

# PARENTS' GUIDE TO IMMUNIZATIONS REQUIRED FOR PRE-KINDERGARTEN (CHILD CARE)



Starting July 1, 2019

Parents must show their child's Immunization Record as proof of immunizations (shots) before starting pre-kindergarten (child care) and at each age checkpoint after entry:

Age at Entry/checkpoint	Required Doses
2-3 Months	1 Polio 1 DTaP 1 Hep B 1 Hib
4-5 Months	2 Polio 2 DTaP 2 Hep B 2 Hib
6-14 Months	2 Polio 3 DTaP 2 Hep B 2 Hib
15-17 Months	3 Polio 3 DTaP 2 Hep B 1 Hib* (on or after 1st birthday) 1 Varicella 1 MMR (on or after 1st birthday)
18 Months-5 Years	3 Polio 4 DTaP 3 Hep B 1 Hib* (on or after 1st birthday) 1 Varicella 1 MMR (on or after 1st birthday)

\* One Hib dose must be given on or after the 1st birthday regardless of previous doses.  
Required only for children younger than 5 years old.

DTaP = diphtheria toxoid, tetanus toxoid, and acellular pertussis vaccine  
 Hep B = hepatitis B vaccine  
 Varicella = chickenpox vaccine

Hib = Haemophilus influenzae, type B vaccine  
 MMR = measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION****CAREGIVER BACKGROUND CHECK INFORMATION**

The law requires that the Community Care Licensing Division check the criminal background of all adults who apply for a license to operate a community care facility. We also check the criminal background of all adults who want to work, reside in or have contact with clients being cared for in a community care facility.

**What is a background check?**

As part of the background check process you must be fingerprinted and tell whether you have ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation. The Department of Justice and the FBI will check your fingerprints against their criminal record information. If you will have contact with children, your name will be checked against the Child Abuse Central Index registry. This is a listing of people who have been reported for suspected child abuse. If you have not been convicted of a crime and have no child abuse history, you will be given a "clearance."

**What if I have a criminal conviction?**

If you were ever convicted of a crime, other than a minor traffic violation, even if it happened a long time ago, you cannot own, live or work (including some volunteers) in a facility unless we give you an "exemption." If the Department of Justice notifies us that you were convicted of a crime, we will notify the facility operator that an exemption is needed. If you were convicted of a serious crime or if you are on supervised probation after being convicted of a crime, you probably won't be given an exemption.

You do not qualify for a criminal record exemption if you have ever been convicted of a serious crime such as robbery, sexual battery, child abuse, elder or dependent adult abuse, rape, first degree burglary, arson, or kidnapping. These kinds of crimes are nonexemptible and if you were convicted of one of them, by law you will never be allowed in a facility.

**How do I get a criminal record exemption?**

As part of the request for an exemption, the facility operator or you must send us convincing proof that you are of good character in spite of your conviction. We will review any information you submit as well as the number and type of crimes committed, how long ago the crime(s) happened, what kind of work you will be doing and whether you will be working with children, adults, or the elderly. (You need not disclose any marijuana-related offenses covered by the marijuana reform legislation codified at Health and Safety Code sections 11361.5 and 11361.7.) If we find that you were not truthful in the information you submitted for your exemption, we will deny your exemption request. In most cases, if you are currently on supervised probation or on parole you will not be granted an exemption. If your exemption is denied, and you are married to or living with someone who is applying for a license and care will be provided in your home, his or her application will be denied because everyone who lives in the home must have a clearance or exemption. If a criminal record exemption is granted to you and you later move, or want to work in a different facility, your exemption will be re-evaluated based on your new role and our current laws, regulations, and policies. If you are arrested or convicted after an exemption is granted to you, your exemption may be cancelled. If you are married to or living with someone who is licensed, and care is provided in your home, the facility license may be suspended or revoked.

You are strongly encouraged to read the licensing criminal record exemption regulations to find out the amount of time that must pass following your conviction, before you can qualify for an exemption. Some convictions require longer periods of time following conviction than others. The regulations and other information can be found on our web site at [www.cclcd.ca.gov](http://www.cclcd.ca.gov).

**How long does the criminal record exemption process take to complete?**

If you do not have a criminal record, a clearance is normally available in a few days. If an exemption is needed, it may take three months or longer to complete the process.

**DISCLOSURE OF CRIMINAL RECORD EXEMPTION INFORMATION  
UNDER THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC RECORDS ACT**

If you are granted a criminal record exemption, your name will be given out to the public, upon request. If you own a facility and you have staff, residents or volunteers who have a criminal record exemption, the name of your facility will be given out to the public, upon request.