

IN THE DE JURE AL'MAURI KHAN NATION TRIBAL SUPREME COURT, IN
AND FOR THE AL'MAURI KHAN NATION OF MOORS OF NORTH AMERICA



اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَّةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ لَهُ مَا فِي
السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَشْفَعُ عِنْدَهُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ يَعْلَمُ
مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ إِلَّا بِمَا
شَاءَ وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَئُودُهُ حِفْظُهُمَا وَهُوَ
الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ

Imperial Amended Final Judgment for Default and Order to Dismiss
International Document

Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal and Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent

Ex Parte: His Excellency Sagamoor: Bro. Brion Heru'El Ofrika Bey, a
Moorish-American National of the Al'Maurii Khan Nation of Moors of North
America, and

Ex Parte: Honorable: Clan Mother: Sister Serrabi Bey, a Moorish-American
National of the Al'Maurii Khan Nation of Moors of North America.
Complainants / Creditors,

Vs.

Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC (Inc.)
authorized person, 14th Amendment / U.S. Corporate citizen, stateless person
(Acting as) a landlord or owner / Feoffor., and
RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC / Feoffor., and
Brooke Skaggs, exercising rights of citizenship through the 14th Amendment /
U.S. Corporate citizen, stateless person (Acting as) Attorney / Feoffor.,
Defendants / Debtors.

NOTE TO DEBTOR: You must forward all correspondence / replies in this
matter to the following mailing location:

JSAAJC – Tribal Clerk
c/o 1431 Simpson Road #232
Khasime proper / Kissimmee territory, Florida republic

Failure to style the mailing location on the envelope in anyway other than as
described above shall constitute a willful failure to reply, willful default on
your part, and an express waiver of defenses against the claims by the
Creditor(s).

Moorish Consular Court: Tribal Supreme /
Superior Court / Article III Court:

Case No.: AKN-TRI-SC-CV-102707

IN RE: Orange County / U.S. Domestic Account Case
No. 482025CC012888A0010X, deposited in COUNTY
OF ORANGE (Inc.), a foreign de facto corporation
providing government services, only to limited and or
consenting populations in North America.

Imperial Amended Final Judgment for Default and
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Consular Jurisdiction asserted under treaty law to
resolve any disputes between United States citizens and
Moors and the United States guarantee to aid this
Moorish / Moroccan Consul in defense of these Tribal
Nationals, pursuant Article 20 of the treaty of peace and
friendship between the United States of America and the
Moroccan Empire and per Art. I, § 8 cl. 3 of the
Constitution for the United States of North America and
the diversity of nationality / Citizenship issues in lower
court case no. 2025-CC-012888-O; the U.N. Charter;
U.N. Convention on Jurisdictional Immunities of States,
Art. 2(1)(b)(iii), Art. 5; 7.2, 8, 10.2(b); and Their
Property U.S. Agreement with the United States of
America," Articles of Confederation inter alia; Title 25
Federal Indian Law; Public 97- 280; Public Law 92-539
(86 Stat. 1070); Public Law 856 (70 Stat. 774); Public
Law 94-583; 25 U.S.C. 194.

Tribal Supreme Court Case No. AKN-TRI-SC-CV-25-102707 Filing #10 Pgs 17 E-filed 9/11/2025 08:57 PM

**Imperial Amended Final Judgment for Default and Order to Dismiss
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Al'Maurii Khan Nation Tribal Supreme Court at Florida (La Floridaes) territory, North-West Amexem, Abya Yala, to wit:

