# What to do until the ambulance arrives at the job site

Geisinger

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# **Objectives**

Indicate when to call 911 for additional assistance or resources

Identify address challenges in rural areas

Recognize common medical emergencies

Discuss interventions for common medical emergencies

# Calling 911

Calling 911 can be stressful: STAY CALM!

Know your location

Give landmarks or road names or GPS coordinates

(especially in rural areas.)

Any identifying items at your location

Make sure you have the right county (Cell Phones)

Stay on the phone until the 911 Operator tells you to hang up

They will give you directions on how to help in life threatening situations (CPR/Bleeding control etc.)

## Job or Work Site

Make there is access to your job site (gates open)





# Common Medical Emergencies

Slips, Trips and Falls

Lacerations

Falls from a height

Allergic Reactions

Chest Pains/Heart Attacks

Hit by machinery

Seizures

Burns

# Slips, Trips and Falls

Uneven surfaces

Slippery surfaces (mud, rain, snow, ice etc.)

Cords and hoses from tools

Holes or trenches

Temporary walkways, steps or ladders



# Slips, Trips and Falls

Use caution tape of other hi visible markings around the hazard

Establish dedicated walkways

Wear proper footwear for the environment

Don't multitask

Ask for assistance with heavy or awkward sized machinery or tools



# Slips, Trips and Falls

After a slip, trip or fall:

Is the person awake, can they talk, any obvious signs of an injury? (altered mental status, broken bones or bleeding)

Can they walk?

Do you need to render 1st aid?



# Lacerations or bleeding

Protect your self from the blood: Gloves, heavy cloth or plastic bag

Place a clean cloth over the wound
Apply direct pressure with your hands
Hold pressure until bleeding stops
May take longer to stop if on any
blood thinners

#### **Types Of External Bleeding**





# Venous Steady Flow Easier To Control Low Pressure System



Arterial
Rapid And Profuse
Spurting With Heart Beat
Most Difficult To Control

shutterstsck

IMAGE ID: 1453657793

# Lacerations or bleeding

#### Amputations:

Cover both stumps with a clean cloth or gauze to stop the bleeding Send amputated part with patient if possible

Do not place directly on ice or in water

#### **Care for Amputations** Control bleeding. Treat for shock. Recover amputated part and take to hospital. Wrap part in gauze, place in waterproof bag. and keep cool.

# **Allergic Reactions**

Common reasons:

Minor reactions

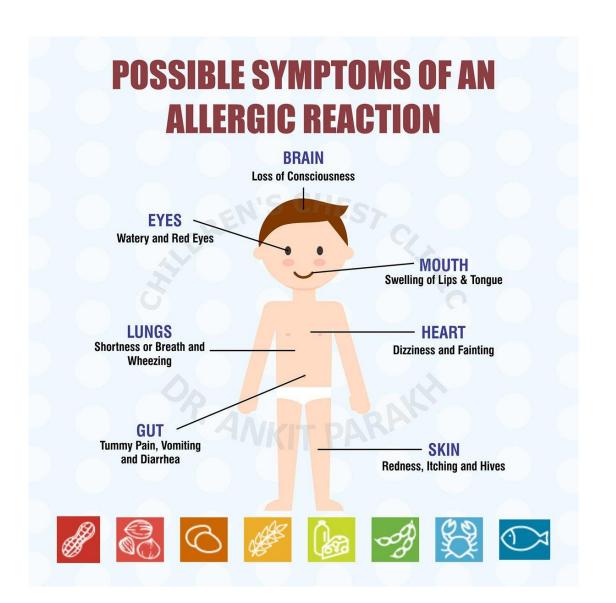
Seasonal

Ragweed, tree pollen

Severe reactions

Bee stings

Tree nuts (peanut butter)



# **Allergic Reactions**

Common signs and symptoms:

