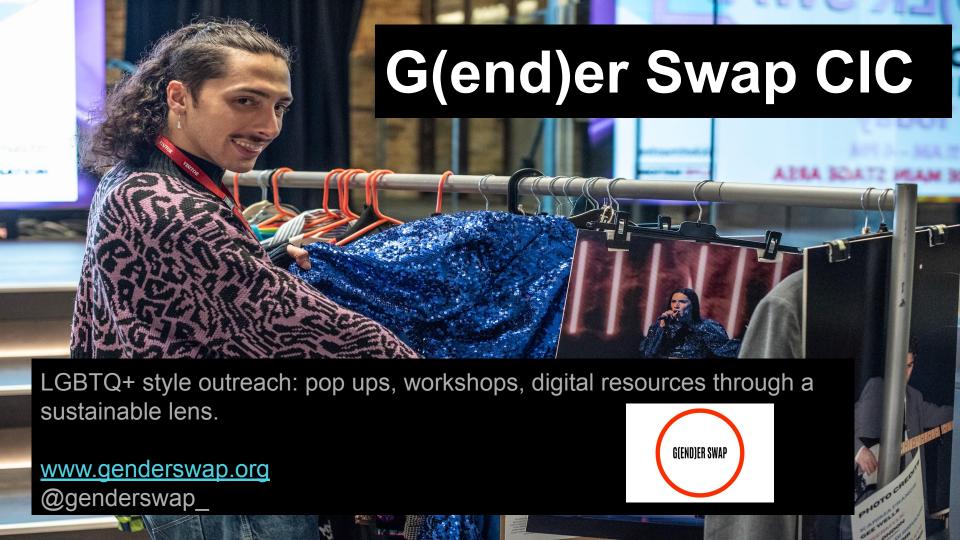


Today's agenda (Workshop 1):

- Learning about textile waste in relation to climate change
- The history of DIY
- The 'gender free' fashion movement
- Queer style inspo & visual showcase
- Q+A

Today's agenda (Workshop 2):

- DIY demos & experimentation
- Working on your creation
- Trying on garments & accessories
- Show & tell: resource exchange
- Q+A









www.genderswap.org

SANTI

DIY fashion & Thrifting

Founder of G(end)er Swap

Create resources on gender affirming style

Makeup artist

Drag performer

Astrology lover







www.santisorrenti.com

Why wear 'waste'?

The fashion industry produces more CO₂ annually than all international flights and maritime shipping combined. There are enough clothes today to clothe the next six generations. Buying less and buying secondhand are acts of resistance.



Fast fashion causes major environmental impacts:

Only in the UK, around 350,000 tons of waste clothing end up in landfills every year.

The fashion industry is accountable for 10% of global carbon emissions, producing 1.2 billion tons of carbon dioxide annually.

With **92 million tons** of clothes thrown away each year, the world's textile waste generation problem has reached a point where it is visible from space.

Producing a single cotton T-shirt and a pair of jeans requires 2,706 and 7,570 litres of water, respectively

Heavy Metals like lead, chromium, and antimony accumulate in ecosystems and enter the food chain, affecting wildlife and human health.

over **300 million trees** are cut down every year to be further transformed into viscose, modal, lyocell and rayon.

greenmatch.co.uk

Stats on the Impact of the Fast Fashion Industry

Second most polluting

Industry in the world (after oil) with







10% of global carbon emissions annually



Fast fashion causes

20% of global water waste

35% microplastic on oceans

It takes **7,570 litres** of water to make just one pair of jeans





Less than **1%** of all textiles worldwide are recycled into new products



of materials used to make clothing end up in landfill That's one truckload every second





FAST FASHION IMPACTS



LOWEST PAID TEXTILE WORKERS

USD \$26/month in Ethiopia

60-70 MILLION

GARMENT WORKERS WORLDWIDE



- Low wages
- Accidents
- Unsafe workplace









What can we do?

break....