THIS ACTION was heard on Complainants' Writ of Error in reply to Respondents' claims in a lower court and [the lower court's] failure to timely abate proceedings or dismiss the matter entirely, especially when the Respondent, RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, failed to respond timely and the court itself failed to establish proof of jurisdiction over a matter that seeks to extinguish an Indian claim and prejudice tribal rights of occupation; and *when challenged, the government must prove jurisdiction by a pre-ponderance of evidence. United States v. Morita, 74 M.J. 116, 121 (C.A.A.F. 2015) (citing United States v. Oliver, 57 M.J. 170, 172 (C.A.A.F. 2002))*. The documents (/ exhibits) being used in the lower court to escheat the rights of complainants do bear signatures or seals under the care of Martha Adams (Bar No. 193569), Brooke Skaggs (Bar No. 85410), and Tiffany Moore Russell (Bar No. 182125), whom are all attorneys and members of the Florida Bar that pledged "fairness, integrity, and civility, not only in court, but also in all written communications." and may be penalized for breaches of that contract. Martha Adams and Tiffany Moore Russell have a professional duty as attorneys to report the misconduct of Brooke Skaggs. Her (Skaggs) written communications are misrepresentations of fact and law that warrant immediate protection of the public at large from her and persons like her. Martha Adams and Tiffany Moore Russell are employees of a public office whose pensions are subject to forfeiture for felonies and or breaches trust, pursuant Fla.Stat. 112.3173(e)6. To date, there has been no alert to Florida Bar, et al. by Adams or Russell, suggesting their intent to aid Skaggs in her attempts to circumvent the laws of the United States in an effort to destroy the Indian claims and Imperial

Customary title rights of complainants. The case records evidence that the lower court failed to administer justice promptly and or without delay by allowing complainants to suffer injuries even though multiple jurisdictional challenges and discoverable constitutional questions of law and fact remained unanswered. This same lower court allowed a Final Judgment to be rendered from her office and without proof of jurisdiction to act being entered onto the record. Refusing to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction in the lower court could have been refuted or possibly overcome by statements, claims, or lawful conclusions presented by RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC and confirmed by the lower the court, but that was not the case and the result was a Final Judgment that violated complainants' due process rights, which caused further losses by the tribal peoples served by complainants, the Indian [Moorish] children, and the public trust in Martha Adams' ability to remain impartial. More evidence of the court's impartiality is uncovered by the fact that Martha Adams did not compel Brooke Skaggs to respond to the abatement, to refile or to correct her complaint as styled, which means Adams and Skaggs have shared knowledge of matters not disclosed on the record that are so factually crucial to the complaint in the lower court that they would rather engage in fraud or misrepresentation, violate the public trust and complainants' tenant in fee status / land occupation rights inherited by their aboriginal ancestors, than to act with *fairness, integrity, and civility*, i.e. core features to maintain public trust in the judiciary. The existing constitutional government is a republican form and is guaranteed under the Supreme law, Adams and Skaggs, by their actions and writings are attempting an overthrow of that governmental promise to complainants. Their writings were used to institute violence and force against complainants whom are exercising inalienable rights that are perpetual under the constitutional government. No constitutional doctrine excuses the actions of Tiffany Moore Russell, Martha Adams, and Brooke Skaggs, however, the doctrine of criminal fascism does explain their use of

judicial force paired with legal fictions against indigenous peoples. In this case, a committing magistrate, county clerks, and an officer of the court advocating for the unlawful removal of indigenous peoples / American Indians making a presumption of title based upon previous use or occupation of land for an alleged debt to RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC is treasonous and a chargeable offense under Fla.Stat. 876.01. Their [Russell, Adams, and Skaggs] actions in delaying justice, stalling the right of abatement and remaining silent on jurisdiction issues, etc. are part and parcel of a clear attack on the constitution and the republican form of government guaranteed the people. Florida law provides that an abatement in reply to a claim / complaint is a valid and enforceable procedural right and may not be waived or overlooked by any court or any opposing counsel, especially members of the Florida Bar that are prohibited from concealing evidence that is supposed to be present in the initial complaint to give standing to initiate the suit or would otherwise be available under the common law requirement of full disclosure when contracting and or through discovery under Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

Documents being posted on the mission premises door and into the court case after 7-1-2025 at the request or upon the advocacy of respondents are in reality void / voidable, and being exhibited to induce complainants out of treaty rights to due process and their lawfully protected rights under the Supreme law, which permits the use and enforcement of Indian Claims, Pleas in Abatement, and Extraordinary Writs; said exhibits are prohibited and felonious under Fla. Stat. 876.19. Tiffany Moore Russell, Martha Adams, and Brooke Skaggs, as attorneys, are well aware and informed of the laws to prevent crimes against public order, and appear to be willfully participating in abrogating the substantive rights of complainants that are inalienable and protected under the Supreme law of the land from color of law or authority. Tiffany Moore Russell, Martha Adams, and Brooke Skaggs, are *subversive persons* in this case pursuant Fla.Stat. 876.22(5) by their

actions / inactions that have delayed justice, hindered the enjoyment of treaty and tribal rights, abrogated due process, and wasted tax payer dollars and the time of complainants, their Tribal government's resources and now the resources of U.S. and International agencies that need to review this matter. Tiffany Moore Russell and Martha Adams, as public employees should be penalized under Fla.Stat. 876.25, Fla.Stat. 112.3173(e)6, and any other applicable federal laws for violations against public order and or treasonous actions against the Supreme law and the rights enumerated therein.