Anxiety

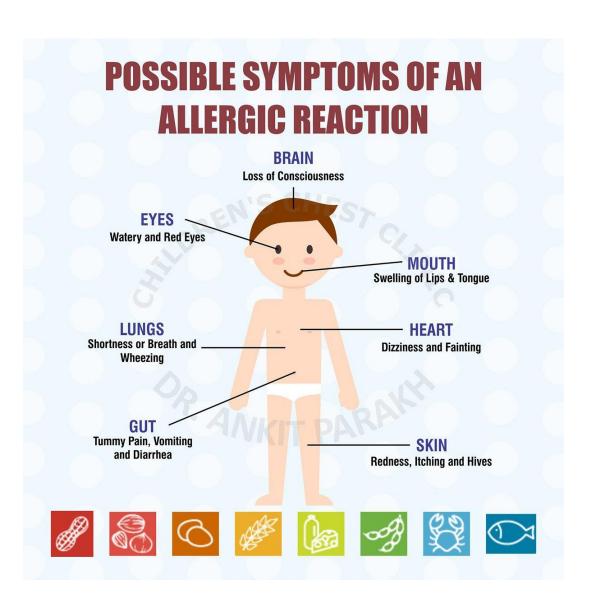
Hives or itching

Watery eyes

Rapid heart rate

Difficulty breathing/wheezing

Swollen lips or tongue



# **Allergic Reactions**

Epi pens (severe symptoms)

Remove from case.

Blue to the sky

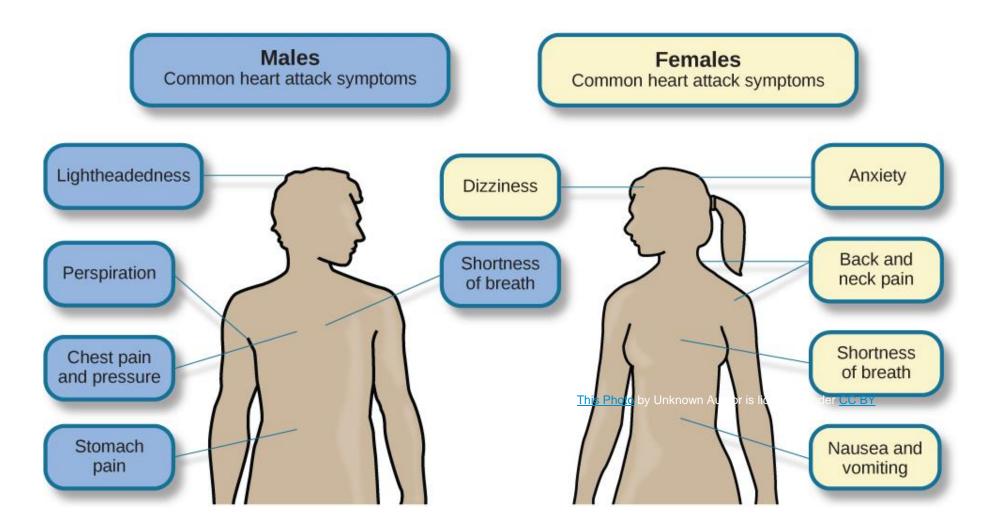
Orange to the thigh

Remove blue cap, inject FIRMLY into thigh and hold for 10 seconds

DO NOT put fingers over either end!



## **Chest Pains or Heart Attack**



### **Chest Pains**

Over 640,000 people a year have a heart attack Stop working and rest to see if the pains goes away If no relief in a FEW minutes (less than 5) CALL 911! Can CHEW 2 – 4 baby aspirins (if not allergic) Can take 1 nitroglycerin tablet under the tongue if prescribed If unconscious and no pulse start CPR and get an AED AED's will have pictures of what to do and it will prompt you for the next steps once turned on

## Seizures

Epilepsy is the 4<sup>th</sup> most common neurologic disease

Signs and symptoms:

