

# BIN LADEN'S PLAN EXPOSED!

The Downfall of Al Qaeda Begins at

**BLPlan.org** 

# A Suggestion for an Academy Peer Review of The Information Operation at BLPlan.org

How Scientific Validation of the Statistic
"Five Billion People"
Can Demolish Al Qaeda's Ideological Foundation

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### **VERSIONS**

1-Page Executive Summary

http://binladensplan.com/Executive Summary.html

5-Page Illustrative Summary

http://binladensplan.com/Illustrative\_Summary.html

50-Page \_\_\_\_ Abridged Report

http://binladensplan.com/uploads/Abridged\_Report.pdf

280-Page Unabridged Report

http://binladensplan.com/uploads/Bin Ladens Plan Exposed.pdf

This book is dedicated to the scientists of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences who, led by Foreign Secretary Dr. Thomas Malone and the head of the Soviet Academy, prevented a nuclear conflict at the end of the Cold War through an act of scientific diplomacy. As observed by Mikhail Gorbachev, these scientist-statesmen saved the world with the stroke of a pen by independently commissioning joint U.S.-Soviet conferences that highlighted the unacceptable consequences of nuclear winter. The authoritative conclusions from this dialogue dramatically altered the mindset of a Soviet high command mired in the influence of war hawks who advocated offensive nuclear war before economic collapse.



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# MUTINY

#### i. SYNOPSIS: DEFEATING AL QAEDA IDEOLOGICALLY

Humankind can defeat the Bin Laden syndicate by persuading a critical fraction of its followers to believe that the 9/11 War represents a Great Extinction plot secretly orchestrated by Osama bin Laden and his surviving high command. Three statistical trends in Al Qaeda warfare identified at BLPlan.org constitute conclusive scientific evidence of a diabolical scheme to provoke doomsday through the fraudulent fulfillment of apocalyptic prophecies. Unambiguously demolishing the moral legitimacy of Bin Laden's war, these military patterns absolve America as an unwitting pawn in a conflict controlled by the machinations of election-rigging and false-flag operations. Armed with a scientifically validated criminal indictment that reverses Bin Laden's casus belli, the information operation proposed at BLPlan.org can ideologically program the Al Qaeda network to self-destruct in a mutinous insurrection that imprisons its central command.

#### ii. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: A PEER REVIEW

The think tank <u>BLPlan.org</u> highlights three statistical trends in the 9/11 War which together illuminate a genocidal plan to hijack growing millennialist hysteria over "End of Days" prophecies. While publicly masquerading as a *righteous* Islamic insurgent force, Al Qaeda's central command has secretly manufactured a world war designed to vivify an awaited "Apocalypse" conflict

- Slated to erupt in 2001 and move toward climax in 2012
- Involving the world's leading nations against the insurgent armies of a martyred Muslim messiah
- Manifested as battle zones in his command base of Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan, as well as the lands of Iraq, Iran, India, Arabia, Israel and Syria
- Predicted to kill most of the world's population Undisputed facts on public record substantiate the indictment of a doomsday cult for conspiracy to trigger a global nuclear holocaust. Indemnifying America for the 9/11 War, the claim also suggests a counter offensive. An information operation to popularize this historical narrative can eradicate the Bin Laden syndicate by reversing its appeal to millions of pious Muslims.

As an enterprise to inspire mutiny against Al Qaeda leaders by exposing their "Great Extinction" plot, the academic initiative presented authoritatively (1) at BLPlan.org may well coalesce into a peer review coordinated by the U.S. National Academy of Sciences. Assessing three measurable patterns in Al Qaeda warfare,

- 1. The World-War Provocateur Phenomenon,
- 2. Messiah Pretension, and
- 3. Crusader Baiting,

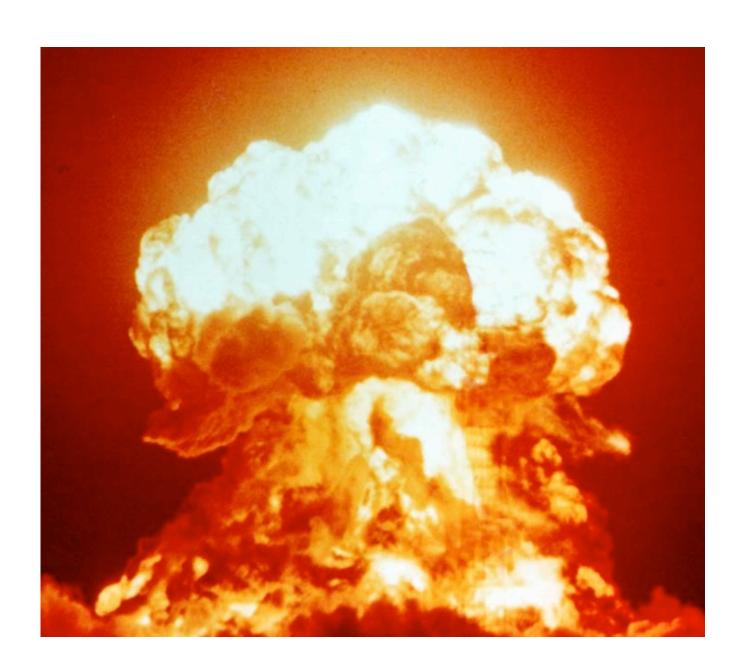
a committee of scientists would calculate the statistical probability that this behavior constitutes a non-random coincidence reflecting a conspiracy to murder over five billion people and lay waste to Earth.

#### iii. PROLOGUE

The following dissertation presents the thesis of <u>BLPlan.org</u> This nonprofit counterterrorism think tank directs an eponymous information operation and educational website. The overarching public awareness campaign unveils conclusive evidence of a criminal conspiracy that can inspire mutinous insurrection against the Al Qaeda leadership. Largely present or hyperlinked in the keystone document below, the complete blue prints for the peacemaking psychological operation are collected in the website's 1,000-page archive. See References for citations, links and detailed quotations from leading counterterrorism analysts who have validated the essential contentions of the BLPlan.org thesis.

# **THESIS**

# A Criminal Indictment Invalidating Bin Laden's Call To Arms



#### I

### THREE AL QAEDA PATTERNS

Sixty years after a man playing Messiah willfully provoked World War II, another world war has erupted for the same reason. Among the many forces driving the 9/11 War, the chief provocateur has wielded a dominant influence that crafted the conflict to serve one agenda. The leadership commanding the Al Qaeda network of guerrilla militants seeks to imitate superficially the army of the awaited Islamic savior known as the Sunni Mahdi, a world-conquering Muslim Messiah described in Sunni apocalyptic literature. A nexus between the vanity of a spoiled Saudi prince and the power-hungry ambition of an Islamic doomsday cult has spawned a war surreptitiously engineered to self-fulfill millennialist interpretations of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy. As a means to hijacking the most powerful authority in the Islamic world, Al Qaeda plots to guide the prophetically timed 9/11 War from one prophesied

war theater to the next until arriving at the planetary destruction envisioned in "End of Days" mythology. This scenario involves a death toll of five billion people, as well as a ravaged post-apocalyptic biosphere. Nuclear explosions, radiation contamination and prolonged sunlight deprivation decimate all life on Earth and condemn survivors to suffer through an epochal nightmare.

By mimicking the salient details of famous millennium predictions, Bin Laden's doomsday cult has manufactured evidence designed to persuade the Muslim world to perceive the 9/11 conflict to be the foretold Apocalypse War. Al Qaeda's propaganda has vocalized this perspective by implicitly casting Bin Laden as the martyred Sunni Mahdi while openly identifying itself as the Mahdi's army. This propaganda has also labeled the American superpower as the dreaded "Great Satan Empire", the mythological perpetrator of the prophesied Great Extinction event that the Muslim Messiah destroys in order to conquer the world. More than even the Sunni Mahdi himself or his army, the Messiah's nemesis that oppresses the Muslim world and presides over a Great Extinction event serves to justify his global insurgency and corroborate the identity of its vanquisher as the savior of Islam. Simply play-acting the Muslim Messiah would not suffice as a persuasive fulfillment of the prophecy. Al Qaeda requires the U.S. to act like the belligerent, self-serving "Great Satan Empire" in the eyes of Muslims.

Supported by the most expansive propaganda campaign ever conducted by a terrorist group, the Bin Laden syndicate has covertly aimed to vivify its rendition of the Apocalypse War. Manufacturing artificially all of the elements of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy, the self-proclaimed army of the savior even surreptitiously fabricated the very belligerencies of the "Great Satan Empire" that validate the righteousness of the mythological messiah. Most importantly, the

theatrical effort to direct this dramatic performance of an Islamic Apocalypse epic involved precisely configuring the 9/11 War to match the time and geographical locations of the prophesied conflict's major battle zones. Following this script, the Bin Laden syndicate engaged the United States to fight its insurgent armies since 2001 in the ancient lands of Khorasan, Babylon and Arabia (modern-day Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan and Iran, Iraq, and the Arabian Peninsula (Yemen), respectively).

Al Qaeda's strategy to spawn the contemporary Islamic account of the Apocalypse has hinged on its ability to model a defensive insurgency while launching election-rigging and false-flag operations that target the United States. Through such devious tactics the Bin Laden syndicate has goaded America into creating U.S.-Al Qaeda battlefields in these prophesied regions during prophetically significant time periods. Facilitating Al Qaeda's charade, the creation of these war arenas has coincided with other criterion of the prophecy slated to occur near the climax of the Apocalypse conflict. The Great Extinction event is preceded by a pan-Islamic political revolution, a particularly horrific war in Syria and an occupation of Jerusalem by a belligerent modern state of Israel. Supported by the Great Satan Empire, Israel wages a war on the Palestinians and other Arab neighbors on the eve of the climax in the mythological account. Al Qaeda aims to finish orchestrating this scripted final act.

While covertly directing a criminal conspiracy to murder most of the Earth's population and then blame America, Al Qaeda's leadership has left a trail of evidence encapsulated in three war trends

• THE HISTORICAL, a telescopic view of the Al Qaeda menace termed "The World-War Provocateur Phenomenon"

- THE ESCHATOLOGICAL, a millennialist perspective on Al Qaeda's strategy termed "Messiah Pretension"
- THE GEOPOLITICAL, a microscopic examination of Al Qaeda's tactics termed "Crusader Baiting"

Pervading the foundation of Bin Laden's global insurgency, these three clandestine objectives have propelled his political movement since its inception and continue to lead his terrorist network toward inciting a nuclear war under the command of his top lieutenant. Disclosure of this Great Extinction strategy holds the potential to realize the ideological formula that has so far eluded the superpower -- an indictment of Al Qaeda that can persuade its followers to renounce Bin Laden's war without renouncing their values. Such a solution could trigger the collapse of the Bin Laden syndicate in a mutinous insurrection that imprisons its central command and terminates the 9/11 War.



#### II

# THE WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PHENOMENON

An anomalous historical parallelism links inextricably the apocalypticist behind the 9/11 War with the apocalypticist behind World War II -- history's most reviled man, Adolf Hitler. Unseen until now, an unlikely statistical nexus exists between two world wars provoked by Messiah pretenders who targeted the leading Western nations and the Jewish people. In an astonishing real-life case of déjà vu, Bin Laden's career chronology exhibits a highly unique fingerprint: a time-stamped series of major historical milestones that replicates the one appearing in Hitler's career.

Recounted sequentially in millions of history textbooks located on shelves inside every nation, the repeating 27-year timelines of the world-war provocateurs constitute a retroactively proven fact identifying Bin Laden with the most hated person ever.

Year 1	A Geopolitical Revolution Begins
Year 5	He Attempts a Military Coup
Year 11	His Country Suffers an Economic Meltdown
Year 16	He Founds His Terrorist Empire
Year 23	2500 U.S. CITIZENS ARE KILLED IN A SURPRISE AERIAL ATTACK on a U.S. Port City, An Age-Defining Act of Mass Murder Immortalized in Images of a Burning American Colossus Sinking into a Man-Made Abyss
Year 24	He Capitalizes on This Attack By Provoking a World War
Vanu 27	He Fella from Derven

**Year 27** He Falls from Power

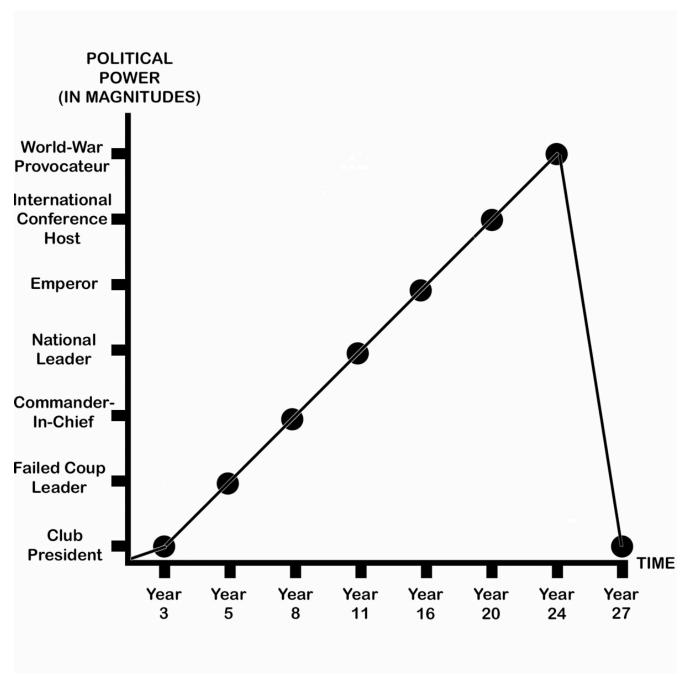
While following this extremely distinctive pattern that includes twenty additional parallel milestone-events, Hitler and Bin Laden each

- Created the planet's most feared revolutionary army
- Forged his own militaristic empire
- Invaded the world's largest empire
- Besieged its capital city in the twenty-third year of his career

During the climactic 24<sup>th</sup> year of both 27-year careers, each man's military adventurism finally instigated a world war against the leading Western powers, including Great Britain, the United States and Russia. The permanent sidelining of Bin Laden in a safe house isolated from his usurping lieutenant and the Al Qaeda high command in 2005, the twenty-seventh year of his career, marked the completion of the parallel sequence that also concluded in Year 27 of Hitler's career with his fall from power. Compounding the improbability of the overarching historical cycle, the only other world-war provocateur, Napoleon Bonaparte, exhibited the same essential parallel chronology of major milestones in his 27-year career. A graph illustrating the thrice-lived career highlights the distinctiveness of the historical anomaly.

#### THE WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PHENOMENON

The Parallel Career Chronologies of Napoleon, Hitler and Bin Laden



See section 3 of References for graph legend and parallelism charts

This historical evidence gleaned from the careers of the three revolutionary warlords characterizes Bin Laden as a malevolent demagogue cast in the mold of the 20<sup>th</sup> century's most infamous mass murderer. Sixty years earlier, this terrorist emperor established new depths to human depravity when he

- Outlined his plan for a holocaustic offensive war in a book titled *Mein Kampf*, which ironically is translated in Arabic to *Jihadi*, or "my jihad"
- Provoked a cataclysmic world war against the same nations
- Challenged them in a race to acquire the nuclear bomb
- Masterminded the Holocaust, and then, when surrounded and bombarded in his capital bunker
- Committed suicide after ordering his nation to self-destruct.

Following a half-century-long historical investigation, public awareness of Hitler's villainous reign of terror has cast him and his associates as the most unrighteous of humanity's brood. Representing a modern model of Hitler's holocaustic world war, Bin Laden's 9/11 War manifests a series of colossal frauds and genocidal conspiracies reminiscent of history's most monstrous crime.

By committing to provoke another world war in a bid for Messiah pretension, Osama bin Laden appears to have unwittingly triggered a previously unknown phenomenon that has framed the 9/11 War as a reenactment of Hitler's war. The parallel career chronology exhibited by the two world-war provocateurs strongly suggests the existence of a major geopolitical cycle that may well classify Osama

bin Laden's organization as a 21<sup>st</sup>-century version of Nazis that threatens all life on Earth. This classification facilitates an ideological repudiation of Al Qaeda with two critical implications.

- 1. Past Crimes: By emphasizing Bin Laden's role as the primary culprit for the 9/11 War, the historical phenomenon serves to absolve the United States for the conflict and focus blame entirely on a modern-day Hitler. In this context, Bin Laden's call for a war to defend oppressed Muslims appears to be just as villainously opportunistic as Hitler's call for a war to defend oppressed Germans in French, Czechoslovakian and Polish territories.
- 2. Future Plots: Depicting the central perpetrators of the 9/11 War as holocaustic world-war provocateurs, this startling historical context for the 9/11 War provides an ideological foundation for constructing an indictment that implicates Bin Laden and the surviving Al Qaeda leadership in a resurrected plot to ignite a global holocaust.

The undisputed historical facts composing the parallel career chronology of Napoleon, Hitler and Bin Laden constitutes a quality of evidence capable of persuading even the most ardent Al Qaeda supporters to renounce Bin Laden's cause. In Hitler we can see the embodiment of a man who stages elaborate deceptions in order to ignite a holocaust. Highlighting both precedence for genocidal Messiah pretension and a fundamental nexus between Bin Laden and the most loathsome perpetrator of this crime, the world-war provocateur phenomenon enhances the ability of the BLPlan.org information operation to utilize direct evidence of Al Qaeda's Great Extinction plot as a catalyst for mass mutiny within the ranks of the Bin Laden syndicate.

#### FURTHER READING

# A BOOK INVESTIGATING THE WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PHENOMENON

http://binladensplan.com/World-War Provocateur.html

ANSWERS TO COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT THE ANOMALY

http://binladensplan.com/PCC\_Q\_A.html

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#### THE 9/11 COMMISSION REPORT

"Bin Laden saw himself as called 'to follow in the footsteps of the Messenger and to communicate his message to all nations,' and to serve as the rallying point and organizer for a new kind of war to destroy America and bring the world to Islam."

#### U.S. COUNTERTERRORISM CZAR JOHN BRENNAN

"How you define a problem shapes how you address it. As many have noted, the President does not describe this as a 'war on terrorism'. That is because 'terrorism' is but a tactic—a means to an end, which in al Qaeda's case is global domination by an Islamic caliphate. President Obama understands that successfully defeating these extremists over the long term requires breaking this bond—exposing al Qaeda as nothing but the death cult that it is and isolating extremists from the people they pretend to serve."

#### INSIDE AL QAEDA AND THE TALIBAN BY SALEEM SHAHZAD

"The 9/11 attacks in 2001 aimed to provoke a war in South Asia. The 26/11 Mumbai assaults in 2008

warned that Al Qaeda was expanding its war to the east, from Central Asian republics to India and Bangladesh, and that many more such actions would follow. In the ideological perspective of Al Qaeda, this was to be a preparation for the "End of Time" battles which were referred to by the Prophet Muhammad (in what is now known as the *Hadith*). These pointed to parts of modern-day Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan and Central Asia as ancient Khurasan. Khurasan was to be the first battleground for the End of Times battles, before a decisive confrontation against the West, with the last battle being fought in the Middle East for the liberation of Palestine and all occupied Muslim lands . . .

"For Al Qaeda these are just measures to keep the West running from pillar to post until it exhausts itself and Al Qaeda can announce victory in Afghanistan. Al Qaeda next aims to occupy the promised land of ancient Khurasan, with its boundaries stretching all the way from Central Asia to Khyber Paktoonkhwa through Afghanistan, and then expand the theatre of war to India. The promised messiah, the Mahdi, will then rise in the Middle East and Al Qaeda will mobilize its forces from ancient Khurasan for the liberation of Palestine, where a final victory will guarantee the revival of a Global Muslim Caliphate."

#### Ш

#### **MESSIAH PRETENSION**

#### OVERVIEW: THE 9/11 WAR IS A MAHDI BID

Since the dawn of the millennium, the superpower has officially identified Bin Laden's millennialist religious war to be its greatest national security threat. Al Qaeda's conduct on the world stage during this period persuasively substantiated the intelligence assessment. Manipulating allies and enemies alike with the subtlety of a seamstress, the terrorist syndicate spun the fabric of the 9/11 War to resemble a prophesied Apocalypse conflict. Envisioned as a world war between Islam and Judeo-Christianity waged in predestined locations at an anointed time, the mythological battle triggers a Great Extinction event.

The apocalypticism of the Bin Laden brain trust continues a 1300-year-old tradition that focuses on a select group of vague doomsday prophecies. Before the age of Al Qaeda, dozens of less influential

Islamic insurgencies employed the messianic "End of Days" legend as a propaganda tool to seize absolute power over Muslim populations. With unprecedented fanaticism and deceit, Bin Laden's secretive doomsday cult has also masqueraded under the flag of the righteous Muslim Messiah known as the Sunni Mahdi. Based on the same pliant script penned centuries ago and clichéd from overuse, Al Qaeda's leadership quietly directs a global guerrilla network to fabricate the fabled insurgency of the righteous Islamic warlord.

The Bin Laden syndicate aims to fashion superficially a complete fulfillment of one popular contemporary version of the Islamic Apocalypse. Echoing the nebulous epic showcased by Mahdist insurgencies since the late seventh century, the current rendition opportunistically adjusts the prophecy's frequently revised time frame to coincide with the modern Christian millennium. Al Qaeda purposefully vivified the forecasted setting for the doomsday conflict by triggering the millennial eruption of a global religious war that featured the Apocalypse's initial geographical war zones in Afghanistan and Iraq. This event synchronized with the syndicate's ongoing impersonation of the underdog army following the martyred Muslim Messiah who defeats the genocidal superpower known as the "Great Satan Empire". A prophecy-checklist chart highlights essential parallelisms between Bin Laden and the Sunni Mahdi.

#### **MESSIAH PRETENSION**

Bin Laden's Fraudulent Imitation of the Awaited Muslim Savior

BIN LADEN	MODERN SUNNI ISLAMIC BELIEFS ABOUT THE MAHDI
X	A wealthy Saudi starts a global religious war at the dawn of the Christian millennium
X	He confronts a purported "Great Satan Empire" that is oppressing Muslims
X	The reckoning begins in his command base of Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan, then spreads to Iraq and the Arabian Peninsula
X	He merges his worldwide Islamic insurgency with local Muslim insurgencies and unleashes a pan-Islamic revolution
X	At the end of 2012 his army escalates the war with new battle theaters surrounding Israel, including Egypt, Gaza and Syria
X	Martyred before his army's ultimate victory, he dies from a head wound sustained in combat with the "Great Satan Empire"

After successfully self-fulfilling most of the Apocalypse scenes, Al Qaeda's theatrical war now appears to approach its scripted climax and denouement for Judgment Day in the Holy Land. Theoretically, the mass deception accomplished through completion of the spellbinding performance could create conditions favorable for the global syndicate of Islamic militants to replace America as lone superpower. Supported by a billion believing Muslims, Al Qaeda's hidden network could successfully confront a vulnerable United States in an existential conflict that kills billions and transforms the Earth into a post-apocalyptic desert wasteland. Its martyred cult leader could then claim Islam's highest authority posthumously, rule the world from the grave by nuclear terrorism through the proxy force of his religious war machine, and preside in spirit over the remaking of civilization.

#### PERSONAL ORIGINS

What rare medley of depravity, megalomania and ambition for power could spawn the intention to manufacture a Great Extinction event?

