





Since you prefer our MKA 1919 .410 caliber model, you have purchased a quality MKA 1919 product. Your weapon will serve you for many years if you provide the necessary care and maintenance. Instructions and pictures of your weapon are included in the manual. We wish you to enjoy using your gun.

Please read the instructions in this manual thoroughly in order to get to know your gun quickly and safely.

### MKA 1919 products are manufactured in accordance with TSE TS 870 IS standards.

## **MARNING**

MKA 1919 shall not be liable for damages arising from the use of MKA 1919 products in violation of the instructions and legal regulations given below; imprudent use, use by someone other than the license holder, unauthorized or unauthorized changes to the product, non-standard cartridge usage or use of cartridges that do not conform to the product specifications, maintenance or repair by unauthorized persons and use and similar reasons. MKA 1919 is not liable for any kind of injury or property damage caused by malicious intent or negligence in the use of the products.

## **MARNING**

The pictures, photographs and descriptions contained in this user manual are informational only. The manufacturer has the right to apply the modifications to the products at any time and without prior notice, or to make any modifications required for any production and commercial requirements

## .410 CALIBER







## **A**SAFETY RULES

- 1) READ THE MANUAL BEFORE YOU START USING YOUR SHOTGUN.
- 2) MAKE SURE THAT THE MAGAZINE BED AND THE BARREL ARE CLEAN BEFORE USING YOUR SHOTGUN.
- 3) ALWAYS HOLD YOUR GUN BARREL IN A SAFE DIRECTION.
- 4) USE ABSOLUTELY ORIGINAL, DRY, CLEAN, ACCURATE CALIBER AND PROPER PRESSURE CARTRIDGES.
- 5) KEEP YOUR GUN IN A SAFE PLACE TO PREVENT CHILDREN AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS FROM REACHING IT.
- 6) USE ABSOLUTELY EYE, EAR AND BODY PROTECTIVE ACCESSORIES DURING SHOOTING.
- 7) KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER, EVEN WHEN IN THE SAFETY POSITION, WHEN FILLING AND DISCHARGING THE SHOTGUN.
- 8) THE MECHANICAL AND STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES OF THE SHOTGUN SHOULD BE PRESERVED AND NO CHANGES SHOULD BE MADE ON IT.
- **9)** AFTER EVERY USE OF YOUR FIRE SHOTGUN, BE SURE TO CLEAN AND MAINTAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS.
- **10)** LEARN THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF YOUR COUNTRY'S REGARDING THE TRANSPORT, POSSESSION AND USE OF FIREARMS AND ABSOLUTELY PERFORM ALL NECESSARY PROCEDURES.



CONTENTS	PAGE NO.
Safety rules	4
Contents	5
Technical specifications	6
Operation principle of the shotgun	7
Important warnings	8
Dismantling your shotgun	9 - 10 - 11
Use of ammunition	12
Choke	13
Main parts of your shotgun	14
Warning	15



### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**



HUSAN (.410 CALIBER)
SEMI-AUTOMATIC MAGAZINE FED SHOTGUN

Model **HUSAN** 

Caliber .410 Caliber

Operation mode Gas-Kinetic

-Semi Automatic

Weight (Without Magazine) 2950 gr

Length 950 mm

Height 190 mm

Barrel Length **500 (560-610) mm** 

Sight Range 390 mm

Magazine Weight (empty) 190 gr

Magazine Capacity 10 round

### SHOTGUN WORKING PRINCIPLE



### SHOTGUN WORKING PRINCIPLE

With the first motion given by the gas-kinetic - semi automatic magazine shotgun operating handle the mechanism is moved backwards with the rotary head. With this movement of the mechanism, it enables the storage of movement energy and the establishment of a trigger group in the recolt spring in the telescopic butt tube. By pressing the mechanism stopper latch, the mechanism is released forward with the rotary head. With this movement, the mechanism drives the revolving head together with the first cartridge to the chamber. By touching the trigger, the ignition system is actuated and the cartridge fires. Explosion caused by the gunpowder gas burned by the ignition of the cartridge capsule in the chamber; this action allows the cartridge plug and buckshot or bullet to move at high speed in the barrel. Some of the high-pressure gas generated in the barrel by the intensity of the explosion passes through the gas holes in the barrel, affecting the surface of the piston so that the mechanism moves back with the rotary head. This motion continues until the revolving head lock is released by damping the recolt spring so that the empty shell is thrown out. With the opening of the damped recoil spring, the mechanism moves forward with the revolving head and takes the full flask from the magazine and turns the shotgun ready for the shot again by driving it to the chamber. This process is repeated automatically at every touch of trigger.

### DISMANTLING OF SHOTGUN FOR MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

### **⚠IMPORTANT WARNING OF THE MANUFACTURER**

This shotgun is designed to work with original pieces. It is your responsibility to ensure that the disassembled parts are replaced or tampered with, not installed correctly. In order for your shotgun to operate properly and be used safely, it is necessary to use parts manufactured by the manufacturer as spare parts. The owner of the shotgun is responsible for all the problems that may arise as a result of the disassembly of the weapon or the failure of the parts not to be fitted correctly after replacement of the spare parts.