In consideration of the aforementioned, this Moorish Tribal Court / Consul having jurisdiction over disputes between Moorish subjects and U.S. Citizens as a matter of treaty and tribal rights, and having reviewed the files in this venue and in the lower courts, including the pleadings and affidavits, and otherwise being duly advised in the premises,

IT IS ADJUDGED that:

1. Consular Jurisdiction is asserted under treaty law to resolve any disputes between United States citizens and Moors and the United States guarantee to aid this Moorish / Moroccan Consul in defense of these Tribal Nationals, pursuant Article 20 of the treaty of peace and friendship between the United States of America and the Moroccan Empire and per Art. I, § 8 cl. 3 of the Constitution for the United States of North America and the diversity of nationality / Citizenship issues in lower court case no. 482025CC012888A001OX; the U.N. Charter; U.N. Convention on Jurisdictional Immunities of States, Art. 2(1)(b)(iii), Art. 5; 7.2, 8, 10.2(b); and Their Property U.S. Agreement with the United States of America," Articles of Confederation inter alia; Title 25 Federal Indian Law; Public 97- 280; Public Law 92-539 (86 Stat. 1070); Public Law 856 (70 Stat. 774); Public Law 94-583; 25 U.S.C. 194.

2. Consular Jurisdiction is asserted under treaty law to confirm that the MOTION TO / FOR MOTION TO SET ASIDE JUDGMENT FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE TRIBAL COURT ORDER OF PROTECTION filed by complainants does articulate grounds for relief in form of *enforcement of the tribal court order of protection*, supported by the lower courts own records, Fla.R.Civ.Proc. 1.540(b), and crucial facts of law evidencing lack of standing by RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC to proceed as a plaintiff against the asserted tribal occupation rights of the complainants in Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX.
3. The history of Earth as described by oral traditions and ancient records of the Sentient Beings contemporarily styled as *Humans* substantiates that there has never been a time that Man [we] have not existed and further confirms the promise of everlasting life guaranteed us through vessels composed of muscle tissue, i.e. ancient Musselman, Moslems, and or Moors, are part and parcel of the Original Man, born from the Earth that he is moored to.
4. The history and records [geology] of the Florida Platform confirm that these lands were at one time a part of a very ancient North African territory.
5. The Moslem historian Abul-Hassan Ali Ibn Al-Hussain Al-Masudi (871 CE – 957 CE) wrote that during Muslim a navigator from Cordoba crossed the Atlantic and reached the Americas, Abu Bakr Ibn Umar Al-Gutiyya wrote that a Moslem navigated the Atlantic to the Canary Islands, et al. places in the year 999 CE, and the 1721 CE Treaty between Moroccan and British Empires confirm that these lands were at one time a part of a very ancient North African territory, specifically Carthage, whose descendants are Moors / Moorish, misnomer: American Indians, Indians, and Native Americans.

6. The very ancient history and records of Florida confirm that Moors, misnomer: Indians, etc. have existed in these lands for over 14,000 years.
7. The history and records of the United States of America confirm that prior to the 17th Century the so-called Indians and Negros of the world [and the Americas] were identified as Moors or Moorish.
8. The history and records of both the British Empire and Moorish Empire confirm that the Sultan of Morocco's authority / jurisdiction extends over the lands West of the African Continent and that Moors will always be remembered by the British Empire whose subjects would begin to identify first as American citizens and eventually as U.S. citizens, that inherited a duty of performance to Moorish treaties through Art. VI of the Supreme law and the 1721 Treaty between British and Moroccan Empires, Art. IVX.
9. The records of the United States, reflect that complainant[s], their property rights, claims, and protections as members of an indigenous community organized under Tribal Constitution and Codes consistent with the laws of the United States of America are perfect in this matter, they [complainants] are secured in their rights by peace treaty and immunities under trading with the enemy act, being descended from aliens in perpetual amity with the United States of America [and its British citizenry] since at least 1721, reconfirmed in 1787, 1836, and under Convention in 1981.
10. The records of the United States, through 1933 House Joint Res. – 192, 31 U.S.C. §5118(d)(2) and 31 U.S.C. §3123, 31 C.F.R. §328.5 to §328.6, 12 U.S.C. §411 to §412, U.C.C. §3-311, U.C.C. §3-601, U.C.C. §3-603, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, that there has been no lawful “payment” in substance in the United States since at least 1933, thus making the contract / obligation, which supported respondent's complaint,