Al Qaeda has quietly harnessed the age-old Mahdist ploy of self-fulfilling prophecy and secretly charted an entirely new course for its messianic Islamic revolution. The Bin Laden syndicate's intention to incite the murder of billions in a conflict that irradiates the planet's biosphere and blocks sunlight from its inhabitants for years radically distinguishes its claim to the throne of Muslim Messiah. Representing another mutation to emerge from the nuclear age, the "fundamentalist" Mahdism practiced by Al Qaeda exists as a fusion between the messianic fantasy of a spoiled Saudi prince and the power-hungry ambitions of his doomsday cult. Even after the cult

leader's assassination in May 2011, this cancerous testament to Bin Laden's career as a revolutionary leader continues to dominate the 9/11 War through a high command dedicated to self-fulfilling the prophecy of the Sunni Mahdi.

#### Bin Laden's Father

Not surprisingly, the Sunni Mahdi myth has long permeated the theological beliefs of the Bin Laden family. Osama's self-made-billionaire father personally indoctrinated his many brethren. Mohammad bin Laden's words bore the weight of a venerated national hero who had saved the Saudi kingdom from bankruptcy in the early 1960s and, later, had restored the dilapidated architecture housing Islam's most hallowed grounds. Channeling the powers of his office as a transnational construction magnate and close confidant of the world's richest king, Mohammad committed his resources to elevating the Muslim world's apocalyptic hysteria. Most conspicuously, he donated millions of dollars to an organization dedicated to facilitating the coming of the Muslim Messiah.

Some measure of the direct impact that Mohammad bin Laden's fortune had on the world appears in his own son's earthshaking Mahdi bid. Al Qaeda's oil-rich war chest has processed hundreds of millions of dollars inherited by Osama or otherwise bequeathed to his cult by his billionaire Saudi family and his father's militant Islamist associates. Perhaps more influentially than the billionaire's money and contacts, Mohammad's mentoring in Mahdism changed history. The proactive apocalypticism espoused by the Saudi king's MVP spurred pupils to militant action. Some participated in attempts to fulfill artificially the Sunni Mahdi prophecy through

plots for international mega-terrorism. Examined in detail below, these Mahdi bids inspired in part by Mohammad bin Laden's legacy of doomsday fixation include the 1979 Grand Mosque siege, the World Trade Center bombings of 1993 and 2001, the foiled 2006 Atlantic Airliners plot and the 2008 Mumbai Massacre.

The Bin Laden patriarch's interest in modern interpretations of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy included one widely observed criterion concerning the name of Islam's expected savior. The prediction stipulates that the awaited king of Islam and his Saudi father would both bear the name of the Prophet Mohammad. This was the case when Mohammad named each of his twenty sons, including his son Osama ("The Lion") bin Mohammad bin Laden. Both father and son came to learn that Islamic scriptures describe the Sunni Mahdi as a tall, wealthy Saudi with the Prophet Mohammad's name. On the cornerstone of this prophetic potential, Mohammad bin Laden raised his spoiled millionaire sons (at least the taller ones) to covet Islam's highest throne. Since the advent of the Mahdi prophecy many decades after the Prophet Mohammad's time, thousands of ambitious tall rich Saudi men have walked the sands of the Peninsula. Inevitably, some of these individuals try utilizing this personal endowment as part of a Mahdi claim. Rather than beginning with Bin Laden, this tradition of Saudi Messiah pretension extends back thirteen hundred years.

When Osama was a young boy, father and son would talk about messianic salvation alone inside a tent on hiatus from the Saudi spiritual wasteland of the 1960s. Swallowed in a desert in a nation of desert, the future 9/11 Destroyer and his father swam the currents of emotional fallout from humanity's closest brush with doomsday at the hands of Americans and Soviets in Cuba. Meanwhile, the juggernaut of U.S. culture continued an invasion of the hermitic

Islamic holy land that threatened Saudi culture and independence. Simultaneously the superpower armed Israel to conquer all of the disputed city of Jerusalem and humble its Muslim neighbors. Trapped in this seemingly apocalyptic scenario, the life of all Muslims hung precariously on the uncertain whim and questionable competence of belligerent non-Muslim invaders.

Appalled by this geopolitical reality, the billionaire Saudi Mahdist appears to have tried to breed the expected Muslim Messiah in order to save an Islamic world under siege. In theological discussions during the father-son camping trips of the turbulent sixties, the "savior of Islam's guardians" introduced his 17<sup>th</sup> son to the myth of Islam's beloved future leader and then advised Osama to facilitate the fulfillment of the prophecy. In a testament to the reckless ambition of the Saudi construction magnate, his attempt to encourage his son to imitate the awaited savior paradoxically created a Saudi Frankenstein monster. Mohammad instilled the quietly listening Osama with an ambition for Messiah pretension so intense as to kill five billion people and trigger rapid worldwide desertification simply to fulfill the doomsday aspect of the prediction. Mohammad's creation was megalomania so great as to aspire to physically transform the planet into the idealized version of the Prophet Mohammad's 7<sup>th</sup> century Arabia championed by Al Qaeda's fundamentalist creed. Ironically, this very same image of a barren wasteland had helped to spawn Mohammad's fearful apocalyptic premonitions during the Cuban Missile crisis that prompted him to try fathering Osama as a savior to prevent such a Great Extinction event.

As both a trainer in the convoluted theology of Mahdism and a heroic model who had saved Islam's guardians and holy sites, Osama's self-important father fostered in life and death his princely son's ambition to play the role of Messiah. In a humbly delivered boast of arrogant presumption, Mohammad foreshadowed his own death as well as his son's world war. The well-traveled Bin Laden patriarch famously bragged that he possessed the Prophet Mohammad's power to pray at each of Islam's holiest sites during a single day. Dividing his time between dozens of children and a multibillion-dollar business, the towering patriarch had little time for his seventeenth son, and even less after he divorced Osama's mother due to her lack of piety as a Muslim. Despite the life-long religious influence exerted by this megalomaniac on Osama, it was capped by brevity when the princely son lost his father at age ten in an aircraft disaster.

#### Osama's Other Forgers

The accidental death of Mohammad bin Laden at the hands of an American pilot occurred in the wake of the Arab world's humiliating military defeat at the hands of U.S.-backed Israel in 1967. Marking a time of profound "doom and gloom" in the Arab world, the period was characterized by a mood of indignation and helplessness in the face of Western invaders. As they yearned for salvation from a mounting array of existential threats, downtrodden Muslims witnessed Israel implicitly threaten its own global nuclear war by fulfilling a famous apocalyptic prediction that claims the anticipated war would begin in the decades after the creation of a modern state of Israel in control of Jerusalem. Born in Bin Laden's caldron of despair during 1968, a life-consuming ambition emerged that aimed to fulfill his father's dream by becoming the Muslim Messiah and saving Islam from the superpowers.

Throughout these desperate years that marked the dawn of the age of

transnational Islamic terrorism, mounting public anticipation of the Sunni Mahdi's arrival helped encourage Osama's megalomaniacal worldview that he was in fact the awaited savior of Islam. Young Osama's famous piety already reflected a deep interest in the Mahdicentered faith of his father when the modern Islamic Revolution began in 1979. The concurrent advent of Bin Laden's career as a political revolutionary leader occurred only weeks after a Saudi rebellion by another man pretending to be the awaited Messiah. That event ended with a suicidal massacre at the heart of Islam, a terrorist conspiracy with alleged links to the Mahdist-sympathetic Bin Laden family. Amidst the apocalyptic frenzy gripping the Muslim world in 1979, Bin Laden stepped onto the world stage to stake his own claim to the throne of Muslim Messiah in battle against the menacing superpowers that had incited the revolution.

Immersed in the Afghan-Soviet War six years after the Mahdist siege of Mecca, the son whom Mohammad bin Laden named "the lion" created his own messianic army using his family's fortune and contacts. Dedicating his militant group to the cause of saving the Muslim world from the two superpowers, Bin Laden commanded this independent insurgent group in Afghanistan from 1986-1989 that

- Waged war on the invading Soviet army while plotting a future war in Russia's Muslim-dominated provinces that would spread to the Russian homeland
- Publicly advocated economic warfare against the United States while planning an act of mega-terrorism, the destruction of the World Trade Center, designed to draw America into the type of military quagmire that was destroying the Soviet superpower from Afghanistan

Exhibiting a bellwether of his future megalomaniacal schemes, Bin Laden's Mahdist bid to incite an apocalyptic war with the superpowers in the 1980s represented a stunning diversion from the cause of liberating Soviet-occupied Afghanistan.

In 1986 the princely Saudi had appointed himself supreme commander of the Afghan resistance, named his new private army after himself and launched his own separate war against Russia and America designed to ignite doomsday. A schism formed between him and his mentor Abdullah Azzam, the Muslim cleric who had first encouraged a 22-year-old Osama to assist him with providing logistical support to the Afghan resistance. He had not brought the rich patron to Afghanistan so the man-child could play Messiah and trigger a global nuclear war. But Osama would not listen. In a moment of honesty at this crossroads in his life, the vain Saudi multimillionaire named his organization "The Lion's Den" before settling on the designation "Al Qaeda (meaning The Base)" two years later. Despite the new polished veneer of a grassroots organization, every member of Bin Laden's private army had to swear an oath of loyalty to the supreme commander of the death cult.

Following the convenient assassination of his mentor months after the Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan, Bin Laden assumed control of Al Qaeda's much larger parent organization, the Afghan Services Bureau. Over the next decade, he and his cohorts employed various other devious machinations to infiltrate and influence dozens of large militant Islamic groups across the world. With the Cold War over and the Soviets in collapse, Bin Laden turned his attention to the remaining superpower. After his intentional expulsion from Saudi Arabia in 1991 and prior to his comfortable establishment inside Taliban-controlled Afghanistan from 1996-2001, Bin Laden covertly ordered the first World Trade Center bombing in a failed

bid to incite an apocalyptic American war in the Middle East. Undeterred, he persisted in his surreptitious endeavor to construct the Sunni Mahdi's global theater. Under the cloak of his cult's shadowy operations, Mohammad bin Laden's most devout son concurrently prepared the foundations for a global terrorist empire that would simulate the war machine of the Sunni Mahdi.

During this pivotal time in Al Qaeda's rise to power, the Bin Laden family particularly lamented the recent death of Osama's eldest brother in an American plane crash. Only he possessed the authority in Osama's eyes to speak persuasively the truth that the whole family knew -- "Osama, you must stop playing Messiah, come home, and apologize for trying to ignite the Apocalypse". Alas, in the two decades since Osama began his Mahdist ploy, the Mahdist-influenced Bin Laden family failed to deter Osama or warn the public about the Great Extinction plot. The family's code of silence about the 17<sup>th</sup> son's plans for a global nuclear holocaust raises serious doubts about the loyalties of its multi-billion dollar commercial empire.

Twenty-three years after the 1979 Mahdi massacre in Mecca, Osama formalized his own bid at Messiah pretension. Using Saudi pilots to massacre Americans on the nation's most sanctified grounds, he "avenged" the deaths of his family patriarchs and fellow Muslims while superficially fulfilling his father's dream of a Messiah son. After all the years of expectations, the purported Sunni Mahdi had arrived to begin his world war against the superpower popularly labeled "the Great Satan". Osama's choices before and after his 9/11 attack clearly suggest he led a career dedicated at all cost to proving that he was in fact this foretold King of Islam. He imagined himself playing the lead role in the human drama as the beloved savior who millions of Muslims had awaited, including the father he had rarely

ever seen. Privately encouraged by his billionaire family, a depraved Saudi prince playing Messiah had started the 9/11 War.

Bin Laden's 2011 assassination continued his imitation of the martyred Sunni Mahdi while also underscoring the motives of the remaining Al Qaeda leadership who conspire to ignite the Great Extinction event. Examined in detail below, the Bin Laden syndicate's strategy ultimately aims to assign blame to the American superpower for the entire 9/11 War leading up to a doomsday event. If the confidence scam were successful, the scheme would frame America for history's most unforgivable act of mass murder. Survivors living in a post-apocalyptic wasteland would identify the loathed superpower as the expected "Great Satan Empire" of the Apocalypse War. In turn, unprecedented anti-American sentiment would generate a surge in mass support for Al Qaeda, depicted as the prophesied messianic Islamic cult representing the superpower's foremost adversary that cannot be targeted with nuclear weapons.

Success in this public relations coup would confer upon Al Qaeda's leadership, by prophetic association, the greatest spiritual or secular authority attainable in the Muslim world. Beyond gratifying Bin Laden's ego retroactively, the scepter of the Sunni Mahdi would empower his anointed successors with the ability to rule Islam. The presumption of prophetic authentication for Al Qaeda's purported divine righteousness would represent the ideological cornerstone for sustainable world domination. Enforced through nuclear terrorism, the emboldened world power could freely flex its unique nuclear capability: the ability to detonate nuclear weapons anywhere without the possibility of a nuclear counterstrike destroying the non-state actor. Physically cloaked with invisibility and ideologically camouflaged with feigned righteousness, Al Qaeda's calculated murder of five billion people and irradiation of the biosphere would

serve as a most unrighteous method for stealing America's throne as lone superpower. With attacks like 9/11 and the Mumbai Massacre, Al Qaeda's leadership has revealed that it would prefer to rule in the hell of a nuclear wasteland rather than serving in the paradise of the human prospect.

#### **ANCIENT ORIGINS**

The Islamic narrative of the prophesied Apocalypse rewrites preexisting "End of Days" mythology to recount the victory of Muslims in the final religious war. This ancient vision of the foretold conflict that precipitates Judgment Day exerts influence today through revered contemporary interpretations of the account. The modern scriptural genesis for the 9/11 War exists not in Koranic precedents for religious wars that kill civilians and employ suicidal warfare, as Al Qaeda propaganda contends, but in non-Koranic ancient prophecies containing cryptic speech that Islamic apocalypticists have subjectively data-mined for contemporary relevancy. From thousands of apocalyptic prognostications formulated by countless individuals across the ancient world, 99.9% receive no attention in these prophetic analyses. Islamic apocalypticists sanctify the remaining .1% of the presages that superficially appear to corroborate their Mahdi claim because of the vagueness of the language or normal statistical coincidences.

The venerated group of predictions not overlooked by Islamic apocalypticists includes

- The original prophecy's non-Koranic Muslim scriptures
- Judeo-Christian prophetic traditions encapsulated in the

## Book of Revelation

 Newly available forecasts for the modern age of the Christian millennium cherry-picked from the literature of a range of other ancient cultures, including Mayan, Egyptian, Irish and even the medieval French Jew Nostradamus

Nominally, the Islamic prophetic tradition continued by modern revisionists originated in post-Mohammad Muslim scripts. These beliefs later assimilated with a shifting group of hazy predictions from around the world that dozens of failed Messiah pretenders highlighted as proof of their claims. In reality, the synthesis of prognostications constitutes a rendition of a single non-Islamic chronicle: the 2,000-year-old Christian Apocalypse epic foretelling a "clash of civilizations" world war that pits Judeo-Christianity versus a rival religion.

The Islamic-centered version of the biblical account of doomsday revolves around a co-messiah known as the Sunni Muslim Mahdi. His insurgent army battles the "Great Satan Empire" responsible for the Apocalypse War. The final seven years of this earthshaking reckoning immediately precedes the 1,000-year reign of the second coming of Jesus Christ, one event that the Koran actually does foretell. The non-Koranic Sunni Mahdi prophecy contends paradoxically that the Christian Messiah actually returns in the form of a subordinate Muslim messiah who imposes the Sunni Mahdi's vision of Islam on the world after this alpha messiah wins the Apocalypse War.

Unlike other aspects of "End of Days" mythology, the purportedly righteous trailblazer for the reincarnation of Jesus only appears in one prophetic tradition. The relatively new addition to the characters

of the age-old Apocalypse drama originated from a series of non-Koranic verses claiming that the Prophet Mohammad predicted this future holy warrior to be the savior of Islam. Most damningly, the Koran's account of the Apocalypse omits any mention of this alleged savior who some identify as the central character of the doomsday saga. The Koran's inclusion of the Jesus character and exclusion of the Sunni Mahdi character has not dissuaded Muslim apocalypticists who have interwoven the new protagonist into a detailed revision of apocalyptic traditions.

The persona of the Muslim Messiah materialized from a paradoxical transformation of the genocidal terrorist from Christian mythology known as the Antichrist of the Apocalypse. Revelation famously identifies this provocateur of the Final War, known as "the King Destroyer of 9:11" and "the 666 beast of 13:18", to be the leader of a satanic global empire. This avowed enemy of Judeo-Christianity wages a global religious war that reaps for him world domination during the final seven years preceding the millennial reign of Jesus. In rewriting the apocalyptic prophecy for an Islamic audience, Muslim apocalypticists ironically seized upon the villain and morphed him into a righteous Muslim messiah who performs the same sequence of events.

In order to separate the man from the unforgivable sin of igniting doomsday, the Islamic version of Revelation presents two new characters that emerged through a demonic fission of the Antichrist. By the pen of early Islamic clerics, the infamous culprit from Revelation split into two polar opposites. A righteous leader identified as the Muslim Messiah, who appears otherwise to be a clone of the original Antichrist, now battles an entirely new figure classified as the "real" Antichrist. Characterizing Jesus as a deputy for the Muslim Messiah's seven-year domination of the planet, the

Islamic rendition completely reverses the Revelation description of a Jesus who battles a terrifying juggernaut that rules the world for the same seven-year period.

According to this revised perspective on the ancient myth of the Apocalypse War, the Destroyer of 9:11 actually saves Islam from belligerent Judeo-Christian armies controlled by the "real" Antichrist and his agent, the "Great Satan Empire". This Islamic account of Revelation reassigns blame for the war's Great Extinction event from the 9:11 Destroyer to these two late-edition antagonists. The newly christened Muslim Messiah assumes the role as the righteous vanquisher of Allah's foremost enemies. The elimination of the tyrannical forces of the geopolitical establishment by the Sunni Mahdi paves the way for the thousand-year reign of his deputy Jesus. Through a series of conspicuous contradictions, this revisionist interpretation of Revelation ensures Islam's distinction as the triumphant party in the "final conflict".

# AL QAEDA'S CONTEMPORARY INTERPRETATION

Despite their favoritism for vague and paradox-laden prophecies from the ancient world, contemporary Muslim apocalypticists have not hesitated to interpret "definitively" a detailed Apocalypse chronicle. These scribes who inspired the modern Sunni Mahdism underlying Al Qaeda's secretive war strategy prognosticate an intricate sequence of events for the Apocalypse revolving around the righteous-version of the 9:11 Destroyer. In choosing the sequence "9, 11" as one of the specially selected launch dates for the world-war-provoking attack, Bin Laden purposefully began to self-fulfill this Revelation-based prediction in name. He accomplished a titular objective by popularizing the age-defining term "9/11" through the

act of colossal destruction that started his world war against a superpowerful enemy labeled "the Great Satan Empire". Now Bin Laden is known worldwide as the 9-11 Destroyer, an epithet for Al Qaeda's cult leader that increasingly resonates with both Muslims and Christians as his army surreptitiously vivifies more of the Apocalypse War recounted in Revelation.

Since beginning the 9/11 era with an implicit claim to the throne of the Sunni Mahdi, Al Qaeda has willfully manufactured Bin Laden's war to create superficially the scenes in the modern Islamic rendition. According to one popular interpretation of the malleable prognostications underlying Sunni Mahdism, at the turn of the Christian millennium the Muslim military juggernaut would appear on the world stage in the personage of an exiled Saudi insurgent commander. The Sunni Mahdi would arrive during Islam's darkest hour when the Muslim people suffered terribly from the iniquities of infidel civilizations. Championing an anti-imperialist and Islamic-revivalist revolution, he would create a global stateless empire that wages a worldwide holy war for twelve years against a superpowerful "Great Satan Empire".

Maligned in the eyes of many as the greatest threat to life on Earth and Islam in particular, the satanic infidel empire would sponsor armies to subjugate the Muslim world before and during the Mahdi's coming. Founded in the era preceding his arrival, the modern state of Israel would figure prominently among the proxy forces of the "Great Satan Empire" inside the realm of Islam. At the time of the Mahdi's millennial war, Israel would control Jerusalem (one of Islam's most sanctified cities). The Mahdi would emerge as the foremost opponent of the Jewish people, battling the Israeli military occupation in Palestine as well as attacking the Jewish people worldwide. The Mahdi's war against the "Great Satan Empire" and

its allies would define this pivotal era in human history, distinguishing the Islamic Messiah as history's most powerful Muslim in terms of political and economic influence.

The life-imitating myth initially centers on the caves of the Sunni Mahdi's mountainous base in Greater Khorasan (a geographical region encompassing the lands of modern-day Afghanistan and Northwestern Pakistan). Here the Mahdi helps to establish a puritanical Muslim state that serves as a model for his future global caliphate. From this location the Islamic Messiah harnesses his unique authority as ruler of Islam to draft all Muslims into his army by issuing religious edicts demanding their support. Commanding a globally entrenched war machine from the underground fortress, his high command directs its soldiers to combat the oppression of Muslims. The Sunni Mahdi's warriors invade many of the world's nations and launch the most devastating attacks on the "Great Satan Empire" and its allies, distinguishing the Messiah as the greatest contemporary Muslim warlord. The prophetic rendition of this scenario that Al Qaeda willfully set in motion with 9/11 during the millennialist time frame has featured an identical story that primarily seeks to portray America as the mythological "Great Satan Empire" and Bin Laden's army as Allah's righteous enforcer.

In the modern age, particularly after failed Sunni Mahdi prophecies for 1979 and 1993, popular Islamic eschatology increasingly merged with Christian millennialism to anticipate that the theaters for his awaited war would start to appear in 2001. The armed conflict pitting the mobilized forces of the Sunni Mahdi against the Great Satan Empire and its allies would begin simultaneously in two regions. Singled out for this unwelcome distinction is the area of Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan along with lands of Israel and the Palestinian territories. The outbreak of a U.S.-Al Qaeda war and

an Israeli-Palestinian war in these regions at the time of the millennium raised the specter that a genocidal doomsday cult might actually succeed in willfully causing the presaged planetary conflict.

As with the Christian myth of the Antichrist, the Judeo-Christian vision of a world war centered on the disputed city of Jerusalem underwent a demonic fission when interpreted by Islamic apocalypticists. The initial battlefield of the Apocalypse War split into two sites, the original location of Jerusalem and an entirely new war arena located "in the East". While past Mahdist believers construed this imprecise geographical reference to identify any of dozens of different places throughout the Muslim world, contemporary believers in the Sunni Mahdi prophecy confidently pinpoint the ancient land of Khorasan. The region includes modernday Afghanistan and parts of surrounding nations. This fact has led apocalyptic militants since 1979 to converge on Afghanistan and wage war against the two non-Muslim superpowers of the Cold War who implicitly threatened to ignite the prophesied Great Extinction event of the "Great Satan Empire".

