

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

CHRISTINA CLEMENT and
HH EMPRESS QUEEN CHRISTINA LOCS IS OUR ARTIFACT OF FAITH
STATE OF LOC NATION, in their capacity

Plaintiff,

v.

Attorney General Merrick Garland;
Chief Justice John Roberts Jr.,
Secretary General of the United Nations;
Registrar-Peace Palace Carnegie Pleinz et al in their official capacity

Defendant,

Civil No: 1:24-cv-00479-RC

07/14/2024

**Motion to Submit ADDITIONAL AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE; Errata CIVIL COVER SHEET;
S.O.L.N Tribunal Legal Framework**

I, REV. DR. CHRISTINA CLEMENT, hereby declare that on the below listed dates, I emailed; called and mailed a certified copy of the complaint and other documents, certified mail return receipt requested, to defendants, et al.

-Errata Civil Cover Sheet: Rule 3-1 directs to resubmit the corrections. A revised Civil Cover sheet has been submitted as the clerk who entered the information did not accurately add the appropriate defendant names. As per the complaint and service attempts, all (4) defendants have always been the intent to serve the complaint due to the nature of the complaint. They have been notified of the changes. USPS Certified mail receipt Tracking (1) 9589071052701815351360 (2) 9589071052701815351346 (3) 9589071052701815351353 (4) 9589071052701815351391.

RECEIVED

JUL 15 2024
Clerk, U.S. District & Bankruptcy
Court for the District of Columbia

-District of Columbia Council: **S.O.L.N Tribunal Legal Framework**; The establishment of new tribunals are allowed as long as they do not conflict with statutory law or constitutional provisions. Since, these provisions are protections of a one-handed ruling, protections for the minority from the tyranny of the majority; then it is legal and lawful to balance the scale of justice to establish protective statutory laws or constitutional provisions for the protections of the majority from the tyranny of the minority, proven needed within this matter with both admissible victim statements, et al.

Additional Affidavit of Service

Attached hereto is the tracking numbers and transit activities listed by the United States Postal service; FedEx Mailing Tracking Service and emails. Rule 4 outlines various methods of service; 5(4) applies. (Acceptance by the Clerk. The clerk must not refuse to file a paper solely because it is not in the form prescribed by these rules or by a local rule or practice.

I, Christina Clement, in my capacity, affirm that the additional affidavit of service submitted does not replace the original affidavit of service filed in this matter. The original affidavit of service remains valid and continues to reflect the initial service of process upon the defendant(s). It is further affirmed that any notification periods, including those stipulated for the filing of a tort claim, shall commence from the date indicated on the **original affidavit of service, which warrants a default judgement, default summary judgement and injunctive relief as of April 2024 and granting all noted on the submitted bill of cost due 7/17/2024**. This ensures consistency and adherence to procedural timelines as established by the rules of this jurisdiction.

- 04/30/2024 FedEx Receipt Tracking# **274053640343**
U.S District Court Clerks Office
333 Constitution Ave, Rm 1225, Washington DC 20001 Scheduled Delivery
05/02/2024
- 06/11/2024 Certified Mail Receipt **7022 3330 0000 6331 6353**
- 07/13/2024 Certified Mail Receipt **9589 0710 5270 1815 3513 77**
District of Columbia Recorder of Deeds; 1100 4th Street, SW Suite E200
Washington, DC 20024 Money Order 19664836762

- 07/01/2024 Fedex Tracking # **777162732234**
The Honorable Patty Murray, Office of Senator, United State Senate, Washington,
DC 20510-0001
- 07/12/2024 Fedex mail Receipt Tracking **276996156544**: Return shipment tracking
791480271397
- 07/13/2024 Certified Mail Receipt **9589 0710 5270 1815 3513 84**
Office of Notary Commissions and Authentications; 441 4th St NW Ste 8105
Washington, DC 20001 Money Order 19664836763

