4-1
Section 4.02	Determination of a Grantor's Incapacity	
Section 4.03	Trust Distributions during a Grantor's Incapacity	
Article Five	Administration of Our Trust upon the Death of a Grantor	5-1
Section 5.01	Surviving Grantor's Trust Property and Deceased	
Section 5.01	Grantor's Trust Property	51
Section 5.02	Administrative Trust	
Section 5.03	Payment of Expenses and Taxes	
Section 5.04	Restrictions on Certain Payments from Retirement)-1
	Plans	5-2
Section 5.05	Payment of Death Taxes	
Section 5.06	Coordination with the Personal Representative	
Section 5.07	Authority to Make Tax Elections	
	-	

THE TRUST

Article Six	Disposition of Tangible Personal Property6-		
Section 6.01	Distribution of Tangible Personal Property by		
	Memorandum	6-1	
Section 6.02	Distribution of Remaining Tangible Personal Property	6-1	
Section 6.03	Definition of Tangible Personal Property	6-1	
Section 6.04	Incidental Expenses and Encumbrances	6-2	
Article Seven	The Survivor's Trust	7-1	
Section 7.01	Trustee of the Survivor's Trust	7-1	
Section 7.02	The Surviving Grantor's Right to Amend	7-1	
Section 7.03	Separate Share for Deceased Grantor's Trust Property	7-1	
Section 7.04	Distribution of Income and Principal	7-1	
Section 7.05	Administration following the Surviving Grantor's		
	Death	7-2	
Article Eight	Distribution of Our Trust Assets	8-1	
Section 8.01	Distribution of Our Remaining Estate	8-1	
Section 8.02	Grandchildren's Trust	8-3	
Section 8.03	Guidelines for Discretionary Distributions		
Article Nine	Remote Contingent Distribution	9-1	
Article Ten	Distributions to Underage and Incapacitated		
BREAKING	Beneficiaries	10-1	
	ESS & TAX PRACTITIONERS		
Article Eleven	Trust Administration	11-1	
Section 11.01	Distributions to Beneficiaries	11-1	
Section 11.02	Beneficiary's Status	11-1	
Section 11.03	Mandatory Payments of a Pecuniary Amount	11-1	
Section 11.04	No Court Proceedings	11-2	
Section 11.05	No Bond		
Section 11.06	Exoneration of Our Trustee		
Section 11.07	Limitations on Trustee Liability		
Section 11.08	Trustee Compensation		
Section 11.09	Employment of Professionals		
Section 11.10	Determination of Principal and Income		
Section 11.11	Trust Accounting		
Section 11.12	Action of Trustees and Delegation of Trustee Authority		
Section 11.13	Trustee May Disclaim or Release Any Power		
Section 11.14	Trustee May Execute a Power of Attorney		
Section 11.15			
	Additions to Separate Trusts		
Section 11.16	Authority to Merge or Sever Trusts	11-6	
Section 11.16 Section 11.17 Section 11.18		11-6 11-7	

Section 11.19	Funeral and Other Expenses of Beneficiary	11-7
Section 11.20	Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Provisions	
Section 11.21	Delay of Distribution	11-9
Article Twelve	Our Trustee's Powers	12-1
Section 12.01	Introduction to Trustee's Powers	12-1
Section 12.02	Execution of Documents by Our Trustee	12-1
Section 12.03	Investment Powers in General	
Section 12.04	Banking Powers	12-2
Section 12.05	Business Powers	
Section 12.06	Contract Powers	12-4
Section 12.07	Common Investments	12-4
Section 12.08	Environmental Powers	12-4
Section 12.09	Insurance Powers	12-5
Section 12.10	Loans and Borrowing Powers	12-6
Section 12.11	Nominee Powers	12-6
Section 12.12	Payment of Property Taxes and Expenses	12-6
Section 12.13	Purchase of Assets from and Loans to a Deceased	
	Grantor's Probate Estate	12-7
Section 12.14	Real Estate Powers	12-7
Section 12.15	Residences and Tangible Personal Property	12-7
Section 12.16	Digital Assets	12-8
Section 12.17	Retention and Abandonment of Trust Property	12-8
Section 12.18	Securities, Brokerage and Margin Powers	12-8
Section 12.19	Settlement Powers	
Section 12.20		12-9
Section 12.21	No Distributions in Discharge of Certain Legal	
	Obligations	12-12
Article Thirteen	General Provisions	13-1
Section 13.01	Maximum Term for Trusts	13-1
Section 13.02	Spendthrift Provision	
Section 13.03	Contest Provision	
Section 13.04	Survivorship Presumption	
Section 13.05	Divorce or Annulment	
Section 13.06	Changing the Governing Law and Situs of	
	Administration	13-2
Section 13.07	Definitions	
Section 13.08	General Provisions and Rules of Construction	

THE _____

THE

TRUST

Article One Establishing Our Trust

The date of this tr	ust is	,	,2021. The partie	s to this trust are	<mark>NAME</mark>
OF CLIENT 1	and	(the	Grantors) and		and
	(collectively, our Trust	tee).			

We intend to create a valid trust under the laws of Nevada and under the laws of any state in which any trust created under this trust document is administered. The terms of this trust prevail over any provision of Nevada law, except those provisions that are mandatory and may not be waived.

Section 1.01 Identifying Our Trust

For convenience, our trust may be referred to as:

"THE	TRUST	dated	Les .	,
2021."				1.

To the extent practicable, for the purpose of transferring property to our trust or identifying our trust in any beneficiary or pay-on-death designation, our trust should be identified as:

"and	SIL	, Trustees	of THE
TRUST	dated		, 2021, and
any amendments thereto."	I UNRIVAL	ED SOLUTIONS	

For all purposes concerning the identity of our trust or any property titled in or payable to our trust, any description referring to our trust will be effective if it reasonably identifies our trust and indicates that the trust property is held in a fiduciary capacity.

Section 1.02 Reliance by Third Parties

Third parties may require documentation to verify the existence of this trust, or particular provisions of it, including the name of our Trustee or the powers held by our Trustee. To protect the confidentiality of this instrument, our Trustee may use an affidavit or a certification of trust that identifies our Trustee and sets forth the authority of our Trustee to transact business on behalf of our trust instead of providing a copy of this instrument. The affidavit or certification may include pertinent pages from this instrument, including title or signature pages.

A third party may rely upon an affidavit or certification of trust that is signed by our Trustee with respect to the representations contained in it. A third party relying upon an affidavit or certification of trust will be exonerated from any liability for actions the third party takes or does not take in reliance upon the representations contained in the affidavit or certification of trust.



A third party dealing with our Trustee will not be required to inquire into this trust's terms or the authority of our Trustee, or to see to the application of funds or other property received by our Trustee. Our Trustee's receipt of any money or property paid, transferred, or delivered to our Trustee will be a sufficient discharge to the third party from all liability in connection with its application. A written statement by our Trustee is conclusive evidence of our Trustee's authority. Third parties are not liable for any loss resulting from their reliance on a written statement by our Trustee asserting our Trustee's authority or seeking to effect a transfer of property to or from the trust.

Section 1.03 Transferring Property to Our Trust

Any person or entity may transfer any property to our trust in any manner authorized by law.

(a) Initial Funding of Our Trust

By executing this instrument, we transfer, convey, and assign to our Trustee the trust property described in the attached schedules.

(b) Acceptance by Our Trustee

By executing this instrument, our Trustee accepts and agrees to hold the property transferred to the trust as trust property. All property transferred to our trust after the date of this trust must be acceptable to our Trustee. Our Trustee may refuse to accept any property. Our Trustee shall hold, administer, and dispose of all accepted trust property for our benefit and for the benefit of our beneficiaries, in accordance with the terms of this trust.

(c) Community Property

Any community property transferred to our trust, including the property's income and the proceeds from the property's sale or exchange, will retain its character as community property during our lives, to the same extent as if it had not been transferred to our trust.

(d) Separate Property

Separate property transferred to our trust will retain its character as separate property. Our separate property may be identified as the separate property of either of us on the attached schedules. The separate property of either of us, including the property's income and proceeds from the property's sale or exchange, will remain separate property. Each of us has the unrestricted right to remove all or any part of our separate property at any time.

An amount that is payable to our trust on a life insurance policy that is the separate property of either of us will retain its character as separate property.

(e) Joint Property

If joint tenancy property with right of survivorship is transferred to our trust, we will be considered to have severed the joint tenancy immediately before transferring the property, and no right of survivorship will exist with respect to this property.



(f) Marital Property Agreement Controls

If we have entered into or in the future enter into a marital property agreement, the terms of that agreement will control the characterization of property titled in the name of our trust. In the absence of a marital property agreement, property titled in the name of our trust will be governed by the terms of this trust.

Section 1.04 Powers Reserved by Us as Grantors

As Grantors, we retain the powers set forth in this Section in addition to any powers that we reserve in other provisions of this instrument.

(a) Action on Behalf of Our Trust

Whenever both of us are serving as Trustee, either or both of us may act for and conduct business on behalf of our trust without the consent of any other Trustee.

Whenever one of us is alive but not serving as Trustee, and the other is serving as Trustee, the one who is serving as Trustee may act for and conduct business on behalf of our trust without the consent of any other Trustee.

After one of us dies, the ability of the survivor of us, when serving as Trustee, to conduct business on behalf of us without the consent of any other Trustee is subject to the terms and conditions of our trust.

(b) Amendment, Restatement, or Revocation

Acting jointly, we may amend, restate, or revoke this instrument, in whole or in part, for any purpose. Acting jointly, we retain the absolute right to amend, restate, or revoke any term or provision of this trust in whole or in part. Each of us individually retains the right to revoke any term or provision of this trust in whole or in part as to each of our separate property.

Any amendment, restatement, or revocation must be made in writing and delivered to the then-serving Trustee.

(c) Addition or Removal of Trust Property

Either of us may add property to our trust. Both of us, acting jointly may remove any property from our trust. Each of us, acting alone, may remove our own separate property from our trust. Community property removed from our trust will retain its character as community property.

(d) Control of Income and Principal Distributions

We retain the right to control the distribution of income and principal from our trust. We may direct our Trustee to distribute as much of the net income and principal of the trust property as we consider advisable to us or to other persons or entities. Our Trustee may distribute the net income and principal to us or for our unrestricted use and benefit, even to the exhaustion of all

THE _____ TRUST

trust property. Any undistributed net income is to be added to the principal of our trust.

Unless otherwise directed, our Trustee shall distribute the net income from the community property to us at least quarterly and shall distribute the net income from a Grantor's separate property to that Grantor at least quarterly.

Our Trustee may also distribute principal of the community property for the unrestricted use of either or both of us and the principal of a Grantor's separate property for the unrestricted use and benefit of that Grantor, even to the exhaustion of all trust property. Any undistributed net income is to be added to the principal of our trust.

(e) Approval of Investment Decisions

We reserve the absolute right to review and change our Trustee's investment decisions as to the community property. Each of us reserves the absolute right to review and change our Trustee's investment decisions as to our respective separate property. But our Trustee is not required to seek our approval before making investment decisions.

Section 1.05 Grantor Trust Status

By reserving the broad rights and powers set forth in Section 1.04 of this Article, we intend to qualify our trust as a *Grantor Trust* under Internal Revenue Code Sections 671 to 677. This means that, for federal income tax purposes, each of us will be treated as the owner of one-half of all the community property held in our trust and as the owner of our respective separate property as if we held the property individually.

During any period that our trust is a Grantor Trust, the Taxpayer Identification Number of our trust will be either of our Social Security numbers, in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 301.6109-1(a)(2).

Article Two Family Information

	is referred to in this trust	as husband, and	is referred
to in this trust as v	wife	and	have one child whose
name is:			

_____, born on ______.

All references in this agreement to *our children* are to these children and any children subsequently born to or adopted by us by legal proceeding. References to *our descendants* are to our children and their descendants.





Article Three Trustee Succession Provisions

Section 3.01 Initial Trustee

We, the Grantors, have retained the right to act as our own Trustee so long as we are physically and mentally capable.

Section 3.02 Successor Trustee

Upon both of our deaths or incapacity, _______ shall serve as successor Trustee, replacing any then serving Trustee. If _______ is unable or unwilling to serve, then _______ shall serve as successor Trustee. If _______ is unable or unwilling to serve, then _______ shall serve as co-successor Trustees.

Section 3.03 Resignation of a Trustee

A Trustee may resign by giving written notice to either of us. If we are both incapacitated or deceased, a resigning Trustee shall give written notice to the trust's Income Beneficiaries and any other then-serving Trustee.

Section 3.04 Removal and Replacement by the Grantors

By joint agreement, we, the Grantors, may remove any Trustee at any time, with or without cause. If a Trustee is removed, resigns, or cannot continue to serve for any reason, either or both of us may serve as Trustee, we may appoint a Trustee to serve with either or both of us, or we may appoint a successor Trustee.

Section 3.05 Removal and Replacement after the Death of a Grantor

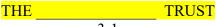
After the death of the first of us to die, the Surviving Grantor may appoint a Co-Trustee or remove and appoint any Trustee at any time, with or without cause.

Section 3.06 Removal and Replacement after the Death of Both Grantors

If the office of Trustee of a trust created under this agreement is vacant and no designated Trustee is able and willing to act, a majority of the income beneficiaries of the trust shall appoint an individual or corporate fiduciary as Successor Trustee.

Any beneficiary may petition a court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a Successor Trustee to fill any vacancy remaining unfilled after a period of 30 days. By making such appointment, such court shall not thereby acquire any jurisdiction over the trust, except to the extent necessary for making the appointment.

If a beneficiary is a minor or is incapacitated, the parent or legal representative of the beneficiary may act on behalf of the beneficiary.



Section 3.07 Notice of Removal and Appointment

Notice of removal must be in writing and delivered to the Trustee being removed, along with any other then-serving Trustees. The removal notice will become effective in accordance with its provisions.

Notice of appointment must be in writing and delivered to the successor Trustee and any other then-serving Trustees. The appointment will become effective at the time of acceptance by the successor Trustee. A copy of the notice may be attached to this instrument.

Section 3.08 Appointment of a Co-Trustee

Any individual Trustee may appoint an individual or a corporate fiduciary as a Co-Trustee. This Co-Trustee will serve only as long as the appointing Trustee serves, or as long as the last to serve if more than one Trustee appointed the Co-Trustee. This Co-Trustee will not become a successor Trustee upon the death, resignation, or incapacity of the appointing Trustee, unless appointed under the terms of this instrument. Although this Co-Trustee may exercise all the powers of the appointing Trustee, the combined powers of this Co-Trustee alone. The Trustee appointing a Co-Trustee may revoke the appointment at any time, with or without cause.

Section 3.09 Corporate Fiduciaries

Any corporate fiduciary serving under this instrument as a Trustee must be a bank, trust company, or public charity that is qualified to act as a fiduciary under applicable federal or state law and that is not related or subordinate to any beneficiary within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code Section 672(c).

Section 3.10 Incapacity of a Trustee

If any individual Trustee becomes incapacitated, the incapacitated Trustee need not resign as Trustee. For Trustees other than one of us, a written declaration of incapacity by the Co-Trustee or, if none, by the party designated to succeed the incapacitated Trustee if made in good faith and if supported by a written opinion of incapacity by a physician who has examined the incapacitated Trustee will terminate the trusteeship. If the Trustee designated in the written declaration refuses to sign the necessary medical releases needed to obtain the physician's written opinion of incapacity within 10 days of a request to do so, the trusteeship will be terminated.

Section 3.11 Rights of Successor Trustees

Each successor Trustee serving under this instrument, whether individual or corporate, will have all of the title, rights, powers and privileges granted to our initial Trustees named under this instrument. In addition, each successor Trustee will be subject to all of the restrictions imposed on and to all discretionary and ministerial obligations and duties given to the original Trustees.



Article Four Administration of Our Trust during a Grantor's Incapacity

Section 4.01 Definition of a Grantor's Incapacity

A Grantor will be considered incapacitated during any time when the Grantor is unable to effectively manage his or her property or financial affairs because of age, illness, mental disorder, dependence on prescription medication or other substances, or any other cause.

Section 4.02 **Determination of a Grantor's Incapacity**

For purposes of this instrument, a Grantor is incapacitated if determined to be so under any one of the following Subsections.

Determination by Physicians (a)

A Grantor will be considered incapacitated if two licensed physicians have determined the Grantor's then-existing circumstances fall within the definition of incapacity as provided in Section 4.01.

A Grantor will be considered restored to capacity if the Grantor's personal or attending physician signs a written opinion that the Grantor can effectively manage his or her property and financial affairs.

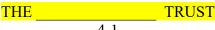
Court Determination (b)

A Grantor will be considered incapacitated if a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the Grantor is legally incapacitated, incompetent, or otherwise unable to effectively manage his or her property or financial affairs.

(C) **Detention**, **Disappearance**, or **Absence**

A Grantor will be considered incapacitated if the Grantor has an unexplained disappearance or absence for more than 30 days or is detained under duress. A Grantor's disappearance, absence, or detention under duress may be established by an affidavit of our Trustee, or, if no Trustee is then serving under this trust, by the affidavit of any beneficiary of any trust created under this instrument. The affidavit must describe the circumstances of the Grantor's disappearance, absence, or detention under duress. A third party dealing with our Trustee in good faith may always rely on the representations contained in the affidavit.

A Grantor will be considered restored to capacity upon written notice by the missing or detained Grantor to the successor Trustee that he or she can manage his or her property and financial affairs.



Section 4.03 Trust Distributions during a Grantor's Incapacity

For purposes of this Article, *incapacitated Grantor's trust property* refers to the net income and principal of the incapacitated Grantor's separate property and the net income and principal of the incapacitated Grantor's share of the community property, during any period when a Grantor is incapacitated.

Our Trustee shall administer the incapacitated Grantor's trust property as follows.

(a) Distributions for the Incapacitated Grantor's Benefit

Our Trustee shall regularly and conscientiously make appropriate distributions of income and principal for the benefit of the incapacitated Grantor under the circumstances existing at the time each distribution is made.

Appropriate distributions under this Subsection include the payment of any of the incapacitated Grantor's enforceable legal obligations and premiums for insurance policies owned by the incapacitated Grantor or by our trust, including life, medical, disability, property and casualty, errors and omissions, and long-term health care policies.