After the opening of the Jerusalem and Khorasan war theaters, the modern Islamic rendition of Revelation continues with a forecast describing the expansion of the incendiary conflict. During this second phase of the quarrel that precipitates doomsday, the wildfire of war spreads to the lands of Iraq, Syria and India. Finally, in December 2012 or some future revised date, the Apocalypse War begins to climax in the Abrahamic Holy Lands (the ancient lands of Arabia and Palestine). Although Revelation did originate the "End Times" myth describing battlegrounds in Iraq, Syria and Israel, Islamic apocalypticists added killing fields in India and Iran as extensions of the Afghanistan war zone. Like the Judeo-Christian account, they additionally included the heartland of their religion in

order to emphasize the faith's centrality at the defining moment of the Apocalypse War.

The conflict's two leading belligerents fight each other for years across the various prophesied battlegrounds. The "Great Satan Empire" kills the Muslim Messiah before his war concludes, and only after his martyrdom does the Muslim world finally accept him as the Sunni Mahdi. Ultimately, the army of the Sunni Mahdi conquers the world, but only after the malevolent "Great Satan Empire" unleashes an exchange of weapons fire that kills two-thirds of the world's population and ravages the Earth's biosphere. After years of endeavoring to imitate the detailed war narrative of the expected Messiah while concealing damning evidence to the contrary, Bin Laden's army has impersonated outwardly much of the role scripted for the savior's army prior to its climactic victory.

# **CULTURAL ORIGINS**

Belief in the awaited savior of Islam known as the Sunni Mahdi has existed throughout the Muslim world for more than one thousand years. Naturally, Sunni Mahdi claimants have peppered the history of Islam from its first century into the modern era. Successive generations, some more desperate than others, have reinterpreted the prophetic story of purifying salvation through war in such a way as to mirror their own political circumstances. The absence of a separation between church and state in Islam has institutionalized this false impersonation as the one proven path to absolute power. Perhaps more than any other people, Muslims have employed Messiah pretension as a standard maneuver for political revolt.

Properly duped, followers came to believe that a claimant to the

throne of the Sunni Mahdi had arrived at the predicted time and satisfied most or all of the essential conditions of the prophecy, when in fact he had fulfilled few if any. In truth, each of the fake Mahdis had hyped the imminence of a doomsday event that never happened. Compounding the scale of the fraud, their worlds bore no resemblance to the international scene depicted in ancient apocalyptic mythology. Convenient misreading and blatant oversights of critical elements underlying the Mahdi myth have allowed such charlatans to masquerade as the awaited Messiah in the eyes of desperate and illiterate Muslims repeatedly during the course of the past thirteen hundred years.

In 1880s Sudan a Muslim insurgent leader famously accomplished this feat of deception. Convincing the predominantly illiterate local population that he was the Sunni Mahdi, this "Sudanese" Mahdi persuaded believers that he had arrived at the presaged time to save the world. Before the creation of the modern state of Israel or any of the other prophesied battle zones, his followers believed that his war matched the predicted geographical coordinates for the Apocalypse's battlefields. His war never even expanded beyond the confines of that single country.

During the nuclear age, Mahdist movements found sympathetic populations among particularly downtrodden Muslims lamenting

- The collapse of the last Islamic empire (known as a caliphate) in World War I
- The Israeli subjugation of Palestinians since 1948
- The humiliating Arab loss of Jerusalem to U.S.-backed Israel in 1967 that inspired the dawn of the age of international

Islamic terrorism the following year, memorialized in America when an Arab terrorist assassinated Robert Kennedy

- Recurrent Israeli wars against its Muslim neighbors, particularly Lebanon
- The role of a non-Muslim nation as the official protector of Islam's holiest land, a fact demonstrated by the massive U.S. military presence in Saudi Arabia from 1991-2003
- The prevalence of corrupt and oppressive Western-backed dictatorships in the Muslim world
- The decade-old U.S. war in Afghanistan that destroyed the modern world's first fundamentalist Islamic state
- Protracted U.S. military aggression against Iraqis from 1991-2011
- An additional series of ongoing wars waged by Western armies throughout the Muslim world, including Russia in the Caucuses and Syria, India in Kashmir and Afghanistan, and the United States confronting Al Qaeda's presence in Pakistan, Yemen, Somalia, Gaza, Nigeria, the Philippines, Georgia, as well as other areas of the Middle East, North Africa and Central Asia

Fostering a widespread Muslim grievance about foreign usurpation of Islam's leadership and the tyrannical subjugation of its people, the twentieth century instilled a strong predisposition to embrace zealously the belief in Islam's awaited savior. From Bin Laden's Wahhabi Saudi Arabia to his deputy Zawahiri's secular Egypt, to

Shiite-dominated Iran and Iraq, to Islam's jihad-sympathetic nuclear power Pakistan, to jihad-ravaged Afghanistan and across the Islamic world, a simmering expectation for the Mahdi's arrival during a time of great suffering has held the key to mass appeal in the eyes of Muslims.

Although it may enjoy the largest audience, Al Qaeda is far from the first group to try to hijack the perpetual human longing for salvation that regularly rekindles irrational apocalyptic fervor. Compounding the ideological inconsistencies underlying popular belief in the Sunni Mahdi, a 1300-year-old historical record recounts dozens of failed Mahdi claimants arriving at different places and times yet all claiming to have fulfilled the same cryptic prophecy. This tradition of failure underscores the exceptional malleability of the Islamic Apocalypse prophecy and the gullibility of its adherents. In an age of Muslim despair, Al Qaeda seizes upon this age-old practice of political chicanery and adds a new dimension. In place of the explicit claims to the throne and the poor renditions of the messianic myth that characterized past Mahdist movements, Al Qaeda aims for a holistic approach to fabricated prophetic fulfillment that actually completes the story.

The Bin Laden syndicate's zealous pursuit of a comprehensive prophetic imitation of the entire global narrative of the Apocalypse War has uniquely validated its Messiah pretension in the eyes of Muslims who feel most in need of salvation today. This pool of supporters has ironically mushroomed as Al Qaeda surreptitiously inflicted suffering on Muslims worldwide to a degree unprecedented for a Mahdist group. Globalizing the standard messianic ruse that merely involved localized war arenas, Al Qaeda has succeeded in orchestrating a sequence of landmark events that persuasively simulates the planetary epic of the Apocalypse War. In addition to

allowing for a true world war, the famed "abolition of distance" emerging from globalization has frayed traditional Muslim ties with local groups and enhanced the appeal of Bin Laden's pan-Islamic mission to remedy Muslim grievances worldwide. Another benefactor of the wired times, the Bin Laden syndicate has distinguished itself from preceding Mahdists by satisfying the prophecy's prerequisite for globalization.

#### JUDGMENT DAY'S EVER-CHANGING DATE

The perpetual revisionism inherent in the Mahdist tradition has produced a host of divergent descriptions of the cryptic messianic prophecy that collectively appear to invalidate the convention as a confidence scam. Earlier Sunni Mahdi impersonators foreshadowed how Bin Laden would fictitiously simulate the essential elements of the ancient forecast, such as righteousness. While stretching the interpretations of the same prediction to the limits of plausibility in order to match their personal situations, these charlatans would endeavor to hide any evidence to the contrary. The divinely anointed time frame for the doomsday conflict features as history's most conspicuous example of the ever-changing prophetic criteria that fake Mahdi claimants modify to parallel their individual circumstances. In a vicious cycle transmitted across generations for over a millennium, a violently failed claim has prompted a "redating" and relocating of the anticipated Apocalypse War that, in turn, has inspired another warmongering Messiah pretender from each successive moment in time.

Along with the geographical repositioning of the battlefields, the calendar period for the Sunni Mahdi's war represents the most definitive predictive indicator of the malleable prophecy -- the

space-time coordinate for the event. On the one hand, past Mahdist movements lacked Al Qaeda's ability to imitate the wide-ranging geography of the forecasted global conflict, short of grossly distorting the original scriptures. However, they could simulate the more nebulous timing by synchronizing their Islamic holy wars with prophetically significant calendar periods. The anticipated eras of renewal inspired by the advent of a new century or millennium proved to offer the greatest opportunity for perpetrating the scam.

# The Mujaddid Myth

Islam's proclivity for producing false Messiah claimants at the start of a new century actually formalized this political maneuver as a tradition called the myth of the Mujaddid. Like the Sunni Mahdi saga, the Mujaddid legend materialized as a byproduct of the Islamic penchant for messianism and later received religious validation from a non-Koranic prophecy. The myth of the Mujaddid contends that a righteous messianic figure will appear somewhere in the Muslim world at the beginning of every century on the Islamic calendar. The fable actually incorporates the Sunni Mahdi prediction by proposing that the Muslim Messiah would be the last and greatest of the Mujaddid. Analogously, the Koran recognizes the Prophet Mohammad to be the last and greatest of the Abrahamic prophets that included Moses and Jesus. Echoing the paradoxical origins of the non-Koranic Sunni Mahdi tradition, belief in the righteous Mujaddid appears to overlook the historical fact that all of the revered Mujaddid emerged as clockwork imposters of the Muslim Messiah.

Not unlike the Sunni Mahdi prediction, the muddled vision underlying the Mujaddid myth has not diminished its inherent ability

to foreshadow apocalyptic expectations about new calendar periods. The interrelated forecasts have anticipated a succession of individuals who reliably appear every hundred years to lay claim to the throne of the one true Muslim Messiah. In the modern age, the start of the 13<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> centuries on the Islamic calendar inspired popular speculation about the possible onset of the Apocalypse era that proved useful to the contrivances of two famous Mahdist insurgencies. Both turn-of-the-century periods coincided with attempts by Sunni Mahdi claimants, in 1882 Sudan and 1979 Mecca, to hijack widespread doomsday hysteria by self-fulfilling contemporary interpretations of the prophecy.

At the ambitious age of 22, Bin Laden made his initial attempt at Messiah pretension in the last Mujaddid year. He walked onto a world stage already overcrowded with Mahdi claimants seeking the great prize of 1979. Some of these other characters included

- The leader of the Grand Mosque siege in Mecca (some of whose surviving members later joined Al Qaeda's leadership)
- A Nigerian Messiah pretender
- The messianic Shiite Ayatollah Khomeini of Iran

Joining the stampede for Islam's greatest throne at the start of the 1979 Islamic Revolution, Bin Laden began his career as a revolutionary war leader in the Soviet battlefields of Afghanistan. Like many of his fellow militants, the young Saudi gravitated towards Afghanistan since 1979 both because of the prophetic significance of that year and the modern Islamic belief that the Sunni Mahdi's war would begin in Afghanistan. The Soviet invasion at that time energized Muslim expectations for the imminent eruption

of the doomsday battles.

Contrary to the hopes of many Arab participants, this Afghan conflict did not degenerate into the Apocalypse War in the 1980s. Nevertheless, Bin Laden's unique intention to lead a worldwide religious war from Afghanistan remained undeterred even as the Cold War ended peacefully. When Bin Laden made his final Mahdi bid during the wave of apocalyptic hysteria at the Christian millennium, his failed attempt to wage a world war in the 1980s ironically served as a credential. Having emerged as a revolutionary insurgent leader in the Afghan-Soviet war during the Mujaddid year of 1979, the 9/11 Destroyer appeared to satisfy retroactively the Mujaddid addendum to the Sunni Mahdi prophecy. The religious war machine of the Muslim Messiah pretender now led the 1979 militant Islamic revolution against the superpowers that continues to this day. In the eyes of 1979 Mahdists, the earthshaking Saudi known as Islam's "lion of Mohammad" was a Mujaddid, quite possibly the Sunni Mahdi himself.

Since the Prophet Mohammad founded the religion in 621 AD, the dawn of every century on the Islamic calendar has triggered the rise of a false claimant to Islam's highest throne. After the fact, influential Islamic clerics progressively classified as Mujaddid events the 1400-year series of centennial Mahdi claims that ended with the eruption of the 9/11 War triggered by the 1979 Afghan conflict. The clerics' exceedingly favorable judgment overlooks the fact that all of the Messiah pretenders were unmasked as frauds by their conspicuous failures to complete the Sunni Mahdi prophecy. Al Qaeda hopes to capitalize on the underlying trend: large populations of apocalyptic believers perpetually fail to recognize properly this centennial parade of Messiah pretenders and their constant attempts to revise the prophesied date of Judgment Day.

## THE POLITICAL OPPORTUNITY OF MILLENNIALISM

As a forerunner of modern millennialism, the Mujaddid tradition prefigures an attempt by Mahdists to hijack this related convention. Better than a new century, the symbolism of a new calendar millennium reflects the dawn of a divinely appointed age of destruction and renaissance for civilization. In the eyes of the disenfranchised, the magical time frame might usher in an awaited global leadership that would establish universal justice and equity. The turn of the millennium can inspire influential prophetic expectations of predestined salvation, global purification and the onset of a golden age for humanity.

Authors and interpreters of apocalyptic prophecies have not overlooked the persuasive power of the recurrent temporal symbolism that includes millennialism. Unsurprisingly, a chorus of diverse cultures has produced famous doomsday predictions set to occur at the turn of a millennium. As a new Islamic millennium dawned in 1591, surging expectations for the Sunni Mahdi's arrival reverberated across the Muslim world. At a time when Islam's global influence began to erode in favor of the European Renaissance, this early example of mass desperation coinciding with Muslim millennialism prefigured that of the 9/11 age.

In parallel to medieval Muslim millennialism and the overarching Mujaddid tradition, Christian millennialism also codified the natural human tendency for messianism during new calendar eras. One famous biblical prophecy claims that the Apocalypse would occur at the beginning of a thousand-year period (Revelation 20), an event that believers have presumed would coincide with the Christian calendar. As the first Christian millennium approached in 1000 AD, Christian communities throughout Europe experienced apocalyptic

fervor that precipitated mass panics, suicides and widespread social anarchy. As Western civilization teetered on the brink of collapse from a self-inflicted disaster, the church leadership raised the alarm in 999 AD by solemnly announcing that January 1, 1000 marked the end of the world. The Nazareth faith's first encounter with millennialism augured a future when mass hysteria would again grip populations fixated on the long awaited Second Coming of Christ.

Not unlike Islam, the Christian religion has an expansive history of failed doomsday predictions. Since the first generations of Christianity, believers have been setting and revising the anticipated date of the Jesus messiah's return. The reign of terror by the half-mad Roman Emperor Nero led many early Christians to identify him as the Antichrist who Jesus would defeat in the Apocalypse War. The first instance of Christian millennialism represented a continuation of a doomsaying tradition in which self-proclaimed prophets incorrectly forecasted Judgment Day to occur on dozens of dates, including

800 AD – The Rise of Charlemagne amidst the chaos of medieval Europe prompted many observers to identify him as either the Second Coming of Christ or the Antichrist

1033 – Based on the belief that this year marked the dawn of the second millennium since Jesus' death

1346-1351 – The European black plague generated fears that the blight represented one of the fabled tribulations that befalls humanity during the Apocalypse

No later than 1600 – Martin Luther

1658 – Columbus

1792 – Shakers

1843, 1844, etc. – Seventh-Day Adventists

1914, 1941 – At the outbreak of world wars

1967, 1978 – Jim Jones

1969 – Charles Manson

1982, 2007 – Pat Robertson

Either as a result of religious shenanigans or contemporary social upheaval, Christian communities through the ages have regularly anticipated an imminent doomsday.

The approach of the third millennium rekindled this periodic Christian obsession. Influenced by this school of thought, famed "prophets" of the modern era such as Isaac Newton, Edgar Cayce and Reverend Sun Myung Moon predicted the Apocalypse War would begin during the next millennium era in 2000-2001. Consistent with the expectation for a dramatic transformation of the human species at the beginning of a new thousand-year period, from 1990-2010 the dramatic evolution of the international community from a collection of isolated communities into a unified global society signaled the dawn of a new age for humanity at the start of the third millennium. The simmering anticipation of doomsday erupted into the public's awareness with the shocking phenomenon of mass suicides by violent American cults led by individuals who claimed to be the awaited Christian Messiah. The Jonestown "Kool-

Aid" cult in 1978 Guyana, the 1997 Heaven's Gate cult and the David Koresh cult of Waco, Texas seared this vision of an imminent Apocalypse into the Western consciousness. The latter group triggered its fiery demise in 1993 based in part on a popular contemporary interpretation of the Revelation prophecy that slated the Apocalypse War to begin when the Christian Messiah named David appears seven years before the start of a new millennium.

#### Enter Bin Laden

Still smarting from his failure to transform the 1979 Soviet invasion of Afghanistan into a world war during the 1980s, Bin Laden opportunistically borrowed from the modern world's most famous apocalyptic premonitions, those of the Christian tradition. The warstarved insurgent commander merged his Messiah claim with Christian millennialism when he chose the prophesied year of 1993 for the second of his three bids to ignite the Sunni Mahdi's global conflict. Following the traditional Mahdist model for reinterpreting ancient predictions, Osama simply planned more proactive measures to spark the worldwide conflagration during this new prophetically significant time frame. While American Christian cults finalized plans for mass suicide in dreaded anticipation of an Apocalypse War, Bin Laden launched a failed doomsday plot that initiated surreptitiously his Mahdist war against the "Great Satan" America.

The fledgling terrorist leader designed his first World Trade Center bombing to collapse the Twin Towers, kill 250,000 civilians and release a cyanide gas cloud over lower Manhattan. Al Qaeda conducted the operation with Iraqi operatives and others using Iraqi passports on the anniversary of America's 1991 Gulf War victory over Iraq during a period of renewed U.S.-Iraqi tensions. In the

context of Saddam Hussein's earlier use of cyanide gas against civilian populations, his arsenal of chemical weapons figured centrally in the brewing U.S. No-Fly-Zone conflict with Iraq at the time of the Twin Towers attack. With this frame job Bin Laden intended for the opening salvo of Al Qaeda's war to instigate covertly the WMD conflict in the Middle East anticipated imminently by millions of Christian and Muslim apocalypticists. In preparation for a confrontation with the superpower in 1993 over what he planned to be history's worst act of mega-terrorism, Bin Laden began plotting his first open attack on the United States (targeting U.S. embassies in east Africa with truck bombs similar to the Twin Towers explosive). Simultaneously, he started a campaign to acquire nuclear weapons.

Much to the chagrin of Bin Laden and the other '93 apocalypticists, the Apocalypse War's "seven years of tribulation" did not materialize when Bill Clinton began his presidency. Undeterred, Christian and Islamic doomsayers once again reset the prophecy's chronometer based on a new interpretation of doomsday forecasts. The popularly anticipated period for the Apocalypse now involved a twelve-year war that would begin with the new Christian millennium. Set to start in 2001 and move toward climax at the end of 2012, by 2006 the conflict would supposedly degenerate into the prophesied seven years of tribulation.

After his failure in 1993, Bin Laden waited eight years until the onset of this new time frame before launching his third attempt to provoke the expected world war. As a continuation of the career he began in 1979, Bin Laden's success at duping the Bush administration into a global conflict with the 9/11 attack in the hyped year of 2001 inspired millions of Muslims to embrace his Mahdist dream. They could now clearly identify the Afghan-based Saudi

insurgent commander as one of the Mujaddid, perhaps even the Sunni Mahdi. Islamic apocalypticists have proposed this belief in widely circulated literature, such as the book *Osama bin Laden: Mujaddid al-Zaman wa-qahir al-Amrikan (Bin Laden: The Reformer of our Times and Defeater of the Americans)* by the Saudi scholar Abu Jandal al-Azdi.

Apart from society's fringe, mainstream Evangelical Christian beliefs exhibited by the administration of George W. Bush championed this timeline for apocalyptic millennialism that Al Qaeda endeavored to vivify. In its foreign policy platform published in September 2000 through a neo-conservative think tank called "The Project for the New American Century", the Bush team announced its intention to initiate a new age of U.S. global military domination at the start of the millennium after a public mandate for war had emerged from "a new Pearl Harbor". Bush's post-9/11 decision to begin a worldwide military crusade against an undefined enemy in the first year of the millennium and invade the land of ancient Babylon, a famous event in the Revelation account of the Apocalypse War, occurred in the context of his professed Evangelical fixation on this subject. Some of his Dominionist-Evangelical advisers even supported the invasion of Iraq during the millennium time frame based on their belief that this event would trigger the second coming of Christ "on schedule". Unfortunately, these efforts by Evangelical cults and the Bush administration to self-fulfill popular apocalyptic expectations for the new millennium actually served to facilitate Bin Laden's third Mahdi bid.

## CONTINUING THE PROPHECY FROM 9/11

#### 2006

Having finally achieved the goal of inciting a Mahdist's world war during one of its many prophesied start dates, the Al Qaeda leadership tried to adhere closely to this latest schedule for manufacturing the doomsday conflict. As in 1993 and 2001, the syndicate's next mega-terrorism plot targeting the superpower coincided with a time period when Islamic apocalypticists widely anticipated the simmering 9/11 War would erupt. Waiting for five years while America launched a poorly focused counteroffensive that largely overlooked the high command's base in Northwest Pakistan, Bin Laden's cult acted on cue in 2006 at the opening of the "seven years of tribulation" period. Islamic apocalypticists expected this phase of the 9/11 War to be a time of escalating global warfare that would precede a march to Judgment Day beginning in December 2012.

Reminiscent of Bin Laden's two attempts to kill thousands of Americans at the World Trade Center, Al Qaeda's "Atlantic Airliners plot" in 2006 represented a 9/11 sequel. The scheme aimed to kill thousands of Americans on flights inbound for the United States in an attack with a clear Pakistani signature. The potential of this latest Mahdist contrivance received bolstering from the Holy Land. Like the ignition of the Israeli-Palestinian war at the turn of the millennium, an Israeli war against Lebanon and Iranian-backed Lebanese Hezbollah (possibly provoked by Al Qaeda) weeks before the planned 9/11 sequel in 2006 offered the Bin Laden syndicate an opportunity to generate the simultaneous explosion of two prophesied battle theaters. Fortunately, the concurrent conclusion of

the Israeli war and arrest of the prospective hijackers in August 2006 transformed the greatest threat to America since 9/11 into just another failed Mahdi scheme.

The scheduled launch for the Atlantic Airliners plot exhibited an additional layer of prophetic significance with the passage of the date 6/6/6. A popular belief in apocalyptic circles proposed that this day marked the opening of the prophesied seven years of tribulation before the final march to doomsday slated to begin at the close of 2012. Known as "mark-of-the-beast day", this milestone in the early summer of 2006 purportedly signified the inception of the seven-year global reign of terror perpetrated by the army of the 666 beast, also known as the 9:11 Destroyer or the Sunni Mahdi. Al Qaeda's attempt to execute a 9/11 sequel in the first weeks of the expected reign of the "666 army" embodied a claim to this title.

The Bin Laden syndicate sought to announce its fancied new global hegemony inaugurated by the hyped calendar date. In the opening hours of the "666 age", Al Qaeda's leadership made earthshaking news by assassinating the unruly leader of its Iraqi affiliate. During the eighteen months since the syndicate had officially chartered this branch in Iraq, relations between the Zarqawi network and the Pakistani-based high command had deteriorated into a widely publicized schism. Musab al-Zarqawi's unprecedented massacre of thousands of Muslim civilians in an escalating series of guerrilla terrorist attacks had alienated Muslims who were otherwise sympathetic to Bin Laden's war against Western imperialism.