Emails Sent from team@clementforpresident2024

To:

12/12/2023 elections@sos.ga.gov and soscontact@sos.ga.gov

12/12/2023 viewers@pbs.org

12/21/2023 support@odysseyfileandservecloud.zendesk.com

12/30/2023 dcd_intake@dcd.uscourts.gov

01/02/2024; 01/03/2024 dcd_intake@dcd.uscourts.gov

01/07/2024 info.clerkweb@mail.house.gov; dcd_intake@dcd.uscourts.gov

01/09/2024 mayoralade@gmail.com

01/16/2024 black.caucus@mail.house.gov

01/16/2024 openjustice@doj.ca.gov; pio@supremecourt.gov; info@icj.org;
black.caucus@mail.house.gov

01/17/2024; 01/29/2024 info@cbcfinc.org

01/17/2024 blackcaucus.press@mail.house.gov

01/17/2024 schedule.chj@mail.house.gov

01/19/2024; 2/12/2024; 02/13/2024; 02/21/2024; 02/23/2024 dcd_intake@dcd.uscourts.gov

01/26/2024 jstephenson7@gsu.edu

01/23/2024; 01/29/2024 black.caucus@mail.house.gov

01/29/2024 jeff@georgiaequality.org

01/29/2024 viewer@pbs.org

02/06/2024 letters@ajc.com; 02/13/2024 andre.jackson@ajc.com; communitynews@ajc.com;
Maureen.downey@ajc.com

02/13/2014 submissions@theblackmedia.org.

- Attached pdf is also “sent emails” to various departments regarding this case

07/15/2024

Honorable Mike Johnson
Speaker, United States House of Representatives
Washington DC 20515
and

Honorable Kamala D. Harris
President, United States Senate
Washington DC 20510

Dear Speaker and Madam President:

I have the honor to submit to the Congress amendments to the U.S.C Code; Federal Rules and Constitutional Statues that have been established and adopted by the State of Loc Nation on behalf of protections for the majority party against the tyranny of the minority pursuant to Tenth Amendment, United States Code. Title 53

Accompanying the establishment of State of Loc Nations Powers, are the following materials that were submitted to the court for its consideration pursuant to State of Loc Nation Constitution, Charter and SOLN AN Act, 10th Amendment: a transmittal letter to the court dated Feb 2024-Current; in case 1:24 cv 00479-RC; There is no specific section in the United States Code (USC) that explicitly grants presidential candidates the authority to create binding policies for the community they represent. However, the ability of presidential candidates to propose policies and advocate for their implementation is rooted in broader principles of democratic governance and the political process.

In the context of a presidential campaign, candidates are empowered to propose and advocate for policies aimed at improving the communities they represent. This advocacy is rooted in fundamental principles of democratic governance, including the rights to free speech and assembly protected by the First Amendment. Additionally, Article II of the U.S. Constitution provides the framework for the President to recommend measures to Congress, a power that candidates highlight as part of their campaign promises.

While presidential candidates do not have the authority to create binding policies before taking office, they play a crucial role in shaping public discourse and setting legislative agendas through their policy proposals. These proposals reflect their vision for addressing the needs and concerns of their communities and form the basis of their campaign platforms.

We remain committed to advocating for policies that reflect the interests and values of our community, leveraging the democratic process to bring about meaningful change. Our proposals are designed to promote the well-being and prosperity of all citizens, and we look forward to the opportunity to work with Congress and other stakeholders to turn these proposals into actionable policies.

The State of Loc Nation legal framework outline provided focuses on establishing protections against hate crimes at International, federal, state, city and local levels within the United States and International jurisdictions.