Our Trustee is authorized to honor pledges and continue to make gifts to charitable organizations that the incapacitated Grantor has regularly supported in the customarily given amounts.

The examples included in this Subsection are for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the authority of our Trustee to make any distribution for the incapacitated Grantor's benefit that our Trustee determines appropriate.

(b) Manner of Making Distributions

Our Trustee may make distributions for the incapacitated Grantor's benefit in any one or more of the following ways:

to the incapacitated Grantor, but only to the extent he or she is able to manage these distributions;

to other persons and entities for the incapacitated Grantor's use and benefit;

to an agent or attorney in fact authorized to act for the incapacitated Grantor under a legally valid durable power of attorney executed by the incapacitated Grantor before his or her incapacity; and

to the incapacitated Grantor's guardian or conservator who has assumed responsibility for the incapacitated Grantor under any court order, decree, or judgment issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

THE _____ TRUST

(c) Distributions for the Other Grantor's Benefit and for the Benefit of Our Dependents

Our Trustee may distribute as much of the net income and principal of the incapacitated Grantor's trust as our Trustee considers necessary for the health, education, maintenance and support of the other Grantor.

Our Trustee may also distribute as much of the net income and principal of the incapacitated Grantor's trust as our Trustee considers necessary for the health, education, maintenance and support of other persons who our Trustee determines are dependent on the incapacitated Grantor for support.

(d) Guidance for Our Trustee Regarding Distributions

When making distributions under Subsections (a) and (c), our Trustee shall give consideration first to the incapacitated Grantor's needs and the needs of the other Grantor, and then to the needs of those persons dependent on the incapacitated Grantor.

When making distributions under Subsection (c), we request that our Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, consider other income and resources available to the beneficiaries. Our Trustee may make unequal distributions, distributions to some but not all beneficiaries, or no distributions.

A distribution made to a beneficiary under this Section will not be considered an advancement and will not be charged against the share of the beneficiary that may be distributable under any other provision of this trust.

```
BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS
```



Article Five

Administration of Our Trust upon the Death of a Grantor

Section 5.01 Surviving Grantor's Trust Property and Deceased Grantor's Trust Property

After the first of us dies, the surviving Grantor's interest in any community property of our trust and the surviving Grantor's separate trust property will be referred to as the *surviving Grantor's trust property*. The surviving Grantor's trust property will be referred to as the Survivor's Trust, and our Trustees shall administer the Survivor's Trust as provided in Article Seven.

The deceased Grantor's interest in any community property of our trust and the deceased Grantor's separate trust property will be referred to as the *deceased Grantor's trust property*.

Section 5.02 Administrative Trust

Upon a Grantor's death, our trust will become irrevocable as it pertains to the administration and distribution of the deceased Grantor's trust property. Our Trustee may need to apply for a separate Taxpayer Identification Number for the deceased Grantor's trust property.

Before the distribution of the deceased Grantor's trust property as provided in this trust, the deceased Grantor's trust property will be referred to as the *administrative trust* but, may continue to be known as THE ______ TRUST during the administration period. The administrative trust will exist for the period reasonably necessary to complete the administrative tasks set forth in this Article.

Section 5.03 Payment of Expenses and Taxes

Our Trustee may pay from the deceased Grantor's trust property:

expenses of the deceased Grantor's last illness, funeral, and burial or cremation, including expenses of memorials and memorial services;

legally enforceable claims against the deceased Grantor or the deceased Grantor's estate;

expenses of administering the trust and the deceased Grantor's estate; and

court-ordered allowances for those dependent upon the deceased Grantor.

These payments are discretionary with our Trustee. Our Trustee may make decisions on these payments without regard to any limitation on payment of the expenses and may make payments without any court's approval. No third party may enforce any claim or right to payment against the trust by virtue of this discretionary authority.

If payment would decrease the federal estate tax charitable deduction available to the deceased Grantor's estate, our Trustee may not pay any administrative expenses from assets passing to an organization that qualifies for the federal estate tax charitable deduction.

THE TRUST

If payment would decrease the federal estate tax marital deduction available to the deceased Grantor's estate or violate the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 20.2056(b)-4(d), our Trustee may not pay any administrative expenses from the net income of property qualifying for the federal estate tax marital deduction.

Our Trustee shall pay death taxes out of the trust property's principal, as provided in Section 5.05. But if a probate estate is opened within six months after the date of the deceased Grantor's death, the deceased Grantor's Personal Representative shall pay any outstanding claims and expenses as authorized by the Personal Representative, as well as any death taxes from the deceased Grantor's probate estate to the extent that the cash and readily marketable assets in the deceased Grantor's probate estate are sufficient.

Section 5.04 Restrictions on Certain Payments from Retirement Plans

The term *designation date* means September 30 of the calendar year following the year of the deceased Grantor's death, or another date as established by Treasury Regulations or other tax law authority as the final date for determining whether this trust meets the requirements for treatment of the trust's oldest beneficiary as if the beneficiary was named individually as beneficiary of any qualified retirement plan payable to this trust.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this trust or state law to the contrary, our Trustee may not distribute any qualified retirement benefit payable to our trust or any trust created under this trust to or for the benefit of the deceased Grantor's estate, any charity, or any beneficiary other than an individual, on or after the *designation date*. Our intent is that all qualified retirement benefits held by or payable to this trust on or after the designation date be distributed to or held only for individual beneficiaries, within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9).

Qualified retirement benefits payable to the trust may not be used or applied on or after the designation date for payment of the deceased Grantor's debts, taxes, expenses of administration, or other claims against the deceased Grantor's estate, or for payment of estate, inheritance, or similar transfer taxes due because of the deceased Grantor's death, other than those directly attributable to and the legal obligation of a particular qualified retirement plan. This Section does not apply to any bequest or expense that is specifically directed to be funded with qualified retirement benefits.

Section 5.05 Payment of Death Taxes

For the purposes of this Article, the term *death taxes* refers to any taxes imposed by reason of the deceased Grantor's death by federal, state, or local authorities, including estate, inheritance, gift, and direct-skip generation-skipping transfer taxes. For purposes of this Section, *death taxes* does not include any additional estate tax imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 2031(c)(5)(C) or Section 2032A(c), or any other comparable recapture tax imposed by any taxing authority. Nor does the term include any generation-skipping transfer tax.

Except as otherwise provided in this Article or elsewhere in this trust, our Trustee shall provide for payment of all death taxes from the administrative trust without apportionment. Our Trustee may not seek contribution toward or recovery of any payments of death taxes from any individual.



(a) **Protection of Exempt Property**

Death taxes may not be allocated to or paid from any assets that are not included in the deceased Grantor's gross estate for federal estate tax purposes. To the extent practicable, our Trustee may not pay any death taxes from assets that are exempt from generation-skipping transfer tax purposes.

(b) **Protection of the Marital Deduction**

Death taxes may not be paid from or allocated to any property that qualifies for the federal estate tax marital deduction.

(c) **Protection of the Charitable Deduction**

Death taxes may not be paid from or allocated to any assets passing to an organization that qualifies for the federal estate tax charitable deduction, or from any assets passing to a split-interest charitable trust, unless the Trustee has first used all other assets available to pay the taxes.

(d) Property Passing outside of Our Trust

Except as to qualified retirement benefits, death taxes imposed with respect to property included in the deceased Grantor's gross estate for death tax purposes but passing outside of the trust are to be apportioned among the persons and entities benefited. The proportion attributed to each person or entity is the taxable value of each person or entity's beneficial interest over the total taxable value of all property and interests included in the deceased Grantor's gross estate for death tax purposes. The values used for the apportionment are to be the values as finally determined under federal, state, or local law.

(e) QTIP Property

If our Trustee or the surviving Grantor's Personal Representative waives any right of recovery granted by Section 2207A and corresponding provisions of applicable state law, death taxes may not be apportioned to any property included in the deceased Grantor's gross estate under Internal Revenue Code Section 2044.

Section 5.06 Coordination with the Personal Representative

The following provisions are intended to help facilitate the coordination between the deceased Grantor's Personal Representative and our Trustee. These provisions apply even if the Personal Representative and the Trustee are the same person or entity.

(a) Reliance on Information from the Personal Representative

Our Trustee may rely upon the written request of the deceased Grantor's Personal Representative for payments authorized under this Article and the amounts included in those payments without computing the sums involved. If a payment is made under this Article to the deceased Grantor's Personal

THE TRUST

Representative, our Trustee will have no duty to inquire into the application of the payment.

(b) Receipt of Probate Property

Our Trustee may accept or decline any distributions of property tendered to our Trustee by the deceased Grantor's Personal Representative. If our Trustee accepts the property, our Trustee may do so without audit, and will not be required to review the Personal Representative's records.

(c) Discretionary Distributions to the Deceased Grantor's Personal Representative

Our Trustee may distribute cash, accrued income, or other trust property to the deceased Grantor's probate estate as a beneficiary of this trust, to the extent our Trustee determines that doing so is in the best interests of the trust beneficiaries.

Section 5.07 Authority to Make Tax Elections

After a Grantor's death, our Trustee may make tax elections as provided in this Section. But if a Personal Representative is appointed for the deceased Grantor's probate estate, the discretionary authority granted to our Trustee as to any tax election will be subordinate to the Personal Representative's statutorily delegated authority.

(a) Tax Elections

Our Trustee may make any tax elections necessary for the efficient administration of the deceased Grantor's estate, including:

valuing assets according to an alternate valuation date;

electing whether to take administration expenses as estate tax deductions or income tax deductions;

allocating a Grantor's unused generation-skipping exemption to any portion of the trust property;

electing special-use valuation;

deferring payment of all or any portion of any taxes; and

making any elections relative to the *Deceased Spousal Unused Exclusion Amount* to the extent and amount allowable under Internal Revenue Code Sections 2010(c)(4)and (5), all as our Trustee considers appropriate under thenprevailing circumstances

treating any portion of the deceased Grantor's administrative trust as part of the deceased Grantor's estate for federal or state income tax purposes, or both.

In addition, our Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, may elect to waive, in whole or in part, the deceased Grantor's right to have the deceased Grantor's estate reimbursed for any tax paid as a result of the inclusion in



the deceased Grantor's taxable estate of property held in a qualified terminable interest property (QTIP) trust created for the surviving Grantor by the deceased Grantor.

Our Trustee may make equitable adjustments between income and principal because of any tax elections made by our Trustee.

(b) Allocation of GST Exemption

Our Trustee may elect to allocate or not allocate any portion of the Available GST Exemption under Internal Revenue Code Section 2631, or a counterpart exemption under any applicable state law to any property of which the deceased Grantor is considered the transferor for generation-skipping transfer tax purposes. This includes any property transferred by the deceased Grantor during the deceased Grantor's life for which the deceased Grantor did not make an allocation prior to death. The exercise of our Trustee's discretion should be based on the transfers, gift tax returns, and other information known to our Trustee, with no requirement that allocations benefit the various transferees or beneficiaries in any particular manner.



Article Six Disposition of Tangible Personal Property

Section 6.01 Distribution of Tangible Personal Property by Memorandum

Each of us may dispose of items of tangible personal property by a signed written memorandum executed after we sign this instrument. The memorandum must refer to our trust and must reasonably identify the items and the beneficiary designated to receive each item. If either or both of us executes a memorandum, our Trustee shall incorporate the memorandum by reference into this instrument to the extent permitted by law.

Our Trustee shall distribute the items of tangible personal property listed in the memorandum as promptly as practicable after the death of a Grantor who completed the memorandum, together with any insurance policies covering the property and any claims under those policies, as provided in the memorandum. If either or both of us leave multiple written memoranda that conflict as to the disposition of any item of tangible personal property, the memorandum with the most recent date will control as to that item.

If the memorandum with the most recent date conflicts with a provision of this instrument as to the specific distribution of any item of tangible personal property, the provisions of the memorandum with the most recent date will control as to those items that are in conflict.

If the law does not permit incorporation of the memorandum by reference, the memorandum will then serve as an amendment to our trust, but only to the extent this amendment solely disposes of tangible personal property. We request that our Trustee follow our wishes and distribute the items of tangible personal property listed in the memorandum according to its terms.

Section 6.02 Distribution of Remaining Tangible Personal Property

Our Trustee shall distribute any of the deceased Grantor's remaining tangible personal property not disposed of by a written memorandum to the survivor of us. Upon both of our deaths, our Trustee shall distribute the remaining tangible personal property not disposed of by written memorandum according to Article Seven.

Section 6.03 Definition of Tangible Personal Property

For purposes of this Article, the term *tangible personal property* includes household furnishings, appliances and fixtures, works of art, motor vehicles, pictures, collectibles, apparel and jewelry, books, sporting goods, and hobby paraphernalia. The term does not include any property that our Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, determines to be part of any business or business interest owned by the deceased Grantor or our trust.

After the death of a Grantor, if our Trustee receives property to be distributed under this Article from the deceased Grantor's probate estate or in any other manner, our Trustee shall distribute the property in accordance with this Article's terms. The fact that an item of tangible personal property was not received by our trust until after the death of a Grantor does not diminish the validity of the gift. If property to be distributed under this Article is not part of the trust property upon the death of a Grantor and is not subsequently transferred



to our Trustee from the deceased Grantor's probate estate or in any other manner, then the specific distribution of property made in this Article is null and void, without any legal or binding effect.

Section 6.04 Incidental Expenses and Encumbrances

Until property distributed in accordance with this Article is delivered to the appropriate beneficiary or his or her Legal Representative, our Trustee shall pay the reasonable expenses of securing, storing, insuring, packing, transporting, and otherwise caring for the property as an administration expense. Except as otherwise provided in our trust, our Trustee shall distribute property under this Article subject to all liens, security interests, and other encumbrances on the property.





Article Seven The Survivor's Trust

Our Trustee shall allocate the remaining deceased Grantor's trust property according to the Survivor's Trust. Our Trustee shall administer the Survivor's Trust as provided in this Article.

Section 7.01 Trustee of the Survivor's Trust

The surviving Grantor may serve as sole Trustee of the Survivor's Trust. The surviving Grantor may remove and replace the Trustee of the Survivor's Trust at any time, with or without cause. Notwithstanding any other provision in this instrument, the surviving Grantor may appoint any individual or corporate fiduciary to serve as Trustee of the Survivor's Trust.

Section 7.02 The Surviving Grantor's Right to Amend

The surviving Grantor also has the absolute right to amend, restate, or revoke the Survivor's Trust's terms, in whole or in part, for any purpose. The amendment, restatement, or revocation of the Survivor's Trust must be in writing and signed by the surviving Grantor and the Trustee of the Survivor's Trust.

Section 7.03 Separate Share for Deceased Grantor's Trust Property

If the Survivor's Trust becomes the beneficiary of death benefits under any qualified retirement plan, our Trustee shall hold this property in a separate share of the Survivor's Trust during the surviving Grantor's lifetime. Our Trustee shall administer the separate share in accordance with all of this Article's provisions. But the surviving Grantor may not amend the terms of the separate share.

The purpose of the separate share is to keep the deceased Grantor's trust property and its accumulated income separate from the main share during the lifetime of the surviving Grantor, in order to qualify the separate share as a designated beneficiary under qualified retirement plans.

Our Trustee shall distribute as much of the principal and accumulated income of the separate share to the main share of the Survivor's Trust as the surviving Grantor directs in writing. This right to direct distribution from the separate share to the main account may be exercised only by the surviving Grantor.

Section 7.04 Distribution of Income and Principal

Our Trustee shall distribute all of the net income and principal of the Survivor's Trust to the surviving Grantor for any reason. Nothing contained in this instrument may limit the right of the surviving Grantor to receive the Survivor's Trust's entire net income and principal.

THE TRUST

Section 7.05 Administration following the Surviving Grantor's Death

The Survivor's Trust becomes irrevocable upon the death of the surviving Grantor, and our Trustee shall administer the Survivor's Trust consistent with the provisions of Article Five for administration following the death of the first of us to die.

Upon completion of the administrative tasks, our Trustee shall administer the unappointed balance or remainder of the Survivor's Trust as provided in Article Eight.





Article Eight Distribution

Section 8.01 Distribution Upon the Death of One Grantor

Upon the death of one grantor, all the remaining Trust property shall be distributed to the survivor, outright and free of Trust.

Section 8.02 Distribution of Our Remaining Estate

Upon the death of the survivor of us, all of our remaining trust property shall be distributed as follows:

Section 8.03 Children's Trust

Any distributions for a child to be held in Trust shall be distributed and administered as follows:

- (a) If any child is over thirty-five (35) years of age, the child's share shall be distributed to the child, outright and free of Trust.
- (b) For each child who is under thirty-five (35) years of age, the child's share shall be retained in a separate trust, and net income and principal from each trust share shall be distributed to or for the
 - benefit of the child, as is necessary, in the discretion of our Trustee, for the child's health, education, maintenance and support.
- (c) Prior to attaining eighteen (18) years of age, each child may attend private school as determined by our Trustee.
- (d) So long as a child is a full-time college student, actively pursuing a 4-year degree, vocational degree or trade school degree, the net income and principal from the child's trust share shall be distributed to or for the child's benefit, as is necessary, in the discretion of our Trustee, for the child's health, education, maintenance and support. Distributions for undergraduate college education support shall be for a period not to exceed six (6) years. Education needs shall include tuition at any 4-year public or private college or university or vocational or trade school the child is eligible to attend, books, direct educational expenses, and reasonable living expenses for a period not to exceed five (5) years. Tuition shall be paid directly to the educational institution.
- (e) So long as a child is attending graduate school and is actively pursuing a post-graduate degree, the net income and principal from the child's trust share shall be distributed to or for the child's benefit,



as is necessary, in the discretion of our Trustee, for the child's health, education, maintenance and support. Education needs shall include tuition, books, direct educational expenses and reasonable living expenses. Tuition shall be paid directly to the educational institution. Distribution for post-graduate support shall be for a period not to exceed the actual number of years to obtain postgraduate studies, plus one (1) additional year to allow the child to obtain the requisite licensing or certification (e.g. board exams or bar exam).