Striving to reassert Al Qaeda's righteousness with the fabricated grandeur of divine sanction, the masters of the Bin Laden syndicate executed the bloodthirsty terrorist maverick by divulging the location of his current safe house to U.S. forces. The implicit claim

of unrivaled authority in performing this stunt on 6/6/6 day was weakened by the event's dual-identity as a desperate attempt to whitewash the terrorist network's worst public relations disaster. Conversely, the concurrent outbreak of an Israeli war added credence to the apocalyptic Mahdi claim. Despite the failure of the Atlantic Airliners scheme weeks later, a 2007 U.S. intelligence estimate classified the global syndicate to be "as strong as ever". This conclusion appeared to corroborate the implicit contention behind the "mark-of-the-beast day" stunts that Bin Laden's war machine was now winning an existential conflict against the superpower. As a military force mightier than the superpower, Al Qaeda led a march to doomsday in a global reign of terror dated from its resurgence in 2006 through its hijacking of the Arab Spring in late 2012 -- the same time frame widely expected for the global reign of the Sunni Mahdi's army.

## 2008-2009

After the failure of the Atlantic Airliners plot in August 2006, Al Qaeda's subsequent mega-terrorism conspiracy aimed to reassert its reinvigorated reign of terror at the next hyped prophetic marker on the timeline for the Apocalypse War. During the period between the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> year in the conflict's seven-year finale, an event known as the "abomination of desolation" would trigger a new phase of direct hostilities between the chief belligerents. Bin Laden's earlier obsession with a 1993-2000 timescale that prompted the first World Trade Center bombing also appears to have inspired a follow-up mega-terrorism plot set to occur during the "3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup>" years corresponding to 1995-1996. Exhibiting the tactics of the future 2006 Atlantic airliners plot, Operation Bojinka (Big Bang) had aimed to destroy a dozen U.S passenger airliners over the Pacific.

When the scheme failed, its mega-terrorism sequel was scheduled for the next "prophesied" date for the doomsday conflict, first in 2000 and then on 9/11.

A decade after Operation Bojinka, Al Qaeda reemerged at the same time frame in the prophesied seven-year sequence for a second try. At this midpoint in the presently imagined "age of the beast" from 2006-2013, Al Qaeda attempted to trigger nuclear war in Southeast Asia. Masterminded by the infamous Al Qaeda commander Ilyas Kashmiri and executed by a Pakistani affiliate, the Mumbai Massacre plot targeted American congregations (as well as British, Israeli and Indian) in history's deadliest terrorist attack. Focusing on Western hotel patrons, a scheme reminiscent of 9/11 aimed to kill five thousand civilians by destroying two towers inside India's "New York City" and massacring others by gunfire. Insider reports about Al Qaeda strategy sessions verify that the plotters of the November 2008 commando raid intended to spark nuclear brinkmanship between India and Pakistan, in part, to vivify the timetable for the Apocalypse War.

Despite the Mumbai plot's failure to unleash a nuclear "abomination of desolation" on schedule, Al Qaeda's plans for a 9/11 on Americans abroad did advance its apocalyptic agenda. The unprecedented attack that rocked Southeast Asia's New York City for a period of three days helped to usher in an era of increasingly volatile warfare between the two leading belligerents of Bin Laden's war. Following a 2008 surge that included

- An audacious commando raid against the U.S. embassy in Yemen,
- "Pakistan's 9/11", a truck bombing of a U.S. hotel in

Islamabad that nearly assassinated the leadership of the Pakistani government, and

• The Mumbai Massacre, known as "India's 9/11",

the United States dramatically escalated its drone bombing campaign and commando raids against Al Qaeda targets inside Pakistan. Additionally, a battle zone in Yemen emerged as a focus of the U.S. military surge. Fulfilling apocalyptic expectations for this time period, Al Qaeda successfully goaded America into two new wars during the final weeks of the Bush administration.

Apart from the 2006-2013 timeline, a 2001-2008 timeline also popular with contemporary Islamic apocalypticists provides yet another demonstration of the devious opportunism motivating Al Qaeda's quest for prophetic fulfillment. As the superpower marched through the seventh year of the 9/11 War with George W. Bush at the helm, the Bin Laden syndicate launched its greatest surge of terrorism on Americans abroad. The surge included an attack that represented one of only four operational plots for mega-terrorism against U.S. targets ever hatched by the network (1993, 2001, 2006, 2008). The masterminds behind the Mumbai Massacre failed to instigate a nuclear war between India and Pakistan that would have served as prelude to a doomsday event in the seventh year of Al Qaeda's theater imitating the Apocalypse War.

Weeks later, the syndicate covertly provoked an Israeli-Palestinian war in order to ignite the other major battle zone for Armageddon. Although triggering intense hostilities, this conflict also ended without mushrooming into a Great Extinction event. The doomsday cult's failure to fulfill apocalyptic expectations in 2008 about the final year in the seven-year countdown to the war's climax prompted

the doomsayers to revise again the "prophesied" date for Judgment Day in order to agree with another famous prophecy, this time from the Mayans. As has occurred on dozens of occasions in the Mahdist tradition, the ancient prophecy dating the final seven years of the Sunni Mahdi's war changed -- from the 2001 - 2008 time frame to 2006 - 2013. Suddenly the events of 2008 and 2009 resembled the foretold "abomination of desolation", many apocalypticists thought in retrospect.

In a further intensification of the 9/11 War during this prophetically charged time from 2008-2009, Al Qaeda proceeded to help manufacture the inflammatory consequence that the cataclysmic "desolation" event would have on the Sunni Mahdi's conflict. This weak attempt at prophetic fulfillment conspicuously overlooked the fact that the precipitating military catastrophe had not occurred despite the best efforts of the Bin Laden network. Following years of an unspoken ban on open Al Qaeda attacks inside the U.S. homeland, in late 2009 the syndicate's leadership began a gradually escalating campaign of terrorist attacks inside America. Now that the worldwide adulation over President Obama's election victory and the end of the Bush age had faded, Al Qaeda wished to return to the business of goading the American military into the prophesied battlefields of the Apocalypse. With bomb plots targeting New York subways and Times Square, as well as both passenger and cargo airplanes, the superpower's most dangerous foreign adversary aspired at this pivotal point in the imagined Apocalypse War to provoke the United States into expanding the 9/11 War in Northwest Pakistan and Yemen. Direct combat between U.S. troops and Al Qaeda simultaneously in its command hub and Islam's sanctified peninsula would persuasively simulate this new phase of heightened hostilities for the Sunni Mahdi's war in the eyes of Muslim apocalypticists.

# Al Qaeda's Millennialist Fixation

One fundamental trend of Al Qaeda warfare exhibits unequivocally the persistent conspiracy to hijack apocalyptic hysteria over prospective dates for the doomsday conflict. The only plots for mega-terrorism against America pursued seriously by the group since its founding in 1988 coincided with the only years since this time when doomsayers widely anticipated the eruption of the Apocalypse War. In the hyped years of 1993, 1996, 2000, 2001, 2006 and 2008, Al Qaeda endeavored to launch cataclysmic terrorist plots against America. If successful, the operations would imitate popular beliefs on the timing of the Sunni Mahdi's reckoning with the "Great Satan Empire" by provoking the United States to launch a world war. Also during these periods, mega-terrorism attacks against India connected to Al Qaeda -- including 1993 Mumbai, 2001 New Delhi, 2006 Mumbai and 2008 Mumbai -- appeared designed to ignite an Indian conflict with nuclear-rival Pakistan that would simultaneously create the Indian battle theater of the predicted world war at the "anointed" time, along with the envisioned war zone of the "Great Satan Empire". Corroborating the Mahdist implication behind the coincidence of prophesied dates and Al Qaeda mega-terrorism plots, the absence of such plots in any of the dozen interceding years also reflects the millennialist ambition for Messiah pretension underlying Bin Laden's 9/11 War.

A rich tradition of Christian millennialism had saved Osama bin Laden from the obscurity of his first miserably failed Mahdi bid in the 1980s. Without the hypnotic power of a widely anticipated prophetic date, Al Qaeda's 2001 claim to the throne of the Sunni Mahdi would not possess the same veneer of divine sanction. Bin Laden and other Islamic apocalypticists had desperately looked beyond the peaceful termination of the Cold War in 1991 for

confirmation of their beliefs. Into the second decade of its fourteenth century, the Islamic calendar exhibited no apparent contemporary symbol signifying a new age. The former-1979 doomsayers without a date quickly came to piggyback on modern Christendom's fixation with the opening of the third millennium.

Muslim apocalypticists who had awaited the Mahdi's appearance in 1979 because of an event on the Islamic calendar again awaited his arrival in 2000-2001. Reinterpreting the "divinely anointed" time frame, many Mahdists now believed that the Islamic-centered Apocalypse epic would occur during the widely anticipated age of renewal on the Christian calendar. Implicitly contending that the foretold Apocalypse centers on a rival religion, this paradoxical perspective seemed to assert that the central event in human history corresponds with no significant period on the Islamic calendar. The opportunistic embrace of Christian millennialism appeared to represent a complete reversal of the Mujaddid tradition that had hyped 1979 and a dozen other years with expectations of the Sunni Mahdi's advent.

Since 9/11, Mahdists have taken solace in a new belief that events had fulfilled both the Mujaddid prophecy for 1979 and the Sunni Mahdi prophecy for 2001. The contention highlights the fact that Bin Laden first walked onto the world stage to wage his global war against the superpowers in 1979. This perspective overlooks the possibility that Bin Laden, like many other Mahdi pretenders, intentionally fooled believers with the timing of his entrance. Motivated by blind faith in a divinity behind the coincidence of Bin Laden's superpower conflict and the prophesied years, Mahdists propose the notion that the 1979 Islamic revolution never ended and the 9/11 War merely exists as an escalation of the dormant mass movement.

These Islamic apocalypticists explain that the two events separated by twenty-two years actually signify milestones in the same war. Again this belief neglects consideration of a cynical perspective on Mahdism. Perhaps the age-defining happenings of 1979 and 2001 constitute two distinctly separate occurrences -- the earlier, a genuine mass movement against poorly timed imperialism in which Bin Laden played a relatively minor role; the later, an unfolding doomsday plot instigated by the machinations of an obscure apocalyptic cult. Disregarding such retorts from dissenters, Mahdists cling to this newly revised vision of the living Muslim Messiah as if it were not preceded by a long series of hoaxes. In the past thirty-three years alone, the perpetual flux of the Mahdist argument has revealed their purportedly ancient prophecy to be a contemporary fraud.

# NEW CORROBORATION FROM THE ANCIENT WORLD

Contemporary Islamic doomsayers fixate on newly highlighted connections to the Koran as corroboration of their interpretation that the Sunni Mahdi's coming coincides with the Christian millennium. Posing another in a series of ironies that define the evolution of Sunni Mahdism, adherents turn to the Islamic holy book that makes no mention of the Muslim Messiah in order to justify the latest belief about the timing of his war. Notwithstanding the animosity towards Christian and Jewish people espoused by Islamic militants, the Koran does offer violent Muslim apocalypticists some nominal support for this argumentative exercise. Most conspicuously, the Islamic holy book represents a derivation of the two preceding Abrahamic religions that demands reverence for their holy texts. This exhortation endorses scriptures such as the Book of Revelation, the key source for Christian millennialism.

Mahdists seeking to justify their conviction about the year 2001 specifically highlight the Koran's assertions that

- 1. Jesus of Nazareth, on whom the calendar is based, figures as the second most revered prophet in the Islamic faith next to the Prophet Mohammad
- 2. The Prophet Mohammed verified the Revelation account of Jesus' arrival during the Apocalypse War

These scriptural observations could suggest that the "End of Days" conflict revolves around the second coming of Jesus and the calendar that orients history to his first lifetime. Perhaps the timescale for the Apocalypse prophecy corresponds to a transformational period on the Christian calendar, some Mahdists now expound. After two decades of failed Mahdi bids, an injection of newly authenticated Christian prophecy on 2001 promised Bin Laden one more opportunity to make his Messiah claim.

Beyond the Koran and the Bible, Islamic apocalypticists find validation for the new 2001-2013 time frame in famous doomsday prophecies from a variety of sources that they do not recognize as religious authorities. Among the millions of predictions scribed by antiquity, a tiny percentage of the prognostications naturally pinpoints the Christian millennium period without any influence from the Christian calendar and apocalyptic beliefs that arrived at roughly the same conclusion. Featured prominently as "proof" of the 2001-2013 timetable, the astronomically ingenious Mayan calendar identifies the date of December 21, 2012 as marking the transition point to a new age – a kind of Mayan millennium that roughly coincides with the Christian millennium. Believers overlook the fact that Christian missionaries from the Inquisition

Age, upon arriving in the New World, destroyed 95%-99% of Mayan literature. This cultural inferno included manuscripts necessary for understanding Mayan apocalyptic beliefs and the human relevance of the 2012 prognostication. The presently insurmountable challenge of reconstructing knowledge of the long-dead Mayan culture has not dissuaded apocalypticists from their conviction in this prediction that humanity has entered the final stage of the "End Times" war.

Similarly disconnected from the eschatology of the Abrahamic faiths, other newly rediscovered forecasts support the millennial forecast.

#### ANCIENT HOPI

An orally transmitted ancient prophecy from the Hopi Native Americans, recorded as early as the 1960s, prognosticates that the Apocalypse War would begin soon after a dwelling orbiting the Earth crashed to the surface. The orbital decay of the Russian space station Mir (meaning "peace") in 2000 ostensibly fulfilled the prediction in the eyes of believers.

# ANCIENT EGYPTIAN

An apparent prophetic timeline built into the Great Pyramid allegedly highlights mid-September 2001 as the start of the Apocalypse War, according to records of the predictive chronicle's discovery created in the 1920s and widely publicized in the 1990s. Beyond the implications of the prophecy for Christian millennialism, the specificity of the date and its coincidence with the 9/11 attack suggest a special designation for this forecast. Al Qaeda's Egyptian-

dominated leadership may have focused on the ancient Egyptian prophecy when choosing mid-September 2001 as the last of the three scheduled dates for the 9/11 attack.

#### MEDIEVAL IRISH

An obscure manuscript published continuously for centuries and supposedly penned by the twelfth-century Irish monk St. Malachy enumerates an epithetic list of future popes until Judgment Day. The approaching completion of the countdown presages the destruction of the city of Rome imminently, the election of a final Catholic pope and the rapid conclusion of the prophesied conflict.

Cloaked in the legitimacy implied by the convergence of the 9/11 War and these independent forecasts from antiquity, in 2001 Al Qaeda rejuvenated its 22-year-old Mahdi bid.

## Nostradamus

History's most famous prophet figures as perhaps the greatest asset in Al Qaeda's arsenal of prophecy. The series of cherry-picked predictions about a modern-day doomsday enumerated above compliments an elaborate prophecy about the Antichrist by the French clairvoyant Nostradamus. Like the Koran, this eschatological perspective actually did emerge from Judeo-Christian apocalyptic mythology. While its coincidence with the Christian millennium appears unremarkable, the sixteenth-century documents provide a wealth of details about the envisioned "End of Days" battles that Al Qaeda has endeavored to imitate.

Even as he published his forecasts, the legendary seer purportedly hid his foreknowledge of critical events from nefarious future leaders, who might have used the sensitive information to humanity's detriment. To the frustration of many future readers, Nostradamus scrambled the "top-secret" intelligence in an encyclopedia of cryptic verses. With the hindsight of historical review, interpreters have linked some abstract descriptions to major milestones of the modern age. In the tradition of its biblical inspiration, Nostradamus' vague presentation of apocalyptic prognostications has provided Messiah pretenders from Napoleon to Hitler to Bin Laden with an ample supply of largely subjective tools with which to brainwash followers.

Among the volumes of hazy visions describing various future tribulations, a rendition of the Christian Apocalypse emerges as the central purpose of Nostradamus' endeavor. The medieval Jewish doctor had achieved a measure of his fame for selfless devotion to treating plague victims as well as piety in the face of the Christian Inquisition. Turning his gaze to posterity, the humanitarian oracle attempted one last great act of mass healing. Nostradamus ostensibly tried to remedy future suffering and religious intolerance with a dire warning about a third antichrist.

Arriving at the time of the Apocalypse, the demonic Arab leader represents the final world-war provocateur in a series that begins with two European predecessors. Many researchers have concluded that the "French emperor" and the "captain of greater Germany" identified in the 16<sup>th</sup>-century verses refer to Napoleon and Hitler, respectively. Nostradamus purportedly warns about the 27-year wars waged by the three historical figures featured in the 27-year timelines of the world-war provocateur phenomenon. This convergence of prophecy and history adds another dimension to the fatalistic anomaly that identifies Napoleon, Hitler and Bin Laden as

mass-murdering Messiah pretenders. Following in the footsteps of his forerunners, the final antichrist also confronts the leaders of Western civilization. However, he actually succeeds in vivifying the Apocalypse War of messianic mythology.

The Dark Age prophet's most famous forecast presaged

In July of 1999, the great King of Terror will come from the sky.

(Translated by John Hogue in *Nostradamus: The Complete Prophecies* (1997))

L'an mil neuf cens nonante neuf sept mois, Du ciel viendra vn grand Roy d'effrayeur.

(Original Old French)

The prognostication's time frame and antagonist clearly harkens to the Christian concept of the millennial Antichrist of the Apocalypse known in the Book of Revelation as the King Destroyer of 9:11 who terrorizes Christendom. The Nostradamus prediction even bears the reverse image of the Antichrist's most famous symbol, the "666" mark of the beast from Revelation 13:18. Islamic apocalypticists understand this awaited figure to be the mischaracterized Sunni Mahdi who battles the "real" Antichrist and his Judeo-Christian ally "the Great Satan Empire". For Muslim doomsayers who either admire Nostradamus' prophetic track record or dismiss Revelation as the source of this forecast, his forewarning to the Judeo-Christian world about the emergence of a King of Terror in 1999 corroborates the Revelation-based timeline for Christian millennialism that Al Qaeda seeks to hijack.

#### Bin Laden's Dated Gambit

After Bin Laden's failure to instigate the Apocalypse War during the "botched" timeframes in 1979 and 1993, he again tried to precipitate doomsday's global nuclear holocaust by emulating a new popular timeline for the augured conflict that began with Nostradamus' "King of Terror" prophecy set to occur on the eve of the millennium. With mixed success, in July of 1999 Bin Laden attempted to self-fulfill Nostradamus' most precise forecast about the Christian Antichrist of the Apocalypse who Mahdists construe to be the awaited Muslim Messiah. While millions of apocalypticists around the world anxiously anticipated the fruition of the Jewish sage's famous forewarning to an imperiled Christendom, Bin Laden covertly initiated the 9/11 War from his Afghan sanctuary by commissioning false-flag guerrilla attacks designed to fabricate prophesied battlefields. These terrorist conspiracies included

- The 9/11 plot to instigate the U.S. invasions of Afghanistan and Iraq -- SUCCEEDED
- The hijacking of an Indian airliner to incite an Indian invasion of Pakistan -- FAILED
- Catastrophic apartment bombings in Moscow to goad Russia into invading Chechnya -- SUCCEEDED

By commissioning Al Qaeda's revised attack on the towering World Trade Center at this time while famously based in the towering heights of the Hindu Kush mountains, Bin Laden conducted an operation to spread terror "from the sky" and incite a world war with specific battle zones that would eventually frame the death-cult leader as the undisputed "King of Terror" in temporal synchronicity

with Nostradamus' well-known apocalyptic prediction for July of 1999.

Bin Laden's Nostradamus-influenced decision in July 1999 involved the hatching of a subplot designed as a trial run for the earthshaking aerial hijacking. This preliminary for the 9/11 operation materialized in "terror from the sky" five months later during December 1999 with the successful hijacking of an Indian airliner by an Al Qaeda-directed Pakistani group. Bin Laden had activated this plot amidst a precipitous nuclear standoff between India and Pakistan following the ceasefire in the Kargil conflict that same prophesied month. President Clinton later described this period in Indo-Pakistani relations as the most serious instance of nuclear brinkmanship since the Cold War. Along with the Afghan war theater that Bin Laden would create through 9/11, Al Qaeda's millennium operations also aimed to manufacture the predicted battle arena in India described in its millennialist script for the Apocalypse by employing the false-flag hijacking at this prophesied time.

Calculating that the 9/11 plot would take 1-2 years to prepare after its activation in July 1999, Bin Laden planned for his hijackers to execute the operation at the turn of the millennium. Based on this design, his version of Islam's Apocalypse prophecy would begin "on schedule" with an American invasion of Afghanistan in the first year of the new millennium. Through a single attack, Bin Laden self-fulfilled three famous doomsday predictions from

- Nostradamus on July 1999
- Revelation on 2001

# The Ancient Egyptians on mid-September 2001

In addition to the commissioning of 9/11 in July 1999, its actual execution in mid-September 2001 and the U.S. invasion of Afghanistan one month later, an indication of Bin Laden's millennialist mindset emerges from reports of the plot's originally scheduled dates. During the months preceding the act of megaterrorism against the superpower, Bin Laden frantically attempted to convince the hijackers to launch the plot prematurely, in October 2000 and July 2001, at the risk of sabotaging its chances of operational success.

After unequivocal failures in 1979 and 1993, Bin Laden's mobilization for the 9/11 War in July 1999 marked the beginning of a series of renowned predictions that he self-fulfilled with varying degrees of success. Through attacks on the World Trade Center, Pentagon and India's parliament in the first year of the third millennium, Al Qaeda aimed to begin the foretold wars in Afghanistan, Iraq and India described in Muslim doomsday literature as the initial battles of the Apocalypse War. Although the millennialist ruse succeeded on President Bush, India wisely refused to facilitate Al Qaeda's design after its major terrorist attacks on New Delhi in 2001 and Mumbai in 2008. The willingness of the Bin Laden syndicate to rewrite Islam's Apocalypse prophecy so that the Indian war occurs at the end of the conflict, and not the beginning as originally envisioned, underscores the inherent fraud of its messianic millennialism.

Al Qaeda's millennialist ambition to frame its public identity as the Sunni Mahdi's army included a highly symbolic terrorist attack on a U.S. naval destroyer in an Arabian port on a fuel stop en route to enforce the devastating blockade of Saddam's Iraq. Al Qaeda's

precursor to destroying the Twin Towers involved a kamikaze bombing of the USS COLE during the weeks before the millennium in October 2000. Publicly defining Al Qaeda as it prepared to execute 9/11, the crippling of a superpower destroyer named after a fossil fuel signaled Bin Laden's millennialist claim to the designation "destroyer". The total absence of any collateral damage in the openwater bombing and the exhibition of Bin Laden forcing the eviction of the U.S. military from Islam's holiest land with an astounding act of destruction magnified the victory as a popularly received terrorist attack that exclusively targeted the leading agents of U.S. belligerency in the Muslim world. Successfully confronting a symbol of oil-driven U.S. imperialism and American aggression against the Iraqi people, Bin Laden implicitly claimed to be the Muslim Messiah known as the 9/11 Destroyer whose arrival apocalypticists worldwide anticipated at that time. The execution of 9/11 and the withdrawal of the U.S. military presence in Saudi Arabia soon helped to solidify Bin Laden's bid for ownership of the millennialist title "the King Destroyer of Revelation 9:11" that he initiated with the crippling of the U.S. destroyer during the countdown to the millennium.