LUBRICATION WARNING: Do not use grease or similar thick oil in the maintenance of your shotgun, use thin gun oil and spray gun oil. Make sure the inside of the barrel and the cartridge chamber are clean and dry before you shoot. Never lubricate the cartridges. Firing a shotgun with any obstacle in the barrel may damage the shotgun and cause death or injury. It is the responsibility of the shotgun owner to have proper maintenance and cleaning of the shotgun.



## MAINTENANCE WARNING:

STEP 1) Dismantle your shotgun for maintenance.

STEP 2) Use appropriate ramrod, clean the barrel several times back and forth by installing a solvent fabric on the end of the ramrod. Then repeat the same process with a dry cloth and clean all the dirt and residue inside the barrel. If there are lead residues on the piston and barrel surface, clean with scotch sandpaper.

STEP 3) If there is lead residual in the barrel after cleaning with the ramrod, then the brass wire brush should be soaked in the solvent and brushed inside the barrel. If lead residuals are present, step 2 should be repeated after cleaning.

STEP 4) The mechanism, the rotating head and the inside of the Box magazine must be slightly lubricated with fine gun oil.

STEP 5) Reinstall the gun and wipe the outer metal surfaces and the inside of the barrel with a light oily piece of fabric.

STEP 6) Place the rifle at a safe place and keep it in a locked place where children and unauthorized persons cannot reach it. Never store your gun in a leather case, because even if it looks dry, it gets damp.

## **DISMANTLE OF SHOTGUN**



- 1) Before the disassembly process starts, the barrel of the shotgun must show a safe direction and your fingers must be far away from the trigger, outside the trigger and trigger guard. The shotgun must be absolutely empty.
- 2) Press the magazine release latch and eject the magazine. (Figure 1)
- 3) Retract the operating handle and lock the mechanism back in the open position by pressing the mechanism stop latch. Visually and physically check to confirm that the chamber is empty while the mechanism is in the locked position. Also make sure that the magazine slot is empty. Then release the mechanism by pressing the mechanism stop latch. (Figure 2 / Figure 3)
- 4) Remove Lower Body Front and Rear Pins. (Figure 4 / Figure 5)











(Figure 1)

(Figure 2)

(Figure 3)

(Figure 4)

(Figure 5)



### **DISMANTLE OF SHOTGUN**

- 5) Separate lower body and upper body. (Figure 6)
- 6) Remove the mechanism group from the rear of the upper frame. (Figure 7)
- 7) After setting the password for the operating handle remove it. (Figure 8)
- 8) Remove the muzzle. (Figure 9)
- 9) Remove the forend screw using a T 20 Torx wrench. (Figure 10)
- 10) Remove the forend by turning it counter clockwise. (Figure 11)



(Figure 6)



(Figure 7)



(Figure 8)



(Figure 9)



(Figure 10)



(Figure 11)

### **DISMANTLE OF SHOTGUN**



- 11) Remove the gas chamber fixing nut. (Figure 12)
- 12) Separate gas chamber washers from the barrel. (Figure 13)
- 13) Remove the gas chamber. (Figure 14)

- 14) Remove the piston and piston spring. (Figure 15)
- 15) Push the lower body rear stop pin. (Figure 16)
- 16) Take out the recolt spring arc and recolt block. (Figure 17)



(Figure 12)

(Figure 16)



(Figure 13)













Note: The assembly of the shotgun is carried out by reversing the steps in the dismantling process. Warning: When assembling the shotgun, the hammer must be in the installed position (Figure 18) and the beater cover closed (Figure 19).

# - MK/\ 1919 I By Husan

### **USE OF AMMUNITION**

#### **AMMUNITION**

All shotgun shells produced in accordance with the standards, domestic or imported bullet and steel buckshot can be used together with your gun. Since the chamber is designed to be 70 mm wide, your gun can be used with all cartridges suitable for a standard commercially produced 70 mm diameter. Cannot be used with 76 mm (Magnum) cartridges. It should not be forgotten that only standard sizes of original cartridges should be used in suitable sizes. It is important to know that the use of overpressure cartridges may lead to wear and tear on the mechanical parts as your gun operate with gas pressure. For this reason, pressure cartridges that will affect the normal operation of the shotgun should not be used. If face trouble with the initial use of your gun with a low-weight cartridge. We recommend that you fire with a high-pressure standard 10-12 boxes and 12 gr - 16 gr shotgun shells.

### **USE OF AMMUNITION WARNING**

We will not be held liable for any damage, death or property damage caused by use of cartridges other than caliber and metric, originally designed for your shotgun, or using cartridges other than standard, handmade, handcrafted, or incorrectly manufactured cartridges, and this is a legal warning.