- (f) Upon the child attaining twenty-five (25) years of age, one-third (1/3) of the then value of the child's trust share shall be distributed to the child, outright and free of Trust. Upon attaining thirty (30) years of age, one-half (1/2) of the then value of the child's trust share shall be distributed to the child, outright and free of Trust. Upon attaining thirty-five (35) years of age, the entire remaining balance of the child's trust share shall be distributed to the child be distributed to the child, outright and free of Trust.
- (g) For each grandchild born in wedlock, our Trustee shall distribute, from the child's trust share, Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) to the child, to be held in a bank account under the newborn child's name, outright and free of Trust.
- (h) Our Trustee is also authorized to loan funds, from the child's trust share, for a down payment on a house. Our Trustee will make this decision together with our children. The loans' interest rate shall be at a rate of one percent (1%).
- (i) Our Trustee is also authorized to distribute funds, from a child's trust share, to enable a child to start a business. The amount of distribution for this purpose shall be in the sole and absolute discretion of our Trustee.
- (j) If prior to full distribution a child becomes deceased, the child's remaining share shall be distributed equally among the child's then living descendants, *per stirpes*, under the same terms and conditions as set forth in this section. If the child has no then living descendants, the child's remaining share shall be distributed equally among the child's then living siblings. However, if any such distributee is one for whom a trust is then being administered under this Article, the share of such distributee shall, instead of being distributed outright, be added to that trust and administered and distributed in accordance with its terms.

THE _____ TRUST

Section 8.04 Guideline for Discretionary Distributions

In making discretionary distributions to the beneficiary, we desire and encourage the beneficiary to develop a strong work ethic, to be productive and contributing member of society, and to provide for those who are dependent on the beneficiary for care and support. Accordingly, we request that my Trustee always consider the other known resources available to the beneficiary before making discretionary distributions.





Article Nine Remote Contingent Distribution

If at any time no person or entity is qualified to receive final distribution of any part of our trust estate, this portion of our trust estate must be distributed to those persons who would inherit it had we then died intestate owning the property, as determined and in the proportions provided by the laws of Nevada then in effect.





Article Ten Distributions to Underage and Incapacitated Beneficiaries

If our Trustee is authorized or directed under any provision of this trust to distribute net income or principal to a person who has not yet reached 18 years of age or who is incapacitated as defined in Section 13.07(g), our Trustee may make the distribution by any one or more of the methods:

Our Trustee may distribute trust property directly to the beneficiary.

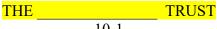
Our Trustee may distribute trust property to the beneficiary's guardian, conservator, parent, other family member, or any person who has assumed the responsibility of caring for the beneficiary.

Our Trustee may distribute trust property to any person or entity, including our Trustee, as custodian for the beneficiary under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or similar statute.

Our Trustee may distribute trust property to other persons and entities for the beneficiary's use and benefit.

Our Trustee may distribute trust property to an agent or attorney in fact authorized to act for the beneficiary under a valid durable power of attorney executed by the beneficiary before becoming incapacitated.

We request that before making a distribution to a beneficiary, our Trustee consider, to the extent reasonable, the ability the beneficiary has demonstrated in managing prior distributions of trust property.



Article Eleven Trust Administration

Section 11.01 Distributions to Beneficiaries

Whenever this trust authorizes or directs our Trustee to make a net income or principal distribution to a beneficiary, our Trustee may apply any property that otherwise could be distributed directly to the beneficiary for his or her benefit. Our Trustee is not required to inquire into the beneficiary's ultimate disposition of the distributed property unless specifically directed otherwise by this trust.

Our Trustee may make cash distributions, in-kind distributions, or distributions partly in each, in proportions and at values determined by our Trustee. Our Trustee may allocate undivided interests in specific assets to a beneficiary or trust in any proportion or manner that our Trustee determines, even though the property allocated to one beneficiary may be different from that allocated to another beneficiary.

Our Trustee may make these determinations without regard to the income tax attributes of the property and without the consent of any beneficiary.

Section 11.02 Beneficiary's Status

Until our Trustee receives notice of the incapacity, birth, marriage, death, or other event upon which a beneficiary's right to receive payments may depend, our Trustee will not be held liable for acting or not acting with respect to the event, or for disbursements made in good faith to persons whose interest may have been affected by the event. Unless otherwise provided in this trust, a parent or Legal Representative may act on behalf of a minor or incapacitated beneficiary.

Our Trustee may rely on any information provided by a beneficiary with respect to the beneficiary's assets and income. Our Trustee will have no independent duty to investigate the status of any beneficiary and will not incur any liability for not doing so.

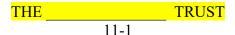
Section 11.03 Mandatory Payments of a Pecuniary Amount

If any person holds the right to receive a pecuniary amount from our trust upon our death, our Trustee must either:

satisfy the entire pecuniary amount or irrevocably set aside property to satisfy the entire pecuniary amount within 15 months of our death; or

pay appropriate interest, as defined in Treasury Regulations Section 26.2642-2(b)(4)(ii)(B), to the person.

If our Trustee satisfies the pecuniary amount with an in-kind distribution, our Trustee will allocate assets to satisfy the pecuniary amount in a manner that fairly reflects net appreciation or depreciation in the value of the available assets, as measured from the valuation date to the payment date.



Section 11.04 No Court Proceedings

Our Trustee shall administer this trust with efficiency, with attention to the provisions of this trust, and with freedom from judicial intervention. If our Trustee or another interested party institutes a legal proceeding, the court will acquire jurisdiction only to the extent necessary for that proceeding. Any proceeding to seek instructions or a court determination may only be initiated in the court with original jurisdiction over matters relating to the construction and administration of trusts. Seeking instructions or a court determination is not to be construed as subjecting this trust to the court's continuing jurisdiction.

Section 11.05 No Bond

Our Trustee is not required to furnish any bond for the faithful performance of the Trustee's duties unless required by a court of competent jurisdiction, and only if the court finds that a bond is needed to protect the beneficiaries' interests. No surety will be required on any bond required by any law or court rule, unless the court specifies its necessity.

Section 11.06 Exoneration of Our Trustee

No successor Trustee is obligated to examine the accounts, records, or actions of any previous Trustee or the Personal Representative of a deceased Grantor. No successor Trustee may be held responsible for any act, omission, or forbearance by any previous Trustee or of the Personal Representative of a deceased Grantor.

Any Trustee may obtain written agreements from the beneficiaries or their Legal Representatives releasing and indemnifying the Trustee from any liability that may have arisen from the Trustee's acts, omissions, or forbearances. If acquired from all the trust's living beneficiaries or their Legal Representatives, any agreement is conclusive and binding on all parties, born or unborn, who may have or who may later acquire an interest in the trust.

Our Trustee may require a refunding agreement before making any distribution or allocation of trust income or principal and may withhold distribution or allocation pending determination or release of a tax or other lien. This refunding agreement provision will not apply to any distribution that qualifies for the federal estate tax unlimited marital deduction or the federal estate tax charitable deduction.

Section 11.07 Limitations on Trustee Liability

We recognize that some persons or institutions may be reluctant to serve as Trustee because of a concern about potential liability. Therefore, we direct that any individual or corporate fiduciary that serves as our Trustee will not incur any liability by reason of any error of judgment, mistake of law, or action or inaction of any kind in connection with the administration of any trust created under this trust, unless our Trustee's decision is shown by clear and convincing evidence to have been made in bad faith.

Any individual or corporate fiduciary currently serving as our Trustee may expend any portion of the trust assets to defend any claim brought against the Trustee, even if the Trustee's defense costs would exhaust the trust's value, unless the Trustee is shown to have acted in bad faith by clear and convincing evidence.



Any individual or corporate fiduciary that formerly served as our Trustee is entitled to reimbursement from the trust estate for any expenses, including attorney's fees and litigation costs reasonably incurred to defend any claim brought against the Trustee even if the Trustee's defense costs would exhaust the trust's value, unless the Trustee is shown to have acted in bad faith by clear and convincing evidence.

Section 11.08 Trustee Compensation

An individual serving as Trustee, other than either of us, is entitled to fair and reasonable compensation for the services provided as a fiduciary. A corporate fiduciary serving as Trustee will be compensated by agreement between an individual serving as Trustee and the corporate fiduciary. In the absence of an individual Trustee or an agreement, a corporate fiduciary will be compensated in accordance with the corporate fiduciary's current published fee schedule.

A Trustee may charge additional fees for services provided that are beyond the ordinary scope of duties, such as fees for legal services, tax return preparation, and corporate finance or investment banking services.

In addition to receiving compensation, a Trustee may be reimbursed for reasonable costs and expenses incurred in carrying out the Trustee's duties under this trust.

Section 11.09 Employment of Professionals

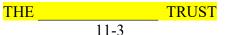
Our Trustee may appoint, employ, and remove investment advisors, accountants, auditors, depositories, custodians, brokers, consultants, attorneys, advisors, agents, and employees to advise or assist in the performance of our Trustee's duties. Our Trustee may act on the recommendations of the persons or entities employed, with or without independent investigation.

Our Trustee may reasonably compensate an individual or entity employed to assist or advise our Trustee, regardless of any other relationship existing between the individual or entity and our Trustee.

Our Trustee may compensate providers of contracted services at the usual rate out of the trust's income or principal, as our Trustee deems advisable. Our Trustee may compensate an individual or entity employed to assist or advise our Trustee without diminishing the compensation the Trustee is entitled to under this trust. A Trustee who is a partner, stockholder, officer, director, or corporate affiliate in any entity employed to assist or advise our Trustee may still receive the Trustee's share of the compensation paid to the entity.

Section 11.10 Determination of Principal and Income

The rights among beneficiaries in matters concerning principal and income are to be determined in accordance with the Nevada Revised Uniform Principal and Income Act. If the Nevada Revised Uniform Principal and Income Act does not contain a provision concerning a particular item, our Trustee shall determine what will be credited, charged, and apportioned between principal and income in a fair, equitable, and practical manner with respect to that item.



Notwithstanding any provision of the Nevada Revised Uniform Principal and Income Act or Nevada law to the contrary, our Trustee shall treat distributions from any qualified retirement account to any trust established under this trust in any given year as income to the extent the distribution represents income generated or treated as generated by any qualified retirement account for that year.

(a) Annuity and Other Periodic Payments

Annuity and other periodic payments refers to distributions made to our Trustee over a fixed number of years or during the life of one or more individuals because of services provided or property transferred to the payor in exchange for future payments. This includes payments made in money or property from the payor's general assets or from a separate fund created by the payor, including a private or commercial annuity, individual retirement annuity, pension, profit-sharing plan, stock-bonus plan, stockownership plan, or similar arrangement. Our Trustee shall treat annuity and other periodic payments to any trust established under this trust in any given year as income to the extent the distribution represents income generated and treated as generated by the annuity or other periodic payment for that year. If income information is not available, then our Trustee shall apportion the annuity and other periodic payments between principal and income in a fair, equitable and practical manner under the guidelines set forth in this Section.

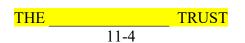
To the extent an annuity or other periodic payment is characterized as interest, dividend, or other item of income, or an annuity or other periodic payment is made instead of interest, dividend, or other item of income, our Trustee shall allocate the payment to income. Our Trustee shall allocate to principal the balance of the annuity or other periodic payment as well as any other payment received in the same accounting period that is not characterized as interest, dividend, or other item of income.

To the extent annuity and other periodic payments are made and no part of the payments are characterized as interest, dividend, or other item of income, our Trustee shall use the present value of the annuity and other periodic payments as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes, and the Internal Revenue Code Section 7520 rate used to determine the value for federal estate tax purposes to prepare an annuitization table to allocate the payments between income and principal.

If the amounts of annuity and other periodic payments change because of changes in the investment markets or other changes, our Trustee shall allocate the change in the amount of the payments between income and principal in a fair, equitable, and practical manner.

(b) Protection of Estate Tax Marital Deduction

If, to obtain an estate tax marital deduction for a trust established under this trust, our Trustee must allocate more of a payment to income than provided



for by this Section, then our Trustee shall allocate to income the additional amount necessary to obtain the marital deduction.

Section 11.11 Trust Accounting

Except to the extent required by law, our Trustee is not required to file accountings in any jurisdiction. During our lifetimes or the lifetime of the survivor of us, and as long as at least one of us is serving as a Trustee, our Trustee is not required to provide an accounting to any person. If neither of us is serving as Trustee, our Trustee must provide an accounting to us at least annually unless waived. If both of us are incapacitated, or if one of us is deceased and the other is incapacitated, then our Trustee must provide the accounting to our Legal Representatives, unless waived by our Legal Representatives.

After the death of the first of us to die, our Trustee must provide an annual accounting to the Qualified Beneficiaries of any trust created under this trust unless waived by the Qualified Beneficiaries.

The annual accounting must include the receipts, expenditures, and distributions of income and principal and the assets on hand for the accounting period. A copy of the federal fiduciary tax return filed for a trust during the accounting will satisfy this reporting requirement.

In the absence of fraud or obvious error, assent by all Qualified Beneficiaries to a Trustee's accounting will make the matters disclosed in the accounting binding and conclusive upon all persons, including those living on this date and those born in the future who have or will have a vested or contingent interest in the trust property. In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary who is a minor or incapacitated, the beneficiary's natural guardian or Legal Representative may give the assent required under this Section.

In all events, a beneficiary's Legal Representative may receive any notices and take any action on behalf of the beneficiary as to an accounting. If any beneficiary's Legal Representative fails to object to any accounting in writing within 60 days after our Trustee provides the accounting, the beneficiary's Legal Representative will be considered to assent to the accounting.

Section 11.12 Action of Trustees and Delegation of Trustee Authority

When neither of us is serving as a Trustee, if two Trustees are eligible to act with respect to a given matter, they must agree unanimously for action to be taken unless the express terms of the Trustees' appointment provide otherwise. If more than two Trustees are eligible to act with respect to a given matter, the Trustees must agree by majority for action to be taken.

A nonconcurring Trustee may dissent or abstain from a decision of the majority. A Trustee will be absolved from personal liability by registering the dissent or abstention in the trust records. After doing so, the dissenting Trustee must then act with our other Trustees in any way necessary or appropriate to effect the majority decision.

Any Trustee may, by written instrument, delegate to any other Trustee the right to exercise any power, including a discretionary power, granted to our Trustee in this trust. During the time a delegation under this Section is in effect, the Trustee to whom the delegation is

THE	TRUST

made may exercise the power to the same extent as if the delegating Trustee has personally joined in the exercise of the power. The delegating Trustee may revoke the delegation at any time by giving written notice to the Trustee to whom the power was delegated.

Section 11.13 Trustee May Disclaim or Release Any Power

Notwithstanding any provision of this trust to the contrary, any Trustee may relinquish any Trustee power in whole or in part, irrevocably or for any specified period of time, by a written instrument. The Trustee may relinquish a power personally or may relinquish the power for all subsequent Trustees.

Section 11.14 Trustee May Execute a Power of Attorney

Our Trustee may appoint any individual or entity to serve as our Trustee's agent under a power of attorney to transact any business on behalf of our trust or any other trust created under this trust.

Section 11.15 Additions to Separate Trusts

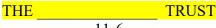
If upon the death of the survivor of us, or upon the termination of any trust created under this trust, a final distribution is to be made to a person who is the Primary Beneficiary of another trust established under this trust, and there is no specific indication whether the distribution is to be made in trust or outright, our Trustee shall make the distribution to the second trust instead of distributing the property to the beneficiary outright. For purposes of administration, the distribution will be treated as though it had been an original part of the second trust.

Section 11.16 Authority to Merge or Sever Trusts

Our Trustee may merge a trust created under this trust with any other trust, if the two trusts contain substantially the same terms for the same beneficiaries and have at least one Trustee in common. Our Trustee may administer the merged trust under the provisions of the instrument governing the other trust, and this trust will no longer exist if it merges into another trust. Accordingly, in the event another trust is merged into this trust or a trust created under the provisions of this trust document, our Trustee may shorten the period during which this trust subsists to comply with Section 13.01, if necessary, to effect the merger. But if a merger does not appear feasible, our Trustee may consolidate the trusts' assets for purposes of investment and trust administration while retaining separate records and accounts for each respective trust.

Our Trustee may sever any trust on a fractional basis into two or more separate and identical trusts, or may segregate a specific amount or asset from the trust property by allocating it to a separate account or trust. The separate trusts may be funded on a *non pro rata* basis, but the funding must be based on the assets' total fair market value on the funding date. After the segregation, income earned on a segregated amount or specific asset passes with the amount or asset segregated. Our Trustee shall hold and administer each severed trust upon terms and conditions identical to those of the original trust.

Subject to the trust's terms, our Trustee may consider differences in federal tax attributes and other pertinent factors in administering the trust property of any separate account or



trust, in making applicable tax elections and in making distributions. A separate trust created by severance must be treated as a separate trust for all purposes from the effective severance date; however, the effective severance date may be retroactive to a date before our Trustee exercises the power.

Section 11.17 Authority to Terminate Trusts

Our Trustee may terminate any trust created under this trust at any time, if our Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, determines that administering a trust created under this trust is no longer economical. Once distributed, our Trustee will have no further responsibility with respect to that trust property. Our Trustee will distribute the trust property from a terminated trust in this order:

to us, if we are both then living;

if one of us is deceased, to the surviving Grantor, if the surviving Grantor is then a trust beneficiary;

if we are both deceased or the surviving Grantor is not a trust beneficiary, to the beneficiaries then entitled to mandatory distributions of the trust's net income, in the same proportions; and then

if none of the beneficiaries are entitled to mandatory distributions of net income, to the beneficiaries then eligible to receive discretionary distributions of the trust's net income, in the amounts and shares our Trustee determines.

Section 11.18 Merger of Corporate Fiduciary

If any corporate fiduciary acting as the Trustee under this trust is merged with or transfers substantially all of its trust assets to another corporation, or if a corporate fiduciary changes its name, the successor will automatically succeed to the trusteeship as if that successor had been originally named a Trustee. No document of acceptance of trusteeship will be required.

Section 11.19 Funeral and Other Expenses of Beneficiary

Upon the death of an Income Beneficiary, our Trustee may pay the funeral expenses, burial or cremation expenses, enforceable debts, or other expenses incurred due to the death of the beneficiary from trust property. This Section only applies to the extent the Income Beneficiary has not exercised any testamentary power of appointment granted to the beneficiary under this trust.