Hate Crimes against the majority, protections of the majority from the tyranny of the minority
(Case 1:24-cv-00479-RC Document 24 Filed 06/16/24 Page 3 of 11)

State of Loc Nation Legal Framework Outline: For the revision and Implementation of USC Codes and other Legal contexts as well as training of all government authorities

USC Title 53: State of Loc Nation Hyper Power, Majority Party, Laws

- Chapter 1: General Provisions

This chapter outlines the foundational principles and general provisions that govern the State of Loc Nation. It sets the stage for the subsequent chapters by defining the scope, objectives, and basic regulations of the State of Loc Nation.

- Chapter 2: Compliance Requirements for Minority Groups

This chapter specifies the compliance requirements that minority groups must adhere to within the State of Loc Nation. It aims to ensure harmony and mutual respect among all groups by outlining obligations and rights that balance the interests of both the majority and minority populations.

- Chapter 3: Reserved Sections for Minority Government Staff

This chapter is reserved for provisions that pertain specifically to government staff from minority groups. It addresses their roles, responsibilities, and the special considerations they may require to perform their duties effectively.

- Chapter 4: Enforcement and Penalties

This chapter details the enforcement mechanisms and penalties for non-compliance with the laws of the State of Loc Nation. It includes the processes for investigating violations, the agencies involved in enforcement, and the penalties for various infractions.

- Chapter 5: Review and Amendments

This chapter outlines the procedures for reviewing and amending the laws within Title 53. It provides a structured approach to ensure that the laws remain relevant and effective, allowing for adjustments in response to changing circumstances and feedback from the populace.

- Chapter 6: State of Loc Nation Appropriations

This chapter details the appropriations for various sectors within the State of Loc Nation. It includes funding allocations for:

1. Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies
2. Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies
3. Defense
4. Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies
5. Financial Services and General State of Loc Nation Government
6. Homeland Security
7. Interior, Environment and Related Agencies
8. Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies
9. Legislative Branch
10. Military Construction, Veteran Affairs, and Related Agencies
11. State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs
12. Transportation and Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies

- Chapter 7: Protection Against Hate Crimes Act

Section 1: Federal Level

The Protection Against Hate Crimes Act establishes federal guidelines and penalties for hate crimes, ensuring consistency and enforcement across all states and territories under federal jurisdiction. Federal law enforcement agencies like the FBI would cooperate in investigating and prosecuting hate crimes that cross state lines or have federal implications.

Section 2: State Level

States within the State of Loc Nation may have their own hate crime statutes that complement federal law but can also provide additional protections or define hate crimes differently based on

local needs and circumstances. State law enforcement agencies play a key role in investigating and prosecuting hate crimes within their jurisdictions.

Section 3: City and Local Levels

Some cities and localities may also have ordinances or regulations addressing hate crimes, often in collaboration with state and federal authorities. These local laws may provide additional protections or resources tailored to specific community concerns or demographics.

Section 4: International Considerations

The Protection Against Hate Crimes Act recognizes that hate crimes can have international implications, especially in cases involving transnational offenses or hate speech online. Cooperation and coordination with international law enforcement agencies and organizations may be necessary in certain cases.

S.O.L.N Equal Sentencing

To ensure equal sentencing protections across international, federal, state, and city levels, the legislation includes provisions that promote coordination and consistency across all jurisdictions.

Title 53: Chapter 7(a) Comprehensive Equal Sentencing Protection Act

Section 1: Purpose and Intent

The purpose of this Act is to establish uniform principles and guidelines for sentencing practices to ensure fairness and equality across all jurisdictions, including international, federal, state, and local levels.

Section 2: Principles of Equal Sentencing

- Sentencing decisions shall be based on the severity of the offense, mitigating and aggravating factors, and the rehabilitative needs of the offender, without consideration of race, color, religion, national origin, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, or socioeconomic status.
- Ensure that sentencing guidelines promote consistency and proportionality in sentencing outcomes.

Section 3: International Standards and Coordination

- Encourage collaboration with international partners to promote best practices in sentencing and to address cross-border sentencing issues.
- Support initiatives that enhance coordination among jurisdictions to ensure consistent application of equal sentencing protections.

