HJR 192

House Joint Resolution #192 as passed by the 73rd Congress on June 5, 1933

What Follows is an Actual Copy of HJR 192 as Originally Printed by the United States Government Printing Office in 1934.

Note to Reader: Portions have been redacted to only show HJR 192.

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THE

STATUTES AT LARGE

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM

MARCH 1933 to JUNE 1934

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS
RECENT TREATIES AND CONVENTIONS, EXECUTIVE PROCLAMATIONS
AND AGREEMENTS, TWENTY-FIRST AMENDMENT
TO THE CONSTITUTION

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IN TWO PARTS

Part 1-Public Acts and Resolutions.

Part 2—Private Acts and Resolutions, Concurrent Resolutions Treaties and Conventions, Executive Proclamations and Agreements, Twenty-first Amendment to the Constitution.

PART 1

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON: 1934

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

PASSED BY THE

SEVENTY-THIRD CONGRESS

1933 - 1934

[CHAPTER 48.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 5, 1933. [H.J.Res. 192.] [Pub. Res., No. 10]

To assure uniform value to the coins and currencies of the United States.

coins and currencies. Preamble.

Whereas the holding of or dealing in gold affect the public interest, and are therefore subject to proper regulation and restriction; and Uniform value of Whereas the existing emergency has disclosed that provisions of obligations which purport to give the obligee a right to require payment in gold or a particular kind of coin or currency of the United States, or in an amount in money of the United States measured thereby, obstruct the power of the Congress to regulate the value of the money of the United States, and are inconsistent with the declared policy of the Congress to maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar, coined or issued by the United States, in the markets and in the payment of debts. Now, therefore, be it

73d CONGRESS. SESS. I. CHS. 48, 49. JUNE 5, 6, 1933.

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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Clauses in obliga-United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) every etc., payments declared provision contained in or made with respect to any obligation which for made policy policy policy policy policy policy policy provision contained in or made with respect to any obligation which for public policy purports to give the obligee a right to require payment in gold or a particular kind of coin or currency, or in an amount in money of the United States measured thereby, is declared to be against public to be so expressed. policy; and no such provision shall be contained in or made with respect to any obligation hereafter incurred. Every obligation, Payments to heretofore or hereafter incurred, whether or not any such provision is contained therein or made with respect thereto, shall be discharged upon payment, dollar for dollar, in any coin or currency which at the time of payment is legal tender for public and private debts. Any such provision contained in any law authorizing obligations to be issued by or under authority of the United States, is hereby other provisions not repealed, but the repeal of any such provision shall not invalidated. repealed, but the repeal of any such provision shall not invalidate any other provision or authority contained in such law.

(b) As used in this resolution, the term "obligation" means an obligation (including every obligation of and to the United States, excepting currency) payable in money of the United States; and the term "coin or currency" means coin or currency of the United States, including Federal Reserve notes and circulating notes of

Federal Reserve banks and national banking associations. Sec. 2. The last sentence of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of SEC. 2. The last sentence of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of National Economic section 43 of the Act entitled "An Act to relieve the existing national amended." economic emergency by increasing agricultural purchasing power, to raise revenue for extraordinary expenses incurred by reason of such emergency, to provide emergency relief with respect to agricultural indebtedness, to provide for the orderly liquidation of joint-stock land banks, and for other purposes", approved May 12, 1933, is amended to read as follows:

"All coins and currencies of the United States (including Federal Reserve notes and circulating notes of Federal Reserve banks and national banking associations) heretofore or hereafter coined or issued, shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private, public charges, taxes, duties, and dues, except that gold coins, when below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided by law according to weight. for the single piece, shall be legal tender only at valuation in proportion to their actual weight."

Approved, June 5, 1933, 4.40 p.m.

No future obligation

Payments to be made

Conflicting provi-

Term "obligation"

"Coin or currency."

Ante, p. 52.

Coins and currencies

Abrased gold coins,