

Please see attached

Test Procedures

RayClic proper insertion

Blank Test Report

XL IO

<https://www.nvent.com/sites/default/files/acquiadam/assets/RAYCHEM-IM-H58033-XLTraceEdgePFP-EN.pdf>

RayClic PC install video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gKUq8VqPLaw>

General heat trace install video (Not XLTrace, different components)

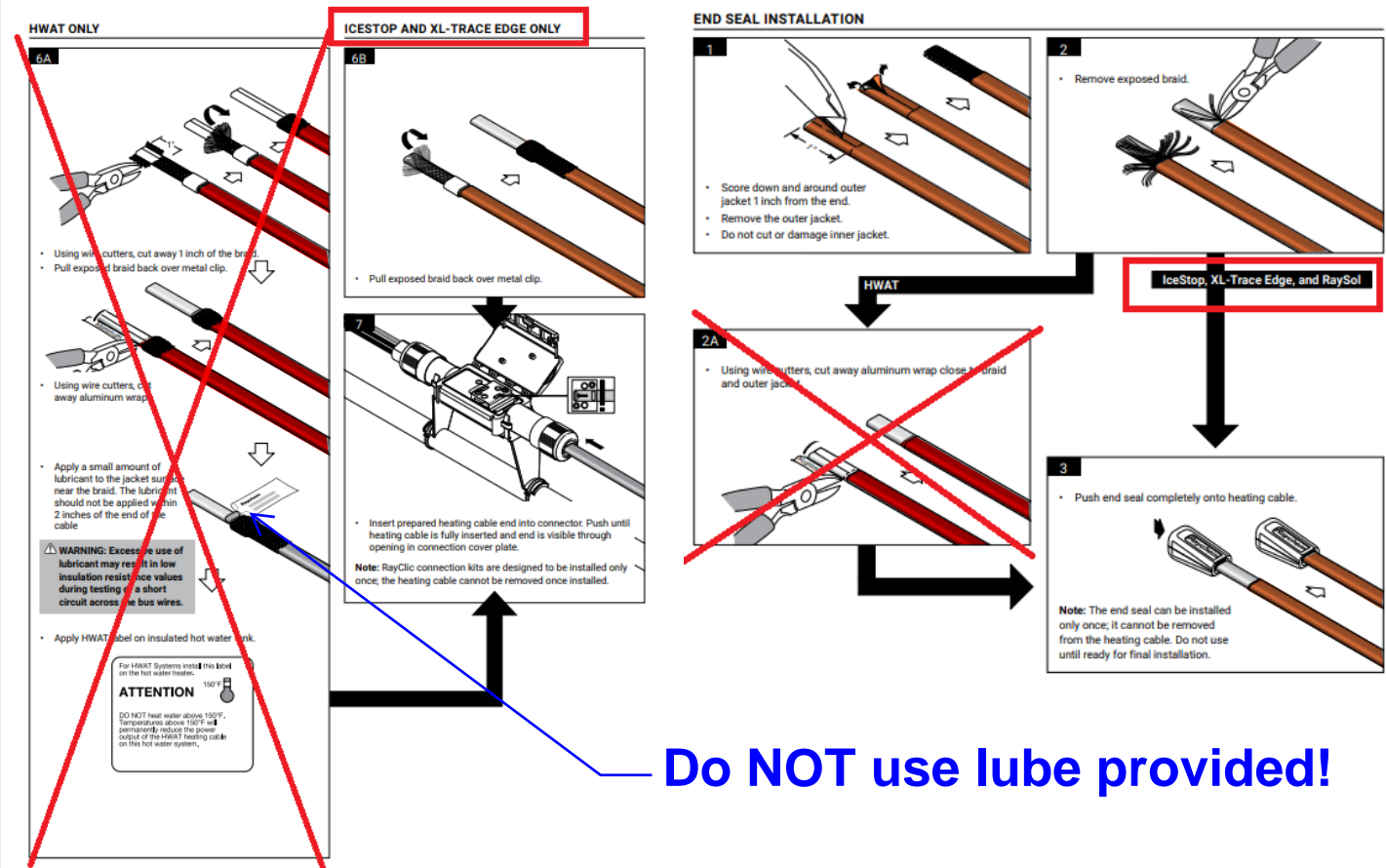
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AFaVGKu3FWY>

RayClic PC installation instructions

https://www.nvent.com/sites/default/files/acquiadam_assets/2022-10/RAYCHEM-IM-H55092-RayClicConnectionSystem-EN.pdf

