

Computational Analysis of the Release Kinetics of Natural Compounds from PEG/PVA Blended Hydrogels for Wound Healing Applications

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Introduction

- * Drug delivery to wounds is a long-standing clinical challenge due to the presence of biofilm, emergence of drug resistant microbes and heterogeneity of wound environment
- * Study of the release kinetics aids in the optimization of the design parameters of drug delivery systems for wound healing applications
- * Blended hydrogels are preferred for controlled release due to their enhanced mechanical stability and biocompatibility

Methodology

Components of the Mathematical Model

- * Hydrogels : PEG, PVA and PEG/PVA blend
- * Therapeutic agents : Plant metabolites, Proteins and Synthetic drugs

Prediction of the Structural Parameters

- * Molecular weight between crosslinks:

$$\frac{1}{\bar{M}_c} = \frac{2}{\bar{M}_n} - \frac{(\bar{v}/V_1)[\ln(1 - v_{2,s}) + v_{2,s} + \chi_1 v_{2,s}^2]}{v_{2,s}^{1/3} - \frac{v_{2,s}}{2}}$$

- * Correlation length or Mesh size:

$$\xi = v_{2,s}^{-1/3} (\bar{r}_0^2)^{1/2}$$

Estimation of the Diffusion Characteristics

- * Diffusion coefficient in water:

$$D_o = \frac{kT}{6\pi\eta r_s}$$

- * Diffusion coefficient in hydrogel:

$$\frac{D}{D_o} = \left(1 - \frac{r_s}{\xi}\right) \exp\left(-Y \left(\frac{v_{2,s}}{1 - v_{2,s}}\right)\right)$$

Simulation of the Drug Diffusion

- * Cumulative drug release fraction in a pure hydrogel:

$$\frac{M_t}{M_\infty} = 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2} \exp\left(\frac{-D(2n+1)^2 \pi^2 t}{L^2}\right)$$

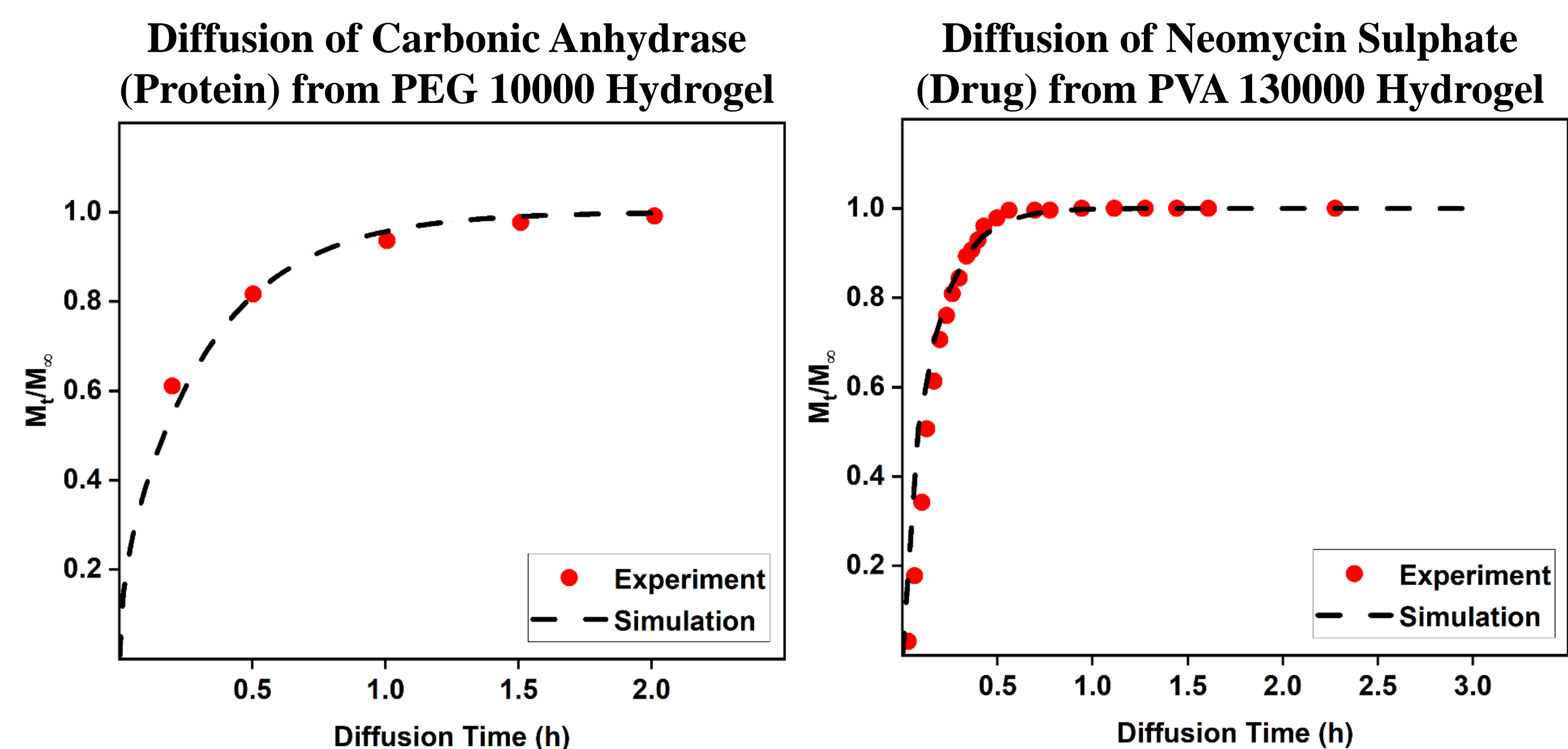
- * Cumulative drug release fraction in a blended hydrogel:

$$\left\{\frac{M_t}{M_\infty}\right\}_{Blend} = f_{PEG} \left\{\frac{M_t}{M_\infty}\right\}_{PEG} + f_{PVA} \left\{\frac{M_t}{M_\infty}\right\}_{PVA}$$

