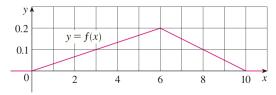
(1) (Problem 8 from the text) Suppose X is a random variable whose probability density function f is graphed below:



- (a) State why f is a valid probability density function.
- (b) Find P(X < 3)
- (c) Find P(3 < X < 8)
- (d) Find the expected value of X.

(2) A random number generator generates a random number X between 3 and 7. Find (i) $P(X \ge 5)$, and (ii) the expected value of X given each of the following probability density functions for X:

and (ii) the expected value of
$$f(x)$$
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(3) Suppose X is a random variable with probability distribution function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{x^3} & x \ge 2\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) What value must k have in order for this to be a valid probability distribution function? (Assume k has this value in the following parts of this problem).
- (b) Find $P(4 \le X \le 5)$ (hint: you might find it easier to do part c before part b)
- (c) Find a formula for the cumulative distribution function F(x) of X, given by

$$F(x) = P(X \le x)$$

- (d) Find the expected value of X.
- (e) The median value of a random variable X is the value m satisfying

$$P(X \le m) = 0.5$$

Find the median value of X in this problem.

(4) Suppose a random variable X has the following probability distribution function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{\sqrt{x}} & 0 < x \le 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where k is a constant.

- (a) What value must k have in order for this to be a valid probability distribution function? (Assume k has this value in the following parts of this problem). Notice that this problem involves a Type II improper integral.
- (b) Find $P(X \leq \frac{1}{2})$. (hint: you might find it easier to do part c before part b)
- (c) Find a formula for the cumulative distribution function F(x) for X, such that

$$F(x) = P(X < x)$$

- (d) Find the expected value of X.
- (e) The median value of a random variable X is the value m satisfying

$$P\left(X \le m\right) = 0.5$$

Find the median value of X in this problem.

(5) Suppose that X represents the time (in minutes) you must wait for a bus. Suppose the probability density function for X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{10}e^{-x/10} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) What is the probability you will have to wait 10 minutes or less for a bus? (you might find it easier to do part (b) before part (a)
- (b) Find a formula for the cumulative distribution function F(x) of X, given by

$$F(x) = P(X \le x)$$

(evaluate the appropriate improper integral, even if you already know what the answer is)

- (c) What is the average (mean) time you have to wait for a bus?
- (d) The median of a random variable X is defined to be the value m that satisfies

$$P\left(X \le m\right) = 0.5$$

Find the median time you must wait for a bus.

- (e) What is the probability that you will have to wait less than the median time for a bus?
- (6) Let X be a random variable. Suppose that the cumulative distribution furnction for X is

$$P(X \le x) = g(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \arctan x$$

Notice this is the cumulate distribution function for X, not the probability density function.

- (a) Find $P(X \le 1)$
- (b) Find $P(X \le -1)$
- (c) Find $P(-1 \le X \le 1)$
- (d) Find the probability distribution for X.
- (e) Find the expected value of X. Justify your answer fully, writing an improper integral.