Light Level

Is your area sunny or shady? How to determine sun and shade in your area

The Sun's movement across the sky is quite pronounced in areas with high latitude. Here's how it changes through the year. The Sun shifts about 90° from SW (winter) to NW (summer), with a much higher arc in summer. This leads to long daylight hours in the summer (around 16 hours) and short days during the winter (about 8 hours).

What are the different light levels?

- Areas have full sun, part shade, or shade depending on the hours of direct light.
 - 6+ hours = full sun
 - 3-6 hours = part shade
 - < 3 hours = shade</p>

What affects light levels?

- Garden orientation. South-facing gardens get the most sun. North-facing areas may be shaded most of the year.
- Nearby structures and trees. If tall buildings or trees are to your south, they'll create significant shade, especially in winter. If they're east or west, they'll mostly block morning or afternoon sun.

How do I check if my areas has full sun?

- Observe shadows: go outside every few hours on a sunny day and note where shadows fall.
- Look at sun exposure in June
- Track sun's path. Apps like <u>Sun Seeker</u> or <u>Sun Surveyor</u> help visualize the Sun's movement in your exact location.

Go	Natives!
Website	

https://gonativesnur serv.com/ King County Native Plant Guide

How Much Sun Do I
Get? Guide to
Sunlight Assessment
in the Garden.
Alabama Extension

Currin and Merritt, 2023. The Pacific Northwest Native Plant Primer

Part Shade Plants Handout

Plants For All Light Levels



kinnikinnick *Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*Groundcover, red fall fruits



red flowering currant
Ribes sanguineum
Shrub, showy spring flowers



red columbineAquilegia formosa
Perennial, hummingbirds



salal *Gaultheria shallon*Groundcover, evergreen



evergreen huckleberry Vaccinium ovatum Shrub, edible fruits



bleedingheart *Dicentra formosa*Perennial, pollinators



Oregon wood-sorrel
Oxalis oregana
Groundcover, fast-growing



Oregon-grape
Mahonia nervosa
Shrub, evergreen



sword fern *Polystichum munitum*Perennial, iconic fern