discharged in credit and collaterally estopped from being enforced for failure to pay by respondents in the lower court.

11. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX that complainants have no interest in any forced assimilation that reduces their status to that of residents of a county that are prejudiced from asserting their tribal rights, land claims, and occupation rights as an indigenous people.
12. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX that complainants have always maintained that said property is tribal property / mission premises located within the Indian Country and this fact has not been rebutted by any respondents in the case.
13. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX, that complainants were unlawfully evicted and forcefully removed from ancestral lands and property that was claimed as tribal property and under tribal jurisdiction.
14. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX that complainants did not volunteer to abandon or surrender any of their claimed property rights or interest resulting from being born of these aboriginal lands.
15. The laws of the United States and Florida confirm that abandonment is a voluntary act, not coerced or induced by threat, duress, or physical force under the color of law and or authority.

16. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX that the civil action in which the issue of right of possession was determined is in favor of complainants, by operation of law, as the colorable deed of RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC is not compatible with Royal title to lands, [sic. Aboriginal / Indian Title and or Customary Title].
17. The records of the United States, reflect and evidence for public scrutiny, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX that any presumption of abandonment was manufactured by respondents whom have been given enough notifications that any reasonable person would accept as an intent to return by the complainants, in spite of the statutory presumptions being used to prejudice tribal and treaty rights that may be vindicated in this Tribal Court or any lawful court of the United States of America.
18. The records of the United States, maintained by the Orange County Clerk of Court, et al. styled Orange County Public Record file number: 20150303909 B: 10935 P: 1070 was created from defective titles, i.e. questionable transfers based upon presumption that cannot dissolve treaties or an indigenous people's blood right claims in the land.
19. The records of the United States, maintained by the Orange County Clerk of Court, et al. styled Orange County Public Record file number: 20150303909 B: 10935 P: 1070 is one of several cases of property rights being exchanged by attorneys whereby no other information showing the relationship between the alleged owners and the attorneys are disclosed, especially when the alleged owner is not a real person whom can inherit or transfer land according to divine law and Common laws of England pursuant Fla.Stat. 2.01.

20. The records of the United States, maintained by the Orange County Clerk of Court, et al. styled Orange County Public Record file number: 20150303909 B: 10935 P: 1070 is evidence of color of title, fraud / misrepresentation of fact, that is extinguished upon its face for defects and upon the superior claims of the Indian / Moorish Title asserted by these Moors of the Al'Maurii Khan Nation in the Orange County Court Case Number: / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX.
21. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX, do in fact confirm that the Aboriginal peoples, being alleged as defendants in that matter, through filing # 226392187 have an un rebutted claim in the land resulting from a presumption of title based upon previous occupation and ownership rights in the land adverse to that of the plaintiff, RAJASAHIBI PROPERTIES, LLC on or about 7-1-2025.
22. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that the rights and privileges of ownership by RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, created by Orange County Public Record file number: 20150303909 are hereby extinguished in support of the rights of reversion belonging to the tribal peoples as matter of ancestral rights and tenant in fee rights that are perpetually inalienable and reserved [in all matters of law and contract], and made public on 7-11-2025.
23. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that a Committing Magistrate, multiple Deputy Clerks in the Office of the Clerk of Court for Orange County, and a private attorney, all of whom are bound to professional codes of conduct that prohibit

misrepresentations of fact and law, omissions of fact and law, dereliction of duties under the Supreme law, inclusive of negligence, and especially ill will on the part of the attorneys involved, did participate in an attempt to circumvent indigenous peoples rights, tribal trust rights, and their obligations to the Supreme law to escheat the rights of complainants.

24. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that the complaint filed on 6-24-2025 on behalf of RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC is abated, therefore no valid motions or actions after 7-1-2025 are enforceable, warranting the vacating / voidability of the ALIAS WRIT OF POSSESSION RETURNED POSTED filed by Orange County Sheriff's Deputy Sutton on 8-4-2025, the MOTION FOR DEFAULT filed on 7-7-2025 and 7-9-2025, the ORDER FOR DEFAULT filed on 7-10-2025 and the FINAL JUDGMENT filed on 7-10-2025 and a recall of the ALIAS WRIT OF POSSESSION filed on 7-16-2025.
25. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Brooke Skaggs did not produce any information upon the record showing that a representative for RAJASAHIBI PROPERTIES, LLC hired her to act as a solicitor in this matter.
26. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Brooke Skaggs was not ever compelled by the court to produce any information upon the record showing that a representative for RAJASAHIBI PROPERTIES, LLC hired her to act as a solicitor in this matter, in spite of the discovery right being asserted on multiple occasions by complainants.
27. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Brooke Skaggs did

not produce any information upon the record showing a contract between RAJASAHIBI PROPERTIES, LLC and SISSERRABI BEY and BROBRION BEY other than what she attest to writing herself in the complaint.

28. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Martha Adams had ample time to dismiss the original complaint in the matter for civil immunity reasons, lack of jurisdiction, and or failure to state a proper claim for relief, but did not, which is an omission of her duty.
29. The Tribal Court, upon its own motion, does hereby confirm that complainants were displaced / evicted wrongfully and that the amount of restitution / relief for damages caused by respondents, and as requested in the summons and DEBT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT by complainants shall be multiplied by seven (7) pursuant A.K.N. Tribal Code §1602.01(d).
30. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm the reversal of all prior judgments or decrees which would grant to a non-Indian member or non-Indian non-member any administrative authority to reduce complainants' tribal right of occupancy of their ancestral lands and or tenant in fee rights (under common law) to that of strangers or tenants that have abandoned their land rights, i.e. complainants are recognized under Florida law, U.S. law, and international law as not being property of the State or County that may be uprooted by color of law and against their will.
31. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Amanda Beckman-

Ochs and RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC have waived all defenses against the claims for damages and requested relief described in the DEBT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT served by e-file on or about August 1, 2025.

32. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC have waived all defenses against the claims for damages and requested relief described in the DEBT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT served by e-file on or about August 1, 2025.

33. The records of the United States, through Orange County Court Case / U.S. Domestic Account Number: 482025CC012888A001OX do in fact confirm that Brooke Skaggs, has waived all defenses against the claims for damages and requested relief described in the DEBT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT served by e-file on or about August 1, 2025.

34. The Tribal Court finds that the Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, were validly served with process in this action and afforded opportunity to timely reply or refute the asserting of Consular jurisdiction by Al'Maurii Khan Nation Tribal Supreme Courts in accordance with A.K.N. Tribal Code 106.01(a), supported by Public Law 856 (70 Stat. 774) and the perpetually binding through Art. III, XIV and XX of 1836 U.S.A. – Moroccan Empire Treaty and 1838 Florida Const. Art. I, Sections 1 – 3, 17, 19, 20, 26 and 27.

35. The Tribal Court finds that the Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, were validly served with process in this action and afforded opportunity to timely reply or refute

complainants' Indian claims of attachment to any private or personal property of the respondents, inclusive of and not limited to bank accounts, tax credits, payments derived from securities or contracts, and all other property that may seized and or disposed of to resolve respondents' indebtedness in this matter.

36. The Tribal Court finds that the Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, were validly served with process in this action and afforded opportunity to timely reply or refute complainants' Indian claims of attachment to the lands *legally described as Lots 17 through 28, inclusive, of Block "O", Orange Heights, according to the plat thereof recorded in Plat Book "L", Page 83, Public Records of COUNTY OF ORANGE, Florida, less and except the South 2.5 feet of said Lot 28 in COUNTY OF ORANGE, having a mailing location of 5856 Berry Street #14, Orlando, Florida republic [32808]*.

