

Exam Questions – SUVAT (Mechanics Chapter 8 and 9)

Q1.

A car starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration along a straight horizontal road. The car reaches a speed of $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in 20 seconds. It moves at constant speed $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$ for the next 30 seconds, then moves with constant deceleration $\frac{1}{2} \text{ m s}^{-2}$ until it has speed 8 m s^{-1} . It moves at speed 8 m s^{-1} for the next 15 seconds and then moves with constant deceleration $\frac{1}{3} \text{ m s}^{-2}$ until it comes to rest.

(a) Sketch, in the space below, a speed-time graph for this journey.

(3)

In the first 20 seconds of this journey the car travels 140 m.

Find

(b) the value of V ,

(2)

(c) the total time for this journey,

(4)

(d) the total distance travelled by the car.

(4)

(Total 13 marks)

Q2.

An athlete runs along a straight road. She starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration for 5 seconds, reaching a speed of 8 m s^{-1} . This speed is then maintained for T seconds. She then decelerates at a constant rate until she stops. She has run a total of 500 m in 75 s.

(a) In the space below, sketch a speed-time graph to illustrate the motion of the athlete.

(3)

(b) Calculate the value of T .

(5)

(Total 8 marks)

Q3.

A particle P is projected vertically upwards from a point A with speed $u \text{ m s}^{-1}$. The point A is 17.5 m above horizontal ground. The particle P moves freely under gravity until it reaches the ground with speed 28 m s^{-1} .

(a) Show that $u = 21$

(3)

At time t seconds after projection, P is 19 m above A .

(b) Find the possible values of t .

(5)

The ground is soft and, after P reaches the ground, P sinks vertically downwards into the ground before coming to rest. The mass of P is 4 kg and the ground is assumed to exert a constant resistive force of magnitude 5000 N on P .

(c) Find the vertical distance that P sinks into the ground before coming to rest.

(4)

(Total 12 marks)

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Q4.

A small stone is projected vertically upwards with speed 39.2 m s^{-1} from a point O .

The stone is modelled as a particle moving freely under gravity from when it is projected until it hits the ground 10 s later.

Using the model, find

- (a) the height of O above the ground, (3)
- (b) the total length of time for which the speed of the stone is less than or equal to 24.5 m s^{-1} (3)
- (c) State one refinement that could be made to the model that would make your answer to part (a) more accurate. (1)

(Total for question = 7 marks)

Q5.

At time $t = 0$, a small stone is thrown vertically upwards with speed 14.7 m s^{-1} from a point A .

At time $t = T$ seconds, the stone passes through A , moving downwards.

The stone is modelled as a particle moving freely under gravity throughout its motion.

Using the model,

- (a) find the value of T , (2)
- (b) find the total distance travelled by the stone in the first 4 seconds of its motion. (4)
- (c) State one refinement that could be made to the model, apart from air resistance, that would make the model more realistic. (1)

(Total for question = 7 marks)