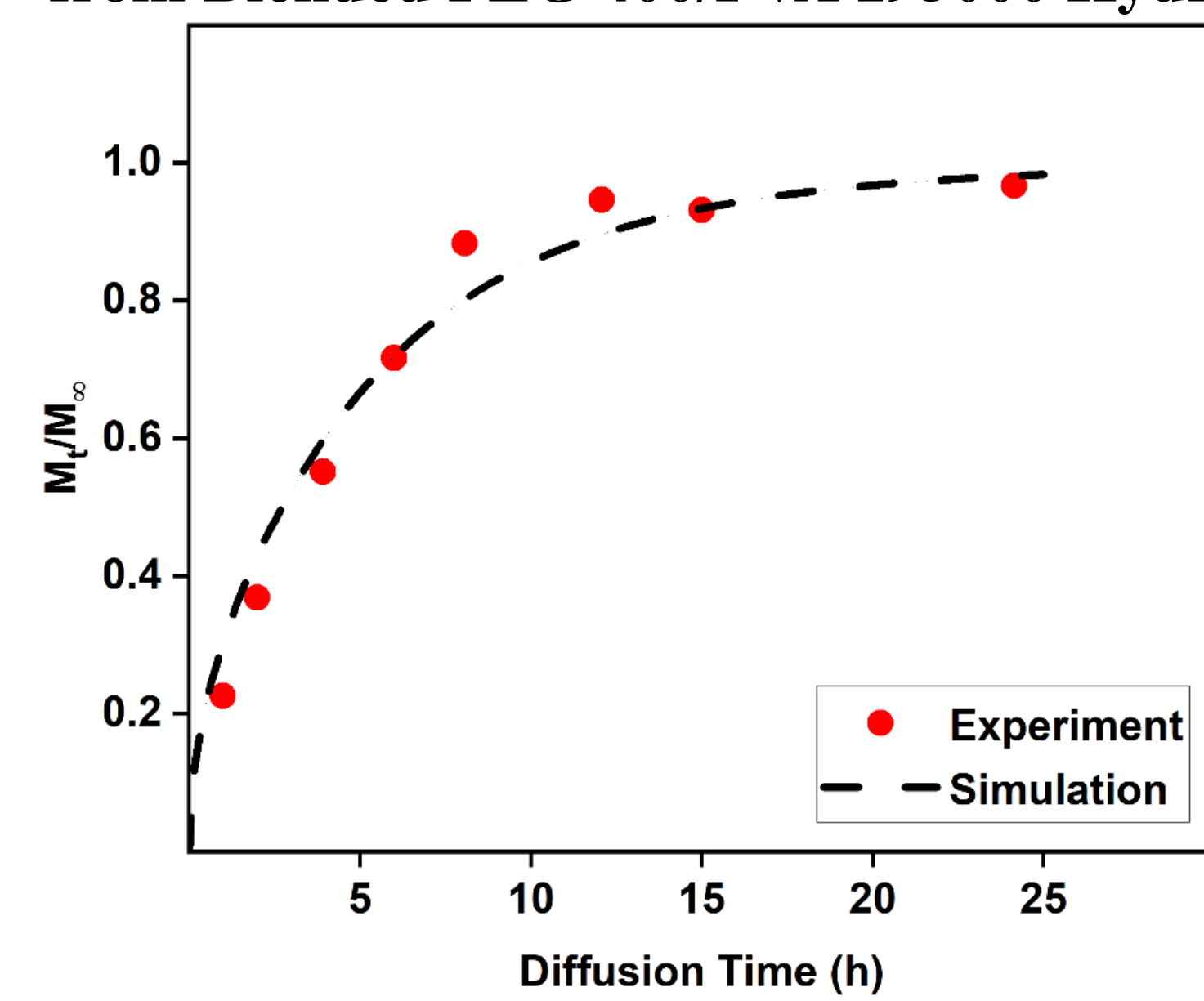
Validation of the Computational Model

Comparison of the simulated release profiles with the experimental data obtained from the literature

Results



Diffusion of Asiaticoside (Plant Metabolite) from Blended PEG 400/PVA 195000 Hydrogel



- * The free volume theory based modelling framework is capable of simulating the diffusion of therapeutic agents encapsulated within the pure and blended hydrogels
- * Experimental and simulated release profiles are observed to be in fair agreement with the R² value of more than 0.9 for all the hydrogel samples

Conclusion

- * The proposed model predicts the release kinetics of the therapeutic agents from the pure and blended hydrogels
- * This study will be clinically useful for designing the drug-loaded hydrogel dressings for enhanced wound healing
- * The theoretical framework can be further extended to develop a smart system for fabricating commercial drug delivery devices

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