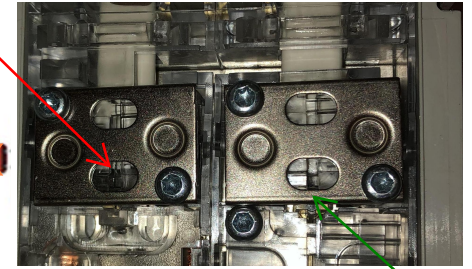
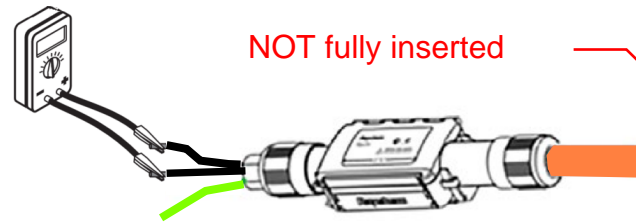
**For XLTrace (orange or black cable)
Do NOT follow the HWAT step 6a
YOU WANT 6B**

**For the end seal you want to go
straight from step 2 to 3**



"CORE" resistance

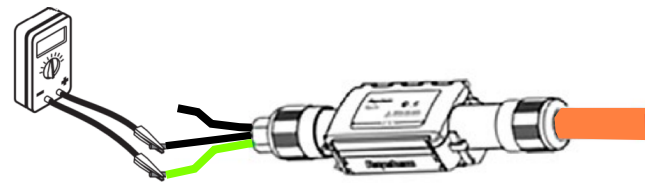
"CORE" resistance is read from Black to Black. This is reading across the heating core and should show 4-150 ohms depending on length and temperature. A longer cable should have a lower core resistance. If the reading is above 300 ohms be sure that the cable is fully inserted into the RayClic. Check the Rayclic screws for tightness. If below 3 ohms check for a bus wire to bus wire short or exceeded maximum circuit length.



You should see white inner jacket all the way into both windows

Capacitance Reading

The capacitance reading can be used to estimate length. The capacitance is read from the bus wire (black) to braid (green). The reading (in nano farads) times the factor (see chart to the right) will give a rough estimate of the heating cable connected length. Note that if the is a bad IR reading the indicated length will be **WRONG** and the you will see a cable length as long as only one bus wire is connected. This should be used as an estimate only.



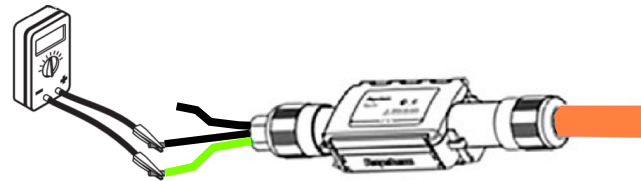
CAPACITANCE FACTORS

Heating cable	Capacitance factor	
	ft/nF	(m/nF)
3XLE	6.7	(2.1)
5XLE and 8XLE	5.0	(1.6)
12XLE	5.8	(1.8)

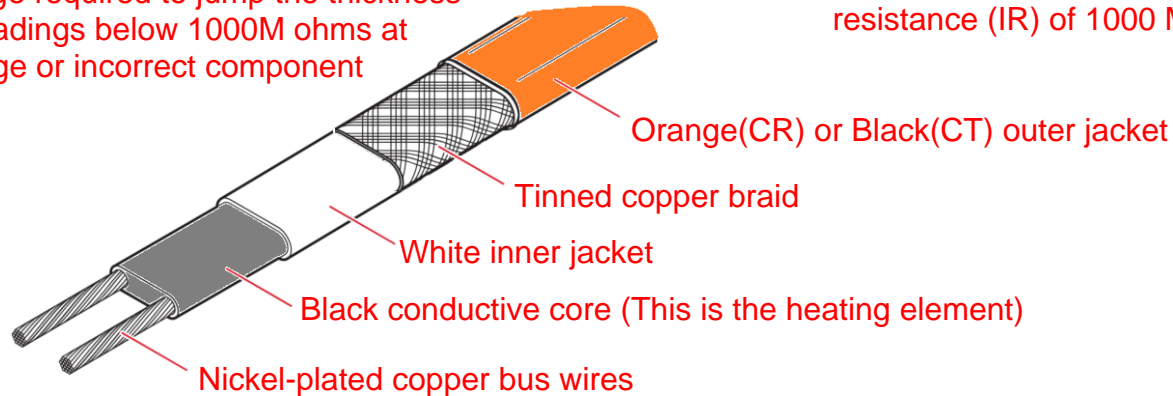
Estimated length = Capacitance reading (in nf) x Capacitance Factor

Insulation Resistance Testing (Meggering)