Our Trustee may rely upon any request by the deceased beneficiary's Legal Representative or family members for payment without verifying the validity or the amounts and without being required to see to the application of the payment. Our Trustee may make decisions under this Section without regard to any limitation on payment of expenses imposed by statute or court rule and without obtaining the approval of any court having jurisdiction over the administration of the deceased beneficiary's estate.

Section 11.20 Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Provisions

If any trust created under this trust would be partially exempt from generation-skipping transfer tax after the intended allocation of Available GST Exemption to the trust, then our Trustee may divide the partially exempt trust so that the allocation of Available GST Exemption can be made to a trust that will be entirely exempt from generation-skipping transfer tax. If our Trustee chooses to divide a trust that would otherwise be a partially exempt trust, our Trustee must create and administer the separate trusts as provided in this Section.

(a) Division into Exempt and Non-Exempt Trusts

Our Trustee shall divide the property of the otherwise partially-exempt trust into two separate trusts, the *exempt trust* and the *nonexempt trust*. The exempt trust will consist of the largest fractional share of the otherwise partially exempt trust's total assets that will permit the exempt trust to be entirely exempt from generation-skipping transfer tax. The *nonexempt trust* will consist of the balance of the otherwise partially exempt trust's total assets.

To compute the fractional share, our Trustee will use asset values as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes. Our Trustee must then apply the fraction to the assets at their actual value on the effective date or dates of distribution so that the actual value of the fractional share resulting from the application of the fraction will include fluctuations in the trust property's value. We request that our Trustee allocate the value of any Roth IRAs payable to our trust to the exempt trust to the extent possible.

(b) In Administration of the Trusts CO BOLUTIONS.

Our Trustee shall administer the exempt and nonexempt trusts created under this Section as separate and independent trusts, but under the same terms as the original trust. To the extent possible, our Trustee should make distributions to a non-skip person as defined by Internal Revenue Code Section 2613 from the nonexempt trust and distributions to a skip person as defined by Section 2613 from an exempt trust. Our Trustee may designate names for the exempt and nonexempt trusts.

If an exempt trust and a nonexempt trust are further divided under the terms of this trust, our Trustee may allocate property from the exempt trust first to the trust from which a generation-skipping transfer is more likely to occur.

(c) Expression of Our Intent

Our intent is to minimize the application of the generation-skipping transfer tax to the trust property, but not to affect the total amount of trust property to which any beneficiary may be entitled under this trust. This trust must be construed and interpreted to give effect to this intent.

(d) Additions of Property to Exempt and Non-Exempt Trusts

If at any time any property that has an inclusion ratio greater than zero for generation-skipping transfer tax purposes would be added to a trust with property that has an inclusion ratio of zero, then our Trustee will instead hold the property in a separate trust on the same terms and conditions as the original trust.

(e) Re-Allocation

If our Trustee's determination of whether a trust in this trust is partially, entirely, or not exempt from GST taxes is later incorrect (for example, if the Congress by law or the Service by regulation or ruling applies the generation-skipping transfer tax retroactively to the trust), our Trustee may re-allocate the assets as of the initial division date, as provided in this Section.

Section 11.21 Delay of Distribution

Notwithstanding the distribution provisions of this agreement, the following powers and directions are given to our Trustee:

- (a) If, upon any of the dates or events described in this agreement, our Trustee for any reason described below determines, in our Trustee's sole discretion, that it would not be in the best interest of the beneficiary that a distribution take place, then in that event the said distribution shall be totally or partially postponed until the reason for the postponement has been eliminated. During the period of postponement, our Trustee shall have the absolute discretion to
 - distribute income or principal to the beneficiary as our Trustee deems advisable for the beneficiary's welfare.
- (b) If said causes for delayed distribution are never removed, then the trust share of that beneficiary shall continue until the death of the beneficiary and then be distributed as provided in this trust Instrument. The causes of such delay in the distribution shall be limited to any of the following:
 - (1) The current involvement of the beneficiary in a divorce proceeding or a bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings.
 - (2) The existence of a large judgment against the beneficiary.
 - (3) Chemical abuse or dependency, or the conviction of the beneficiary of a felony, involving drugs or narcotics, unless a five year period has followed said conviction.
 - (4) The existence of any event that would deprive the beneficiary of complete freedom to expend the

THE	TRUST

distribution from the trust estate according to his or her own desires.

- (5) In the event that a beneficiary is not residing in the United States of America at any given time, then our Trustee may decline to transmit to him or her any part or all of the income and shall not be required to transmit to him or her any of the principal if, in our Trustee's sole and uncontrolled judgment, the political and/or economic conditions of such place of residence of the beneficiary are such that it is likely the money would not reach him or her, or upon reaching him or her, would be unduly taxed, seized, confiscated, appropriated, or in any way taken from him or her in such a manner as to prevent his or her use and enjoyment of the same.
- (6) The judicially declared incompetency of the beneficiary.
- (c) Our Trustee shall not be responsible to consider postponing distributions under this Article unless our Trustee has knowledge of the happening of any event set forth above.
- (d) To safeguard the rights of the beneficiary, if any distribution from his or her trust share has been delayed for more than one (1) year, he or she may apply to the District Court in Las Vegas, Nevada, for a judicial determination as to whether the Trustee has reasonably adhered to the standards set forth herein. Our Trustee shall not have any liability in the event the Court determines the Trustee made a good faith attempt to reasonably follow the standards set forth above.

Article Twelve Our Trustee's Powers

Section 12.01 Introduction to Trustee's Powers

Except as otherwise specifically provided in this trust, our Trustee may exercise the powers granted by this trust without prior approval from any court, including those powers set forth under the laws of the State of Nevada or any other jurisdiction whose law applies to this trust. The powers set forth in The Nevada Uniform Fiduciaries Act are specifically incorporated into this trust.

Our Trustee shall exercise the Trustee powers in the manner our Trustee determines to be in the beneficiaries' best interests. Our Trustee must not exercise any power inconsistent with the beneficiaries' right to the enjoyment of the trust property in accordance with the general principles of trust law.

Our Trustee may have duties and responsibilities in addition to those described in this trust. We encourage any individual or corporate fiduciary serving as Trustee to obtain appropriate legal advice if our Trustee has any questions concerning the duties and responsibilities as Trustee.

Section 12.02 Execution of Documents by Our Trustee

Our Trustee may execute and deliver any written instruments that our Trustee considers necessary to carry out any powers granted in this trust.

Section 12.03 Investment Powers in General

Our Trustee may invest in any type of investment that our Trustee determines is consistent with the investment goals of the trust, whether inside or outside the geographic borders of the United States of America and its possessions or territories, taking into account the overall investment portfolio of the trust.

Without limiting our Trustee's investment authority in any way, we request that our Trustee exercise reasonable care and skill in selecting and retaining trust investments. We also request that our Trustee take into account the following factors in choosing investments:

the potential return from the investment, both in income and appreciation;

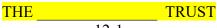
the potential income tax consequences of the investment;

the investment's potential for volatility; and

the role the investment will play in the trust's portfolio.

We request that our Trustee also consider the possible effects of inflation or deflation, changes in global and US economic conditions, transaction expenses, and the trust's need for liquidity while arranging the trust's investment portfolio.

Our Trustee may delegate his or her discretion to manage trust investments to any registered investment advisor or corporate fiduciary.



Section 12.04 Banking Powers

Our Trustee may establish any type of bank account in any banking institutions that our Trustee chooses. If our Trustee makes frequent disbursements from an account, the account does not need to be interest bearing. Our Trustee may authorize withdrawals from an account in any manner.

Our Trustee may open accounts in the name of our Trustee, with or without disclosing fiduciary capacity, and may open accounts in the name of the trust. When an account is in the name of the trust, checks on that account and authorized signatures need not disclose the account's fiduciary nature or refer to any trust or Trustee.

Section 12.05 Business Powers

If the trust owns or acquires an interest in a business entity, whether as a shareholder, partner, general partner, sole proprietor, member, participant in a joint venture, or otherwise, our Trustee may exercise the powers and authority provided for in this Section. The powers granted in this Section are in addition to all other powers granted to our Trustee in this trust.

(a) No Duty to Diversify

Notwithstanding any duty to diversify imposed by state law or any other provision of this trust, our Trustee may acquire or indefinitely retain any ownership interest in or indebtedness of any closely held or nonpublicly traded entity in which the trust, we, our descendants, and the spouses of our descendants have an ownership interest (the *business interests*), and even though any business interest may constitute all or a substantial portion of the trust property. We specifically authorize our Trustee to invest or indefinitely retain all or any part of the trust property in these business interests, regardless of any resulting risk, lack of income, diversification, or marketability. We waive any applicable prudent investor rule, as well as the Trustee's standard of care and duty to diversify with respect to the acquisition or retention of these business interests.

We recognize that the value of a noncontrolling interest in a business entity may be less than the underlying value of the entity's net assets. Nevertheless, we authorize our Trustee to acquire or retain any noncontrolling business interests.

(b) Specific Management Powers

Our Trustee has all power and authority necessary to manage and operate any business owned by the trust, whether directly or indirectly, including the express powers set forth in this Subsection. Our Trustee may participate directly in the conduct of the business, by serving as a general partner of a limited partnership, a member, manager or managing member of a limited liability company, or a shareholder of a corporation, or may employ others to serve in that capacity.

Our Trustee may participate in the management of the business and delegate management duties and powers to any employee, manager, partner, or

THE TRUST

associate of the business, without incurring any liability for the delegation. To the extent that the business interest held by the trust is not one that includes management powers (such as a minority stock interest, limited partnership interest, or a membership interest in a limited liability company), our Trustee has no obligation to supervise the management of the underlying assets, and no liability for the actions of those who do manage the business.

Our Trustee may enter into management trusts and nominee trusts in which our Trustee and the trust may serve as the exclusive manager or nominee of property or property interests on behalf of any limited partnership, limited liability company, or corporation.

Our Trustee, individually, or if our Trustee is a corporate fiduciary, then an employee of our Trustee, may act as a director, general or limited partner, associate, or officer of the business.

Our Trustee may participate with any other person or entity in the formation or continuation of a partnership either as a general or limited partner, or in any joint venture. Our Trustee may exercise all the powers of management necessary and incidental to a membership in the partnership, limited partnership, or joint venture, including making charitable contributions.

Our Trustee may reduce, expand, limit, or otherwise adjust the operation or policy of the business. Our Trustee may subject the trust's principal and income to the risks of the business for any term or period, as our Trustee determines.

For any business in which the trust has an interest, our Trustee may advance money or other property, make loans (subordinated or otherwise) of cash or securities, and guarantee the loans of others made to the business. Our Trustee may borrow money for the business, either alone or with other persons interested in the business, and may secure the loan or loans by a pledge or mortgage of any part of any trust property.

Our Trustee may select and vote for directors, partners, associates, and officers of the business. Our Trustee may enter into owners' agreements with a business in which the trust has an interest or with the other owners of the business.

Our Trustee may execute agreements and amendments to agreements as may be necessary to the operation of the business, including stockholder agreements, partnership agreements, buy-sell agreements, and operating agreements for limited liability companies.

Our Trustee may generally exercise any powers necessary for the continuation, management, sale, or dissolution of the business.

Our Trustee may participate in the sale, reorganization, merger, consolidation, recapitalization, or liquidation of the business. Our Trustee may sell or liquidate the business or business interest on terms our Trustee deems advisable and in the best interests of the trust and the beneficiaries.

THE TRUST

Our Trustee may sell any business interest held by the trust to one or more of the beneficiaries of this trust or to any trust in which a majority of the beneficiaries are beneficiaries of this trust. Our Trustee may make the sale in exchange for cash, a private annuity, an installment note, or any combination of those.

Our Trustee may exercise all of the business powers granted in this trust even though our Trustee may be personally invested in or otherwise involved with the business.

(c) Business Liabilities

If any tort or contract liability arises in connection with the business, and if the trust is liable, our Trustee will first satisfy the liability from the assets of the business, and only then from other trust property as determined by our Trustee.

(d) Trustee Compensation

In addition to the compensation set forth in Section 11.08, our Trustee may receive additional reasonable compensation for services in connection with the operation of the business. Our Trustee may receive this compensation directly from the business, the trust or both.

(e) Conflicts of Interest

Our Trustee may exercise all of the powers granted in this trust even though our Trustee may be involved with or have a personal interest in the business.

Section 12.06 Contract Powers

Our Trustee may sell at public or private sale, transfer, exchange for other property, and otherwise dispose of trust property for consideration and upon terms and conditions that our Trustee deems advisable. Our Trustee may grant options of any duration for any sales, exchanges, or transfers of trust property.

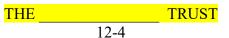
Our Trustee may enter into contracts, and may deliver deeds or other instruments, that our Trustee considers appropriate.

Section 12.07 Common Investments

For purposes of convenience with regard to the trust property's administration and investment, our Trustee may invest part or all of the trust property jointly with property of other trusts for which our Trustee is also serving as a Trustee. A corporate fiduciary acting as our Trustee may use common funds for investment. When trust property is managed and invested in this manner, our Trustee will maintain records that sufficiently identify this trust's portion of the jointly invested assets.

Section 12.08 Environmental Powers

Our Trustee may inspect trust property to determine compliance with or to respond to any environmental law affecting the property. For purposes of this trust *environmental law*



means any federal, state, or local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance protecting the environment or human health.

Our Trustee may refuse to accept property if our Trustee determines that the property is or may be contaminated by any hazardous substance or is or was used for any purpose involving hazardous substances that could create liability to the trust or to any Trustee.

Our Trustee may use trust property to:

conduct environmental assessments, audits, or site monitoring;

take remedial action to contain, clean up, or remove any hazardous substance including a spill, discharge, or contamination;

institute, contest, or settle legal proceedings brought by a private litigant or any local, state, or federal agency concerned with environmental compliance;

comply with any order issued by any court or by any local, state, or federal agency directing an assessment, abatement, or cleanup of any hazardous substance; and

employ agents, consultants, and legal counsel to assist our Trustee in these actions.

Our Trustee is not liable for any loss or reduction in value sustained by the trust as a result of our Trustee's decision to retain property on which hazardous materials or substances requiring remedial action are discovered, unless our Trustee contributed to that loss through willful misconduct or gross negligence.

Our Trustee is not liable to any beneficiary or to any other party for any decrease in the value of property as a result of our Trustee's actions to comply with any environmental law, including any reporting requirement.

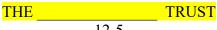
Our Trustee may release, relinquish, or disclaim any power held by our Trustee that our Trustee determines may cause our Trustee to incur individual liability under any environmental law.

Section 12.09 Insurance Powers

Our Trustee may purchase, accept, hold, and deal with as owner, insurance policies on either or both of our lives, any beneficiary's life, or any person's life in whom any beneficiary has an insurable interest.

Our Trustee may purchase disability, medical, liability, longterm health care and other insurance on behalf of and for the benefit of any beneficiary. Our Trustee may purchase annuities and similar investments for any beneficiary.

Our Trustee may execute or cancel any automatic premium loan agreement with respect to any policy, and may elect or cancel any automatic premium loan provision in a life insurance policy. Our Trustee may borrow money to pay premiums due on any policy, either by borrowing from the company issuing the policy or from another source. Our Trustee may assign the policy as security for the loan.



Our Trustee may exercise any option contained in a policy with regard to any dividend or share of surplus apportioned to the policy to reduce the amount of a policy, to convert or exchange the policy, or to surrender a policy at any time for its cash value.

Our Trustee may elect any paid-up insurance or extended-term insurance nonforfeiture option contained in a policy.

Our Trustee may sell any policy at its fair market value to anyone having an insurable interest in the policy, including the insured.

Our Trustee may exercise any other right, option, or benefit contained in a policy or permitted by the issuing insurance company.

Upon termination of the trust, our Trustee may transfer and assign the policies held by the trust as a distribution of trust property.

Section 12.10 Loans and Borrowing Powers

Our Trustee may make loans to any person including a beneficiary, as well as an entity, trust, or estate, for any term or payable on demand, and secured or unsecured.

Our Trustee may encumber any trust property by mortgages, pledges, or otherwise, and may negotiate, refinance, or enter into any mortgage or other secured or unsecured financial arrangement, whether as a mortgagee or mortgagor. The term may extend beyond the trust's termination and beyond the period required for an interest created under this trust to vest in order to be valid under the rule against perpetuities.

Our Trustee may enter into, negotiate, or modify the terms of any mortgage or any other secured or unsecured agreement granted in connection with any loan entered into by either or both of us or by any Trustee, and may release or foreclose on any mortgage or security interest payable to either or both of us or to the trust.

Our Trustee may borrow money at interest rates and on other terms that our Trustee deems advisable from any person, institution, or other source including, in the case of a corporate fiduciary, its own banking or commercial lending department.

Our Trustee may purchase, sell at public or private sale, trade, renew, modify, and extend mortgages. Our Trustee may accept deeds instead of foreclosing.

Section 12.11 Nominee Powers

Our Trustee may hold real estate, securities, and any other property in the name of a nominee or in any other form, without disclosing the existence of any trust or fiduciary capacity.

Section 12.12 Payment of Property Taxes and Expenses

Except as otherwise provided in this trust, our Trustee may pay any property taxes, assessments, fees, charges, and other expenses incurred in the administration or protection of the trust. All payments will be a charge against the trust property and will be paid by our Trustee out of income. If the income is insufficient, then our Trustee may make any payments of property taxes or expenses out of the trust property's principal. Our Trustee's determination with respect to this payment will be conclusive on the beneficiaries.



Section 12.13 Purchase of Assets from and Loans to a Deceased Grantor's Probate Estate

Upon the death of a Grantor, our Trustee may purchase at fair market value and retain in the form received any property that is a part of the deceased Grantor's probate or trust estate as an addition to the trust. In addition, our Trustee may make secured and unsecured loans to the deceased Grantor's probate or trust estate. Our Trustee may not be held liable for any loss suffered by the trust because of the exercise of the powers granted in this Section.