The History of DIY

Queer fashion & Craft:

Repurposing

Alternative materials

Recycling

Unique creations

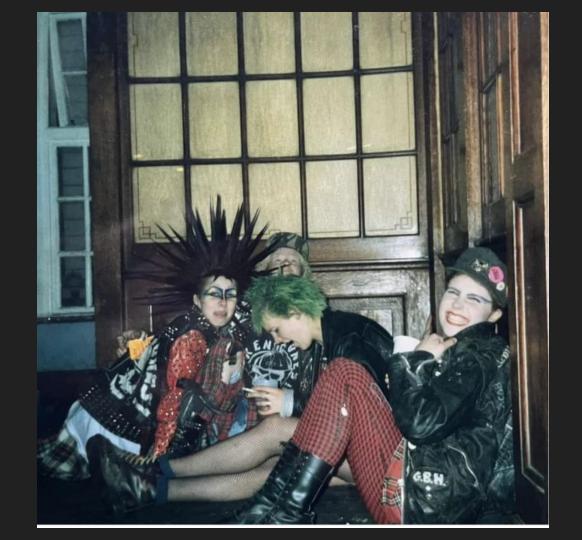
Political messaging

Punk roots

An expression of rebellion, young punks used aesthetics to defy normative understandings of gender, family structures and hierarchy.

DIY stemmed from an anti consumerist mindset dictated in the 60's and 70's and manifested in an aesthetic that privileged safety pins, ripped up clothing, charity shop garments and heavy hardware and work boots.

DIY became a messenger: big political slogans/messaging worn on the back of jackets, on t-shirts and exercised through body modification.



More...

1940s/50's: butch and femme culture

1960s: peacock era, Bowie- flamboyance

1970s: free love/different expressions and gender roles

1980s: Boy George and Prince

1990s: grunge era - Kurt cobain/KD lang/club kid culture etc.

2000's: emo culture and 'kawaii core' in the west













Barbican (2025).

Fashion & Textiles Museum.

KD lang

"Fashion, as a messaging device, is a tool to express solidarity. It is a material statement, physical evidence, a strengthening bond"

-Eleanor Medhurst, Dressing Dykes

DIY in Queer Expression

DIY is a key part of Queer fashion History, it was (and still is) used to reclaim space, to protest and to explore identity on a personal level.

In Lesbian activism around the 70's, slogan t-shirts were utilised to express solidarity and to reclaim space - particularly making their mark in protests and pride marches

At the renowned Michigan Womyn's Music Festival (MWMF) in the 90's protests happened after a trans woman was kicked off of the grounds. From this, Camp Trans, a trans inclusive camp event with a mission to bring down MWMF was formed. DIY aesthetics included silk screened Camp Trans t-shirts and ratty t-shirts with a hand sewn anarchist symbols.



Entering the festival

photo by Mariette Pathy Allen

DIY in Queer Expression

Ball room culture: emerged in 1960's New York among young queer people of colour. The balls were a spectacle of performances and self representation - using whatever resources they could find to serve a look.

Cosplay: DIY costumes and character exploration

Experimenting with identity via DIY patches, badges, flagging/hanky code & now DIY slogan shirts and upcycled queer style

Subcultures: furries, goblincore, 'core culture' and more



Paris is Burning 1990

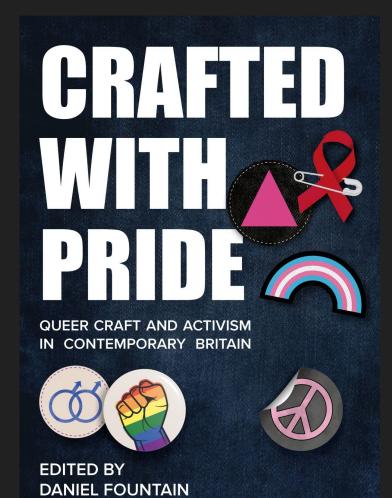


https://www.latimes.com/entertainment-arts/story/2022-07-25/cosplay-photos-from-comic-con-2022







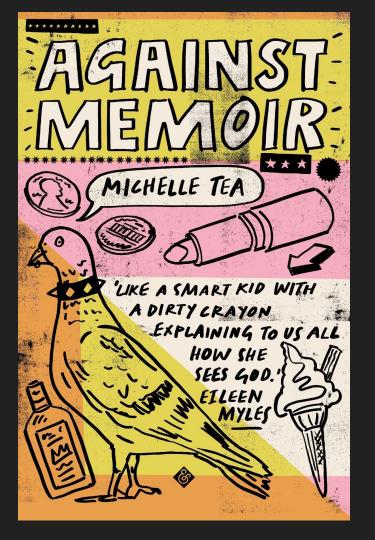


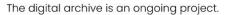
Laura Gardner & Daphne Mohajer va Pesaran (eds.)