Period of unresponsiveness with jerking or shaking of the arms and legs

May lose bladder and bowel function

Note the duration of the seizure

## Seizures

Call 911 if the seizure lasts more than 5 minutes

The person has multiple seizures without waking up between them

If there is changes in breathing

If there was an injury from the seizure activity

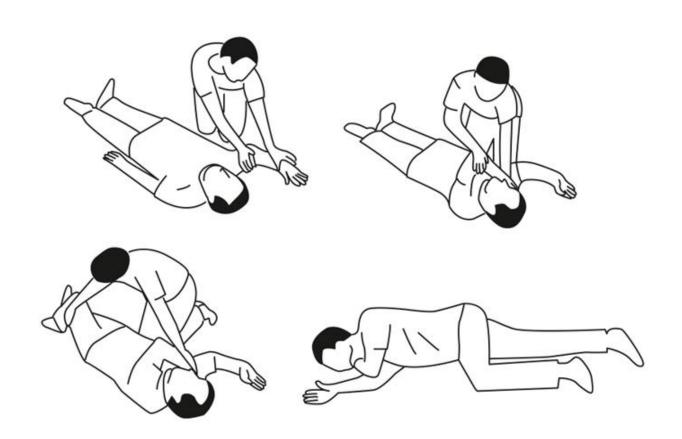
Place the person on their left side to prevent choking

## Seizures

#### **Recovery Position**

Extend the arm nearest you at a right angle to their body with their palm facing up.

Take their other arm and fold it so the back of their hand rests on the cheek closest to you and hold it in place.



#### Burns

Stop the burning process

Cool the burn for a least 5
minutes with cool water not cold
Do not apply ice
Cover with a clean dry cloth or
gauze
Do not pop any blisters

Burns to hands, face, eyes, ears, groin or joints need to be evaluated in the ER

## **DEGREE OF SKIN BURNS** X DON'T ✓<sup>a</sup> DO Cool the burn Apply aloe vera Don't use oils Don't use egg Bandage the burn Take a pain reliever Don't pop blisters Don't use ice

## **Look for Medic Alert Bracelets**







# **USB Emergency Bracelets**

The <u>USB Emergency ID Bracelet</u> keeps all of your personal information on your wrist in case of emergency.

Just plug it into your computer to add your personal information, medical history and insurance documents to the built-in flash drive.

In an emergency, the EMTs, firefighters and hospital staff can connect your bracelet to any computer to access your data.

## **Emergency Contact: What is needed**

#### **Personal Information**

Full legal name

Birthday

Full address

Phone number

Social Security Number (if possible)

Emergency Contact 1 and 2

Relation (does not have to be family)

Phone number

**Insurance Carrier** 

#### Example

Mary Jane Smith

March 15, 1932

123 Main Street, Little Town PA 18000

570-555-2222

123-45-6789

Peggy Sue Smith Tommy Jones

Daughter Neighbor

570-555-7899 570-555-1234

Geisinger Health Plan

Policy number: ABC123456 Group: DEF5678

### What is needed

#### **Medical History**

**Important Medical Conditions** 

Important recent surgeries

Preferred hospital

Primary medical Doctor

Any specialists

Advanced Directives on file at hospital

Living Will (updated 3/22)

Medical Power of Attorney (updated 3/22)

#### Example

Congestive Heart failure, COPD, Arthritis, GERD,

Hysterectomy 2019

Aortic Valve replacement 2015

Geisinger CMC

Primary Doctor: Dr. Robert Jones 570-555-3214

Heart Doctor: Dr. James Pump 570-555-8888

### What is needed

#### Medications

List all medication that you are prescribed and not prescribed.

Over the counter medications, including any supplements, vitamins, pain creams, and herbals

Spelling counts!!!!

You can list the generic and *brand name* for clarity

List the name of the medication, dosage and how often it is taken, even the "as needed" ones

#### Example

needed for pain

Prilosec (Omeprazole) 20 mg every morning Neurontin (Gabapentin) 300 mg twice a day Lasix (Furosemide) 40 mg daily Oxygen 2 liters at night as needed Tylenol Arthritis 2 tablets every 4 hours as

### What is needed

#### Allergies

List all allergies

Food

Medications

Products like adhesive tape, latex etc.