In hijacking the Muslim fantasy that the Sunni Mahdi's world war would start in 2001 and begin to climax at the end of 2012, the 9/11 attack continued the established Mahdist contrivance of capitalizing on recurrent fascination with apocalyptic predictions for calendar periods that symbolize civilization's renewal. The human proclivity to anticipate the global renaissance period known as the Apocalypse Age at the dawn of the next millennium appears to have helped orchestrate a chorus of famous prophets to pinpoint 2001. Additionally, the egocentric inclination of modern society to interpret vague predictions as meant for the world of today may have magnified the hype over the millennial period from 1999-2001,

particularly regarding highly subjective interpretations of ruins from dead civilizations like the ancient Egyptians and Mayans. An ample supply of doomsday prophets has facilitated Al Qaeda's quest to hijack apocalyptic hysteria.

By opportunistically seizing upon the prophesied year of 2001, the Mahdist perpetrators of the 9/11 attack inadvertently highlighted the embarrassing fact that the Koran's account of the Apocalypse War includes the second coming of the Christian Messiah but fails to mention the Muslim Messiah. This irony both invalidates a Mahdi claim during the Christian millennium period and underscores an array of inconsistencies cracking the façade of Bin Laden's Messiah pretension. Although Islamic apocalypticists widely perceive the "divinely anointed" time frame as one of the most persuasive criterion for prophetic fulfillment, the temporal indicator actually represents one of the least convincing aspects of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy due to its historical malleability and many paradoxes. History suggests that Al Qaeda will simply revise the "prophesied" end date for the doomsday conflict if the syndicate fails in its machinations to provoke U.S. belligerency for a climactic conclusion to the 9/11 War in 2013.

### MANUFACTURING A GREAT SATAN

In conjunction with the time frame for the Apocalypse War, the actions of its belligerents figure as the essential elements of the prophecy. Non-Koranic Islamic scriptures define the Sunni Mahdi based on his global insurgency to save Muslims from the predatory machinations of an evil empire known as the "Great Satan Empire". Without this demonic character, there could be no awaited savior. More than any other messianic criteria, the act of saving humanity from a prophesied existential threat would demonstrate both the divinity and value of the Muslim Messiah.

Contemporary interpretations of the myth envision a horrific military onslaught against the Muslim world. Launched by the world's most powerful nation and its allies, the belligerencies would escalate into a Great Extinction event. Before climaxing on doomsday in 2013, this modern Judeo-Christian crusade against Islam would target a specific list of countries. The war would begin inside Afghanistan at the start of the third millennium in 2001; the year Bin Laden orchestrated the U.S. invasion of that country.

Apparently prefiguring the geographical model for the 9/11 War, the major theaters for the Sunni Mahdi's global reckoning with the Great Satan would include

- His command base in Afghanistan and Northwestern Pakistan
- Battlefields in Iraq, Israel and the Palestinian territories, as well as Iran and India

In prelude to the climactic finish of the earthshaking conflict, new

### arenas would open in

• Syria, the Arabian Peninsula, the city of Rome, as well as the land of the "Great Satan Empire"

At this point, the focus of the mythological war shifts to the contested turf of Israel, particularly Jerusalem and the plain of Megiddo, as the country falls under siege from the Mahdi's armies approaching from all sides. Here transpires a final showdown between the armies of Islam and Judeo-Christianity.

Al Qaeda's history as a Mahdist organization clearly identifies the group to be a doomsday cult. *The 9/11 attack was a preliminary operation for a secret doomsday plot set to unfold in 2013.* During the intervening years, the Bin Laden syndicate has aimed to persuade the Muslim world to perceive the American superpower as the prophesied evil empire following the presaged warpath that ignites the expected global cataclysm. As implied by Bin Laden's urgency to provoke the U.S. invasion of Afghanistan in 2001, the feat of physically incriminating the United States in this way overshadows all of the other priorities for Al Qaeda's Messiah pretension.

The geographical distribution of the battle zones for Bin Laden's war reveals a nefarious contrivance of political opportunism that grossly perverts the myth of the righteous Muslim Messiah. As reflected in the current map of major theaters for the 9/11 War, over the course of twenty years Al Qaeda's insurgency strategy has aimed to manufacture a physical simulation of the arenas for the Apocalypse War. During the decade since the millennium, this deadly theatrical production has successfully utilized false-flag operations to provoke armed conflicts in most of the required areas. These killing fields have featured Al Qaeda forces in combat against the U.S.-led

military alliance. Only the failure of certain terrorist plots (detailed below) has prevented the spread of Bin Laden's war to every nation on the Mahdist doomsday list.

The Bin Laden syndicate began this feat of false-flag attacks by luring the United States into a war inside the country where ancient Islamic texts augured the Apocalypse War would start, Afghanistan. A U.S. robotic war in Northwest Pakistan involving aerial-bombing drones followed when Al Qaeda's high command migrated there and embedded itself inside the sanctuary provided by large sympathetic populations in Islam's lone nuclear power. Despite America's automated "terror from the sky" campaign targeting the chief culprits behind the 9/11 War, the terrorist syndicate established a semblance of safe haven for its leadership and local affiliates in areas throughout the domain of Islam's lone nuclear power. In a most beneficial diversion of the U.S. military juggernaut away from the syndicate's leadership in the years after 9/11, Al Qaeda continued its rendition of ancient doomsday prophecies by helping to spread its conflict with America to a third prophesied location, Iraq (see "Crusader Baiting" below for more details on this scheme).

# Post-Iraq

Since the rapid succession of Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan and Iraq as battle zones during 2001-2003, some of the remaining countries in the group of apocalyptic battlefields largely avoided the crossfire in the 9/11 War because key Al Qaeda operations could not succeed at igniting these war theaters. Prominent among this group of holdout nations, Iran provides an alluring opportunity for Al Qaeda as the messianic Islamic Republic that started the modern chant of "Death to America" following four decades of a brutal U.S.-

backed dictatorship. Figuring centrally among Al Qaeda's failed false-flag ops, the Persian country serves as home to

- The main stage for the 1979 Mahdist revolution
- The Islamic world's most feared state-sponsored terrorist organization
- The world's most vital transit route for oil and some of the most coveted real estate for oil reserves

Beyond galvanizing anti-American sentiment and simulating a prophesied war theater of the Apocalypse, the U.S. invasion of Iran would divert the U.S. military from Al Qaeda while augmenting the Bin Laden syndicate through a forced alliance with Hezbollah.

In the 1996 Khobar Towers bombing, the 9/11 attack and the 2003 Riyadh bombings, Al Qaeda attacked U.S. targets with operations that conspicuously evinced signs of Iranian complicity. This alleged state sponsorship of Al Qaeda terrorism against the United States included the appearance of broad operational support in 1996, assistance to 9/11 hijackers transiting Iran, and safe haven for the 2003 mastermind. Dubious suspicions about an alliance between Iran and Al Qaeda received heightened attention following a 2010 prisoner exchange when the Iranian government released a number of high-value Al Qaeda detainees in return for one of its diplomats that the syndicate had kidnapped in Pakistan. This kidnapping operation that precipitated the detainee swap appears to represent the latest initiative in Al Qaeda's campaign to convince Americans that Iran has allied itself with the Bin Laden syndicate in an apocalyptic war against America.

Fortunately, documents seized in the Bin Laden raid as well as investigations into the terrorist attacks in question have corroborated the consensus in the counterterrorism community that the Iranian government, like that of Saddam Hussein, would loathe the prospect of an alliance with Al Qaeda. Fears of a nation-busting nuclear counterstrike feature prominently in the rationale. This disposition befits a nation that the terrorist network actively targets in false-flag operations designed to provoke a U.S. invasion. These conclusions about Iranian intentions have reverberated through U.S. intelligence agencies still reeling from scandalous false accounts of Iraqi complicity in 9/11, authored in part by the Bin Laden syndicate, which duped the American public into supporting the toppling of Saddam Hussein at the expense of the war on Al Qaeda. Unfortunately, the transnational terrorist network successfully heightened tensions between the United States and Iran to the point where George W. Bush initiated a shadow war of black ops against the Persian country in 2005. However, the Bin Laden syndicate's present failure to manufacture an open state of war between the perennial rivals has limited the potential fallout of the 9/11 War. Thanks to those in America and Iran who opposed war hawks bent on precipitating conflict, the absence of Iran from the list of battle theaters continues to hinder Al Qaeda's apocalyptic designs.

Similarly, Al Qaeda attempts to ignite Indo-Pakistani hostilities have only aggravated relations between the nuclear archrivals. Major terrorist conspiracies against India launched by Pakistani-based Al Qaeda affiliates include

- The 1993 Mumbai bombings
- The 1999 hijacking of an Indian airliner

- The 2000 Red Fort attack
- The 2001 parliament raid
- The 2006 Mumbai bombings
- The 2008 multi-city bombing campaign codenamed Operation BAD that preceded the Mumbai Massacre
- The 2008 Mumbai Massacre plot that originally planned to kill five thousand civilians inside India's "New York City" in a rampaging slaughter targeting American congregations during the weeks before the U.S. presidential election
- The revised Mumbai Massacre operation that killed 166 civilians on Thanksgiving 2008
- A failed sequel to the Mumbai Massacre designed by the Mumbai mastermind, the Al Qaeda commander Ilyas Kashmiri, to kill India's entire military leadership and attack its nuclear facilities in 2010

Though failing to create a prerequisite battlefront with any one of numerous false-flag operations, Al Qaeda's unabated bids to instigate a war in India have inspired periods of intensive brinksmanship between Southeast Asia's nuclear adversaries. In the event of future mega-terrorism, this incendiary climate may still mushroom into the dreaded fourth Indo-Pakistani war.

Along with theaters in Afghanistan, Iraq, Iran and India, the modern Sunni vision of the Apocalypse also imagines the eruption of a battle zone in the most notorious flashpoint for global religious conflict. In conjunction with the Mahdi's war in Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan, the awaited doomsday conflict of Islamic lore begins at the millennium and moves toward climax in 2012 with the perennially unresolved guarrel over ownership of the Holy Land. Israel and the Palestinian territories represent ideal real estate for the clash of civilizations plotted by Bin Laden's religious-war machine. The blood-soaked terrain includes both the infamous plain of Armageddon and the long-disputed city of Jerusalem. Located at the heart of the age-old conflict between Judeo-Christianity and Islam, this tinderbox for holy war features prominently in the apocalyptic traditions of all three faiths as the most central venue of the planetary conflagration. At the time of the millennium, a modern legacy of Israeli military aggression supported by the American superpower had already translated into Al Qaeda's most effective propaganda for recruitment. More than a boon, armed conflict between Israelis and the Palestinians signified a prerequisite for Bin Laden's messianic war against "Jews and Crusaders" that his army could not ignore.

The September 2000 Palestinian uprising against Israeli occupation forces precipitated an outbreak of sporadic war between the two parties that appears to satisfy the millennialist expectations of Muslim apocalypticists. Al Qaeda's behind-the-scenes involvement in this conveniently timed conflict cannot be discounted in light of

- Bin Laden's inherited connections to the Palestinian resistance that he enjoyed as biological heir to one of the leading billionaire-financiers for the Sunni movement
- Bin Laden's past collaboration with Palestinian resistance leaders such as his spiritual mentor who helped found Hamas, along with the Afghan Services Bureau that Bin

## Laden merged with Al Qaeda in 1989

- Al Qaeda's pooling of funding and operatives with Hamas, such as the British-born Al Qaeda operatives who conducted the 2003 Hamas bombing of Mike's Place in Israel
- The alleged role of Al Qaeda affiliates located inside Lebanon and Gaza in the instigating events for the Israeli-Lebanese war of 2006 and the Israeli-Hamas wars of 2008-2009 and November 2012

Bin Laden greeted the news of the Palestinian uprising at the millennium with an overly enthusiastic attempt to launch the 9/11 attack prematurely in a bid to coincide and merge the planned war in Afghanistan with this Israeli-Palestinian war. Regardless of Al Qaeda's early involvement in this Israeli conflict, the event augmented the doomsday cult's mixed success in Afghanistan and India at simulating the Islamic Apocalypse epic in the first year of the third millennium.

In 2009 Al Qaeda resumed its campaign of terrorist attacks inside the United States with operations that prompted the superpower to escalate its robotic bombing war on the Arabian Peninsula. The terrorist campaign inside the United States threatens to goad the superpower into outright invasions of Yemen and Northwest Pakistan designed to create two more incendiary battlefronts for the 9/11 War that also appear on the Apocalypse list of war theaters. Looming centrally in this design appears a planned 9/11 sequel targeting New York City with a high-altitude radiological contamination designed to trigger the final sequence of military attacks and reprisals preceding doomsday. In 2012 Al Qaeda prepared the groundwork by entering a Western-backed war in Syria

that threatens to ignite into chemical warfare. Imminent outbreaks of armed conflict now appear likely in all of the remaining countries on Al Qaeda's "Great Satan" hit list.

Taking center stage in 2012, the Bin Laden syndicate directly attacked the Israeli homeland from multiple fronts and sought to provoke covertly a war between the Jewish state and its Muslim neighbors. The surfacing of an array of branches located in failed-state regions of Southern Lebanon, Gaza, Syria and Egypt surrounding Israel appears designed to vivify the final elements of the prophetic timeline in the Holy Land region. The eruption of the November 2012 Israeli-Hamas war triggered by Al Qaeda rocket fire emerged from this strategy first publicized in a 2011 expose of Al Qaeda strategy.

The promised messiah, the Mahdi, will then rise in the Middle East and Al Qaeda will mobilize its forces from ancient Khurasan for the liberation of Palestine, where a final victory will guarantee the revival of a Global Muslim Caliphate." (p. 226)

By 2012, he will come forward to command the Muslim forces in the Middle East and defeat the Western forces led by the Antichrist. (p. 101)

(Inside Al-Qaeda and the Taliban: Beyond 9/11 and Bin Laden by Syed Saleem Shahzad)

In conjunction with the war theater encircling Israel in late 2012, the recent emergence of an active Al Qaeda affiliate in Yemen warring against the impoverished government completes the illustration of the Islamic Holy Land on the eve of doomsday. As with Gaza

bordering Israel, Yemen bordering Saudi Arabia serves the Al Qaeda syndicate as a lawless launching pad for the last battles of the prophesied war. Ongoing U.S. bombing campaigns against Al Qaeda branches in Yemen and Gaza appear to have helped shift the focus of the 9/11 War towards the regional heartland of the historic clash between Islam and Judeo-Christianity that is the purported flashpoint for Judgment Day. Echoing headlines in late 2012, the messianic army of the Sunni Mahdi advances on the Arabian Peninsula towards Mecca while it simultaneously encircles Israel, lays siege to the Jewish nation and battles an army in Syria during the final stage of the Apocalypse War. Continuing its ruse to manipulate Uncle Sam into donning the imperial robes of the "Great Satan Empire", the Bin Laden syndicate now aims to draw America into the battlefields where the Apocalypse War concludes.

# Al Qaeda's Takedown Expose

Beyond geographical parallels, the linchpin for this apocalyptic insurgent strategy to spawn war zones involves surreptitiously inciting the murderous acts of the Sunni Mahdi's avowed enemy. These prophesied crimes include genocidal atrocities against Muslims committed by the "Great Satan Empire" and its allies. By authoring several events of the 9/11 War, Al Qaeda has covertly inflicted hundreds of millions of people in the Muslim world with this prerequisite for "Great Satan" atrocities. These acts of incitement include

- The U.S. war in Afghanistan
- The U.S. war in Iraq

- The ensuing Iraqi civil war
- The U.S. shadow war against Iran from 2005-present illuminated by journalists such as Seymour Hersh
- The Pakistani Army's counterinsurgency wars against Al Qaeda and the Pakistani Taliban in western Pakistan in conjunction with the U.S. drone bombing program there
- Indo-Pakistani hostilities
- Russian-backed wars in Chechnya and Syria
- Sectarian conflicts throughout North Africa, the Middle East and Southeast Asia

By goading America and its allies into waging notoriously bloody military campaigns inside the prophesied war fronts of certain Muslim countries at the start of the millennium, the Bin Laden syndicate has willfully prompted the superpower and its allies to perpetrate a foretold slaughter of Muslims.

Consistent with the doomsday myth, the U.S. warpath secretly manufactured by Al Qaeda has followed the preordained geographical course in the murderous manner of the "Great Satan Empire" during the time anticipated for its existential reckoning with the righteous Sunni Mahdi. Having created the prerequisite battle-ravaged war zones that have rallied millions of Muslims to Al Qaeda's banner, the terrorist network today prepares to shift America's warpath towards a catastrophic battle in the Holy Lands predicted to climax in 2013. At this point in the mythological war, the Muslim Messiah ends the persecution of Muslims by destroying

the "Great Satan Empire" in an act of justifiable mass murder. The prospect of a punishing Israeli war on the Palestinians bordering a Syrian civil war defined by chemical weapons unleashed on civilian populations by the collapsing Western-backed regime suggests a pretext for Al Qaeda's existential military campaign against America.

Al Qaeda's efforts to spur the United States into committing the prophesied acts of mass murder attributed to the "Great Satan Empire" have received bolstering from both the nation's enviable position as the lone superpower and strategic missteps by American administrations. As demonstrated by millions of Muslims who identified the United States as a demonic empire prior to 9/11, for generations the superpower has exhibited a susceptibility to this image problem. The troublesome reputation arose largely from America's position as the wealthiest nation consisting of a tiny percentage of the world's population responsible for one-quarter of its consumption and pollution. The superpower has predicated this inequity on its conventional military superiority, the commanding influence of its colossal economy, the nation's current value in protecting and advancing the human prospect, the technocratic promise of future prosperity for all, as well as the implicit threat of a global nuclear war that would lay waste to the biosphere in the event of any existential attacks on America.

Compounding this problematic identity as the lone superpower, shortsighted U.S. foreign policy has magnified the appearance of a tyrannical empire determined to dominate the world. This widespread impression of America chiefly emerged from the belligerent violation of international law perpetrated by the Bush administration, a characterization epitomized by the Iraq invasion. With an attitude of perpetual animosity anticipating a multi-

generational American war to eliminate an undefined enemy throughout the Muslim world, the flagrantly Evangelical Christian George W. Bush set the tone and defined the dialogue for the 9/11 War. By continuing to support brutal dictatorships in Saudi Arabia, Pakistan, Egypt and elsewhere in the Muslim world while pursuing global hegemony through military coercion in Afghanistan, Iraq and Yemen, the Bush administration vilified the United States as modern crusaders and invalidated the credibility of its proposals for national democratic reforms in Islamic countries not aligned with the United States. The vivid exhibition of an Evangelical Christian oilman illegally seizing control of the world's premier oil estate on blatantly false premises in an invasion of the prophesied land of ancient Babylon coupled with unflinching U.S. support for an increasingly brutal Israeli military occupation of the Palestinian territories to magnify long-held Muslim suspicions of such American impropriety towards the Islamic world.

By helping to incite a democratic revolution throughout an increasingly anti-American Muslim world without first removing Al Qaeda's cancerous presence in society, the Bush administration also created the political chaos and prerequisite events necessary for the expansion of the 9/11 War and the culmination of Bin Laden's Great Extinction plot. After eight years of a failed multi-trillion-dollar military campaign amidst reckless free-market capitalism that deregulated voracious American corporations, a U.S. financial collapse in September 2008 that triggered global economic meltdown compounded the image of America as a dangerous empire. Additionally, the system-wide failure of the superpower's economy fulfilled prophetic criteria describing the first signs of the Great Satan Empire's collapse after years at war with the Sunni Mahdi. The timing of the event also befit Al Qaeda's model of a 2001-2013 timeline for the 9/11 War. Broad unilateralism in

misguided military campaigns, economic policies, religious and environmental affairs persuaded large populations to view the United States under the "silver-spooned cowboy" president George W. Bush as the greatest threat to world peace. Rather than diminishing the popular support that sustains Al Qaeda's global insurgency, the broad-spectrum incompetence of the Bush administration increased the ideological fuel for Bin Laden's war machine by convincingly portraying America as the prophesied "Great Satan Empire".

The election of history's most popular president who promised to reverse these inflammatory policies served to diminish anti-American sentiment on the eve of the Arab Spring revolutions. By concluding U.S military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan while reestablishing international treaties violated by the preceding administration, President Obama's timely policy reversals greatly curtailed widespread hatred of the United States that could have manifested in the Arab Spring as a surge in support for Al Qaeda attacks inside America. However, the continued emphasis on U.S. military measures in the fight against the stateless Bin Laden syndicate has limited the success of this rapprochement. Perhaps most conspicuously, America's increasing reliance on aerial drone bombing in countries unwilling or unable to combat an Al Qaeda presence has highlighted continued military unilateralism by a superpower that refuses to allow any country to deploy such weapons inside its own borders. While President Obama's diplomatic overtures to the Muslim world have produced dividends in the 9/11 War, the absence of a strategy to proactively confront Al Qaeda on the ideological battlefield has allowed Bin Laden's global insurgency to proceed on its course towards a doomsday scenario.

In addition to exhausting U.S. resources in an unpopular war that

threatens every Islamic country susceptible to Al Qaeda infiltration, the coercion of U.S. war policy by the 9/11 masterminds ultimately aspires to dupe America into performing the entire prophetic account of the genocidal world war waged by the "Great Satan Empire". Bin Laden's rendition of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy requires that non-Muslim world leaders launch a modern-day military crusade throughout the Islamic world that causes unprecedented death and devastation. In a microcosm of its scheme to incite the five billion death toll, Al Qaeda aims to provoke horrific Muslim casualties during the battles that precede the doomsday event in order to achieve two objectives. In addition to simulating another characteristic of the prophecy, the misery of Islam creates the widespread Muslim yearning for a savior that the Bin Laden syndicate seeks to hijack.

In preparing the Islamic world to accept Bin Laden as the Muslim Messiah, the climactic mass murder of most of the human race would satisfy critical prerequisites for Bin Laden's Messiah pretension. Beyond matching the foretold death toll, the Al Qaeda scheme would assign blame to the United States as the creator, chief proliferator and deployer of the nuclear weaponry for a global nuclear holocaust that kills billions of people and curses the survivors to a miserable existence in a post-apocalyptic wasteland. Based on Al Qaeda's reputation as the leading opponent of the superpower that treads the warpath of the super-powerful "Great Satan Empire", U.S. prosecution of the prophesied global nuclear war would also identify the Bin Laden syndicate as the righteous army of the Sunni Mahdi. Finally, the holocaustic suffering itself would produce a powerful psychological longing for a savior like the Sunni Mahdi that would help Al Qaeda succeed in its confidence scam. The Bin Laden syndicate absolutely requires that the "Great Satan Empire's" atrocities transpire in order for its cult leader to

play-act the role of Muslim Messiah. Paradoxically, the doomsday event that Al Qaeda seeks to incite truthfully suggests that the terrorist syndicate actually poses the greatest security threat to the Muslim world and that the image of America as the "Great Satan Empire" constitutes a scapegoat illusion crafted by Bin Laden in order to facilitate civilization's destruction.