Our Trustee may not use any trust property for the benefit of the deceased Grantor's estate as defined in Code of Federal Regulations Title 26 Section 20.2042-1(b), unless the property is included in the deceased Grantor's gross estate for federal estate tax purposes.

Section 12.14 Real Estate Powers

Our Trustee may sell at public or private sale, convey, purchase, exchange, lease for any period, mortgage, manage, alter, improve, and in general deal in and with real property in the manner and on the terms and conditions as our Trustee deems appropriate.

Our Trustee may grant or release easements in or over, subdivide, partition, develop, raze improvements to, and abandon any real property.

Our Trustee may manage real estate in any manner considered best, and may exercise all other real estate powers necessary to effect this purpose.

Our Trustee may enter into contracts to sell real estate. Our Trustee may enter into leases and grant options to lease trust property, even though the term of the agreement extends beyond the termination of any trusts established under this trust and beyond the period that is required for an interest created under this trust to vest in order to be valid under the rule against perpetuities. Our Trustee may enter into any contracts, covenants, and warranty agreements that our Trustee deems appropriate.

Section 12.15 Residences and Tangible Personal Property

Our Trustee may acquire, maintain, and invest in any residence for the beneficiaries' use and benefit, whether or not the residence is income producing and without regard to the proportion that the residence's value may bear to the trust property's total value, even if retaining the residence involves financial risks that Trustees would not ordinarily incur. Our Trustee may pay or make arrangements for others to pay all carrying costs of any residence for the beneficiaries' use and benefit, including taxes, assessments, insurance, maintenance, and other related expenses.

Our Trustee may acquire, maintain, and invest in articles of tangible personal property, whether or not the property produces income. Our Trustee may pay for the repair and maintenance of the property.

Our Trustee is not required to convert the property referred to in this Section to incomeproducing property, except as required by other provisions of this trust.

Our Trustee may permit any Income Beneficiary of the trust to occupy any real property or use any personal property owned by the trust on terms or arrangements that our Trustee

THE	 TRUST

determines, including rent free or in consideration for the payment of taxes, insurance, maintenance, repairs, or other charges.

Our Trustee is not liable for any depreciation or loss resulting from any decision to retain or acquire any property as authorized by this Section.

Section 12.16 Digital Assets

Our Trustee has the authority to access, modify, control, archive, transfer, and delete our digital assets.

Digital assets include our sent and received emails, email accounts, digital music, digital photographs, digital videos, gaming accounts, software licenses, social-network accounts, file-sharing accounts, financial accounts, domain registrations, Domain Name System (DNS) service accounts, blogs, listservs, web-hosting accounts, tax-preparation service accounts, online stores and auction sites, online accounts, and any similar digital asset that currently exists or may be developed as technology advances.

Our digital assets may be stored on the cloud or on our own digital devices. Our Trustee may access, use, and control our digital devices in order to access, modify, control, archive, transfer, and delete our digital assets—this power is essential for access to our digital assets that are only accessible through our digital devices. Digital devices include desktops, laptops, tablets, peripherals, storage devices, mobile telephones, smartphones, and any similar hardware that currently exists or may be developed as technology advances.

Section 12.17 Retention and Abandonment of Trust Property

Our Trustee may retain any property constituting the trust at the time of its creation, at the time of the death of a Grantor, or as the result of the exercise of a stock option, without liability for depreciation or loss resulting from retention. Our Trustee may retain property, notwithstanding the fact that the property may not be of the character prescribed by law for the investment of assets held by a fiduciary, and notwithstanding the fact that retention may result in inadequate diversification under any applicable Prudent Investor Act or other applicable law.

Our Trustee may hold property that is not income producing or is otherwise nonproductive if holding the property is in the best interests of the beneficiaries in the sole and absolute discretion of our Trustee. On the other hand, our Trustee will invest contributions of cash and cash equivalents as soon as reasonably practicable after the assets have been acquired by the trust.

Our Trustee may retain a reasonable amount in cash or money market accounts to pay anticipated expenses and other costs, and to provide for anticipated distributions to or for the benefit of a beneficiary.

Our Trustee may abandon any property that our Trustee considers of insignificant value.

Section 12.18 Securities, Brokerage and Margin Powers

Our Trustee may buy, sell, trade, and otherwise deal in stocks, bonds, investment companies, mutual funds, common trust funds, commodities, and other securities of any kind and in any amount, including short sales. Our Trustee may write and purchase call or



put options, and other derivative securities. Our Trustee may maintain margin accounts with brokerage firms and may pledge securities to secure loans and advances made to our Trustee or to or for a beneficiary's benefit.

Our Trustee may place all or any part of the securities held by the trust in the custody of a bank or trust company. Our Trustee may have all securities registered in the name of the bank or trust company or in the name of the bank's nominee or trust company's nominee. Our Trustee may appoint the bank or trust company as the agent or attorney in fact to collect, receive, receipt for, and disburse any income, and generally to perform the duties and services incident to a custodian of accounts.

Our Trustee may employ a broker-dealer as a custodian for securities held by the trust, and may register the securities in the name of the broker-dealer or in the name of a nominee; words indicating that the securities are held in a fiduciary capacity are optional. Our Trustee may hold securities in bearer or uncertificated form, and may use a central depository, clearing agency, or book-entry system, such as The Depository Trust Company, Euroclear, or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Our Trustee may participate in any reorganization, recapitalization, merger, or similar transaction. Our Trustee may exercise or sell conversion or subscription rights for securities of all kinds and descriptions. Our Trustee may give proxies or powers of attorney that may be discretionary and with or without powers of substitution, and may vote or refrain from voting on any matter.

Section 12.19 Settlement Powers

Our Trustee may settle any claims and demands in favor of or against the trust by compromise, adjustment, arbitration, or other means. Our Trustee may release or abandon any claim in favor of the trust.

Section 12.20 Subchapter S Corporation Stock Provisions

During any period the trust is not treated as a grantor trust for tax purposes under Internal Revenue Code Section 671, this trust or any trust created under this trust may hold any S corporation stock held as a separate *Electing Small Business Trust*, or as a separate *Qualified Subchapter S Trust*, as provided in this Section.

For purposes of this Section, *S corporation stock* means all capital stock issued by a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes) that is treated or is intended to be treated under Section 1361(a) as an *S corporation* for federal income tax purposes.

(a) Electing Treatment as an Electing Small Business Trust

If our Trustee elects under Internal Revenue Code Section 1361(e)(3) to qualify any portion of the trust as an *Electing Small Business Trust*, our Trustee shall:

apportion a reasonable share of the unallocated expenses of all trusts created under this trust to the Electing Small Business Trust under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Regulations; and



administer the trust as an Electing Small Business Trust, under Internal Revenue Code Section 1361(e).

(b) Electing Treatment as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust

If the current Income Beneficiary of the trust makes an election under Section 1361(d)(2) to qualify the trust as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust within the meaning of Section 1361(d)(3), our Trustee shall:

refer to the Qualified Subchapter S Trust using the same name as the trust to which the stock was originally allocated, plus the name of the current Income Beneficiary of the trust, followed by the letters QSST;

administer the Qualified Subchapter S Trust in accordance with the same provisions contained in the trust to which the Trustee allocated the S corporation stock, as long as the provisions of this Subsection control the trust administration to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of the original trust; and

maintain the Qualified Subchapter S Trust as a separate trust held for the benefit of only one beneficiary as required in Section 1361(d)(3).

Our Trustee shall recommend that the current Income Beneficiary of the trust make a timely election to cause federal tax treatment of the trust as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust.

ner(1) so Current Income Beneficiary Lutrons

The *current Income Beneficiary* of a Qualified Subchapter S Trust is the person who has a present right to receive income distributions from the trust to which the Trustee has allocated the S corporation stock. A Qualified Subchapter S Trust may have only one current Income Beneficiary.

If, under the terms of the trust, more than one person has a present right to receive income distributions from the trust originally holding the S corporation stock, our Trustee shall segregate the S corporation stock into separate Qualified Subchapter S Trusts for each of these people.

(2) Distributions

Until the earlier of the death of the current Income Beneficiary or the date on which the trust no longer holds any S corporation stock (the *QSST termination date*), our Trustee shall distribute at least annually all of the trust's *net income*, as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 643(b) to the current Income Beneficiary.

THE ______ TRUST 12-10

The terms of the trust to which the S corporation stock was originally allocated govern distributions of principal from the Qualified Subchapter S Trust. But until the QSST termination date, our Trustee may distribute principal only to the current Income Beneficiary of the Qualified Subchapter S Trust and not to any other person or entity.

If the Qualified Subchapter S Trust terminates during the lifetime of the current Income Beneficiary, our Trustee shall distribute all assets of the Qualified Subchapter S Trust to the current Income Beneficiary outright and free of the trust.

(3) Allocation of Income and Expenses

Our Trustee shall characterize receipts and expenses of any Qualified Subchapter S Trust in a manner consistent with Internal Revenue Code Section 643(b).

(4) Trust Merger or Consolidation

Notwithstanding any other provision of this trust that may seem to the contrary, our Trustee may not merge any Qualified Subchapter S Trust with another trust's assets if doing so would jeopardize the qualification of either trust as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust.

(c) Governance of the Trusts

The following additional provisions apply to any separate trust created under this Section.

(1) Protection of S Corporation Status

Our Trustee must not administer a trust holding S corporation stock in a manner that would cause the termination of the S corporation status of the entity whose stock is held as part of the trust. Therefore, during any period that the trust holds S corporation stock, our Trustee must construe the terms and provisions of this trust in a manner that is consistent with the trust qualifying as an Electing Small Business Trust or as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust. Our Trustee must disregard any provision of this trust that cannot be so construed or applied.

(2) Methods of Distribution

Our Trustee may not make distributions in a manner that would jeopardize the trust's qualification as an Electing Small Business Trust or as a Qualified Subchapter S Trust.

(3) Disposition of S Corporation Stock

If our Trustee believes the continuation of any trust would result in the termination of the S corporation status of any



entity whose stock is held as a part of the trust property, our Trustee, other than an Interested Trustee, in addition to the power to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, has the power to distribute the stock to the person who is then entitled to receive the income from the trust.

Section 12.21 No Distributions in Discharge of Certain Legal Obligations

Our Trustee may not exercise or participate in the exercise of discretion with respect to the distribution of income or principal that would in any manner discharge a legal obligation of our Trustee, including the obligation of support.

If a beneficiary or any other person has the power to remove a Trustee, that Trustee may not exercise or participate in the exercise of discretion with respect to the distribution of income or principal that would in any manner discharge a legal obligation of the person having the power to remove the Trustee, including that person's obligation of support.



Article Thirteen General Provisions

Section 13.01 Maximum Term for Trusts

Notwithstanding any other provision of this agreement to the contrary, unless terminated earlier under other provisions of this agreement, each trust created under this agreement is subject to the Nevada Rule Against Perpetuities under Section 111.1031 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

At that time, the remaining trust property will vest in and be distributed to the persons entitled to receive mandatory distributions of the trust's net income, in the same proportions. If no beneficiary is entitled to mandatory distributions of net income, the remaining trust property will vest in and be distributed to the beneficiaries entitled to receive discretionary distributions of the trust's net income, in equal shares *per stirpes*.

Section 13.02 Spendthrift Provision

No beneficiary may assign, anticipate, encumber, alienate, or otherwise voluntarily transfer the income or principal of any trust created under this trust. In addition, neither the income nor the principal of any trust created under this trust is subject to attachment, bankruptcy proceedings or any other legal process, the interference or control of creditors or others, or any involuntary transfer.

This Section does not restrict a beneficiary's right to disclaim any interest or exercise of any power of appointment granted in this trust. In addition, this Section does not limit the ability of a Trustee to appoint property in further trust for any beneficiary.

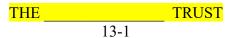
Section 13.03 Contest Provision

If any person attempts to contest or oppose the validity of this trust or any amendment to this trust, or commences, continues, or prosecutes any legal proceedings to set this trust aside, then that person will forfeit his or her share, cease to have any right or interest in the trust property, and will be considered to have predeceased the last of us to die for purposes of this instrument.

Section 13.04 Survivorship Presumption

If we die under circumstances in which the order of our deaths cannot be established, each of us will be considered to have predeceased the other and each Grantor's interest in any community property of our trust, and each Grantor's separate trust property will be administered as provided in Section 7.05 for administering the remaining property in the Survivor's Trust upon death of the surviving Grantor.

If any other beneficiary is living at the death of a Grantor, but dies within 30 days after the Grantor's death, then the beneficiary will be considered to have predeceased the Grantor for purposes of this trust.



Section 13.05 Divorce or Annulment

If our marriage ends by divorce or annulment, each of us will be considered to have predeceased the other for purposes of this trust, so that our respective property interests are not used for the benefit of the other.

Section 13.06 Changing the Governing Law and Situs of Administration

At any time, our Trustee may change the governing law of the trust; change the situs of the administration of the trust; and remove all or any part of the property from one jurisdiction to another. Our Trustee may elect, by filing an instrument with the trust records, that the trust will then be construed, regulated, and governed by the new jurisdiction's laws. Our Trustee may take action under this Section for any purpose our Trustee considers appropriate, including the minimization of any taxes in respect of the trust or any trust beneficiary.

If considered necessary or advisable by our Trustee, our Trustee may appoint a Trustee to serve as Trustee in the new situs.

If necessary and if our Trustee does not appoint a Trustee within 30 days of our Trustee's action to change the governing law or situs of the trust, the beneficiaries entitled to receive distributions of the trust's net income may appoint a corporate fiduciary in the new situs by majority consent. If a beneficiary is a minor or is incapacitated, the beneficiary's parent or Legal Representative may act on the beneficiary's behalf.

Section 13.07 Definitions

For purposes of this trust, the following terms have these meanings:

(a) Adopted and Afterborn Persons

A person in any generation who is legally adopted before reaching 18 years of age and his or her descendants, including adopted descendants, have the same rights and will be treated in the same manner under this trust as natural children of the adopting parent. A person is considered legally adopted if the adoption was legal at the time when and in the jurisdiction in which it occurred.

A fetus *in utero* later born alive will be considered a person in being during the period of gestation.

(b) Available GST Exemption

The deceased Grantor's *Available GST Exemption* means the GST exemption provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 2631 in effect at the deceased Grantor's death; reduced by the aggregate of:

any amount of GST exemption allocated to the deceased Grantor's lifetime transfers, including those allocations made at the time of the deceased Grantor's death by the deceased Grantor's Personal Representative, by the deceased Grantor's Trustee, or by operation of law; and any amount allocated to direct-skip persons as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 2612(c)(1) that does not qualify for an exclusion from the generation-skipping transfer tax occurring at the deceased Grantor's death to or for the benefit of the deceased Grantor's descendants.

At the time of the deceased Grantor's death, if the deceased Grantor has made a lifetime transfer to a trust with an inclusion ratio of greater than zero but have not filed a gift tax return and the due date for the gift tax return has not yet passed, the deceased Grantor's Available GST Exemption will also be reduced so that the trust inclusion ratio is zero, in order to exempt the transfer from generation-skipping transfer tax.

(c) Descendants

The term *descendants* means persons who directly descend from a person, such as children, grandchildren, or great-grandchildren. The term *descendants* does not include collateral descendants, such as nieces and nephews.

(d) Education

The term *education* is intended to be an ascertainable standard under Internal Revenue Code Sections 2041 and 2514 and includes:

enrollment at private elementary, junior, and senior high school, including boarding school;

undergraduate and graduate study in any field at a college or

BREUNIVERSITY; UNDARIES UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS

specialized, vocational, or professional training or instruction at any institution, as well as private instruction; and

any other curriculum or activity that our Trustee considers useful for developing a beneficiary's abilities and interests including athletic training, musical instruction, theatrical training, the arts, and travel.

The term *education* also includes expenses such as tuition, room and board, fees, books, supplies, computers and other equipment, tutoring, transportation, and a reasonable allowance for living expenses.

(e) Good Faith

For the purposes of this trust, a Trustee has acted in good faith if:

an action or inaction is not a result of intentional wrongdoing;

the Trustee did not make the decision to act or not act with reckless indifference to the beneficiaries' interests; and

THE TRUST

an action or inaction does not result in an improper personal benefit to the Trustee.

Further, all parties subject to the provisions of this trust will treat any action or inaction made in reliance on information, consent, or directions received from the Personal Representative of each of our estates as made in good faith for the purposes of this Section, except for cases of willful misconduct or malfeasance on the Trustee's part.

(f) Grantor

Grantor has the same legal meaning as *Settlor*, *Trustor* or any other term referring to the maker of a trust.

(g) Incapacity

Except as otherwise provided in this trust, a person is considered incapacitated in any of the following circumstances.

(1) The Opinion of Two Licensed Physicians

An individual is considered to be incapacitated whenever two licensed physicians give the opinion that the individual is unable to effectively manage his or her property or financial affairs, whether as a result of age; illness; use of prescription medications, drugs, or other substances; or any other cause. If an individual whose capacity is in question refuses to provide necessary documentation or otherwise submit to examination by licensed physicians, that individual will be considered incapacitated.

An individual is considered restored to capacity whenever the individual's personal or attending physician provides a written opinion that the individual is able to effectively manage his or her property and financial affairs.

(2) Court Determination

An individual is considered incapacitated if a court of competent jurisdiction has declared the individual to be disabled, incompetent, or legally incapacitated.

(3) Detention, Disappearance, or Absence

An individual is considered to be incapacitated whenever he or she cannot effectively manage his or her property or financial affairs due to the individual's unexplained disappearance or absence for more than 30 days, or whenever he or she is detained under duress.

An individual's disappearance, absence, or detention under duress may be established by an affidavit of our Trustee, or by the affidavit of any beneficiary if no Trustee is then serving. The affidavit must describe the circumstances of the individual's disappearance, absence, or detention, and may be relied upon by any third party dealing in good faith with our Trustee.

(h) Include, Includes, Including

In this document, the words include, includes, and including mean include without limitation, includes without limitation and including without limitation, respectively. Include, includes, and including are words of illustration and enlargement, not words of limitation or exclusivity.

(i) Income Beneficiary

The term *Income Beneficiary* means any beneficiary who is then entitled to receive distributions of the trust's net income, whether mandatory or discretionary.