37. The Tribal Court finds that complainants' MOTION TO / FOR MOTION TO SET ASIDE JUDGMENT FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE TRIBAL COURT ORDER OF PROTECTION is enforceable under Florida law pursuant [a] Title 25 U.S.C. §194 Indian Claims, [b] Florida Rules of Civil Procedure 1.540(b) warrants complainants' relief from final judgments for equitable relief to complainants, voidability of judgment for lack of jurisdiction, misconduct or fraud / misrepresentations by RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC and attorney Brooke Skaggs, and [c] 1791 U.S.A. Constitution Art. IV Full faith and credit guaranteed to Tribal Courts [Moorish Consular Courts / Foreign Courts].

38. The Tribal Court finds that complainants' MOTION TO / FOR MOTION TO SET ASIDE JUDGMENT FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE TRIBAL COURT ORDER OF

PROTECTION is binding upon the lower court per Florida Rules of Civil Procedure 1.540(b).

39. The Tribal Court finds that Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, were validly served with process / summons in this action and afforded opportunity to timely reply or refute complainants' claims of indebtedness for damages caused by them (Respondents) under the color of law and in violation of international laws prohibiting genocide and the forced assimilation of tribal peoples.
40. The Tribal Court finds that complainants are entitled to the requested relief for damages, inclusive of and not limited to default and final default judgment against Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, and any allowable relief by Fla.Stat. 83.18, supported by tribal law, international law and the laws of the United States of America.
41. Complainants, His Excellency Sagamoor: Bro. Brion Heru'El Ofrika Bey and Honorable: Clan Mother: Sister Serrabi Bey, shall recover from Respondents, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, the principle sum of \$2,869,440.00, court costs of \$1,500.00, and 10% payable to State of Florida Treasury and deposited in General Revenue Fund, Trust Funds, and Budget Stabilization Fund, making a grand total of \$3,158,035.00, all of which shall bear no interest rate, for all of the above let execution issue.
42. Moreover, upon receipt of this Imperial Amended Final Judgment for Default and Order to Dismiss and in accordance with the full faith and credit guaranteed this Moorish Tribal Court / Consul under the Supreme law, the Orange County Clerk of the Court is hereby

directed to correspond with the trial court for the immediate dismissal of the suit and closing of Case Number 482025CC012888A001OX in accordance with the provisions of Fla.Stat. 83.231 and other Civil procedures or administrative grounds allowing for the closure of the case.

43. It is further ordered and adjudged that the judgment debtors, Amanda Beckman-Ochs, RED DOOR INVESTMENT GRP, LLC, Brooke Skaggs, and RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC, are in default and shall abandon all claims for eviction / removal or repossession of the mission premises against the complainants and other occupants.
44. The Customary Title and or Indian Claims asserted in this matter be received by the Orange County Clerk of Court and Comptroller as extinguishing the colorable deed of RAJASAHIBI PROPERTIES, LLC and any ownership rights granted therein, immediately for title defects, abandonment by remaining silent in the face of an adverse claim by American aborigines, and the guarantee by the United States to protect the reversionary rights of interest asserted by the American aborigine complainants.

THEREFORE, on this 11 day of sept., 2025, it is hereby Granted.

DONE and ORDERED, in the interest of equitable relief, justice and for the foregoing reasons, the WRIT OF POSSESSION RETURNED POSTED, ALIAS WRIT OF POSSESSION, MOTION FOR DEFAULT, ORDER FOR DEFAULT, AND FINAL JUDGMENT are VOID / VOIDED and the COMPLAINT (from RAJASAHIB PROPERTIES, LLC) and request for eviction from the mission premises: 5856 Berry St. PMB #14, Orlando, Florida republic, Moorish Dominions of North America / al-Maghrib al-Aqsa, Northwest Amexem, Abya Yala, is ABATED and or DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE, thus restoring complainants to their lawful fee simple standing under the laws of the Al'Maurii Khan Nation, supported by the Florida Constitution and the

Supreme law of the land, all of which are protecting these Moors from encroachments on their tribal rights, under the color of law and, within ancestral lands.

ORDERED in Al'Maurii Khan Nation-State, Moorish Empire of North America, al-Maghrib al-Aqsa, North-West Amexem, Abya Yala [a Territorial Collectivity of the Moroccan Empire,] near the county of Orange, Florida territory in North America.

It is so ordered.

Dated: 9 / 11 / 20 25

TRIBAL COURT JUSTICE