### THE ARAB SPRING

After nearly a decade of endeavoring to goad America and its allies into manufacturing the events of the mythological Apocalypse, Al Qaeda received a boon from two events on the eve of the war's prophesied climax in 2013. In the spring of 2011, a pan-Arab revolution coincided with Bin Laden's staged martyrdom to help arrange some of the final conditions for his contrived imitation of the Sunni Mahdi narrative. Beyond simply expanding Al Qaeda safe havens and facilitating the syndicate's operations with political chaos throughout the heartland of the Muslim world, the mass protest movement fulfills a critical social prerequisite for the Sunni Mahdi's prophesied insurgency -- a pan-Islamic political revolution that confronts the Mahdi's enemies in prelude to his army's victory. Al Qaeda strategists have long anticipated that this prophesied event would produce three critical developments

- The removal of Western-backed dictatorships
- A power vacuum sweeping across the Arab world that wellorganized Islamist organizations would fill
- Leaderless and disenchanted revolutionaries spread across the Middle East who yearn for an Islamic savior

Rallying the Muslim masses to conduct protests that have successfully supported the Al Qaeda-led reckoning with Western-backed regimes, the Arab Spring revolution has uprooted the existing political order and paved the way for the prophesied pan-Islamic empire.

### New War Zones

More than providing new safe havens and the prerequisite political revolution, the pan-Arab turmoil has offered Al Qaeda ample opportunities to hijack the mass movement. Even if the syndicate merely succeeds in splintering the uprising, the potential for recruitment appears fantastic. Already Al Qaeda branches are proliferating and surging in countries throughout the Arab world where the Spring revolution has erupted, including

- Syria
- Yemen
- Gaza
- Egypt
- Libya
- Mali
- Algeria
- Tunisia

- Morocco
- Somalia

These Arab contingents complement longer-established branches in

- Afghanistan
- Pakistan
- India
- Bangladesh
- The Philippines
- Indonesia
- Thailand
- Chechnya
- Uzbekistan

By bringing the 9/11 War to many more sectors of the Muslim world, the Arab Spring has radically shifted the balance of power in the conflict to weaken U.S. counterinsurgency effectiveness while helping transform Al Qaeda from a marginalized doomsday cult into a mass Islamic revolution against Western-backed regimes.

In an amazing boon for Al Qaeda, the Spring movement has engulfed a geographical reach that facilitates the syndicate's endeavor to provoke war in the countries remaining on its doomsday list, particularly within the Arabian Peninsula, Syria and Israel. Unsurprisingly, Al Qaeda has recently chosen to distinguish its Yemen branch as the terrorist network's most active threat to both America and the Yemen regime amidst that country's ongoing civil war. The mounting Christian invasion of the Arabian Peninsula aimed to attack Al Qaeda has helped to portray the 9/11 War as a conflict between Christianity and Islam resembling the Apocalypse War. Islam's holiest land now appears under siege by the Christian superpower, just as Bin Laden had publicly warned.

Once the Spring reached another doomsday-listed nation with the onset of the Syrian civil war, Al Qaeda quickly rose to prominence among the leaders of that insurgency too. Today Syria figures as the center of the Arab Spring amid daily reports of mass murders of civilians by a collapsing regime that threatens chemical warfare. Even more so than the rest of the Arab Spring, Al Qaeda in Syria represents fallout from the U.S. war in Iraq. For eight years prior to the Syrian civil war, Bush's "war of choice" in Iraq to eliminate nonexistent chemical weapons had entrenched neighboring Syria with an Al Qaeda logistical network charged with supporting the newly established Iraqi branch. This Syrian counterpart could quickly morph into a major force to provoke and lead a future insurgency inside the strategically pivotal country armed with an enormous stockpile of chemical weapons.

U.S. policy makers compounded the superpower's responsibility for the brewing Syrian civil war by refusing to punish Russia and China when the two militarist countries provided crucial support for the barbarism of the crumbling Assad dictatorship. In this context, the Syrian civil war represents an American debacle on the scale of the smoldering U.S.-provoked Iraqi civil war. Al Qaeda's ascendancy in the ongoing Syrian conflict represents a major advance towards it goal of inciting the prophesied Great Extinction event that follows a genocidal religious war in Syria. In particular, this prophesied event is distinguished as one of the final events in the doomsday timeline when Muslims feel most desperately in need of a savior and demonstrate susceptibility to blind faith in an emergent messiah. The increasingly likely use of chemical weapons by the Assad regime threatens to fulfill dramatically the predicted war atrocity that precedes doomsday. Furthermore, the creation of militant zones surrounding and bombarding Israel may spark an all-out Israeli war against its Muslim neighbors reminiscent of the Apocalypse account.

In addition to the strategically critical wars in Yemen, Syria and Israel, a host of new arenas for Bin Laden's 9/11 War have opened with the rapid spread of the regional revolution. During its first year, the Arab Spring transformed from one isolated act of protest into

- An array of fragile transitional democracies dominated by anti-American Islamists in a host of "victorious" countries
- Armed insurrection against murderous Western-backed dictators in less fortunate nations
- Budding rebellions against the region's remaining "unscathed" regimes
- Mounting guerrilla attacks on Israel by militants in bordering countries, including Egypt, Syria, Lebanon and Gaza.

After one year of the mass protest movement, the Spring continues to spread and intensify today. Al Qaeda's opportunities for usurping

key sectors of the escalating revolution mount as hopes for quick and effective democratic reforms in the Arab world fade amidst the potential for region-wide civil war.

Contradicting sugarcoated fantasies foretelling quickly and stably constructed democratic governments throughout the Middle East and North Africa, the Arab Spring has wrought region-wide instability amid political gridlock between well-organized Islamist parties and distrustful establishment remnants. Evidence of Al Qaeda's infiltration inside these new local insurgencies raises the prospect that the Bin Laden syndicate will soon merge its movement with the Arab Spring to culminate the dialectical process for Bin Laden's violent anti-Western revolution. In addition to completely vivifying the prophesied battlefields for doomsday, Al Qaeda would have finished casting the conflict's belligerents. Such a victory of hearts and minds would reflect the Muslim world's shift from a position of neutrality to fellowship with Al Qaeda's camp of revolutionaries. This event would signify the definitive victory for the Bin Laden syndicate on the ideological battlefield.

# Al Qaeda's Revolution

Ever since forging its founding charter in 1988, Al Qaeda has aspired to incite a pan-Islamic revolution like the Arab Spring.

Al Qaeda well understood that it would be a slow and tedious process, and a long-term academic exercise, to topple the ruling Muslim regimes in Muslim majority states. Still the goal was clearly to bring about Islamic revolution and pave the way for the revival of the Muslim Caliphate to orchestrate the global Jihad. (p. 137-8)

(Inside Al-Qaeda and the Taliban: Beyond 9/11 and Bin Laden by Syed Saleem Shahzad (May 2011))

Toppling all of the region's Western-backed governments (collectively dubbed the "near enemy"), the imagined political movement would proceed in a manner like the 1979 Islamic Revolution inside Iran and Afghanistan. The 9/11 attack helped precipitate this event by triggering heated debate in the Muslim world about the legitimacy of the region's repressive Western-backed regimes and their atrocity-laden histories. A predictable military overreaction by the hawkish Bush team would appear to validate Bin Laden's case for war and transform the debate into a political revolution.

The outrageous arrogance of the world's most feared military juggernaut under the leadership of the Bush-Cheney team stoked this confrontation between the Western-backed Islamic establishment and a burgeoning mass movement. The U.S. invasions and occupations of Islam's poorest country and Islam's most oil-rich nation figured centrally in this vivid image of Western-backed tyranny. Standing in blatant violation of international law, the Bush administration further intensified the argument with a seemingly hypocritical propaganda campaign to incite revolution throughout the Muslim world in the name of freedom and democracy. Disregarding opinions voiced by a vast majority of the world's population, Bush sought to enforce violently this new world order at the expense of political, economic and social stability. The diplomatic fiasco that began with worldwide protests over the Iraq invasion climaxed with the protesters' vindication in the form of persuasive evidence that the administration fabricated its case for war.

In a glimmer of the final trigger for the Arab Spring, the Iraq War scandal prefigured damning disclosures in 2010 and 2011 documenting the treacherous corruption that dominates Arab governments as archived by the infamous Wikileaks publications of classified U.S. government files. Far from unrelated, the Wikileaksinspired Spring movement occurred in an Arab world seething with anti-Western resentment over eight years of disclosures detailing the false intelligence and imperialist neo-conservative agenda underlying the U.S. invasion of an Arab country -- one that represented the world's premier oil real estate and the most vocal opponent of Israel. Additional Wikileaks divulgences about the influence of the Israeli government's political lobby on U.S. foreign policy and aid financing have cemented the Arab perception of the tyrannical nature of Western-backed power wielders in their region. As an epicenter event, the Iraq War constituted a primary influence in the formation of the modern Arab psyche behind the Arab Spring.

The American people's endorsement of the Iraq war in the 2004 reelection of the most hated man in the Muslim world precipitated the first eruption of the Islamic revolution that would mature into the Arab Spring. In Muslim eyes, the surging menace posed by America's military since the new Christian millennium no longer appeared to be a transient menace orchestrated from the disputed seat of executive power by a small group of unpopular neoconservative leaders who would soon lose a reelection bid. Instead, the American people themselves had codified the dreaded Bush war doctrine that championed a multi-generational armed conflict in undefined regions throughout the Islamic world to be waged by the superpower and its allies. The 2004 election marked a revolution in foreign policy that appeared to pose an unprecedented threat to Islam. Mass panic precipitated from the prospect of a new permanent fixture in the Muslim world -- a nightmarish vision of the

9/11 War authored by an Evangelical cowboy of a U.S. oilman and sanctified by American voters.

In an Islamic counterrevolution to the American "revolution-from-a-voting-booth", national elections throughout the Muslim world following the U.S. vote in November 2004 reflected a widespread backlash to Bush's reelection. Heralding a pan-Islamic movement opposing the tyranny of the "far enemy" labeled "Bush's War on Terror", a series of new anti-American governments emerged across the realm of Islam. 2005 marked the rise of

- Hezbollah in Lebanon
- The Muslim Brotherhood in Egypt
- The infamous Ahmadinejad in Iran
- A pro-Iranian government in Iraq
- Hamas in Gaza
- The Pakistani Taliban in Northwest Pakistan
- The Taliban insurgency in Afghanistan
- Anti-American Islamist elements in other countries

In 2005 Al Qaeda's leadership had never been so close to its goal of a pan-Islamic revolution against Western nations and Westernbacked regimes.

Temporarly halting the onset of an anti-Western revolution, in

November 2006 and November 2008 anti-American sentiment diminished when U.S. voters rejected the Bush war policy. Simultaneously, Bush largely failed in attempts to expand the 9/11 War in his second term, aside from initiating a covert war on Iran and encouraging an Israeli war on Lebanon, another Israeli war on Gaza and an Egyptian invasion of Somalia. Then in November 2010 the tide of public opinion again shifted. A Republican victory in the voting booth marked a death knell for messianic hopes in the Muslim world about Democratic President Barack Obama. The Islamic nightmare created by the Bush war policy now threatened to return. The pressure valve for mass revolution against Westernbacked tyranny exceeded tolerance among disenfranchised Muslim masses. Only one group of oppressors appeared to be a feasible target for the revolutionaries -- the "near enemy" of tyrannical regimes dominating Islam's heartland in quiet service of Western interests.

The incendiary course change in the prospect for Western-Islamic rapprochement long plotted by Al Qaeda converged in the Arab world with an array of political, economic and social disasters in early 2011. These final triggers for the Arab Spring included

- Skyrocketing population growth
- Record unemployment and poverty
- High food prices
- Soaring energy prices
- Water shortages

- Wikileaks disclosures of rampant corruption by perennially repressive Arab governments that further intensified the public debate that Bin Laden began on 9/11 and Bush fueled with the Iraq invasion
- Unregulated public discussion of these calamities via the enhanced social media of Facebook and Twitter

In this volatile environment, Al Qaeda lit a fuse inside the intellectual heartland of the Arab world. A deadly bombing of a Coptic church in Egypt precipitated a rift between the country's peoples and rulers that marked both the final chapter of the repressive Mubarak regime and an opening scene of the germinating revolution. A decade after his millennium gambit of megaterrorism, Bin Laden realized his dream of a pan-Islamic revolution with the inception of the Arab Spring. Appropriately, the country where Al Qaeda overtly initiated its post-9/11 campaign of international terrorist attacks, Tunisia, figured as the flashpoint for the revolution nine years later. Already the mass movement has positioned mainstream Islam one step closer to joining Bin Laden's anti-Western insurgency by legitimizing Al Qaeda's rationale for unyielding opposition to the region's Western-backed regimes. This zeitgeist reflects broadly in mounting Muslim animosity towards Western influence in the Middle East.

During the years leading up to the Arab Spring, the election of history's most popular president fortuitously reversed America's abysmal reputation in the Muslim world before the volcano of Arab indignation exploded in 2011. Through a peace dove's promises of Western rapprochement with Islam and future freedom and prosperity for all, anti-American sentiment disappeared from the growing wave of Islamic revolution. Instead of providing millions

of recruits for Bin Laden's war with the United States, the Muslim mainstream directed its furious indignation solely at the governments that it could confront nonviolently, its own corrupt autocracies. Had the polar-opposite Republican candidate John McCain won in 2008, the American people's endorsement and continuation of the hated Bush war policy under the leadership of a choleric war hawk would likely have incited many Arab Spring revolutionaries to target not only the "near enemy" but also the "far enemy" of the U.S. homeland. Barack Obama saved America from this potentially existential threat by diminishing anti-American sentiment in the formative period of the Islamic revolution.

In his first term President Obama's diplomatic outreach to the Muslim world protected the U.S. homeland from Arab Spring fallout while cultivating the opportunity for a rapid conclusion to the 9/11 War. Removing the U.S. occupation of Iraq entirely and preparing to conclude NATO military operations in Afghanistan, the new U.S. commander-in-chief has fulfilled his most celebrated campaign pledge about the 9/11 War -- preparing to end it. The role of the "Great Satan Empire" unwittingly played so masterfully by the Bush administration has transferred to a U.S. president unwilling to perform the part in Al Qaeda's doomsday script. With the change of leadership in the oval office, the American people reassigned to Al Qaeda the public designation as primary provocateur of the 9/11 War.

Al Qaeda's projected illusion of a righteous Muslim Messiah can face rejection in the minds of desperate revolutionaries who, largely freed from the blinders of anti-American sentiment, see a malevolent doomsday cult. Nevertheless, despite President Obama's timely intervention, fallout from the Arab Spring still provides Al Qaeda with ample opportunities to vivify the final scenes of its doomsday

theater. In the weeks before the 2012 U.S. presidential election, the Bin Laden syndicate attempted to seize control of the Spring by orchestrating mob violence directed at U.S. embassies and consulates throughout the Middle East. Two months later, Al Qaeda in Gaza provoked a war between Hamas and Israel designed to redirect the Arab Spring to target Israel and create the final battlefield of the Apocalypse in December 2012. Although both operations ultimately failed, residual hostilities threaten to ignite into new theaters of armed conflict. After having deflated anti-American sentiment from the Arab Spring during the revolution's first eighteen months, President Obama presently faces a serious Al Qaeda bid to hijack the pan-Islamic movement.

### BIN LADEN'S DEATH

Multiplying Al Qaeda's victory in the spring of 2011, Bin Laden's assassination appeared to achieve his messianic plan's most glorified prerequisite. According to popular interpretations of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy, the martyrdom of the Muslim Messiah at the hands of the "Great Satan Empire" occurs many years into his war and soon before its climactic conclusion. Representing both a divinely ordained sign and a demonstration of his sacrificial righteousness, this glorious death scene on the eve of his army's ultimate victory validates the Muslim Messiah's identity as the most revered warrior in the Islamic faith since the Prophet Mohammad. Reflecting the Christian origin of Sunni Mahdi mythology, the fabled account of the Sunni Mahdi's grand exit from the world stage echoes popular interpretations of prophetic traditions from Revelation and the sixteenth-century sage Nostradamus. These seminal sources similarly contend that the Christian Antichrist known as the 9/11 Destroyer dies soon before doomsday and that his death facilitates

the Great Extinction event.

After a decadal manhunt by the American superpower, Bin Laden chose to die at the hands of his chief adversary on the eve of prophesied 2012 in order to dupe people into believing that he is the Muslim Messiah. Having traded the myth of invincibility for the myth of martyrdom, Bin Laden self-fulfilled another criteria for the Sunni Mahdi prophecy and inspired more followers with his ostensibly selfless act of personal sacrifice in the name of protecting Muslims under siege. This event represented another charade in his doomsday script that continues to unfold under the direction of his top lieutenant Zawahiri. Certainly, Bin Laden did not launch a war of mega-terrorism against the superpower without anticipating the likelihood of his assassination. Rather, the successful U.S. operation to kill Bin Laden was a virtually inevitable consequence of the 9/11 War that Al Qaeda's leadership both expected and required.

An August 2003 schism between Bin Laden and Zawahiri appears to have provided a catalyst for the cult leader's assassination. Following years of decaying amity between the two, the two top Al Qaeda commanders created rival factions. The wily Zawahiri quickly sidled Bin Laden from power by isolating America's top target away from the rest of the Pakistani-based high command. From 2007-2011 Al Qaeda's operational leadership willfully and continuously divulged Bin Laden's location to U.S. intelligence.

• <u>In August 2003</u> Bin Laden and Zawahiri separated and went into deep hiding in order to avoid U.S.-backed strikes by the Pakistani army. The resulting abeyance in Al Qaeda's strategic command and control over its global syndicate at this time triggered a power struggle between the two principal leaders.

- In 2005 Zawahiri prevailed upon the other members of Al Qaeda's ruling council to persuade America's foremost target to relocate to a site far removed from the syndicate's high command for security purposes. Ironically, Al Qaeda's other super-magnet for U.S. Predator drone strikes remained to dominate the terrorist network's leadership. This transfer of power marked the beginning of Bin Laden's retirement and the end of his career as a revolutionary commander.
- <u>In 2007</u> the Zawahiri group began to broadcast "absentmindedly" and repeatedly to U.S. intelligence the name of Bin Laden's personal courier. Coincidentally, Zawahiri had the trusting messenger equipped with a bright-pink pickup truck for "evading" U.S. intelligence in his "covert" travels across Pakistan.
- <u>In 2011</u> U.S. intelligence traced the courier to Bin Laden's location in Abbottabad and killed the Messiah pretender, on schedule for Al Qaeda's chronicle of the Apocalypse.

Fittingly, Bin Laden's split with his upstart lieutenant catalyzed the cult leader's fake martyrdom plot.

Rather than interfering with Bin Laden's designs for Messiah pretension, his schism with Zawahiri facilitated this goal by augmenting the cult leader's own efforts to commit suicide covertly. Later investigations into the other occupants of the safe house revealed that Bin Laden actively plotted his own sham martyrdom. Family members confirmed that Bin Laden had totally resigned himself to the inevitability of his imminent death and even seemed to welcome it. The fact that history's most powerful military machine designated one resident of his house to be its top target made the

home a death trap for the inhabitants. Coupling with the designs of his usurping deputy that abetted covertly the superpower's campaign to assassinate the Messiah pretender, Bin Laden consigned to death all of the numerous occupants of his home by constructing no escape routes from the "safe" house. This architectural design did not constitute a flaw in an otherwise fortified structure; it reflected the home's true purpose. Al Qaeda merely failed to be so meticulous in creating the façade of a safe house as to construct escape routes during the six years between the time they built the house and Bin Laden's death. During the eventual operation that killed him, Bin Laden was blessed with a critical time frame of a few minutes when a power outage, a helicopter crash into his home and gunfire alerted him to the incursion in time for him to evade the U.S. special forces through an escape tunnel. Instead of escaping, the suicidal cult leader waited for the invaders unarmed in a room with two loaded guns on the shelf, and then almost obediently displayed his head to the approaching navy seal who shot it.

In the months before the May 2011 shot heard around the world, Bin Laden appeared to exhibit impatience with the U.S. operations to kill him. Apparently also unsatisfied with Zawahiri's progress in prompting the U.S. to assassinate him before the December 2012 deadline, in early 2011 Bin Laden welcomed his eldest and most openly spiteful wife to live with his two younger wives in the Abbottabad compound. Bin Laden's first wife had been under house arrest in Iran since fleeing Afghanistan after 9/11, a fact publicized worldwide. In 2010 this potential Bin Laden visitor was the subject of another widely documented event, a prisoner exchange between Al Qaeda and Iran. There is reason to believe she was under such heavy surveillance that Iranian or U.S. intelligence either

• Implanted her with a sophisticated tracking beacon

- Irradiated her with a distinct radiological signature
- Brainwashed her to perceive herself as an embittered wife bent on treachery
- Otherwise subjected her to some form of remote surveillance

Common sense must have suggested to Osama and the Al Qaeda high command that Western intelligence might use this wife to reveal Bin Laden's location when she reunited with him. After her arrival at the Bin Laden safe house, other members of his family living at the home allegedly warned Osama that this resentful wife was intent on destroying him and might help U.S. intelligence track down the Al Qaeda leader. Bin Laden allegedly shrugged off the warnings as if he were resigned to dying, continuing to live with the threatening older woman and his other younger wives. Two months after her arrival, U.S. forces killed Bin Laden at the hideout.

Bin Laden's clear willingness to die for his megalomaniacal project became the basis for the last operation completed by he and his upstart lieutenant. After a largely unpublicized eight-year dispute between the two over battle tactics, the Al Qaeda schism mended when Zawahiri killed his suicidal master by proxy. This event was enabled by the ambivalent rivalry between the two men, both power-hungry leaders committed to the same overarching strategy for world domination through Messiah pretension yet still polarized by tactical disagreements. In truth, the targeted killing did not alter the Al Qaeda command structure that had existed since 2005 with Bin Laden as spiritual leader and Zawahiri as the supreme commander. Rather than fracturing Al Qaeda, Zawahiri's planned assassination of Bin Laden created a more unified leadership under his control empowered by its founder's legendary reputation as a "martyred"

Muslim hero who ostensibly impersonated the Muslim Messiah and publicly nominated Zawahiri to be his successor. America's assassination of the Al Qaeda cult leader hastened his rampant war machine along in its trajectory toward igniting a Great Extinction event.

#### Command Transition

The leadership schism that precipitated Bin Laden's dethronement in 2005 did alter some Al Qaeda tactics, though without deviating the terrorist syndicate from pursuit of its cult leader's overarching strategy. Operating under the new supreme command of Bin Laden's top lieutenant, the religious war machine created by history's third world-war provocateur continued to pursue the goal of Messiah pretension through the mechanism of crusader baiting. Nevertheless, disputes immediately arose between the two fanatical megalomaniacs at the start of the schism in August 2003. Originally precipitated by a Pakistani army offensive that forced them into hiding separately, the physically divided leaders quickly established adversarial camps. Particularly during this period of uncertain leadership for Al Qaeda, Bin Laden appears to have commissioned major terrorist operations that the Zawahiri group later nixed.

During the eight years of the schism, the competing tactical agendas of an impatiently aggressive Bin Laden and a cautiously mobilizing Zawahiri clashed in an embarrassing series of Al Qaeda misfires at U.S. targets.