Section 4: Federal Guidelines and Oversight

- Establish federal sentencing guidelines that serve as a baseline for consistency and fairness in sentencing across federal courts and agencies.
- Provide oversight mechanisms to monitor federal sentencing practices and ensure compliance with equal sentencing principles.

Section 5: State and Local Adoption and Implementation

- Encourage states and localities to adopt and implement sentencing guidelines that are consistent with federal standards and promote equal sentencing protections.
- Provide technical assistance and resources to support states and localities in implementing effective sentencing practices.

Section 6: Data Collection and Reporting

- Require jurisdictions at all levels to collect and analyze data on sentencing outcomes, disaggregated by demographic characteristics, to monitor disparities and trends.
- Mandate regular reporting on sentencing practices and outcomes to promote transparency and accountability.

Section 7: Training and Education

- Provide training programs for judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys, and probation officers on the principles of equal sentencing and the application of sentencing guidelines.
- Promote public education and awareness about the importance of equal sentencing practices in fostering trust and fairness in the criminal justice system.

Section 8: Remedies and Enforcement

- Establish remedies and procedures for addressing instances of disparate sentencing outcomes based on prohibited factors.
- Ensure enforcement of equal sentencing protections through appropriate legal and administrative measures.

Section 9: Severability

- If any provision of this Act is found to be unconstitutional or invalid, the remainder of the Act shall remain in full force and effect while appropriate revisions are made.

Section 10: Effective Date

- This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2024, upon passage.

Intent

Christina Clement: This comprehensive approach ensures that equal sentencing protections are applied uniformly across all levels of government, promoting fairness, consistency, and trust in the criminal justice system. By fostering coordination, data transparency, and training, the Act aims to address disparities and promote justice for all individuals, regardless of jurisdiction.

This legal framework provides a structured approach to establishing protections against hate crimes and ensuring equal sentencing practices across various levels of government and jurisdictions.

“Separation of Powers”, which is a foundational concept in the United States Constitution. This doctrine ensures that the powers of the government are divided among three distinct branches—legislative, executive, and judicial—to prevent the concentration of power and provide checks and balances. State of Loc Nation will adopt all in fairness and submit ratification; by “blackline” or “redline”; of all that proves injustice and an unbalance in rule of law for the protection of the majority from the tyranny of the minority.

1. U.S. Constitution - Articles I, II, and III:

- Article I: Establishes the legislative branch (Congress), which is responsible for making laws.
- Article II: Establishes the executive branch (President), which is responsible for enforcing laws.
- Article III: Establishes the judicial branch (Supreme Court and other federal courts), which is responsible for interpreting laws.

Checks and Balances

This system allows each branch to limit the powers of the other branches in various ways, ensuring no single branch becomes too powerful. Key rules and mechanisms include:

1. Legislative Checks on Executive:

- Impeachment Power: Congress can impeach and remove the President (Article I, Sections 2 and 3).
- Override Vetoes: Congress can override presidential vetoes with a two-thirds majority in both houses (Article I, Section 7).
- Power of the Purse: Congress controls federal spending and taxation (Article I, Section 8).

- Approval of Appointments: The Senate confirms presidential appointments (Article II, Section 2).

- Ratification of Treaties: The Senate ratifies treaties negotiated by the President (Article II, Section 2).

2. Legislative Checks on Judicial:

- Creation of Courts: Congress has the power to establish lower federal courts (Article I, Section 8).

- Impeachment of Judges: Congress can impeach and remove federal judges (Article I, Sections 2 and 3).

- Amend Constitution: Congress can propose amendments to the Constitution to overturn judicial decisions (Article V).

3. Executive Checks on Legislative:

- Veto Power: The President can veto legislation passed by Congress (Article I, Section 7).

- Calling Special Sessions: The President can call special sessions of Congress (Article II, Section 3).