Radical Fashion Exercises

a workbook of modes and methods

Valiz









Bathroom

Expressing identity through dress

Slow Fashion & Second Hand Fashion

Sustainable materials

Locally sourced & made

Charity shopping

Why is DIY a necessity for queer self expression?

2000's 'gender neutral' fashion

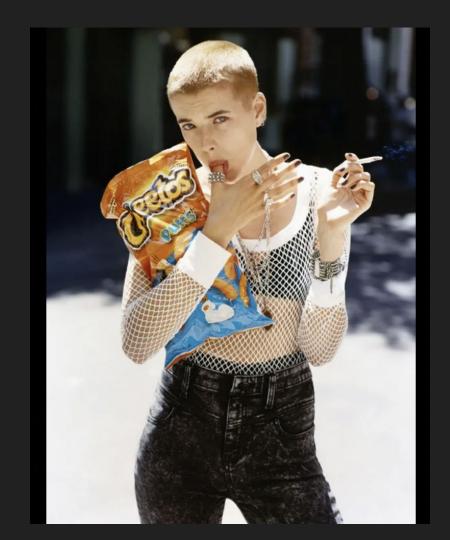
Exclusionary of different body types/designs

Gender neutral designs became synonymous with plain/oversized/ 'tomboy' aesthetic

Trans people and gender-diverse people not being represented

The term 'unisex' inaccurate/retail spaces still hostile places for queer people to shop









Levi's Pride Campaign, 2021



www.genderswap.org

DIY = A NECESSITY!!!

Visual Showcase & Brainstorm Session

Fashion & Textiles Museum (London)







Leigh Bowery exhibition







Continued

Design Museum (Gothenburg)







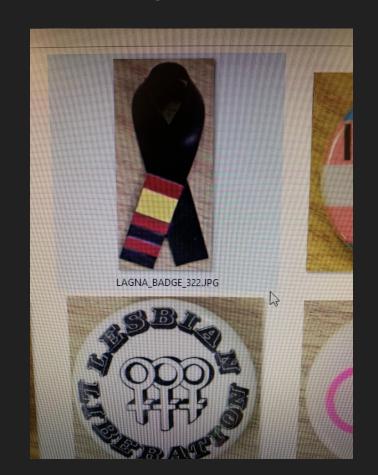






Bishopsgate Institute (London)





FASHION RESEARCH LIBRARY (OSLO)

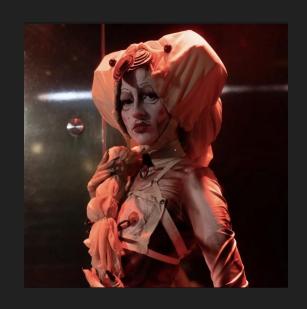






@suaysewshop

Drag







DIY Fashionista Accounts

RESOURCES

- 1. Slow Fashion Movement
- Fashion Revolution (Singapore)
- 3. Lucky Sweater app
- 4. TIN Wardrobe
- 5. <u>www.earth.org</u>
- 6. www.greenmatch.co.uk

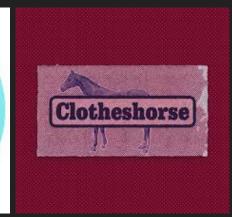
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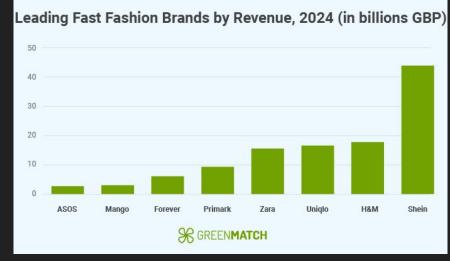
@earthlyeducation (IG)

@suaysewshop (IG)

Podcast: Clothes Horse Podcast







QUESTIONS

WORKSHOP 2: DIY

THINGS TO CONSIDER

Texture



MATERIALS

Fringe, fluff, denim, bubbles, smooth etc.



THINGS TO CONSIDER

Shape



Materials

Stiff, durable, pointy/flat etc.



WHAT'S YOUR THEME?

Sub themes?



THINGS TO CONSIDER

Colour palette



COLOURS

Saturation, depth, brightness, natural (metals etc)



TIME TO MAKE YOUR OWN CREATIONS