Unless otherwise provided in this trust, the phrase *majority of the Income Beneficiaries* means any combination of Income Beneficiaries who would receive more than 50% of the accrued net income if that income were distributed on the day of a vote. For purposes of this calculation, beneficiaries who are eligible to receive discretionary distributions of net income receive the imputed income in equal shares.

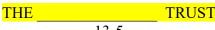
References to a *majority* refer to a majority of the entire trust collectively until our Trustee allocates property to separate trusts or trust shares. After our Trustee allocates property to separate trusts or trust shares, references to a *majority* refer to a majority of each separate trust or trust share.

(j) an income in Respect of a Decedent (IRD) and

The term *income in respect of a decedent* (IRD) means income received after a decedent's death that would have been taxable to the decedent if the income had been received by the decedent during the decedent's lifetime. For example, payments under qualified retirement plans and other deferred compensation arrangements are IRD. For purposes of this trust, IRD means any income that would be classified as IRD under Internal Revenue Code Section 691(a).

(k) Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Regulations

References to the *Internal Revenue Code* or to its provisions are to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any corresponding Treasury Regulations. References to the *Treasury Regulations*, are to the Treasury Regulations under the Internal Revenue Code in effect. If a particular provision of the Internal Revenue Code is renumbered or the Internal Revenue Code is superseded by a subsequent federal tax law, any reference is considered to be made to the renumbered provision or to the corresponding provision of the subsequent law, unless to do so would clearly be contrary to our intent as expressed in this trust. The same rule applies to references to the Treasury Regulations.



(I) Legal Representative or Personal Representative

As used in this trust document, the term *Legal Representative* or *Personal Representative* means a person's guardian, conservator, executor, administrator, Trustee, attorney in fact under a Durable Power of Attorney, or any other person or entity representing a person or the person's estate. In the case of a minor beneficiary, the beneficiary's parent or another adult with custody of the beneficiary, except for any transferor to a trust created under this instrument, will be considered the beneficiary's Legal Representative for purposes of this trust.

(m) Per Stirpes

Whenever a distribution is to be made to a person's descendants *per stirpes*, the distribution will be divided into as many equal shares as there are then-living children and deceased children who left then-living descendants. Each then-living child will receive one share, and the share of each deceased child will be divided among the deceased child's then-living descendants in the same manner.

(n) **Permissible Distributee**

"Permissible Distributee" means a beneficiary who is currently eligible to receive distributions of trust income or principal, whether the distribution is mandatory or discretionary.

(o) **Primary Beneficiary**

The *Primary Beneficiary* of a trust created under this trust is that trust's oldest Income Beneficiary, unless some other individual is specifically designated as the Primary Beneficiary of that separate trust.

(p) Qualified Retirement Benefits

The term *qualified retirement plan* means a plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401, an individual retirement arrangement under Section 408 or Section 408A, or a tax-sheltered annuity under Section 403. The term *qualified retirement benefits* means the amounts held in or distributed pursuant to a plan qualified under Section 401, an individual retirement arrangement under Section 408 or Section 408A, a tax-sheltered annuity under Section 403, or any other benefit subject to the distribution rules of Section 401(a)(9).

(q) Shall and May

Unless otherwise specifically provided in this trust or by the context in which used, we use the word *shall* in this trust to impose a duty, command, direct, or require, and the word *may* to allow or permit, but not require. In the context of our Trustee, when we use the word *shall* we intend to impose a fiduciary duty on our Trustee. When we use the word *may* we intend to empower our Trustee to act with the Trustee's sole and absolute discretion unless otherwise stated in this trust. When we use the words *may not* in



reference to our Trustee, we specifically mean our Trustee *is not permitted to*.

(r) Trust

The terms *this trust, this document, instrument,* and *this trust document* refer to this trust and all trusts created under the terms of this trust.

(s) Trustee

The terms *our Trustee* and *Trustee* refer to the Initial Trustees named in Article One and to any successor, substitute, replacement, or additional person, corporation, or other entity that ever acts as the Trustee of any trust created under the terms of this trust. The term *Trustee* refers to singular or plural as the context may require.

(t) Trust Property

The term *trust property* means all property acquired from any source and held by a Trustee under this trust.

Section 13.08 General Provisions and Rules of Construction

The following general provisions and rules of construction apply to this trust.

(a) Multiple Originals; Validity of Paper or Electronic Copies

This trust may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which will be considered an original.

Any person may rely on a paper or electronic copy of this trust that the Trustee certifies to be a true copy as if it were an original.

(b) Singular and Plural; Gender

Unless the context requires otherwise, singular words may be construed as plural, and plural words may be construed as singular. Words of one gender may be construed as denoting another gender as is appropriate within the context. The word *or*, when used in a list of more than two items, may function as both a conjunction and a disjunction as the context requires.

(c) Headings of Articles, Sections, and Subsections

The headings of Articles, Sections, and Subsections used within this trust are included solely for the convenience of the reader. They have no significance in the interpretation or construction of this trust.

(d) Governing State Law

This trust is governed, construed, and administered according to the laws of Nevada, as amended except as to trust property required by law to be governed by the laws of another jurisdiction and unless the situs of administration is changed under Section 13.06.

(e) Notices

Unless otherwise stated, any notice required under this trust will be in writing. The notice may be personally delivered with proof of delivery to the party requiring notice and will be effective on the date personally delivered. Notice may also be mailed, postage prepaid, by certified mail with return receipt requested to the last known address of the party requiring notice. Mailed notice is effective on the date of the return receipt. If a party giving notice does not receive the return receipt but has proof that he or she mailed the notice, notice will be effective on the date it would normally have been received via certified mail. If the party requiring notice is a minor or incapacitated individual, notice will be given to the parent or Legal Representative.

(f) Severability

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this trust does not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this trust. If a court of competent jurisdiction determines that any provision is invalid, the remaining provisions of this trust are to be interpreted as if the invalid provision had never been included.

We have executed this trust on ______, 2021. This trust instrument is effective when signed by us, whether or not now signed by a Trustee.

BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS_ BY BUSINESS & TAX PRACTITIONERS

Grantor and Trustee

Grantor and Trustee

STATE OF NEVADA)	
COUNTY OF CLARK) ss.)	
This instrument was acknowledged before 1	me on	, 2021, by
, as Grantor and as Trustee	e, and	, as Grantor and as
Trustee.		

[Seal]

Notary Public My commission expires: _____



Schedule A

BANK ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENTS

Name	Comments	Account Number

REAL PROPERTY

Address	Parcel Number	Description

Stor?

STOCKS AND BONDS

Name	Comments	Account Number
		M COLOL

BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS____

BY BUSINESS & TAX PRACTITIONERS

LIFE INSURANCE

Name	Comments	Type and Coverage

Schedule B

Listed below are additional assets belonging to the Grantors, not transferred into THE TRUST but may designate the trust as beneficiary or contingent beneficiary.

RETIREMENT PLANS

Name	Account Type	Account No.

VEHICLES

Year Make		Model	Comments		
	n n n				

BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SOLUTIONS_____

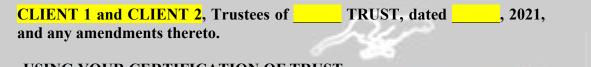
FUNDING YOUR TRUST

INTRODUCTION

You have executed a living trust as a part of your estate planning. In order for your trust to effectively meet your estate planning goals and to avoid probate of your assets, it is critical that your assets be titled in the name of your trust. The process of transferring your assets into your trust is referred to as "funding your trust." The purpose of this Memorandum is to increase your understanding of what actions you will need to take in order to fund your trust.

1. TITLING ASSETS IN YOUR NAME AS TRUSTEE

Title to all of your currently owned and newly acquired assets should be put in the name of your trust. The following format should be used for titling assets in the name of your trust:



2. USING YOUR CERTIFICATION OF TRUST

As you put property into your trust, the people involved in this process will often want to know four basic things about your trust -(1) whether it is really your trust; (2) that you are one of its trustees; (3) that you have the authority to act on its behalf; and (4) that the trust is valid. By giving them a copy of the Certification of Trust, you can answer all of these questions without giving them a copy of the entire trust, which contains personal information regarding the disposition of your assets.

Most financial institutions have their own trust certification forms for you to fill out. If the institution you are dealing with does not have such a form, you should provide them with a copy of your Certification of Trust. Your Certification of Trust provides only the information that the institution needs to see without disclosing confidential details.

3. YOUR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Because your trust is a revocable living trust, it is not considered a separate taxable entity for federal and state income tax purposes. Accordingly, solely for income tax purposes you will continue to be treated as the owner of your assets after they have been transferred into the trust, and the trust will not need to obtain its own tax identification number. You will continue to use your social security number on all accounts opened in the name of the trust. When transferring securities or other assets into your trust, you may be asked to sign a Form W-9: *Payer's Request for Taxpayer Identification Number*. This form should be completed using your social security number.

INSTRUCTION FOR TRANSFERRING SPECIFIC ASSETS

Different types of assets are transferred to your trust in different ways. The following section will outline the general funding procedures for a variety of asset types as well as some special issues that you should be aware of. This list is not meant to be exhaustive; it is simply a guide for the most commonly held assets. If you have assets that are not listed below, and would like to discuss the funding procedures for such assets, please let us know. We would be happy to assist you.

1. CASH ACCOUNTS

You should instruct your financial institutions by letter or in person to change the title to any sizeable bank accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, as well as cash equivalents such as treasury bills, to your name "as trustee" of your trust. It may also be necessary to sign new signature and ownership cards to complete the process. If your trust has more than one trustee, be sure to give each trustee signature power with respect to each account. You need not change the title on any small joint or other checking accounts used primarily for household expenses.

Before you re-title any certificates of deposit, however, you should consult with a bank officer to make sure that the institution does not consider the change in account name to be an "early withdrawal" that incurs a penalty. Generally, this should not be a problem because your tax identification number for the account will remain the same.

Please note that re-titling your checking accounts *does not* require you to have the name of your trust printed on your checks. There is no legal reason to have the name of your trust on your printed checks unless you want to. Be sure to ask your bank to continue to print your individual name on the checks if you don't want the trust's name to appear.

2. INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

If you hold publicly traded stocks and bonds that are already in brokerage or investment accounts, contact your brokers or custodians and direct them to change the title of the accounts to the name of your trust. The procedure for doing so is exactly the same as the procedure for re-titling cash accounts described above. You may have to complete new account applications and provide them with a copy of your Certification of Trust in order to change the title. Title to the accounts should be in your name "as trustee" of your trust.

3. STOCKS AND BONDS NOT HELD IN INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

If you possess original stock or bond certificates, there are two ways to transfer the certificates to your trust:

- Deposit your original certificates into an existing or new brokerage or investment account titled in the name of your living trust. If you wish, you can then have your broker obtain new certificates in the name of the trust. Your future account statements, which will be titled in the name of your living trust, will prove your trust's ownership of the transferred stock or bonds.
- Contact the transfer agent for each of the companies that issued your certificates and ask them to reissue certificates with your living trust named as the new owner.

4. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS

Transferring or assigning stock options you received in connection with your employment requires a careful analysis of the tax and legal issues. We recommend you contact your attorney and your company's stock plan administrator to inquire about your choices in assigning your options to your living trust. If you would like us to assist you, we would be happy to do so on an hourly fee basis.

5. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY

Tangible personal property includes such items as household furnishings, appliances and fixtures, works of art, motor vehicles, pictures, collectibles, personal wearing apparel and jewelry, books, sporting goods, and hobby paraphernalia. Your tangible personal property has been transferred to your living trust through your Assignment of Personal Property, which is a blanket assignment of all of your tangible personal property. Pursuant to the terms of your trust, items of tangible personal property are to be distributed as directed in your Personal Property Memorandum. You can change and update your Personal Property Memorandum without legal assistance. Be sure to sign and date the Memorandum, as the most current will be controlling. Please remember that this is the only document within your estate planning documents that you can change or modify on your own.

6. **RETIREMENT PLANS**

You should never transfer the ownership of a qualified retirement or pension plan or individual retirement account to your living trust. Instead, if your plan provides for pre or post-retirement death benefits, our general recommendation is that you choose from among your spouse, children, or partner in naming the primary and contingent beneficiaries for your plan benefits rather than naming your trust.

Making the proper beneficiary designations for your retirement plan benefits involve many complex tax and family issues. It is therefore extremely difficult to make a generic recommendation without careful consideration of your individual situation. You have many trade-offs to consider in naming your beneficiaries – tradeoffs that affect your required minimum plan distributions and the taxation of your benefits after your death.

If you would like to discuss the issues and solutions for designating your retirement plan beneficiaries to best match your unique estate planning objectives, we would be pleased to assist you.

7. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES

Life insurance policies do not necessarily need to be transferred to your trust, as life insurance policies are not subject to probate. It is important to remember, however, that while life insurance proceeds are not subject to income tax, they are subject to federal and state estate taxes. To avoid estate taxation of your life insurance proceeds you may want to consider creating an irrevocable life insurance trust to hold your life insurance policies. By consulting with us we can help you determine the proper ownership and beneficiary designation for each policy.

If you are considering naming your living trust as the beneficiary of a policy, here are several points you should consider:

(1) Your policy beneficiary designation, and not your will and living trust, will control who receives the proceeds of the policy.

(2) If you designate your living trust as the primary beneficiary of your life insurance policies, the distribution of the policy proceeds will be governed by the terms of your living trust. In order to make your trust a beneficiary of your life insurance policy, we recommend you contact your insurance agent, who can either make the necessary change for you or provide you with a new beneficiary designation form for you to complete.

(3) If you wish to name your living trust as a beneficiary of your life insurance policy, we recommend that you consider making it the secondary beneficiary with the primary beneficiary being your spouse or another individual.

8. MONIES OWED TO YOU

It is not uncommon for individuals to loan money to a child or to a third party. Often these loans are memorialized in a written promissory note that specifies the terms upon which the loan will be repaid. Because this promissory note is often the only legally binding documentation evidencing the loan, it is important that the note be assigned to your trust to avoid subjecting loan payments to probate proceedings in the event of your death prior to the repayment of the loan. Should family members or friends owe you money that has not been reflected in a promissory note or other legal documentation, we recommend that a note be prepared to memorialize the terms on which the loan is to be repaid to your trust. We would be happy to prepare such a promissory note upon request on an hourly fee basis.

A promissory note can be transferred to your trust through a simple form of assignment that references the specific note being transferred and that has a copy of the original note attached. It is also important that notice be given to the debtor that they should make future payments to your trust in accordance with the terms contained in the note.

9. INTERESTS IN PARTNERSHIPS AND LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES

Most general and limited partnership agreements and limited liability company (LLC) operating agreements contain limitations on the transfer of interests by their members. It is common, however, to permit partners and LLC members to transfer their interests to a family trust like yours. You should present the Assignment of your interest in any partnerships or LLCs to the custodian of record for the partnership or LLC. The custodian of record will then need to update the partnership or LLC records to reflect your trust as the partner or LLC member. As an example, the custodian of record should amend the Operating Agreement to reflect your trust as the owner of your membership interest.

If you would like us to assist you in this process, we would be happy to do so on an hourly fee basis.

10. CORPORATE BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL INTERESTS

You should contact your corporate counsel or ask us to assist you in transferring your corporate business interests to the living trust. If you are providing professional services through a corporation, the rules of the body that regulates your profession may place limitations on who can be a shareholder of your corporation that preclude the transfer of your shares to your trust.

As regards the mechanics of transferring corporate shares to your trust, your corporation would have to cancel any shares held in your name and reissue them in your name as trustee of your living trust.

11. SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP BUSINESS INTERESTS

A sole proprietorship is a business entity owned by one individual. Ownership of a sole proprietorship can be transferred to a living trust with a written assignment of interest. All items of tangible personal property used in the business should be listed individually or by category in the assignment.

12. OIL, GAS, AND MINERAL INTERESTS

The method of transferring interests in oil, minerals, and gas depends on the specific type of ownership interest involved. Generally, if you own such an interest outright, you would record a deed that transfers title to that interest to your living trust. If your interest is a leasehold, you would assign your rights as a lessee to your living trust by a written assignment. Since there are many types of oil, gas and mineral interests, we recommend that you consult with an attorney before attempting to transfer an interest to your trust. If you would like us to assist you in this process, we would be happy to do so on an hourly fee basis.

13. REAL PROPERTY

Transferring real property to your trust will require consideration of ownership and tax issues based on the nature of the current title to the property. Ultimately, the transfer will require preparing, executing and recording new deeds for each property.

Real Estate is probably the most critical property to have in Trust as a separate probate has to be initiated in every State where real estate is located. New deeds will, therefore, have to be prepared to accomplish this transfer. If you request, we will be happy to prepare any deeds for you. Our fee is \$200.00 for each Nevada deed and \$250.00 for each out-of-state deed plus recording charges (usually \$16.00).

14. MOTOR VEHICLES

If you have a collectible or an expensive automobile that could keep its value in excess of **\$20,000.00** for years to come, I recommend that you transfer it to the Trust. In transferring your motor vehicles, complete the back of the title, signing off as Owner and indicating the designated Trustee as Purchaser, then take the completed certificate to the Department of Motor Vehicles. The Department of Motor Vehicles may have additional forms for you to fill out and submit. It may also assess additional fees and/or taxes. In addition, you will need to obtain a statement from your automobile insurance carrier, to present to the Department of Motor Vehicles, stating that the insurance company will continue to insure your automobile, once it is transferred to your Trust.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Nevada Legislature created a new way to transfer title in an automobile to another person upon the death of the owner (DMV form attached). By submitting an application form to the DMV, you can now title the car as "<u>Your Name</u>, <u>TOD</u> (transfer on death) <u>the person you are giving it to</u>". If the automobile is titled in this manner, only you are deemed to own the auto, and the person you are giving it to cannot sell the auto without your signature (the person you are giving it to inherits the car upon your death) and you can change the beneficiary at any time by completing all required DMV paperwork.

15. GAMING LICENSE

If you are a shareholder or partner in an entity which holds a gaming license, you will need approval from the Nevada Gaming Commission and State Gaming Control Board prior to transferring your shares, or interests, to your Trust. All currently acting Trustees and current beneficiaries must hold a gaming license. We can assist you in this process for an hourly fee.