4. Executive Checks on Judicial:

- Appointment of Judges: The President appoints federal judges, including Supreme Court justices (Article II, Section 2).

- Pardon Power: The President can grant pardons and reprieves for federal offenses (Article II, Section 2).

5. Judicial Checks on Legislative:

- Judicial Review: The judiciary has the power to declare laws passed by Congress unconstitutional (established by Marbury v. Madison, 1803).

6. Judicial Checks on Executive:

- Judicial Review: The judiciary can declare executive actions unconstitutional.
- Review of Executive Orders: Courts can review and potentially block executive orders.

Historical Cases Reinforcing These Principles

1. Marbury v. Madison (1803):

- Established the principle of judicial review, allowing the Supreme Court to declare acts of Congress unconstitutional.

2. McCulloch v. Maryland (1819):

- Affirmed the supremacy of federal law over state law and supported the implied powers of Congress under the Necessary and Proper Clause.

3. Gibbons v. Ogden (1824):

- Strengthened the federal government's power to regulate interstate commerce.

Respectfully submitted,

Thank you for your attention to this matter. Should the Court require any further information or documentation, please do not hesitate to contact me.



Rev. Dr. Christina Clement, Presidential Candidate of the US 2024
8 The Green, Suite A

Dover, DE 19901

678-780-5557

Rule 5 (c) Signing. A filing made through a person's electronic –filing account and authorized by that person, together with that person's name on a signature block, constitutes the person's signature.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

- I hereby certify that on July 15, 2024, I electronically emailed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the email address dcd_intake@dcd.uscourts.gov, which clerk will send notice to all parties__“CHRISTINA CLEMENT, PM

CIVIL COVER SHEET

JS-44 (Rev. 11/2020 DC)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS PRES, CANDIDATE CHRISTINA CLEMENT PRO SE HH EMPRESS QUEEN CHRISTINA CLEMENT, LOCS IS OUR ARTIFACT OF FAITH, STATE OF LOC NATION, PBC, et al in their capacity + (b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF _____ (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	DEFENDANTS ATTORNEY GENERAL MERRICK GARLAND CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN ROBERTS JR SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS REGISTRAR- PEACE PALACE CARNEGIE PLEINZ, et al in + COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT _____ (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) <small>NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED</small>																								
(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRMNAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER) 8 The Green, Suite A Dover, DE 19901	ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN) Case: 1: 24-cv- 00479 Assigned To : Contreras, Rudolph Assign. Date : 2/13/2024 Description: Pro Se Gen. Civ. (F-Deck) Basis of Jurisdiction: (4) US Government Defendant +																								
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN x IN ONE BOX ONLY) <input type="radio"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff <input type="radio"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant <input type="radio"/> 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in item III)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN x IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT) FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY! <table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">PTF</th> <th style="text-align: center;">DFT</th> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">PTF</th> <th style="text-align: center;">DFT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Citizen of this State</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 1</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 1</td> <td>Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 4</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen of Another State</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 2</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 2</td> <td>Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 5</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 3</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 3</td> <td>Foreign Nation</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 6</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> 6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		PTF	DFT		PTF	DFT	Citizen of this State	<input type="radio"/> 1	<input type="radio"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State	<input type="radio"/> 4	<input type="radio"/> 4	Citizen of Another State	<input type="radio"/> 2	<input type="radio"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State	<input type="radio"/> 5	<input type="radio"/> 5	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="radio"/> 3	<input type="radio"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="radio"/> 6	<input type="radio"/> 6
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Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="radio"/> 3	<input type="radio"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="radio"/> 6	<input type="radio"/> 6																				

IV. CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT

(Place an X in one category, A-N, that best represents your Cause of Action and one in a corresponding Nature of Suit)

