Plant Nutrient

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N)	16.00%
16.00% Urca Nitrogen*	
Soluble Potash (K2O)	4.00%

Derived From: Muriate of Potash, Polymer Coated Sulfur Coated Urea, and Urea

*6.4% Slowly Available Urea Nitrogen from Polymer Sulfur-Coated Urea

> Bulk Density: 73.80 Net Weight 50 lbs (22.70 kg) 50 lbs. Covers 8,000 sq. ft. (These rates equal 1 lb, nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft.)

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product

F002259

Item Number: I0000467T

WITH SPREADER SETTINGS* Product Low Rate Medium Rate High Rate 16-0-4 3.12 lbs per 4.68 lbs per 6.25 lbs per 1,000 ft² 1,000 ft² 1,000 ft² Lbs Nutrients/M N: .50 N: 1.00 N: 75 P: .00 P: .00 P: .00 K: 12 K: .18 K: .25 Settings Rotary Spreader Settings Settings Accupro M N 0 Earthway 2400 15 17

NUTRIENT CALCULATIONS

Spyker *In the state of Penasylvania, applicators of fertilizer may not apply more then 0.7 pounds of nitrogen or 0.9 pounds of total nitrogen per 1,000 square feet.

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Directions - Please Read Carefully Before Using

General Information

This product is a highly versatile premium mini-sized fertilizer that is ideal for the nutrient demands of top quality turf management. These nutrients promote a superior, sustained color response that produces the visual appeal turf professionals desire.

How to Use*

For optimum performance, begin spring applications just before soil temperatures reach 50 degrees F. Although nitrogen can be applied at the rate of 1.0 ib Per 1,000 sq ft every 8 weeks, it is also recommended that lighter, half-rate applications be made each month, especially during hot, dry periods. Continue scheduled feedings throughout the growing season until soil temperature retreats to below 50 degrees F. Late fall and domant feedings are recommended after soil temperatures remain below 50 degrees F for several consecutive days and turf growth has slowed considerably.

Apply product evenly with a calibrated spreader. For best results, urigating after applications will aid in granule penetration in closecut dense turf. Removing grass catchers for initial mowing will minimize particle pick-up.

*Southern turf grasses, including St. Augustine and hybrid Bermuda grasses may require higher levels of nitrogen for optimum performance.

It is a violation of the law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply to any lawns that are flooded, frozen or snow covered. Do not apply near water, storm drains, or drainage ditches. Do not apply if heavy rain is expected. Apply this product only to your lawn/garden, and sweep any product that lands on the driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto your lawn/garden.

Note: These Settings ere Approximate and can be influenced by other contributing factors Vogal Seed & Fartilizer, LLC makes no warranty as to the uniformity of coverage actually obtained from the settings listed,

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Caution: May cause irritation. On Contact with skin or eyes. flush with plenty of water,

MANUFACTURED AND GUARANTEED BY: VOGEL SEED & FERTILIZER, LLC 1891 SPRING VALLEY ROAD JACKSON, WI 53037

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Lesco 00600

Prizelawn

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

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Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Weer protective gloves and clothing as well as eye and face protection. Do not breathe dust. Use the proper respirator, when necessary, to evoid injury, if exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Store to minimize dust generation. This product contains greater than 0.1% crystalline silica. Crystalline silica has been linked to cancer, silicosis, and other lung problems in conditions of prolonged alrbome over-exposure.

protonged amount over-exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield), chemical-resistant gloves, long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks when using this product. Take off any contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Additional information on the selection and use of respirators can be found in the NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic (PHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 2005-

100) and the NIOSH Guide to Industrial Respiratory Protection (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 87-116) available at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/87-116/

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

May be harmful if swellowed May be harmful in contact with skin May be harmful if inhaled Causes serious eye imitation Causes skin initation May cause cance

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water sources by cleaning of equipment or disposal of rinse-water. Dispose of any product and containers in accordance with local, state, International and federal regulations. For help in chemical emergencies involving spill, leak, fire or exposure, call toll free 1-800-424-9300.

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell: Rinse mouth.
IF IN EYES:	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor.
IF ON SKIN:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with scep and water, if skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
IF INHALED:	Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.





WOLF TRAXTIM CropNix TM DDP® Guaranteed Analysis

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Boron (B)	Copper (Ca) management of the contract of the	TOT (FC)	Manganese (Min)	12% Water-soluble Manganese (Mn)	IIIC (ZII) areacureren respersa esta commence de commence de la co



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

Horsepower® Selective

EPA Reg. No.: Product Type:

228-313 Herbicide

Company Name:

Nufarm Americas Inc. 11901 S. Austin Avenue

Alsip, IL 60803 1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15, REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not Hazardous

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure Category 2

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not Hazardous

SIGNAL WORD:

DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure.







PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Do not breathe mists. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear eye protection and protective gloves.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Get medical advice if you feel unwell.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
Dimethylamine Salt of 2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic Acid	2039-46-5	47.5 - 50.5
Triethylamine Salt of 3,5,6-Trichloro-2-Pyridinyloxyacetic Acid	57213-69-1	5.3 - 5.9
Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid)	2300-66-5	4.6 - 5.0
Other Ingredients	Trade Secret	Trade Secret

Synonyms:

Mixture of MCPA, Triclopyr and Dicamba

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get immediate medical attention.