Animals like bees, pet dander etc.

Seasonal like ragweed or pollen

List what the reaction is: hives, throat swelling, swelling, rash etc.

#### Example

Bee stings: hives and throat swelling

Adhesive tape: skin tears and rash

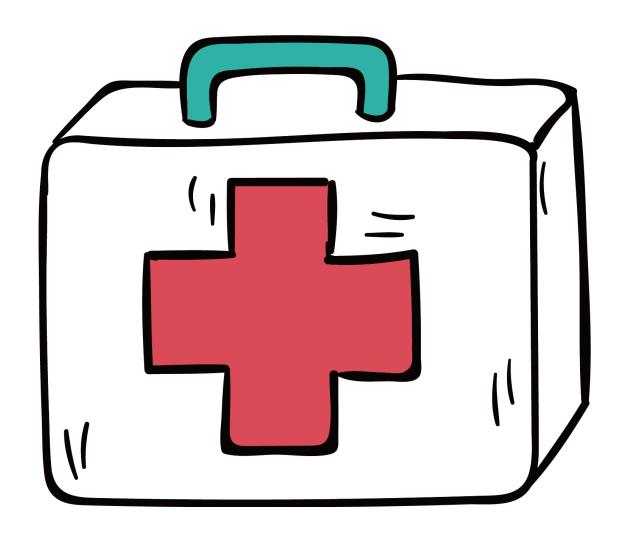
Pollen: watery eyes and trouble breathing

#### **Basic Supplies**

Gauze pads (various sizes)
Gloves
Elastic or Ace Wraps
Band-Aids (various sizes)
Medical tape
Antibiotic ointment packets
Alcohol wipes
Rolled gauze
Triangular bandages

Emergency First Aid Guidebook

## **Make A First Aid Kit**



#### What to know

AED use

CPR: Adult, Child and

Infant

**Bleeding Control** 

**Basic Burn Care** 

Epi Pen Use

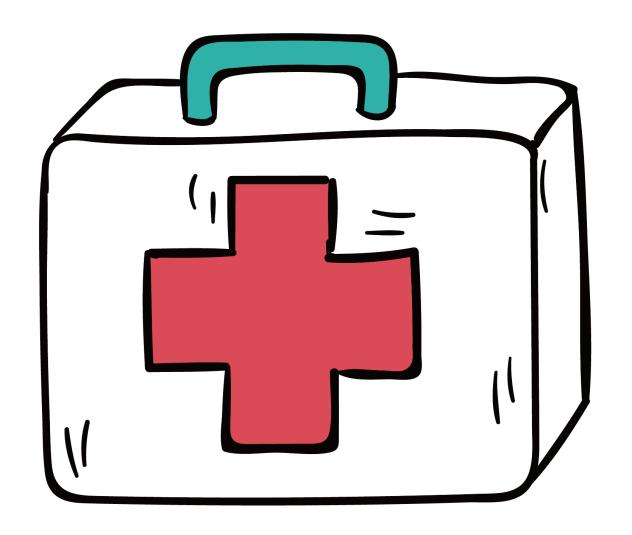
Narcan Use

Seizure

Signs of a Heart Attack

Signs of a Stroke
Spinal Injuries

## Other First Aid courses





## Summary

#### You can do this

Makes sure the ambulance can find you.

The 1<sup>st</sup> 3 to 5 minutes can make a difference by you, the immediate responder.

Have a stocked 1<sup>st</sup> aid kit on all job sites.

EMS can take over 30 minutes to arrive.

Make an information card for all workers and update often.



## Summary

Stay Calm!

Learn CPR

Attend a Stop The Bleed program

Take a basic First Aid course or a First On The Scene course

You can help save valuable minutes by learning these life saving skills.

You can "buy" some time if you ever need an ambulance or emergency medical care by providing care.

## American Red Cross www.redcross.org

American Trauma Society PA Division

www.atspa.org

Google Images

## References



# Questions? Thank you Stay safe and well prepared.

Geisinger