August 2003 -- Jakarta Marriott

Four months after the U.S. invasion of Iraq, Zawahiri

privately rebuked the Al Qaeda-affiliated perpetrators of a major bombing operation that devastated an American hotel in the capital of the most populous Muslim country. Evidently, the close associate of Bin Laden who runs the Indonesian outfit had violated a secretive standing order issued by Zawahiri that banned major Al Qaeda terrorist attacks on U.S. and Egyptian targets from 9/12/01 until late 2004, unless specially commissioned by Zawahiri (like the May 2003 Riyadh bombings launched weeks after the U.S. invasion of Iraq). No evidence has surfaced that suggests Bin Laden's Indonesian ally also violated Al Qaeda's fundamental command and control protocol requiring authorization from some member of the high command for any major terrorist attack outside of active war zones. The coincidence of this bombing and the opening of the Bin Laden-Zawahiri rift in August 2003 may explain the Indonesian affiliate's apparent insubordination -- Bin Laden secretly ordered the attack on the Jakarta Marriott in such a way that Zawahiri failed to halt the operation in time.

# • September 2003 -- New York Subways

Zawahiri does appear to have stopped an Al Qaeda sleeper cell from launching a mega-terrorist attack on New York City set to occur weeks after the Jakarta blast. During the start of the Bin Laden-Zawahiri schism in August 2003, Newsweek famously reported that Zawahiri had canceled an active Al Qaeda plot to strike New York subways with chemical weapons during the approaching two-year anniversary of 9/11. Captured documents from the Bin Laden safe house later revealed the cult leader's penchant for ordering Al Qaeda attacks inside America on the 9/11

anniversary. The conjunction of the Bin Laden syndicate's ability and failure to launch any terrorist attacks on the U.S. homeland during the decade after 9/11 suggests that Zawahiri has forbidden them, purposefully botched red-herring plots notwithstanding.

### • September 2011 -- U.S. Commuter Targets

The Zawahiri-dominated leadership of Al Qaeda even appears to have canceled a Bin Laden operation to bomb U.S. commuter targets inside America on the 9/11 anniversary following his assassination by U.S. special forces.

On at least three occasions the Zawahiri coup served, ironically, to safeguard the U.S. homeland from Al Qaeda's cult leader in the short term. Meanwhile, his insubordinate lieutenant plotted America's eventual destruction using tactics more circuitous than Bin Laden preferred.

Zawahiri's interference with Bin Laden's operational plots reflected an underlying shift in Al Qaeda's focus away from a few unpopular terrorist attacks outside of established war zones toward a torrent of thousands of insurgent attacks inside unpopular U.S. war zones in the Muslim world. Coupled with this rising identity as the vanguard of a global Islamic insurgency, Al Qaeda maintained its post-9/11 status as the most dominant Muslim military force by launching twenty-two surges of moderately provocative terrorist strikes on the West and its allies up through October 2012. The tactical transition toward popular attacks underscored Zawahiri's commitment to winning over the Muslim world by portraying Al Qaeda as a righteous insurgent army that bravely defends Islam from the world

war's "true" provocateur. While conflicting with the cult leader's desire to display Al Qaeda's true strength and provoke America into more prophesied battlefields, Zawahiri's public relations gambit follows in the traditions of both political Mahdism and insurgency doctrine. During the eight years of the schism Zawahiri consistently stymied Bin Laden's inclination for provocative terrorist strikes like 9/11 that would have again alienated most Muslims, instead restricting Al Qaeda's international terrorist campaign to a fraction of its destructive potential.

Zawahiri's tactical shift away from Bin Laden's aggressive battle plan relied on George W. Bush's personal inclination for "cowboy" military adventurism in order to help create the prophesied battlefields of the Apocalypse. Al Qaeda would have discovered one reassuring fact from a cursory examination of the Bush team's foreign policy ambitions published under the neo-conservative think tank "The Project for the New American Century" exactly one year prior to 9/11 -- conducting 9/11 on Bush's watch would free the Bin Laden syndicate from its need to incite the superpower with additional unpopular attacks. Without any further provocation, George W. Bush proceeded to fulfill the primary objectives of 9/11 by

- Creating the specially located war zones identified in Islamic apocalyptic mythology, from Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan and Iran, to Iraq and neighboring Syria, to Yemen, Egypt, Lebanon and the Palestinian territories
- Convincing the world that the United States was the chief culprit behind the 9/11 War

Bush's invasion of oil-rich ancient Babylon spread political chaos

throughout the Middle East in step with multiple U.S.-backed Israeli wars. Southeast Asia too thundered as the superpower's war machine pounded the world's most impoverished Muslim country and its neighbors. The vanguard of Islamic armed resistance against the non-Muslim superpower could contend persuasively to a rapidly multiplying flock of Muslims, "Behold -- the 'Great Satan Empire' of the Apocalypse War, the true culprit behind the 9/11 War". Al Qaeda's command council appears to have basked in the multiepisodic debacle of neo-conservative U.S. politicians run amok at the millennium. So elated by Bush's reaction to 9/11, the Zawahiri group nullified Bin Laden's order to resume attacks inside America in 2003 even though an outraged international community had just waged history's largest war protest over the U.S. invasion of Iraq. So pleased with Bush's sustained progress in unwittingly manufacturing a war that resembled Islamic apocalyptic mythology, Zawahiri extended his secret ban on Al Qaeda attacks inside the United States to cover the entire remainder of the Bush presidency. By utilizing crucial assistance from an Evangelical war hawk while stifling opposition from his cult leader, Zawahiri convincingly framed the superpower as the "Great Satan" menace responsible for a global war that Al Qaeda secretly seeks to spread across the Islamic world.

Establishing war guilt looms as the key prerequisite for America's fulfillment of the "Great Satan Empire" prophecy. The replacement of George W. Bush with a wildly popular peace dove dramatically altered Al Qaeda's tactical calculus for achieving this strategic objective. Now Zawahiri began to receive favorably Bin Laden's calls for another terrorist attack on New York City. Beginning in President Obama's first year, Zawahiri increasingly threatened to end his tactical ceasefire inside the United States by unleashing the first such Al Qaeda conspiracies since 9/11.

Frustrated over the Nobel Peace Prize laureate's early success at repudiating his predecessor's belligerency and dispelling the image of an American "Great Satan Empire", Zawahiri finally acceded to Bin Laden's standing request for attacks inside America. However, Al Qaeda would only proceed at a time during the Obama presidency most beneficial to the cult's apocalyptic designs. Aiming to rig the November 2012 U.S. presidential election in favor of a war hawk during the weeks before prophesied December 21<sup>st</sup>, the terrorist syndicate commissioned its Yemen affiliate to launch a foiled truck bombing of the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City during the weeks before Voting Day. The devastation to a premier financial target in New York would have occurred in the context of the September 2012 mob violence targeting U.S. embassies in the Arab world, attacks that already represented the largest surge of Al Qaeda terrorism against America since 9/11.

Since the U.S. presidential election and the passage of the prophetic milestone December 21st, 2012, Al Qaeda conspires through its Yemen affiliate to execute a high-altitude radiological bombing designed to force the permanent evacuation of New York City. This event would precipitate a military showdown in the Holy Land directed by a mergence of Al Qaeda-incited wars. If the preceding October Surprise scheme had succeeded, the election of President Obama's hawkish challenger would have generated a surge of popular support for strikes inside the United States. This change in public opinion on America would have mitigated the revulsion exhibited by the world community over the mega-terrorist attack inside the United States. Simultaneously, a Republican victory in the election would have forced a defeated peace dove to lull in the lame-duck phase of his presidency while preparing to transfer the Oval Office to a war hawk armed with a mandate for expanding the 9/11 War to the Arabian Peninsula. Regardless of the election's

actual outcome, the Al Qaeda leadership has anticipated that the scale of the "dirty bomb" attack would incite even the dovish President Obama to retaliate immediately with horrendous military reprisals on the Muslim world. Still indignant over the recent catastrophe of U.S. diplomacy that was the George W. Bush presidency, Muslims en masse would regard this latest instance of prophetically aligned U.S. belligerency as proof that America is the dreaded "Great Satan Empire" whose leader will press the button that triggers a nuclear doomsday.

Al Qaeda's eventual shift back to Bin Laden's position endorsing attacks inside the United States did not represent a counter-coup to unseat Zawahiri, but rather reflected the changing political landscape in Obama's America and post-Spring Islam, as well as the approach of the prophesied climactic stage of the Apocalypse War in 2013. Zawahiri's coup to unseat Bin Laden as supreme commander of Al Qaeda had become an open fact to the command council at the onset of the schism in 2003 and only gained momentum over the next two years. By 2005 the wily Egyptian had totally isolated Bin Laden from Al Qaeda's high command. In justifying their insubordination to other members of the council, Zawahiri's ruling faction of Egyptians characterized Bin Laden as delusional and mentally unfit for command.

Much like Napoleon, the ultra-aggressive cult leader suffered imprisonment for his last six years while he waged a propaganda campaign to salvage his reputation in the wake of unleashing the world's most destructive war to date. However, the dethroned Al Qaeda leader lived in a cage constructed not by his enemy but by his cautious lieutenant. Ousted from Al Qaeda's ruling council, in 2005 Bin Laden ended his career as supreme commander of the world's most powerful revolutionary army and assumed a purely symbolic

role in the 9/11 War. Like the two earlier world-war provocateurs Napoleon and Hitler, Bin Laden fell from power in the twenty-seventh year of his career and resumed the lowly station where he began -- as president of a small political club.

# His Legacy

Although Zawahiri did usurp Bin Laden's rule of Al Qaeda from 2005 until his assassination six years later, Al Qaeda's cult leader never stopped waging his messianic war. Today he continues to do so from the grave. While Zawahiri directs Al Qaeda, Bin Laden remains the leading role in the fabricated Apocalypse drama known as the 9/11 War. The same essential strategy that he formulated together with Zawahiri in the late 1990's has persistently guided the Bin Laden syndicate in implementing its founder's vision of doomsday. Posthumously he uses his organization to finish crafting an ongoing narrative about a message-laden revolutionary leader that matches the criteria frequently used by eschatological Muslim clerics in attempts to recognize the awaited Sunni Mahdi on today's world stage. The superficial completion of the partially fulfilled prophecy now hinges on one final grand objective, a definitive victory over the American superpower by the self-sustaining insurgent war machine that he created. In 2012 the Bin Laden syndicate appeared poised to escalate to an apocalyptic crescendo the terrorist bombing campaign against the United States that it has orchestrated with mounting success in the two decades since the network's February 1993 attempt to demolish the Twin Towers.

Bin Laden's six years of success at hiding in the shadows of the premier Pakistani military academy provided a metric of his progress at Messiah pretension. The nation's military establishment knew of Bin Laden's location for years. Even after Al Qaeda launched an open war against the Pakistani government and military through its affiliate the Pakistani Taliban, the Pakistani army refused to disclose his location and continued to provide him safe haven. This fact of nondisclosure testified to the prevalence of the expectation in the country's Jihadist-influenced military circles that Bin Laden was the Mahdi. More than a strategy for elusion based on hiding in plain sight, Bin Laden's six years of sanctuary next to "Pakistan's West Point" reflected the patronage that he received from reverential leaders of the army. In the context of the military insitution's sponsorship of the Afghan Taliban before and after 9/11, its refusal to launch military operations targeting Al Qaeda's high command in Northwest Pakistan, as well as its 1998 forewarning to Bin Laden about an incoming U.S. missile strike, Bin Laden's safe haven in Abbottabad represented a continuation of the Pakistani army's support for the Messiah pretender.

As a world-war provocateur, Bin Laden has obtained immortality unlike his predecessors. By creating a war machine founded on his living reputation that is capable of operating independently of its maker, he achieved a measure of life after death. Having breathed his public persona and overarching mission into a pre-programmed successor, Bin Laden could sustain his war after his capture or physical death. Like a madman who dies while triggering a countdown timer on a bomb, Bin Laden continues to threaten the superpower existentially in 2013. In fact, the mushrooming anti-imperialist insurgency directed by his Frankenstein terrorist syndicate signifies Bin Laden's rising influence among the living. Al Qaeda's cult leader remains a messianic world-war provocateur bent on claiming the highest throne by marching humanity towards Armageddon. Bin Laden will continue to live on in this manner until the soul of his Frankenstein, its maker's ideological appeal,

plummets into an abyss of moral repugnancy. If we demolish the myth of its righteous insurgent leader, the belligerent entity that is Al Qaeda will collapse in ideological oblivion.

By covertly assassinating its own cult leader who it still parades as the awaited savior of Islam, the Al Qaeda leadership has demonstrated a limitless predilection for homicidal guile. The deception over Bin Laden's death alone represents grounds for mutinous insurrection against the current Al Qaeda leadership. This event in May 2011 furthermore serves to validate the BLPlan.org indictment of the high command as an unrighteous apocalyptic cult plotting to kill five billion people. Bin Laden's martyrdom charade loses its power of persuasion when his followers perceive him to be a suicidal villain who actually killed himself as part of a plot to lay waste to Earth.

### **DISCLOSURES IN MAY 2011**

Bin Laden's theatrical death in May 2011 ironically coincided with a genuine catastrophe for Al Qaeda. A security breach leaked top-secret information on the syndicate's most sinister objectives. Published documents include persuasive evidence of the terrorist network's "Great Extinction" plot to vivify millennialist prophecy. These disclosures drastically altered the ideological landscape of the 9/11 War by unearthing a treasure trove of intelligence detailing the monstrous conspiracy to crown Bin Laden Mahdi.

This volcanic intelligence coup that now threatens to annihilate the Bin Laden syndicate with mutiny was years in the making. Superficially, Al Qaeda's war plan has always appeared to operate based on standard insurgency doctrine -- aiming to win the battle for

hearts and minds by inciting the opponent to launch self-defeating military reprisals that devastate large populations of civilians sympathetic to the insurgency. In recent years, however, counterterrorism experts have increasingly suggested an underlying doomsday motive evident in

- Patterns that define every Al Qaeda attack
- Popular apocalyptic beliefs in the Muslim world
- Al Qaeda's theological treatises advocating an apocalyptical campaign of offensive religious war to conquer the world through nuclear terrorism (largely unpublished in the West -- see quotes from *The Al Qaeda Reader* (2007) in References)

Despite well-formulated contentions, the ideological warriors opposing Al Qaeda on the war's main battlefield lacked sufficiently persuasive evidence to substantiate their claims until two events in May 2011.

The dawn of this fateful May featured Bin Laden's assassination at a Pakistani safe house that unlocked a purported treasure trove of intelligence on Al Qaeda. Seized files immediately clarified some disputed contentions about the global terrorist syndicate. In particular, captured documents verified the sustained existence of the strategic command and control exercised by the high command over dozens of affiliates worldwide -- a critical component for implementing Al Qaeda's complex insurgent strategy. Much of the safe-house haul remains undisclosed. However, Al Qaeda probably would not have housed potentially damaging top-secret intelligence about its operations inside the home of the superpower's principal human target after 9/11.

U.S. seizure of the safe house files confirming the syndicate's uninterrupted command and control did not signify a damaging intelligence breach for the Bin Laden syndicate. Instead, Bin Laden's belated claim of responsibility for up to twenty-two surges of international terrorism since 9/11 served to magnify the legend of Al Qaeda's military might at a time when the syndicate contended for the leadership of a budding pan-Islamic revolution. The aggrandizing disclosure also satisfied a critical criterion for Bin Laden's Messiah pretension -- his personal direction of a global army in the military tradition of an insurgent general. No longer could Western propaganda persuasively portray Bin Laden as simply an inspirational figure or fundraiser. He had finally proven his role in orchestrating and commanding all of the major armed opposition to the "Great Satan" America that his followers executed under Al Qaeda's banner. Bin Laden's military prowess now rivaled that of the most successful Islamic warlords, from Saladin to the Prophet Mohammad himself. By successfully confronting the superpower in an escalating global Islamic insurgency that he appeared to have directed personally, the "martyred" cult leader distinguished himself as a candidate for the throne reserved for the Sunni Muslim Messiah.

### Syed Saleem Shahzad

In May 2011 Pakistan served as the stage for the ironic coincidence of Bin Laden's sham martyrdom and the genuine martyrdom of an anti-Al Qaeda journalist who had just scooped the high command's war secrets. His apparent assassination by Al Qaeda helped to amplify the innocuous safe-house leaks into a crippling flood of classified intelligence. The terrorist syndicate's most serious intelligence breach to date actually began three weeks after the unrelated data bonanza from the Bin Laden raid. A Pakistani reporter who specialized in Al Qaeda news had infiltrated the normally secretive organization and published a best-selling exposé detailing the shadowy syndicate's secret agenda and hidden capabilities.

Authoritatively penned by a Muslim martyr who would die violently forty-eight hours after publicizing Al Qaeda's most unforgivable terrorist conspiracy, *Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban* documents a groundbreaking insider account of the leadership's strategy and operations. Echoing the opinions of many leading counterterrorism analysts, author Syed Saleem Shahzad provides testimony from the grave that persuasively corroborates the essential elements of the BLPlan.org thesis -- including Al Qaeda's command and control, Messiah pretension and crusader baiting. With the clout of a martyred hero in the 9/11 War venerated the world over, Shahzad identifies the indispensable engines for an Al Qaeda machination designed to kill five billion people and lay waste to Earth. (See References for citations, links and detailed quotations from Shahzad and other leading sources.)

Shahzad's investigation highlights Al Qaeda attempts to self-fulfill famous apocalyptic predictions. These doomsday conspiracies have

hinged on the Bin Laden syndicate's ability to bait the superpower and its allies into invading the Muslim world at times and locations corresponding to the contemporary narrative of the prophesied world war waged by the Sunni Mahdi's nemesis, the "Great Satan Empire".

# Prologue

The 9/11 attacks in 2001 aimed to provoke a war in South Asia. The 26/11 Mumbai assaults in 2008 warned that Al Qaeda was expanding its war to the east . . . In the ideological perspective of Al Qaeda, this was to be a preparation for the "End of Time" battles which were referred to by the Prophet Muhammad (in what is now known as the *Hadith*). These pointed to parts of modern-day Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan and Central Asia as ancient Khurasan. Khurasan was to be the first battleground for the End of Times battles, before a decisive confrontation against the West, with the last battle being fought in the Middle East for the liberation of Palestine and all occupied Muslim lands.

(p. xiii)

The promised messiah, the Mahdi, will then rise in the Middle East and Al Qaeda will mobilize its forces from ancient Khurasan for the liberation of Palestine, where a final victory will guarantee the revival of a Global Muslim Caliphate." (p. 226)

By 2012, he will come forward to command the Muslim forces in the Middle East and defeat the Western forces led by the Antichrist. (p. 101)

(Inside Al-Qaeda and the Taliban: Beyond 9/11 and Bin Laden

## by Syed Saleem Shahzad (May 2011))

In a rare glimpse into Al Qaeda's clandestine world of transnational terrorism and insurgency, Shahzad confirms the existence of the doomsday cult's initiative to provoke a world war with America and Israel designed to incite the "End of Times battles".

Shahzad's breakthrough exposé helped spread awareness of a viewpoint on the 9/11 War that had already come to dominate the U.S. counterterrorism community as it gravitated away from a mindset clouded by neo-conservative dogma. Juxtaposed to George W. Bush's blatant disregard of Bin Laden's agenda for a march to Armageddon beginning in late 2012, the war strategy promulgated by President Obama emerges from an apocalyptic perspective on Al Qaeda's motives. With terms softer than those of Shahzad's unfiltered account, U.S. counterterrorism czar John Brennan describes this revised perception of America's foremost foreign adversary.

That is because "terrorism" is but a tactic—a means to an end, which in al Qaeda's case is global domination by an Islamic caliphate. President Obama understands that successfully defeating these extremists over the long term requires breaking this bond—exposing al Qaeda as nothing but the death cult that it is and isolating extremists from the people they pretend to serve.

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-john-brennan-center-strategic-and-international-studies

In prosecuting a daunting case for an inherited war, President Obama received a boon from Al Qaeda's intelligence breach in May 2011 that represents a golden opportunity to strike Bin Laden's apocalyptic cult with a deathblow on the ideological battlefield.

#### .666 = FIVE BILLION DEAD

After a decade dominated by belligerents marching in the dark without a compass, enlightenment on the 9/11 War has arrived. Syed Saleem Shahzad's insider account of Al Qaeda strategy and capabilities highlights definitive evidence already on public record proving the Pakistani-based leadership aims to fulfill every major criterion for the Mahdi prophecy. Fundamental parallels between the global conflict designed by Al Qaeda and the world war predicted in Islamic apocalyptic mythology clearly reflect the doomsday cult's intention to manufacture the central event of the Apocalypse -- its destructive climax. The Bin Laden syndicate's track record of nuclear brinkmanship to date includes multiple attempts to ignite the Indo-Pakistani rivalry with mega-terrorist attacks on India by a Pakistani affiliate. This ongoing bid to precipitate conflicts that will lead to a global nuclear holocaust has occurred in the context of the inextricable connection between Bin Laden and history's most infamous mass murderer revealed in the world-war provocateur phenomenon.

The unfolding plot to imitate the Apocalypse War's death toll looms as an unprecedented criminal aspect of Al Qaeda's Mahdist movement. This monstrous secret behind the 9/11 War should serve as the focal point for an ideological confrontation with the doomsday death cult. Many apocalyptic believers, including indoctrinated Sunni militants, widely observe a famous prophecy in the Christian Book of Revelation that slates the ominous statistic to be two-thirds of the world's population. Just as they ignore the Mahdi's absence in the Koran, self-righteous Mahdist adherents who identify the 9/11 Destroyer and the 666 Beast with the Muslim Messiah probably disregard the fact that his designation appears linked to the Apocalypse's death toll -- .666 of humanity. The multiple

vulnerabilities evident in this unconscionable facet of Al Qaeda's ideological foundation suggests an information operation to underscore the scale of the death toll planned by Al Qaeda's high command.

Al Qaeda lacks the capability to instigate a war that kills exactly 2/3 of the 7-billion-strong human population. Furthermore, apocalypticists interpret the two-thirds figure to signify an approximation. According to this prevailing viewpoint, the doomsday death toll is significantly greater than half of the human population but short of three-quarters --

Al Qaeda aims to murder, largely through unwitting proxyexecutioners, approximately five billion people in order to satisfy this most important criterion of the Apocalypse prophecy.

The Al Qaeda rendition of the prophesied Great Extinction event would likely include an act of mega-terrorism that provokes a flurry of retaliatory nuclear strikes. Falling ICBM's would resemble the toxic falling-star weapons described in Revelation. The resulting "nuclear winter" scenario famously articulated by American and Russian scientists in the 1980s would mirror the Revelation account of

- Unprecedented mass murder in blast zones
- Sunlight deprivation and mass starvation
- Rampant disease

• Devastation of the Earth's entire biosphere from the environmental consequences of global nuclear war

Al Qaeda has designed this future act of global destruction to kill two-thirds of humanity, Muslims and non-Muslims alike, along with the vast majority of the planet's other species caught in the crossfire.