Important Warning: Unauthorized generation of gas or excessive pressure from firearms can cause gunshot damage or death or serious injury due to any reason. These adverse events can often be caused by old, defective, inappropriate cartridge usage, excessive powder or buckshot filling, as well as obstructions in the barrel or chamber. It is extremely dangerous to use cartridges or buckshot with pressures exceeding industrial standards.

Lead Exposure Warning: Firing pin unventilated environments, cleaning the weapon or dealing with ammunition can cause lead exposure. Lead and its components are known to cause birth defects, infertility, cancer or some other serious health problems and injuries. Always have adequate ventilation and thoroughly wash your hands and contact limbs whenever you are exposed to it.

7.5 GR TO 16 GR CARTRIDGES CAN BE USED IN ALL SHOTS.
BARREL, GAS CHAMBERS AND PISTONS MUST BE CLEANED AND RE-LUBRICATED EVERY 50 SHOTS OF BULLET.

### CHOKE



### 1) Slug barrels (External Choke Barrel)

Slug barrel is flat and without choke (impact). It is more suitable for single shot and bb shot (bullet) It can also be used in buckshot shots.

### 2) Mobile Choke Barrels (Inner Choke Barrel)

Your shotgun is supplied with 3 internal chokes as, 1-3-5 numbers. Each choke is determined by notches on it. (no: 1 -1 notch / no: 3 - 3 notch / no: 5 - 5 notch) There is also a choke key in the choke kit box. When you want to install or change a choke, the shotgun must be empty, check the safety of the shotgun and make sure that the rifle is directed to a safe direction. It is enough to attach and fix it to the edge of barrel then screw it. Tighten with a choke wrench to securely place it in place of choke.

### $\Lambda$

### CHOKE SCREWING WARNING

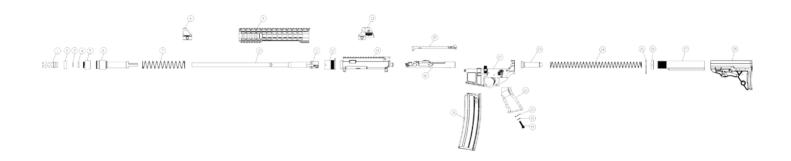
Never look directly at the barrel of your shotgun, or do not install or change any chokes

while the shotgun is full no matter which position the safety latch is. Do not shoot without screwing and placing the choke. If the teeth on the choke or the teeth inside the barrel are damaged, they should never be used. In such cases, the barrel will be damaged and the shot itself may burst at high speed in the barrel, leading to death, serious injury and material damage.

CHOKE VALUE	TSE 870	CHOKE NAME	USAGE AREA	MARKING
I	4/4	FULL CHOKE	Long-distance hunting (Duck, Goose, etc.)	
111	2/4	MOD	Medium Range Hunting (Woodcock, Quail, etc.)	
	CYLINDER	CYLINDER	Short range hunting	



### **MAIN PARTS OF SHOTGUN**



- 1. MUZZLE
- 2. GAS CHAMBER FIXING NUT
- 3. GAS CHAMBER O-RING
- 4. GAS CHAMBER WASHER
- 5. GAS CHAMBER
- 6. PISTON
- 7. PISTON SPRING
- 8. FRONT SIGHT
- 9. FOREND
- 10.BARREL

- 11. CAP
- 12. BARREL FIXING NUT
- 13. REAR SIGHT
- 14. UPPER RECEIVER
- 15. OPERATING HANDLE
- 16. ACTION
- 17. LOWER RECEIVER
- 18. MAGAZINE
- 19. GRIP FIXING SCREW
- 20. Ø6 KNURLED WASHER

- 21. GRIP FIXING SCREW WASHER
- 22. GRIP
- 23. RECOIL PLUG
- 24. RECOIL SPRING
- 25. TACTICAL SLING PIECE
- 26. TELESCOPIC LOCK NUT
- 27. TELESCOPIC TUBE
- 28. TELESCOPIC STOCK

### WARNING



Your shotgun is manufactured in precision gauges, so you need to take some time to work with your light target cartridges for a perfect run. Medium gravity cartridges should be used throughout the run in period. You cannot use the new gun with low gram cartridges because and you will face not discharging empty shell situation.



## RUN IN TIME;

In this process, we recommend that you use 10-12 boxes of 12-16 gr standard hunting cartridges. Once the run-in period is complete, you can use low weight target cartridges.



#### IMPORTER HUSAN ARMS USA

P. +1 254 935 3800 ext. 103 F. +1 254 613 9120 11592 Highview Dr. Belton, TX 76513

sales@husanarmusa.com husanarmusa.com husanarms.com Husan Metal Teknolojileri Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Esentepe Mh. 40522. Sk. No:2B P.K. 42700 BEYŞEHİR / KONYA - TURKEY info@husanarms.com - www.husan.com.tr

**Tel:** +90 332 511 04 00 - 01 - 02 - 03 **Fax:** +90 332 511 03 92