16. ANTICIPATED INHERITANCE, GIFT, OR LAWSUIT JUDGMENT

If you are the beneficiary of an estate of someone who has already died, or if you are a plaintiff in a lawsuit, you can assign your interest in the estate or lawsuit to your living trust in case you are disabled or die before receiving distributions or payments.

Reviewing Your Estate Plan

You should review your estate plan with an attorney every two to three years because all estate plans require on-going maintenance. Changes in your family circumstances, significant fluctuations in your net worth, and changes in the tax law can all significantly impact the effectiveness of your plan.

Funding Acknowledgement

We acknowledge that we have been advised by counsel of the importance of funding our living trust and we understand that funding our living trust is my responsibility. We understand that our attorneys, Burdick Law PLLC, are not responsible for funding our living trust. In addition, we acknowledge we have reviewed the funding instructions and we understand the instructions have been provided to assist us with the funding of our living trust.



DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS

for

THIS IS AN IMPORTANT LEGAL DOCUMENT. IT CREATES A DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE. BEFORE EXECUTING THIS DOCUMENT, YOU SHOULD KNOW THESE IMPORTANT FACTS:

1. THIS DOCUMENT GIVES THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE AS YOUR AGENT THE POWER TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU. THIS POWER IS SUBJECT TO ANY LIMITATIONS OR STATEMENT OF YOUR DESIRES THAT YOU INCLUDE IN THIS DOCUMENT. THE POWER TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU MAY INCLUDE CONSENT, REFUSAL OR CONSENT OR WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT TO ANY CARE, TREATMENT, SERVICE OR PROCEDURE TO MAINTAIN, DIAGNOSE OR TREAT A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION. YOU MAY STATE IN THIS DOCUMENT ANY TYPES OF TREATMENT OR PLACEMENTS THAT YOU DO NOT DESIRE.

2. THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE IN THIS DOCUMENT HAS A DUTY TO ACT CONSISTENT WITH YOUR DESIRES AS STATED IN THIS DOCUMENT OR OTHERWISE MADE KNOWN OR, IF YOUR DESIRES ARE UNKNOWN, TO ACT IN YOUR BEST INTERESTS.

3. EXCEPT AS YOU OTHERWISE SPECIFY IN THIS DOCUMENT, THE POWER OF THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU MAY INCLUDE THE POWER TO CONSENT TO YOUR DOCTOR NOT GIVING TREATMENT OR STOPPING TREATMENT WHICH WOULD KEEP YOU ALIVE.

4. UNLESS YOU SPECIFY A SHORTER PERIOD IN THIS DOCUMENT, THIS POWER WILL EXIST INDEFINITELY FROM THE DATE YOU EXECUTE THIS DOCUMENT AND, IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF, THIS POWER WILL CONTINUE TO EXIST UNTIL THE TIME WHEN YOU BECOME ABLE TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF.

5. NOTWITHSTANDING THIS DOCUMENT, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE MEDICAL AND OTHER HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOURSELF SO LONG AS YOU CAN GIVE INFORMED CONSENT WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR DECISION. IN ADDITION, NO TREATMENT MAY BE GIVEN TO YOU OVER YOUR OBJECTION, AND HEALTH CARE NECESSARY TO KEEP YOU ALIVE MAY BE STOPPED IF YOU OBJECT.

6. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REVOKE THE APPOINTMENT OF THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU BY NOTIFYING THAT PERSON OF THE REVOCATION ORALLY OR IN WRITING.

7. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REVOKE THE AUTHORITY DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU BY NOTIFYING THE TREATING PHYSICIAN, HOSPITAL OR OTHER PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE ORALLY OR IN WRITING.

8. THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN THIS DOCUMENT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU HAS THE RIGHT TO EXAMINE YOUR MEDICAL RECORDS AND TO CONSENT TO THEIR DISCLOSURE UNLESS YOU LIMIT THIS RIGHT IN THIS DOCUMENT.

9. THIS DOCUMENT REVOKES ANY PRIOR DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE.

10. IF THERE IS ANYTHING IN THIS DOCUMENT THAT YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND, YOU SHOULD ASK A LAWYER TO EXPLAIN IT TO YOU.





1. DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE AGENT

I, NAME OF CLIENT, do hereby designate and appoint 1ST CHOICE AGENT, whose address is _______ and whose telephone number is ______, as my agent to make health care decisions for me as authorized in this document..

2. DESIGNATION OF ALTERNATE AGENT

If my agent is unwilling or unable to act for me, then I designate the following persons to serve as my agent as authorized in this document, such persons to serve in the order listed below:

A. . First Alternate Agent

3

	Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
B.	Second Alternate Agent
	Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
CRE	ATION OF DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

By this document I intend to create a durable power of attorney by appointing the person designated above to make health care decisions for me. This power of attorney shall not be affected by my subsequent incapacity.

4. GENERAL STATEMENT OF AUTHORITY GRANTED

In the event that I am incapable of giving informed consent with respect to health care decisions, I hereby grant to the agent named above full power and authority: to make health care decisions for me before or after my death, including consent, refusal of consent or withdrawal of consent to any care, treatment, service or procedure to maintain, diagnose or treat a physical or mental condition; to request, review and receive any information, verbal or written, regarding my physical or mental health, including, without limitation, medical and hospital records; to execute on my behalf any releases or other documents that may be required to obtain medical care and/or medical and hospital records, <u>EXCEPT</u> any power to enter into any arbitration agreements or execute any arbitration clauses in connection with admission to any health care facility including any skilled nursing facility; and subject only to the limitations and special provisions, if any, set forth in paragraph 5 or 6.

5. SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND LIMITATIONS

(Your agent is not permitted to consent to any of the following: commitment to or placement in a mental health treatment facility, convulsive treatment, psychosurgery, sterilization or abortion. If there are any other types of treatment or placement that you do not want your

agent's authority to give consent for or other restrictions you wish to place on his or her agent's authority, you should list them in the space below.

If you do not write any limitations, your agent will have the broad powers to make health care decisions on your behalf which are set forth in paragraph 7, except to the extent that there are limits provided by law.)

In exercising the authority under this durable power of attorney for health care, the authority of my agent is subject to the following special provisions and limitations:

6. **DURATION**

I understand that this power of attorney will exist indefinitely from the date I execute this document unless I establish a shorter time. If I am unable to make health care decisions for myself when this power of attorney expires, the authority I have granted my agent will continue to exist until the time when I become able to make health care decisions for myself.

7. STATEMENT OF DESIRES

If the statement reflects your desires, initial the box next to the statement.

- I desire that my life be prolonged to the greatest extent possible, without regard to my condition, the chances I have for recovery or long-term survival, or the cost of the procedures.
- _____] If I am in a coma which my doctors have reasonably concluded is irreversible, I desire that life sustaining or prolonging treatments <u>not</u> be used.
- If I have an incurable or terminal condition or illness and no reasonable hope of long-term recovery or survival, I desire that life sustaining or prolonging treatment <u>not</u> be used.
- I <u>do not</u> desire treatment to be provided and/or continued if the burdens of the treatment outweigh the expected benefits. My agent is to consider the relief of suffering, the preservation or restoration of functioning, and the quality as well as the extent of the possible extension of my life.
- [____] Withholding or withdrawal of artificial nutrition and hydration may result in death by starvation or dehydration. I <u>want to receive or continue receiving</u> artificial nutrition and hydration by way of the gastrointestinal tract after all other treatment is withheld.

Other or additional statements of desires, special provisions, or limitations:

8. **PRIOR DESIGNATIONS REVOKED**

I revoke any prior durable power of attorney for health care.

9. WAIVER OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

If my designated agent is my spouse or is one of my children, then I waive any conflict of interest in carrying out the provisions of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care that said spouse or child may have by reason of the fact that he or she may be a beneficiary of my estate.

10. CHALLENGES

If the legality of any provision of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care is questioned by my physician, my agent or a third party, then my agent is authorized to commence an action for declaratory judgment as to the legality of the provision in question. The cost of any such action is to be paid from my estate. This Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care must be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada.

11. NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN

If, after execution of this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care, incompetency proceeding are initiated for my person, I hereby nominate as my guardian or conservator for my person, consideration by the court my agent herein named, in the order named above.

12. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

I agree to authorize and allow full release of information by any government agency, medical provider, business, creditor or third party who may have information pertaining to my health care, to my agent named herein, pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, as amended and applicable regulations.

13. UNIFORM ANATOMICAL GIFT ACT

You may choose to make a gift of all or part of your body to a hospital, physician, or medical school for scientific, educational, therapeutic, or transplant purposes. Such a gift is allowed by the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act pursuant to NRS 451.500, et. seq. as amended. If you do not make such a gift, you authorize your agent to do so, or a member of your family may make a gift unless you give them notice that you do not want a gift made. In the space below you may state that you do not want to make a gift by initialing the line next to the statement. If you do not complete this section, your agent will have the authority to make a gift of all or a part of your body under the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act.

- [____] I do not want to make a gift under the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, nor do I want my agent or family to do so.
- [____] I allow my agent to make a gift under the Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act subject to the following limitations, if any:

14. **DECLARATION** (pursuant to NRS 449.535 - 449.690)

If I should have an incurable and irreversible condition that, without the administration of life-sustaining treatment, will, in the opinion of my attending physician, cause my death within a relatively short time, and I am no longer able to make decisions regarding my medical treatment, I appoint my agent, to make decisions on my behalf regarding withholding or withdrawal of treatment that only prolongs the process of dying and is not necessary for my comfort or to alleviate pain, pursuant to NRS 449.535 to 449.690, inclusive.

I sign my name to this Durable Power of Attorney for Health care on 2021 at Las Vegas, Nevada.

CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF NEVADA)
COUNTY OF CLARK) ss.
On this, in the year 2021, before me, personally appeared, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person whose name is subscribed to this instrument, and acknowledged that he executed it. I declare under penalty of perjury that the person whose name is ascribed to this instrument appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud or undue influence.
[Seal]

Notary Public

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR

6 of 7



STATEMENT OF WITNESSES

I declare under penalty of perjury that the principal is personally known to me, that the principal signed or acknowledged this Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care in my presence, that the principal appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud, or undue influence, that I am not the person appointed as agent by this document, and that I am not a provider of health care, an employee of a provider of health care, the operator of a community care facility, nor an employee of an operator of a health care facility.

First Witness

Name:	Nikita Burdick	Telephone: (702) 481-92	207
Addre	ss: 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste	. 232, Las Vegas, Nevada	89118
Signatur	e of Witness:	Date:	, 2021
Second V	Witness		
Name:	Salina Raymond	Telephone: (702) 481-92	207
Address:	6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 2	32, Las Vegas, Nevada 89	9118
Signatur	e of Witness:	Date:	, 2021
	BREAKING BOUNDARIES: U	WRIVALED SOLUTIO	NS

ADDITIONAL STATEMENT OF WITNESS: At least one of the above witnesses must also sign the following declaration:

I further declare under penalty of perjury that I am not related to the principal by blood, marriage, or adoption, and to the best of my knowledge I am not entitled to any part of the estate of the principal upon death of the principal under a will now existing or by operation of law.

Signature of Witness:

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR

7 of 7

APN: 164-12-115-046 \$0.00 Consideration

Recording Requested By: BURDICK LAW PLLC 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118

purview of Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 115.

Mail Tax Statements to: THE _____ TRUST address

DECLARATION OF HOMESTEAD

1.		undersigned	2010	and	1/ 1	, Trustees	of
	, dated		, 2019 as	amended	and/or restated,	hold certain	real
property in Cla	ırk Cou	nty, Nevada, con	nmonly kn	own as:			
1 1 2		_		<u></u>			
and more partie	cularly	described as:					
		E EXHIBIT "A L DESCRIPTION			RETO FOR PART HEREOF	7	
(the "Property reside upon the	e residei	nce.	UNRIVA	and	, husba	and and wife,	who
8 Y 8 U 1	1.1.1.2.1.1	S & TAX PRA	C T I T I O N	2.0.5			
2.	It is t	he intention of	the under	rsigned to	use and claim	the Property	as a
homestead for	the ben	efit of	and		and their dep	endents within	n the

///

///

///

///

DATED this	day of	, 2019.	
	THE dated	TRUST , 2019	
		, Trustee	
		, Trustee	

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

STATE OF NEVADA)) ss.COUNTY OF CLARK)		
This instrument was acknowledged before me on, as Trustees.	2019, by	and
WITNESS my hand and official seal.		
BREAKING BOUNDARIES: UNRIVALED SO	LUTIONS	
Notary Public		

APN: 164-12-115-046

EXHIBIT "A"

LEGAL DESCRIPTION



Last Will and Testament

of

NAME OF CLIENT

I, _____, a resident of Clark County, Nevada, revoke any prior Wills and codicils made by me and declare this to be my Last Will and Testament.

Article One Family Information

I am married to name is:	. We were married on	I have one child whose
, born on	-	
	proceeding. References to	by children subsequently born to me on my descendants are to my children descendants.

Article Two Distribution of My Property

Section 2.01 Disposition of Tangible Personal Property

I direct that my Personal Representative distribute my tangible personal possessions according to a separate *Personal Property Memorandum* or other similar writing signed by me and kept with my personal records. The writing will qualify to distribute my tangible personal possessions under applicable state law. If the writing is not found at the time of my death, or is ruled an improper disposition, this bequest will lapse and my tangible personal possessions will become part of my Living Trust. If any items of tangible personal property I own are not mentioned in the writing, those items will become part of my Living Trust. If any gift of tangible personal property lapses, then the items comprising the lapsed gift will become part of my Living Trust.

Section 2.02 Pour-Over to My Living Trust

I give all of my probate estate, excluding any property over which I have a power of appointment, after expenses and taxes are paid under this Will, to the then-acting Trustee

Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME

of **TRUST NAME** dated ______, 2021 and executed before this Will, to be added to the property of that trust. I direct that the Trustee administer the property according to the trust and any amendments made prior to my death.

Section 2.03 Alternate Disposition

If the trust referred to in Section 2.02 is not in effect at my death, or if for any other reason the pour over fails, I specifically incorporate by reference all the terms of the trust into this Will. I direct my Personal Representative to then establish a new trust under the provisions of that trust and distribute the remainder of my estate, excluding any property over which I have a power of appointment, to that Trustee to administer as provided in the trust.

Article Three Designation and Succession of Fiduciaries

Section 3.01 Personal Representative

I nominate SPOUSE/TRUSTEE 1_____ as my Personal Representative. If ______ is unable to act as my Personal Representative, I nominate the Trustee of TRUST NAME dated ______, 2021 as my successor Personal Representative.

Section 3.02 Guardian and Conservator

I appoint	as guardian and conservator for my ch	ildren if they need a guardian
or conservator. If	is unable to serve, then	shall serve as guardian
or conservator. If	is unable to serve, then	shall serve as guardian
or conservator. If	is unable to serve, then	shall serve as guardian
or conservator.		

Article Four Powers of Fiduciaries

Section 4.01 Grant of Powers

My Personal Representative may perform every act reasonably necessary to administer my estate and any trust established under my Will. In addition to this general grant of powers, my Personal Representative is specifically authorized to:

hold, retain, invest, reinvest, sell, and manage any real or personal property, including interests in any form of business entity including limited partnerships and limited liability companies, and life, health, and disability insurance policies, without diversification as to kind, amount, or risk of non-productivity and without limitation by statute or rule of law;

Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME Page 2 partition, sell, exchange, grant, convey, deliver, assign, transfer, lease, option, mortgage, pledge, abandon, borrow, loan, and contract;

distribute assets of my estate in cash or in kind, or partly in each, at fair market value on the distribution date, without requiring *pro rata* distribution of specific assets and without requiring *pro rata* allocation of the tax bases of those assets;

hold any interest in nominee form, continue businesses, carry out agreements, and deal with itself, other fiduciaries, and business organizations in which my Personal Representative may have an interest;

establish reserves, release powers, and abandon, settle, or contest claims; and

employ attorneys, accountants, custodians for trust assets, and other agents or assistants as my Personal Representative advises to act with or without discretionary powers, and compensate them and pay their expenses from income or principal.

Section 4.02 Powers Granted by State Law

In addition to the above powers, my Personal Representative may, without prior authority from any court, exercise all powers conferred by my Will, by common law, or by the Nevada Fiduciaries' Powers Act or other statute of the State of Nevada or any other jurisdiction whose law applies to my Will. My Personal Representative has absolute discretion in exercising these powers. Except as specifically limited by my Will, these powers extend to all property held by my fiduciaries until the actual distribution of the property.

Section 4.03 Distribution Alternatives

My Personal Representative may make any payments under my Will:

directly to a beneficiary;

in any form allowed by applicable state law for gifts or transfers to minors or persons under disability;

to a beneficiary's guardian, conservator, or caregiver for the beneficiary's benefit; or

by direct payment of the beneficiary's expenses.

A receipt by the recipient for any distribution will fully discharge my Personal Representative if the distribution is consistent with the proper exercise of my Personal Representative's duties under my Will.

Article Five Administrative Provisions

Section 5.01 Court Proceedings

Any trust established under my Will will be administered in a timely manner; consistent with its terms; free of active judicial intervention; and without order, approval, or other action by any court. The trust will be subject only to the jurisdiction of a court being invoked by the Trustees or by other interested parties, or as otherwise required by law.

Section 5.02 No Bond

I direct that no Personal Representative be required to give any bond in any jurisdiction. But if a bond is required by law or by court determination, no sureties will be required on the bond.

Section 5.03 Compensation and Reimbursement

Any fiduciary serving under my Will is entitled to reasonable compensation commensurate with services actually performed. In addition, any fiduciary serving under my Will is entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred.

Section 5.04 Ancillary Fiduciary

If any ancillary administration is required or desired, and my domiciliary Personal Representative is unable or unwilling to act as an Ancillary Fiduciary, my domiciliary Personal Representative may have power to designate, compensate, direct, and remove an Ancillary Fiduciary. The Ancillary Fiduciary may either be a person or a corporation. My domiciliary Personal Representative may delegate to the Ancillary Fiduciary any powers granted to my domiciliary Personal Representative as my domiciliary Personal Representative considers to be proper, including the right to serve without bond or without surety on bond. The net proceeds of the ancillary estate will be paid over to the domiciliary Personal Representative.