If Swallowed: Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

Most Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Causes severe eye irritation and possible damage. Harmful if swallowed. If ingested or absorbed through the skin, may cause diarrhea, headache, nausea, and vomiting. Prolonged exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment if needed: This product is corrosive to the eyes. Seek immediate medical attention for eye exposure. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire or cool containers, dike to prevent runoff contamination of municipal sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Clean-Up and Disposal: Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling

SAFETY DATA SHEET

this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE:

Always store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Store at temperatures above 32° F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter this product. Containers should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed with not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: To avoid contact with eyes, wear chemical goggles. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes plus socks, and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material. For overhead exposure, wear chemical-resistant headgear. Washing facilities should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

	OSHA		ACGIH		
Component	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit
DMA Salt MCPA	NE	NE	NE	NE	
TEA Salt of Triclopyr	NE	NE	NE	NE	
DMA Salt of Dicamba	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Other ingredients	NE	NE	NE	NE	

NE = Not Established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Light amber colored liquid

Odor:

Odor threshold:

No data available

pH: 7.5 @ 25°C

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range No data available

Flash point: Not applicable due to aqueous formulation

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

Relative density:

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

1.15 g/cc @ 25° C

Solubility(ies): Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

Autoignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity:

No data available
No data available
29.0 cPs @ 25° C

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents; bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and

oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye and skin contact.

Eye Contact: Severely irritating. May cause irreversible eye damage. Vapors and mist can cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Minimally irritating to the skin. Overexposure by skin absorption may cause symptoms similar to those for ingestion.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, decreased blood pressure, muscle weakness, muscle spasms.

Inhalation: Minimally irritating. May irritate the respiratory tract or cause dizziness.

Symptoms of Exposure:

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure: Prolonged exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies on this product are summarized below:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1,207 mg/kg

Dermal: Rabbit LD₅₀: >2,700 mg/kg

Inhalation: Rabbit: 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.2 mg/L (no mortality at highest dose)

Eye Irritation: Rabbit: Severely Irritating/Corrosive

Skin Irritation: Rabbit: Slightly irritating

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure to phenoxy herbicides may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods. Excessive exposure to Triclopyr may cause liver or kidney effects. Repeated overexposure to dicamba may cause liver changes or a decrease in body weight.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists exposure to chlorophenoxy herbicides as a class 2B carcinogen, the category for limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. However, newer rat and mouse lifetime feeding studies did not show carcinogenic potential for MCPA. Triclopyr did not cause cancer in laboratory studies. Dicamba did not cause cancer in long-term animals studies. The U.S. EPA has given triclopyr and dicamba a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Reproductive Toxicity: In laboratory animal studies, MCPA has caused effects on reproduction but only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. MCPA studies in laboratory animals have shown testicular effects and lower male fertility. For triclopyr, in laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. Dicamba did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity: MCPA studies in laboratory animals have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals. For triclopyr, birth defects are unlikely. Even exposures having an adverse effect on the mother should have no effect on the fetus. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated developmental effects.

Genotoxicity: There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that MCPA is not mutagenic. Animal tests with triclopyr and dicamba did not demonstrate mutagenic effects.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Assessment Carcinogenicity:

This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen				
Component	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA	
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides (MCPA)	No	2B	No	No	
TEA Salt of Triclopyr	No	No	No	No	
DMA Salt of Dicamba	No	No	No	No	
Other Ingredients	No	No	No	No	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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L., U	$\sigma \omega$	יותי	ity:

Data on MCPA DMA: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 48-hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia:	>310 mg/l 230 mg/l 190 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail Oral LD ₅₀ : Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	390 mg/kg >5,620 mg/kg
Data on Triclopyr TEA: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 48 hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia:	893 mg/l 613 mg/l 947 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC ₅₀ : Mallard Duck Oral LD ₅₀ : Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	>10,000 mg/kg 2,055 mg/kg >10,000 mg/kg
Data on Dicamba: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill: 96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 48-hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia:	135 mg/l 135 mg/l 110 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC ₅₀ : Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	

Environmental Fate:

MCPA DMA rapidly dissociates to parent MCPA in the environment. In soil, MCPA is microbially degraded with a typical half-life of approximately 10 to 14 days. In laboratory and field studies, Triclopyr TEA rapidly dissociates to parent acid in the environment. Triclopyr is moderately persistent and mobile. In soil, the predominant degradation pathway is microbial and the average half-life is 30 days. Half-lives tend to be shorter in warm, moist soils with a high organic content. The predominant degradation pathway for triclopyr in water is photodegradation and the average half-life is one day. Dicamba poorly binds to soil particles, is potentially mobile in the soil and highly soluble in water. Aerobic soil metabolism is the main degradative process for dicamba with a typical half-life of 2 weeks. Degradation is slower when low soil moisture limits microbe populations. In water, microbial degradation is the main route of dicamba dissipation. Aquatic hydrolysis, volatilization, adsorption to sediments, and bioconcentration are not expected to be significant.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefiliable containers larger than 5 gallons: Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this SDS.

DOT:

Non Regulated

IMDG

Non-regulated

IATA

Non Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370.66):

Acute Health, Chronic Health

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Triciopyr, Triethylammonium Salt (CAS No. 57213-69-1) – 5.3 to 5.9% equivalent by weight in product Dimethylamine Dicamba (CAS No. 2300-66-5) – 4.6 to 5.0% equivalent by weight in product

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

None

RCRA Waste Code:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: Not Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, Nufarm Americas Inc. makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Nufarm Americas Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon Information. NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS AND ALL SUCH WARRANTIES ARE HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED.

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