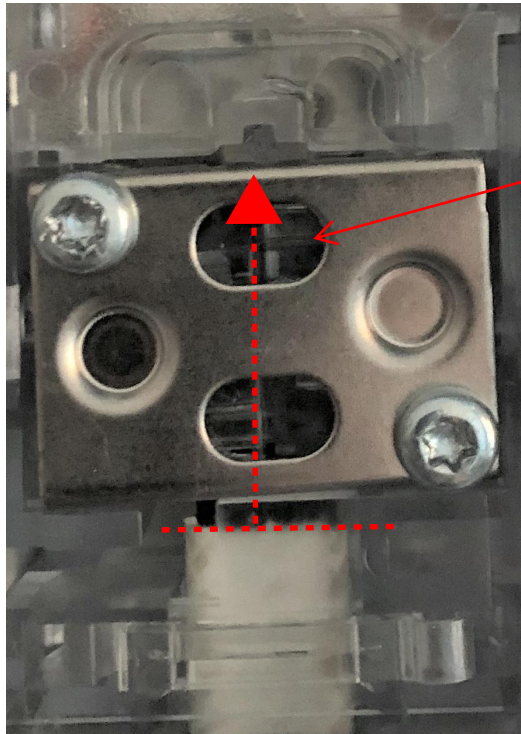
Insulation resistance testing is the electrical version of pressure testing a pipe. The resistance of the primary jacket is measured from the bus wire (black) to braid (green) at a high voltage to be sure there is no damage. Raychem requires this to be done up to 2500VDC because that is the voltage required to jump the thickness of the primary jacket. Readings below 1000M ohms at 2500VDC indicate damage or incorrect component installation.



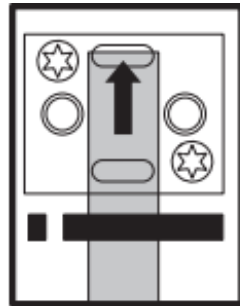
Raychem requires a minimum insulation resistance (IR) of 1000 Mega ohms at 2500VDC



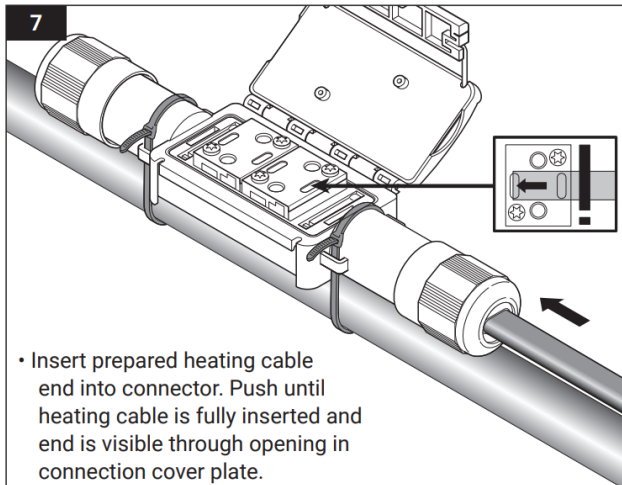
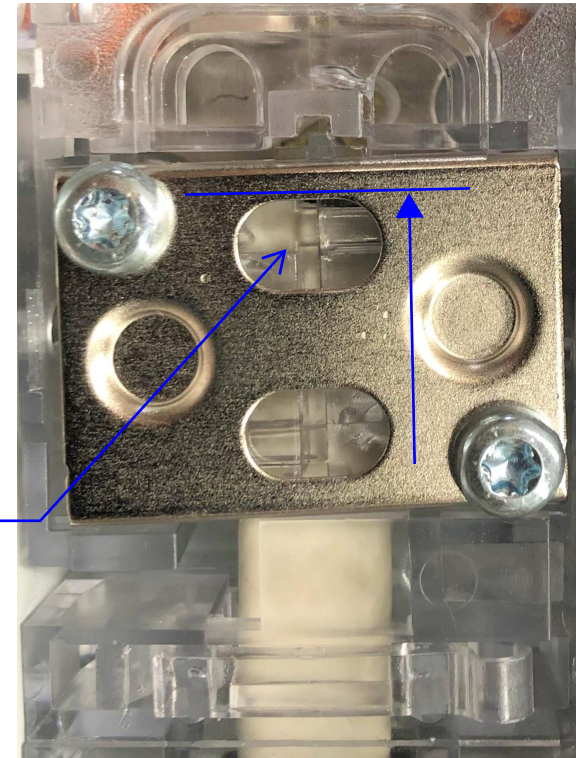
TITLE: RAYCHEM XLE IO Testing Diagrams		
SCALE: NONE	DATE: 11/3/22	REV: A



The heating cable inner jacket should be visible in both windows



Heating cable inner jacket visible in top window



- Insert prepared heating cable end into connector. Push until heating cable is fully inserted and end is visible through opening in connection cover plate.

Note: Heating cable cannot be removed. The connection and end seal are designed to be installed only once; the heating cable cannot be removed once installed.

Find the powered RayClic instructions here:

https://www.nvent.com/sites/default/files/acquiadam/assets/RAYC_HEM-IM-H55388-RayClicConnectionKits-EN.pdf

Raycllic Power IO video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gKUq8VqPLaw>



TITLE: Proper RayClic Cable Insertion		
SCALE: NONE	DATE: 2/28/23	REV: A



Project

Bus wire to bus wire, ohms

Bus wire to braid, micro farads

Bus wire to braid, mega ohms

insulation resistance minimum passing >1000Mohms at 2500volts

[illegible]