<input type="radio"/> A. Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust	<input type="radio"/> B. Personal Injury/Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Medical Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Product Liability	<input type="radio"/> C. Administrative Agency Review <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <u>Social Security</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) <u>Other Statutes</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions (If Administrative Agency is Involved)	<input type="radio"/> D. Temporary Restraining Order/Preliminary Injunction Any nature of suit from any category may be selected for this category of case assignment. *(If Antitrust, then A governs)* <div style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold; font-size: 2em; margin-top: 20px;">RECEIVED</div> <div style="text-align: center; color: red; margin-top: 10px;"> JUL 15 2024 Clerk, U.S. District & Bankruptcy Court for the District of Columbia </div>
<input type="radio"/> E. General Civil (Other) OR <input type="radio"/> F. Pro Se General Civil			
<u>Real Property</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent, Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property <u>Personal Property</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<u>Bankruptcy</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <u>Prisoner Petitions</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Conditions <input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee – Conditions of Confinement <u>Property Rights</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 835 Patent – Abbreviated New Drug Application <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark <input type="checkbox"/> 880 Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 (DTSA)	<u>Federal Tax Suits</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (US plaintiff or defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609 <u>Forfeiture/Penalty</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other <u>Other Statutes</u> <input type="checkbox"/> 375 False Claims Act <input type="checkbox"/> 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) <input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks & Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application	<input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Organization <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Satellite TV <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration <input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions (if not administrative agency review or Privacy Act)

<input type="radio"/> G. Habeas Corpus/ 2255 <input type="checkbox"/> 530 Habeas Corpus – General <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motion/Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus – Alien Detainee	<input type="radio"/> H. Employment Discrimination <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Civil Rights – Employment (criteria: race, gender/sex, national origin, discrimination, disability, age, religion, retaliation) *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> I. FOIA/Privacy Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions (if Privacy Act) *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> J. Student Loan <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (excluding veterans)
<input type="radio"/> K. Labor/ERISA (non-employment) <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Labor Railway Act <input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<input type="radio"/> L. Other Civil Rights (non-employment) <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting (if not Voting Rights Act) <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Americans w/Disabilities – Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Americans w/Disabilities – Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	<input type="radio"/> M. Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholder's Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contracts <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<input type="radio"/> N. Three-Judge Court <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Civil Rights – Voting (if Voting Rights Act)

V. ORIGIN
☒ 1 Original Proceeding
 ☐ 2 Removed from State Court
 ☐ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
 ☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened
 ☐ 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
 ☐ 6 Multi-district Litigation
 ☐ 7 Appeal to District Judge from Mag. Judge
 ☐ 8 Multi-district Litigation – Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE.)
 (FTCA), 28 U.S.C § § 1346(b), 2671-2680; FRCP 23; Class Action Fairness Act; 52 U.S.C. §§ 30101 et seq;

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT

☒ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$ Bill of Cost

JURY DEMAND: Check YES only if demanded in complaint
 YES ☐ NO ☐

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instruction)

YES ☐ NO ☐

If yes, please complete related case form

DATE: 02/20/2024

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD "NCD "

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET JS-44
 Authority for Civil Cover Sheet

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and services of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. Listed below are tips for completing the civil coversheet. These tips coincide with the Roman Numerals on the cover sheet.

- I.** COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT (b) County of residence: Use 11001 to indicate plaintiff if resident of Washington, DC, 88888 if plaintiff is resident of United States but not Washington, DC, and 99999 if plaintiff is outside the United States.
- III.** CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES: This section is completed only if diversity of citizenship was selected as the Basis of Jurisdiction under Section II.
- IV.** CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT: The assignment of a judge to your case will depend on the category you select that best represents the primary cause of action found in your complaint. You may select only one category. You must also select one corresponding nature of suit found under the category of the case.
- VI.** CAUSE OF ACTION: Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of the primary cause.
- VIII.** RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY: If you indicated that there is a related case, you must complete a related case form, which may be obtained from the Clerk's Office.

Because of the need for accurate and complete information, you should ensure the accuracy of the information provided prior to signing the form.