Article Six Taxes, Claims, and Expenses

Section 6.01 Payment of Death Taxes, Claims, and Expenses

The Trustee of **NAME OF TRUST WITHOUT DATE** is authorized to pay expenses incurred for my funeral and for the disposition of my remains, claims against my estate, and expenses of estate administration. Accordingly, I direct my Personal Representative to consult with the Trustee to determine which expenses and claims should be paid by my

Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME Page 4 personal representative from property passing under my Will, and which expenses and claims should be paid by the Trustee from **NAME OF TRUST WITHOUT DATE**.

I direct my Personal Representative to follow any instructions contained in **NAME OF TRUST WITHOUT DATE** in making any tax elections, including the allocation of my GST Exemption and any elections relative to the *Deceased Spousal Unused Exclusion Amount*. My Personal Representative will suffer no liability for making or not making any tax election in good faith to any person, including any person not yet in being, whose interest may have been affected.

Any taxes imposed on property passing under and outside my Will because of my death will be apportioned and paid under the provisions of **NAME OF TRUST WITHOUT DATE** and I incorporate the tax apportionment provisions of **NAME OF TRUST WITHOUT DATE** as part of my Will.

No death taxes may be allocated to or paid from property that is not included in my gross estate for federal estate tax purposes, or that qualifies for the federal estate tax marital or charitable deductions.

Section 6.02 Tax and Administrative Elections

My Personal Representative may exercise any available elections under any applicable income, inheritance, estate, succession, or gift tax law. This authority includes the power to select any alternate valuation date for death tax purposes and the power to determine whether to use any estate administration expenses as estate or income tax deductions. No compensating adjustments are required between income and principal as a result of those determinations unless my Personal Representative determines otherwise, or unless required by law.

My Personal Representative is not liable to any beneficiary of my estate for tax consequences that arise as a result of the exercise or nonexercise of any tax elections, or for decisions made concerning the distribution of property in kind in full or partial satisfaction of any beneficiary's interest in my estate.

My Personal Representative may make any lawful adjustments to the basis of my assets, including increasing the basis of any property in my gross estate, whether or not passing under my Will, by allocating any amount by which the basis of my assets may be increased. My Personal Representative is not required to allocate the basis increase to assets passing under my Will rather than to other property in my gross estate. My Personal Representative may elect to allocate the basis increase to one or more assets that my Personal Representative receives or in which my Personal Representative has a personal interest, to the partial or total exclusion of other assets to which this allocation could be made. My Personal Representative may not be held liable to any person for the exercise of his or her discretion under this Section.

Article Seven General Provisions

Section 7.01 Adopted and Afterborn Persons

A legally adopted person in any generation and that person's descendants, including adopted descendants, have the same rights and will be treated in the same manner under this Will as natural children of the adopting parent if the person is legally adopted before turning 18 years old. If an adoption was legal in the jurisdiction it occurred in at that time, then the adoption is considered legal.

A fetus *in utero* that is later born alive will be considered a person in being during the period of gestation.

Section 7.02 Applicable Law

The validity and construction of my Will will be determined by the laws of Nevada.

Section 7.03 No Contract to Make Will

I have not entered into any contract, actual or implied, to make a Will.

Section 7.04 Contest Provision

If any person directly or indirectly attempts to oppose the validity of my Will or my Living Trust, including any amendments to my trust, or commences, continues, or prosecutes any legal proceedings to set my Will or Living Trust aside, then that person will forfeit his or her share, will cease to have any right or interest in my property, and will be considered to have predeceased me for the purposes of my Will.

Section 7.05 Construction

Unless the context requires otherwise, words denoting the singular may denote the plural, and words indicating the plural may denote the singular. As the context requires, words of one gender may denote another gender.

Section 7.06 Burial Instructions

I wish that my remains be buried according to any known instructions left by me, whether left in writing or expressed orally to any family member. If I have failed to leave instructions regarding the burial of my remains, I wish that my remains be buried as my Personal Representative sees fit.

Section 7.07 Headings and Titles

The headings and paragraph titles are for reference only.

Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME

Page 6

Section 7.08 Internal Revenue Code, IRC, or Code

References to the Internal Revenue Code, the IRC or the Code refer to the Internal Revenue Code of the United States. References to specific sections of the Code apply to any sections of similar import that replace the specific sections due to changes to the Internal Revenue Code made after the date of my Will.

Section 7.09 Shall and May

Unless otherwise specifically provided in this document or by the context in which used, the word *shall* is used to impose a duty or to command, direct, or require, and the word *may* is used to allow or permit, but not require. In the context of our Trustee or my Personal Representative, the word *shall* is used to impose a fiduciary duty on our Trustee or my Personal Representative. When I use the word *may*, I intend to empower our Trustee or my Personal Representative to act with sole and absolute discretion unless otherwise stated in this document.

Section 7.10 Other Definitions

Except as otherwise provided in my Will, terms will be interpreted as defined in the Nevada Fiduciaries' Powers Act as amended after the date of my Will and after my death.

Section 7.11 Survivorship

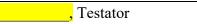
For purposes of this Will, if I survive my wife by any period of time, or if the order of our deaths is unknown, then my wife will be considered to have predeceased me. Any other beneficiary will be considered to have predeceased me if the beneficiary dies within 30 days after my death.

A TAX PRACTITIONERS

Section 7.12 Severability

If any part of this instrument is determined to be void or invalid, the remaining provisions will continue in full force and effect.

I, **NAME OF CLIENT**, sign my name to this instrument consisting of 8 pages on ______, 2021 and being first duly sworn, do hereby declare to the undersigned authority that I sign and execute this instrument as my Last Will and Testament, that I sign it willingly, that I execute it as my free and voluntary act for the purposes therein expressed, and that I am eighteen years of age or older, of sound mind, and under no constraint or undue influence.



Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME Page 7 Then and there personally appeared the within-named Karie Miller and Nikita Burdick, who, being duly sworn, depose and say under the penalty of perjury: That they witnessed the execution of the within Will of the within-named Testator, NAME OF CLIENT, that the Testator subscribed the Will and declared the same to be his Last Will and Testament in their presence; that they thereafter subscribed their names as witnesses in the presence of the Testator and in the presence of each other and at the request of the Testator; that the Testator at the time of the execution of the Will appeared to them to be of full age and of sound mind and memory, and that they make this affidavit at the request of the Testator.

Nikita Burdick, Witness 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, NV 89118 Salina Raymond, Witness 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, NV 89118



Last Will and Testament of CLIENT NAME Page 8

Last Will and Testament

of

I, _____, a resident of Clark County, Nevada, revoke any prior Wills and codicils made by me and declare this to be my Last Will and Testament.

Article One Family Information

I am married to	We were married on	. I have one child whose
name is:		
, born on _		
	proceeding. References to m	ny children subsequently born to ny descendants are to my children scendants.
		UTIONS

Article Two Distribution of My Property

Section 2.01 Disposition of Tangible Personal Property

I direct that my Personal Representative distribute my tangible personal possessions according to a separate *Personal Property Memorandum* or other similar writing signed by me and kept with my personal records. The writing will qualify to distribute my tangible personal possessions under applicable state law. If the writing is not found at the time of my death, or is ruled an improper disposition, this bequest will lapse and my tangible personal possessions will become part of my Living Trust. If any items of tangible personal property I own are not mentioned in the writing, those items will become part of my Living Trust. If any gift of tangible personal property lapses, then the items comprising the lapsed gift will become part of my Living Trust.

Section 2.02 Pour-Over to My Living Trust

I give all of my probate estate, excluding any property over which I have a power of appointment, after expenses and taxes are paid under this Will, to the then-acting Trustee

of ______ dated _____, 2019 and executed before this Will, to be added to the property of that trust. I direct that the Trustee administer the property according to the trust and any amendments made prior to my death.

Section 2.03 Alternate Disposition

If the trust referred to in Section 2.02 is not in effect at my death, or if for any other reason the pour over fails, I specifically incorporate by reference all the terms of the trust into this Will. I direct my Personal Representative to then establish a new trust under the provisions of that trust and distribute the remainder of my estate, excluding any property over which I have a power of appointment, to that Trustee to administer as provided in the trust.

Article Three Designation and Succession of Fiduciaries

Section 3.01	Personal Representative	-	-	
•	as my Personal Represer resentative, I nominate the Trus Personal Representative.		f is u	nable to act as
Section 3.02	Guardian and Conservato	r		
	her of my children,	_		
-	need a guardian or conservator			e to serve, then
shall s	serve as guardian or conservato	or. If	is unabl	e to serve, then
shall a	serve as guardian or conservato	or. If	is unabl	e to serve, then
shall s	serve as guardians or conservate	ors.		
Article Four				
Powers of Fiduciaries				

Section 4.01 Grant of Powers

My Personal Representative may perform every act reasonably necessary to administer my estate and any trust established under my Will. In addition to this general grant of powers, my Personal Representative is specifically authorized to:

hold, retain, invest, reinvest, sell, and manage any real or personal property, including interests in any form of business entity including limited partnerships and limited liability companies, and life, health, and disability insurance policies, without diversification as to kind, amount, or risk of nonproductivity and without limitation by statute or rule of law;

partition, sell, exchange, grant, convey, deliver, assign, transfer, lease, option, mortgage, pledge, abandon, borrow, loan, and contract;

Last Will and Testament of

distribute assets of my estate in cash or in kind, or partly in each, at fair market value on the distribution date, without requiring *pro rata* distribution of specific assets and without requiring *pro rata* allocation of the tax bases of those assets;

hold any interest in nominee form, continue businesses, carry out agreements, and deal with itself, other fiduciaries, and business organizations in which my Personal Representative may have an interest;

establish reserves, release powers, and abandon, settle, or contest claims; and

employ attorneys, accountants, custodians for trust assets, and other agents or assistants as my Personal Representative advises to act with or without discretionary powers, and compensate them and pay their expenses from income or principal.

Section 4.02 Powers Granted by State Law

In addition to the above powers, my Personal Representative may, without prior authority from any court, exercise all powers conferred by my Will, by common law, or by the Nevada Fiduciaries' Powers Act or other statute of the State of Nevada or any other jurisdiction whose law applies to my Will. My Personal Representative has absolute discretion in exercising these powers. Except as specifically limited by my Will, these powers extend to all property held by my fiduciaries until the actual distribution of the property.

Section 4.03 Distribution Alternatives

My Personal Representative may make any payments under my Will:

directly to a beneficiary;

in any form allowed by applicable state law for gifts or transfers to minors or persons under disability;

to a beneficiary's guardian, conservator, or caregiver for the beneficiary's benefit; or

by direct payment of the beneficiary's expenses.

A receipt by the recipient for any distribution will fully discharge my Personal Representative if the distribution is consistent with the proper exercise of my Personal Representative's duties under my Will.

Article Five Administrative Provisions

Section 5.01 Court Proceedings

Any trust established under my Will will be administered in a timely manner; consistent with its terms; free of active judicial intervention; and without order, approval, or other action by any court. The trust will be subject only to the jurisdiction of a court being invoked by the Trustees or by other interested parties, or as otherwise required by law.

Section 5.02 No Bond

I direct that no Personal Representative be required to give any bond in any jurisdiction. But if a bond is required by law or by court determination, no sureties will be required on the bond.

Section 5.03 Compensation and Reimbursement

Any fiduciary serving under my Will is entitled to reasonable compensation commensurate with services actually performed. In addition, any fiduciary serving under my Will is entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred.

Section 5.04 Ancillary Fiduciary

If any ancillary administration is required or desired, and my domiciliary Personal Representative is unable or unwilling to act as an Ancillary Fiduciary, my domiciliary Personal Representative may have power to designate, compensate, direct, and remove an Ancillary Fiduciary. The Ancillary Fiduciary may either be a person or a corporation. My domiciliary Personal Representative may delegate to the Ancillary Fiduciary any powers granted to my domiciliary Personal Representative as my domiciliary Personal Representative considers to be proper, including the right to serve without bond or without surety on bond. The net proceeds of the ancillary estate will be paid over to the domiciliary Personal Representative.

Article Six Taxes, Claims, and Expenses

Section 6.01 Payment of Death Taxes, Claims, and Expenses

The Trustee of ______ is authorized to pay expenses incurred for my funeral and for the disposition of my remains, claims against my estate, and expenses of estate administration. Accordingly, I direct my Personal Representative to consult with the Trustee to determine which expenses and claims should be paid by my personal representative from property passing under my Will, and which expenses and claims should be paid by the Trustee from _____.

I direct my Personal Representative to follow any instructions contained in ______ in making any tax elections, including the allocation of my GST Exemption and any elections relative to the *Deceased Spousal Unused Exclusion Amount*. My Personal Representative will suffer no liability for making or not making any tax election in good faith to any person, including any person not yet in being, whose interest may have been affected.

Any taxes imposed on property passing under and outside my Will because of my death will be apportioned and paid under the provisions of ______, and I incorporate the tax apportionment provisions of ______ as part of my Will.

No death taxes may be allocated to or paid from property that is not included in my gross estate for federal estate tax purposes, or that qualifies for the federal estate tax marital or charitable deductions.

Section 6.02 Tax and Administrative Elections

My Personal Representative may exercise any available elections under any applicable income, inheritance, estate, succession, or gift tax law. This authority includes the power to select any alternate valuation date for death tax purposes and the power to determine whether to use any estate administration expenses as estate or income tax deductions. No compensating adjustments are required between income and principal as a result of those determinations unless my Personal Representative determines otherwise, or unless required by law.

My Personal Representative is not liable to any beneficiary of my estate for tax consequences that arise as a result of the exercise or nonexercise of any tax elections, or for decisions made concerning the distribution of property in kind in full or partial satisfaction of any beneficiary's interest in my estate.

My Personal Representative may make any lawful adjustments to the basis of my assets, including increasing the basis of any property in my gross estate, whether or not passing under my Will, by allocating any amount by which the basis of my assets may be increased. My Personal Representative is not required to allocate the basis increase to assets passing under my Will rather than to other property in my gross estate. My Personal Representative may elect to allocate the basis increase to one or more assets that my Personal Representative receives or in which my Personal Representative has a personal interest, to the partial or total exclusion of other assets to which this allocation could be made. My Personal Representative may not be held liable to any person for the exercise of his or her discretion under this Section.

Article Seven General Provisions

Section 7.01 Adopted and Afterborn Persons

A legally adopted person in any generation and that person's descendants, including adopted descendants, have the same rights and will be treated in the same manner under this Will as natural children of the adopting parent if the person is legally adopted before turning 18 years old. If an adoption was legal in the jurisdiction it occurred in at that time, then the adoption is considered legal.

A fetus *in utero* that is later born alive will be considered a person in being during the period of gestation.

Section 7.02 Applicable Law

The validity and construction of my Will will be determined by the laws of Nevada.

Section 7.03 No Contract to Make Will

I have not entered into any contract, actual or implied, to make a Will.

Section 7.04 Contest Provision

If any person directly or indirectly attempts to oppose the validity of my Will or my Living Trust, including any amendments to my trust, or commences, continues, or prosecutes any legal proceedings to set my Will or Living Trust aside, then that person will forfeit his or her share, will cease to have any right or interest in my property, and will be considered to have predeceased me for the purposes of my Will.

Section 7.05 Construction

Unless the context requires otherwise, words denoting the singular may denote the plural, and words indicating the plural may denote the singular. As the context requires, words of one gender may denote another gender.

Section 7.06 Burial Instructions

I wish that my remains be buried next to my husband, ______, according to any known instructions left by me, whether left in writing or expressed orally to any family member. If I have failed to leave instructions regarding the burial of my remains, I wish that my remains be buried as my Personal Representative sees fit.

Section 7.07 Headings and Titles

The headings and paragraph titles are for reference only.

Last Will and Testament of

Page 6

Section 7.08 Internal Revenue Code, IRC, or Code

References to the Internal Revenue Code, the IRC or the Code refer to the Internal Revenue Code of the United States. References to specific sections of the Code apply to any sections of similar import that replace the specific sections due to changes to the Internal Revenue Code made after the date of my Will.

Section 7.09 Shall and May

Unless otherwise specifically provided in this document or by the context in which used, the word *shall* is used to impose a duty or to command, direct, or require, and the word *may* is used to allow or permit, but not require. In the context of our Trustee or my Personal Representative, the word *shall* is used to impose a fiduciary duty on our Trustee or my Personal Representative. When I use the word *may*, I intend to empower our Trustee or my Personal Representative to act with sole and absolute discretion unless otherwise stated in this document.

Section 7.10 Other Definitions

Except as otherwise provided in my Will, terms will be interpreted as defined in the Nevada Fiduciaries' Powers Act as amended after the date of my Will and after my death.

Section 7.11 Survivorship

For purposes of this Will, if I survive my husband by any period of time, or if the order of our deaths is unknown, then my husband will be considered to have predeceased me. Any other beneficiary will be considered to have predeceased me if the beneficiary dies within 30 days after my death.

AS PRACTITIONERS

Section 7.12 Severability

If any part of this instrument is determined to be void or invalid, the remaining provisions will continue in full force and effect.

I, _____, sign my name to this instrument consisting of 8 pages on _____, 2019 and being first duly sworn, do hereby declare to the undersigned authority that I sign and execute this instrument as my Last Will and Testament, that I sign it willingly, that I execute it as my free and voluntary act for the purposes therein expressed, and that I am eighteen years of age or older, of sound mind, and under no constraint or undue influence.



Then and there personally appeared the within-named Nikita Burdick and Karie Miller, who, being duly sworn, depose and say under the penalty of perjury: That they witnessed the execution of the within Will of the within-named Testatrix, ______, that the Testatrix subscribed the Will and declared the same to be her Last Will and Testament in their presence; that they thereafter subscribed their names as witnesses in the presence of the Testatrix and in the presence of each other and at the request of the Testatrix; that the Testatrix at the time of the execution of the Will appeared to them to be of full age and of sound mind and memory, and that they make this affidavit at the request of the Testatrix.

Nikita Burdick, Witness 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, NV 89118 Karie Miller, Witness 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Ste. 232 Las Vegas, NV 89118