In the mid-1990s the terrorist group Aum Shinrikyo launched a sarin gas attack on Tokyo subways as part of a convoluted scheme to provoke a global nuclear war. Reminiscent of the deviant Japanese cult, Al Qaeda has followed a script for a prophesied apocalypse that charts a radical new course away from traditional practices in political Mahdism by actually vivifying the nuclear-winter conditions described in doomsday accounts. Whereas its predecessors stopped short of blowing up the world to gain Islam's highest thrown, Al Qaeda perceives this planetary catastrophe to be a prerequisite for legitimizing its Mahdi claim. Compassion for life aside, cataclysmic devastation does represent an integral element of the Apocalypse myth that Messiah pretenders could seek to fulfill. Foremost among the collateral damage for the doomsday war, a specific death toll defines the conflict as the most transformative event in human history.

Like Aum Shinrikyo, Al Qaeda's unique identity as a Great Extinction provocateur does represent a byproduct of the post-Cold War age. Islamic apocalypticists of the past did not possess the technological or ideological ability to advance their prophetic imitation to the point of global domination. Most certainly, they lacked the ability to mimic the criteria for the unique story of worldwide mass murder described in Revelation and derivative predictions. This human capability for global destruction only emerged in the atomic age and, more recently, spread to the Muslim

world. At the time of the millennium, the technological boon provided by the modern age with WMDs and global communications coincided with the emergence of a uniquely incompetent world leader ideally suited to play the role of the "Great Satan Empire". These modern developments represented crucial underpinnings for Al Qaeda's Great Extinction scheme.

Juxtaposed to the bloodthirsty Al Qaeda brood espousing perpetual unrestrained religious war, earlier Mahdist movements simply pursued limited or infeasible political goals that never succeeded in fabricating more than a small fraction of the criteria for contemporary versions of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy. Either rallying popular support in 1880's Sudan for an Islamic insurgency against the British Empire, or trying futilely to usurp control of Islam in 1979 with a hostage crisis at the faith's holiest site, or in a dozen other scenarios, no claimant ever convincingly portrayed the complete Mahdi prophecy. None of these Messiah pretenders battled a "Great Satan Empire" in an apocalyptic war that involved the prophesied battle zones across the Muslim world mushrooming into planetary destruction.

### **Motives**

Among all of the contemporary catalysts for the plot, from new technology and Muslim indignation to George W. Bush and Israeli war hawks, the unique nefariousness of Al Qaeda may best explain its criminal deviation from its predecessor's behavior toward an agenda for Great Extinction. One of the terrorist syndicate's deceased strategists, a Major Haroon, privately explained the doomsday cult's justification for provoking unprecedented mass murder of innocent people.

Big causes demand big sacrifices. History witnesses that innocent people are often killed in wars and otherwise. In peace they are crushed by the tyrannical systems. Life is only for those who chose to play an active role on one side of the fence or the other. The rest are anyway caught in no-man's land." (*Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban* by Syed Saleem Shahzad (2011) p. 103)

An absolutist disregard for the sanctity of life permeates Al Qaeda's political rationale for triggering a Great Extinction event.

Remorselessly mimicking the prophesied "5 billion" death toll represents one half of a two-pronged strategy to unseat America as superpower and conquer the world. The overarching insurgency scheme to dupe public opinion into acquiescing to these developments involves assassinating the superpower's character in a manner that elevates Bin Laden's army to the highest status. Al Qaeda seeks to precipitate surreptitiously the Great Extinction event so that the world community blames the syndicate's archenemy. In order for the duplicitous insurgency strategy to succeed, the Bin Laden syndicate's popularity contest against America must conclude in a nuclear war that begins with a first strike by either the United States or a U.S. ally. The ongoing bid to complete the transfer of guilt to America for the 9/11 War foreshadows future Al Qaeda plots to provoke the United States or U.S. allies such as Israel or India into launching a nuclear strike that triggers a global nuclear conflict. For millennia afterwards, posterity would regard the United States as the malevolent actor that transformed the Earth's biosphere into a postapocalyptic wasteland. Amidst the anti-American sentiment in the immediate aftermath of the event, the stateless syndicate of Al Qaeda could emerge under the pretense of divinely ordained righteousness to rally manpower and armaments, destroy the

superpower and rule the world through nuclear terrorism.

Insurgency "blowback" strategy represents but one dimension of Al Qaeda's rationale for instigating a Great Extinction. In a break from the Mahdist tradition, a global terrorist network bent on world domination perceives the war's cost in human life as the requisite climax for its prophetic rendition. The perpetration of humanity's most unforgivable crime represents an indispensable dramatic scene for the Sunni Mahdi theater called the 9/11 War. In this pivotal moment of catharsis when humanity blames the superpower for presiding over a global war that ignited doomsday, America's leading adversary hopes to transform the doubts of remaining disbelievers about its identity as the prophesied opponent of the "Great Satan Empire". Adorned in a series of superficially fulfilled prophecies accentuated by a planetary cataclysm, Bin Laden's army could stake its claim as the awaited savior of Islam. This mass psychological event would serve, either through faith or fear, as the basis for sustainable world domination by the Bin Laden syndicate.

Al Qaeda's full-fledged bid to imitate contemporary interpretations of the Mahdi prophecy verifies its agenda for world conquest through global destruction. Beyond inferential actions and proclamations, evidence of Al Qaeda's apocalyptic intent has appeared in the network's operations to inflame the Indo-Pakistani rivalry. The Bin Laden syndicate exhibited nuclear brinksmanship in post-9/11 attacks designed to ignite conflict between the two nuclear archrivals. Targeting the Indian parliament in December 2001 and the city of Mumbai in November 2008, mega-terrorist assaults by affiliated members of the Pakistani militant group Lashkar-e-Taiba nearly succeeded in achieving Al Qaeda's privately professed goal of a nuclear war in South Asia. A subsequent failed plot by the Mumbai Massacre mastermind threatened to assassinate

India's entire military leadership. Perceiving a net strategic advantage in surreptitiously self-fulfilling a previously disregarded element of Sunni Mahdi prophecy, the Al Qaeda leadership has committed its army to provoking the worldwide destruction described in doomsday mythology.

The covert commissioning of a Great Extinction event by a group that publicly claims to represent humanity's savior flagrantly contradicts the non-Koranic myth of the righteous Sunni Mahdi who destroys the culprit behind the mass murder of .666. More akin to the Christian vision of the malevolent Antichrist's army, Al Qaeda's identity as the aspiring provocateur of the prophesied global cataclysm reflects the actions of a Messiah pretender who has failed to satisfy the most essential requirement of prophecy heralding the world's savior -- morality. In this context, the repetition of the sequence "666" in the Apocalypse's death toll appropriately associates the criminal conspiracy to a man who has emulated the 666 beast of Revelation 13:18 that Mahdists presume to be the "mischaracterized" Mahdi. Visibly content with the hypocrisy that Bin Laden's war machine represents the greatest villain of the 9/11 War, Al Qaeda's leadership has persisted to lay false claim to the throne of the righteous Sunni Mahdi for over a decade because its doomsday plot has remained a secret from others.

#### RIGHTEOUSNESS LOST

# Targeting Five Billion

The martyr Syed Saleem Shahzad voices a living analysis of Al Qaeda that leads a chorus of scholarly observers who have examined aspects of the leadership's doomsday agenda since 9/11. The information operation presented at BLPlan.org charts a new avenue for this public discourse by identifying Bin Laden's Great Extinction plot to be the critical divergence from the Sunni Mahdi prophecy that discredits the deceased cult leader's call for religious war. None of the world's experts on Al Qaeda has suggested the Bin Laden syndicate endeavors to create a precise simulation of the detailed war prophecy that excludes the destructive climax -- the multibillion death toll and the post-apocalyptic wasteland. Rather, the prevailing view articulated by U.S. counterterrorism officials maintains that the Al Qaeda leadership seeks to complete its rendition of apocalyptic mythology because the doomsday cult views this collateral damage as means to world domination.

Paradoxically, the five-billion death toll that Al Qaeda secretly aspires to replicate represents the key to both the cult's success and its undoing. If the Great Extinction plot succeeds and America receives the blame, Al Qaeda can feasibly claim Islam's highest throne. However, if Al Qaeda's .666 plot falls under intense public scrutiny, popular support for the Bin Laden syndicate will transform into a fear and loathing that propels Muslim mobs to eradicate every trace of the terrorist network. Al Qaeda's downfall begins with a persuasive indictment for genocide that preempts the apocalyptic cult's plan to incriminate the superpower for the prophesied mass murder.

In staking its claim to Islam's highest throne, Al Qaeda has contrived a global conflict designed to satisfy all of the prerequisite events for the Sunni Mahdi's reckoning with the Great Satan Empire, particularly the most horrific one. This roundabout strategy emerges not simply from Al Qaeda's devotion to an elaborate confidence scam, but because the Mahdi tradition forbids Bin Laden and his army from claiming the Messiah title outright until they have completed the entire prophecy. According to a popular interpretation of the Mahdi prediction, the real Messiah would be a humble Muslim in the tradition of the Prophet Mohammad who would refuse to claim explicitly that he was the world's most important person. Rather, he would receive recognition as the awaited savior posthumously by doing what so many previous claimants failed to do -- act out the Mahdi's role in the scripted drama during a grand fulfillment of the entire Apocalypse prophecy. As if to prove the point to a young Bin Laden one month before he began his career as a messianic revolutionary commander, a Mahdist claimant who seized control of Mecca's Grand Mosque in 1979 openly claimed to be the Messiah and immediately lost all credibility as a Mahdi candidate. Since the real Mahdi cannot explicitly claim his title, .666 of the world's population must die in order to legitimize his implicit claim.

While not overlooking the prophetic criterion banning explicit identification of the Mahdi, the Bin Laden syndicate has "toed the line" in order to lay the groundwork for this recognition. Vaguely and repeatedly, the terrorist network has announced itself to be the army of the Sunni Mahdi. Other propaganda includes a videotape of Bin Laden preaching before a blackboard on which is written the single word "Mahdi". Al Qaeda's hazy contentions have generated more explicit accolades from enthusiastic believers impressed by the insurgent army's imitation of apocalyptic lore.

Innuendo notwithstanding, the senior leadership has never specifically identified Bin Laden as the expected Muslim Messiah. Beyond simply serving to help self-fulfill this one aspect of doomsday prophecy, Al Qaeda's refusal to announce Bin Laden as the awaited ruler of Islam must also have originated from a pragmatic strategic decision. In order to succeed in the decade-long process of vivifying the many scenes of the Apocalypse War while also rallying mass support for the initiative, Al Qaeda has had to avoid propaganda emphasizing the Bin Laden syndicate's motive for inciting a Great Extinction event before Al Qaeda has triggered it and persuasively blamed another party. The omission of lucid references to the Sunni Mahdi, the apocalyptic battle zones and the prophesied time frame in Al Qaeda's otherwise boastful propaganda conspicuously evinces the inherent dishonesty of Bin Laden's Messiah pretension.

Barred from the most obvious method for claiming a title, the terrorist syndicate has attempted to seize the throne of the Sunni Mahdi through alternative means. Since Al Qaeda cannot proclaim its own cult leader to be the Sunni Mahdi, the senior leadership aims to cajole a mushrooming legion of followers and observers into making the declaration. A persuasive imitation of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy figures centrally in this worldwide confidence scam. Along with the throngs of adherents already duped by the illusion of Bin Laden as the righteous Mahdi, a number of influential Western analysts have gravitated toward this enthralling perspective. CNN's Peter Bergen and a former head of the C.I.A.'s Bin Laden unit have both published books assessing Bin Laden to be among history's greatest Muslim leaders, while another book authored by former F.B.I. consultant Paul L. Williams explicitly identifies Bin Laden to be the Mahdi.

Despite providing valuable insight into various aspects of Al Qaeda's agenda and capabilities, these reputable analyses fail to articulate one pivotal fact about Bin Laden's messianism. Diametrically opposed to the mythological Sunni Mahdi who fulfills the numerous predictions incidentally while in the honest pursuit of justice, Bin Laden and his war machine have concocted an elaborate theater that artificially emulates the prophecy in order to foment unprecedented injustice and suffering. Al Qaeda's implicit Mahdi bid fabricates parallels in the 9/11 War with the leading characters, war fronts and time frames of the cataclysmic conflict. By engineering a clash of civilizations designed to lay waste to the biosphere, Bin Laden fundamentally invalidated the spreading belief that he was the righteous Muslim Messiah. No amount of perceived grievances against U.S. influence in the Muslim world can justify triggering a Great Extinction event. Rather than being Islam's savior during an age of unprecedented Muslim suffering, Bin Laden is the man who intentionally caused that age of suffering and conspires to foment a global nuclear holocaust in order to serve his private agenda.

In stark contrast to the true Mahdi, Bin Laden deviously followed a model of a false Mahdi. His duplicitous attempt to masquerade as a statistical match for the expected Muslim Messiah has led Al Qaeda to falsify the casus belli for its rendition of the Apocalypse War in order to conceal its motive and rally supporters. Instead of vocalizing Bin Laden's true yet unpopular ambition for genocidal Messiah pretension, Al Qaeda propaganda focuses on portraying the apocalyptic cult as a defensive insurgency opposing American attacks on otherwise defenseless Muslims. Under the cover of this charade, the Bin Laden syndicate actually incites the superpower's attacks and covertly advances the agenda for a blatantly sinister offensive holy war that self-fulfills the Great Extinction prophecy.

Foremost on this malevolent agenda to mirror contemporary Sunni Mahdi mythology, the terrorist syndicate has endeavored to manufacture the military campaign of the "Great Satan Empire". An illusion of the Mahdi's nemesis has materialized from Al Qaeda's underhanded attempts to incite the very military aggression that it publicly upholds as justification for Bin Laden's religious war. The artificial duplication of the space-time coordinates for the Sunni Mahdi's anticipated conflict with the "Great Satan Empire" has figured centrally in this contrivance. At a preordained time, Al Qaeda next plans to incite America to wage a nuclear war for which the superpower is blamed and the syndicate concludes with nuclear terrorism. This ruthless scheme aims to reassign blame from the world war's true provocateur in order to frame America for genocide while inspiring everlasting love for Bin Laden's messianic army as the vanquisher of the prophesied "Great Satan Empire". Bin Laden's plan has already condemned tens of millions of Muslims to suffering in the theatrical device of his battlefields, a sinister plot for mass murder that foreshadows his overarching plan to match the Apocalypse's death toll and planetary destruction. The act of chicanery that is the 9/11 War does not truly represent a benevolent savior waging a defensive insurgency, but a malevolent destroyer waging an offensive military campaign to trigger doomsday.

## Invalid Prophetic Fulfillment

The murderous contrivance behind Al Qaeda's Apocalypse rendition invalidates the death cult's claim that it has satisfied the criteria for the non-Koranic prophecy foretelling the righteous Muslim savior. Aside from the moral contradictions of a purported savior who lays waste to Earth, Al Qaeda's Mahdi bid involves the shenanigans of self-fulfilling prophecy. Genuine prophetic fulfillment represents a

conspicuous expression of divine will, not human will, announced lucidly in the past and manufactured in the future. Involving specific events in the distant future that no human being could anticipate from trends analysis, the fruition of the forecast arrives through a conspicuously supernatural mechanism. Signifying an apparent miracle, the presaged event commands attention by defying scientific explanation.

The anomalous machination of self-fulfilling prediction evident in Bin Laden's millennialist war discredits his Mahdi bid. Evolving not so much from a miraculous mechanism, the forecasted events mostly spawned from repeated acts of human chicanery not mentioned in the prophecy that eventually succeeded at fulfilling many scenes of the famous elastic prediction.

- Al Qaeda designed all of its known plots for mega-terrorism to target the superpower and India from at least one of the Apocalypse's battlegrounds during prophetically charged years -- 1993, 1996, 2000, 2001, 2006, 2008, 2013(?)
- The "prophesied" start time for the Mahdi's global war changed four times during Bin Laden's career alone -- 1979, 1993, 2000, 2001

Willfully imitating varying accounts of a story in this repetitive fashion constitutes an act of theater, not divine prophecy, and certainly not righteousness. It is not prophetic fulfillment when Romeo and Juliet die in a scheduled reenactment of Shakespeare's tragedy or any of its renditions.

In addition to the contrived manner in which Al Qaeda has tried to fulfill the Islamic account of the Apocalypse, the ancient scripture of the prediction itself appears invalid. The two most crucial documents for authenticating the Islamic prophecy, the Koran and Revelation, appear to have discredited the prediction retroactively. The Prophet Mohammad's complete omission of the Mahdi character in the Koranic account of the Apocalypse refutes conclusively any contention that this is a legitimate Islamic prophecy about the central character of the Apocalypse. Juxtaposed with the Mahdi's Koranic exclusion, the Koran's inclusion of the reincarnated Christian Messiah Jesus in its Apocalypse account doubly discredits the validity of the Mahdi prophecy. The inerrancy of the Koran, a cornerstone of Al Qaeda's own Salafist Islamic theology, ironically precludes the possibility of the righteous Muslim Messiah of the Apocalypse.

This fact of scripture stems neither from any fallibility of the modern Koran nor from an uncharacteristic oversight by the Prophet Mohammad to include the protagonist of the Apocalypse, as Mahdists implicitly contend. Rather, the absence of the Mahdi in the Koran reflects one of two other realities. The Sunni Mahdi originated as either

- A fictional character invented after the death of the Prophet Mohammad
- An inaccurate interpretation of a genuine prophecy about a real Islamic leader whose unrighteous activity would mar the reputation of his faith for all time such that the Prophet Mohammad refused to recognize him as the future heir to the throne of Islam

If a man did become the most influential Muslim by triggering a global nuclear war, his designation as Islam's awaited Messiah would appear to discredit the Prophet Mohammad's religion in the eyes of posterity by physically trivializing the faith's positive contributions to the human prospect. Rather than the redeemer of Islam, as the questionable Mahdi prophecy contends, this figure would represent the disgrace of Islam.

More than Germany's legacy of Hitler, Islam's legacy of Bin Laden would scar future generations of Muslims forced to bear both the shame and planetary tribulations of history's worst crime against humanity. Naturally, warning humanity that a future Muslim leader would destroy the world in a failed attempt to imitate a false prophecy about the Prophet Mohammad's successor did not represent a feasible strategy for propagating the Islamic faith. Perhaps posterity must appreciate that

- The emergence of world-war provocateurs from within both Christianity and Islam refutes the contention that any one faith is to blame for a phenomenon responsible for three planetary emergencies -- although some measure of guilt may rest with the particular violent sects that spawned these monsters
- The Koranic omission of this dangerous world leader signifies an implicit indictment of the man
- Non-Muslim prophets have warned about the future antichrist figure who, after the Prophet Mohammad's lifetime, was mischaracterized as the "righteous" Sunni Mahdi

Whether this age-defining Muslim ruler is a real prophesied disgrace to the human race or simply a righteous fictional character whose identity Bin Laden tried to claim, all Muslims who respect the Koran should oppose the designs of the Great-Extinction-plotter Bin Laden.

Already repudiated retroactively by the Koran, the Sunni Mahdi prophecy loses more credibility from its own identity as an Islamic derivation of the Christian Book of Revelation. Like the Koranic account of the Apocalypse, the myth of the Muslim Messiah began as an appropriation of Revelation prophecy concerning a genocidal madman known as the King Destroyer of 9:11 whose war ignites the Great Extinction event of the Apocalypse. Unlike the Koran, the revisionist Mahdist account represents a demonic fission of the Christian story of the Antichrist that creates a new protagonist and a new antagonist both based on Revelation's madman. This most unrighteous origin for the Sunni Mahdi character would seem to prefigure the identity of a nefarious mass murderer, not the righteous savior described in a few suspicious Islamic verses.

During the thirteen centuries since the prophecy's highly suspicious genesis decades after the death of the Prophet Mohammad, the hijacking of the Sunni Mahdi myth by dozens of false claimants appears to have corroborated doubts about the prediction's legitimacy. Skeptics highlight the constant revision of prophetic dating by successive generations of messianic believers as a reflection of the natural human proclivity to anticipate erroneously a prophesied era of renewal when a new calendar age dawns. For Mahdists over the ages, this apocalyptic obsession has included numerous attempts to imitate varying renditions of the Sunni Mahdi prophecy during a series of "presaged" time frames. Famous modern occurrences of this Mahdism in temporal flux include

• The 1882 "Sudanese Mahdi" immortalized in Charleston Heston's classic *Khartoum* 

- The 1979 Saudi predecessors of Al Qaeda
- Bin Laden's only plots for mega-terrorism against the superpower in 1993, 1996, 2000, 2001, 2006 and 2013(?)

In each case, Messiah pretenders attempted to capitalize on contemporary apocalyptic expectations by duping believers into accepting a rendition of the fluid prediction that each generation modified. The synchronicity of Bin Laden's 9/11 War with the "prophesied" millennial time frame appears to represent another man-made contrivance devoid of the divine influence associated with a true prophecy. Rather than achieving the miraculous fulfillment of a fixed prediction, Bin Laden demonstrated the flexibility of a vague ancient forecast already disputed by the Koran.

After accepting that Bin Laden's 9/11 War is a farce and the Sunni Mahdi prophecy is suspicious, apocalyptic believers may still ask

- Does this one man's sinister attempt to imitate a distorted version of legitimate doomsday predictions constitute another human engine, albeit a despicably conscious one, for the divinely guided fulfillment of this holocaustic prophecy?
- Is Al Qaeda analogous to a planet-busting meteor, not itself righteous but merely a tool for God's righteous plan to implement a pivotal stage of human evolution through war?
- Does human opposition to Bin Laden's sinister enterprise represent another facet of the same righteous story scripted by God?
- Does God wish for humans to embrace an identity as

benevolent beings bound by respect for God's creation of life in all its variety and complexity?

• Will poetic justice guide the malevolent and the benevolent to their respective fates?

Whether rejecting apocalypticism altogether or modifying their doomsday perspective to identify Bin Laden as the world-war's provocateur, Islamic apocalypticists must concede that Bin Laden's willful creation of the Great Satan and his planned Great Extinction event clearly disproves his claim to righteousness. Whether he is not the Sunni Mahdi and the 9/11 War is simply a mad man's theatre, or he is the awaited Muslim leader but the Mahdi prophecy is a fatally flawed distortion of the Antichrist prophecy, the moral obligation to oppose this enemy of life on Earth remains beyond dispute.

Bin Laden's secretive genocidal ambition appears irreconcilable with his portrayal of the righteous Sunni Mahdi character. This insight into the anti-human agenda underlying Bin Laden's Messiah pretension illuminates his most fundamental difference with the prophesied Muslim Messiah -- righteousness. The Islamic savior described in apocalyptic mythology would not plot to kill the vast majority of the world's inhabitants. Naturally, there exists no interpretation of the prophecy of the righteous Sunni Mahdi contending that he plots to precipitate a Great Extinction event. Such a bizarre scenario would absolve the Great Satan Empire for the planetary destruction of the Apocalypse War, even portraying the Sunni Mahdi's adversary as the righteous party in the war. The actual mythological figure of the Muslim Messiah is defined by his ability to ease suffering and protect the planet's inhabitants, an objective incompatible with the goal of provoking a Great Extinction event.

In light of Al Qaeda's devious creation of a "Great Satan Empire" character and vivification of the space-time coordinates for the various war fronts of the Apocalypse, Bin Laden's 9/11 War does not truly fulfill the prophecy of the righteous Muslim savior. By plotting to condemn all people to either a violent death or a miserable life in a nuclear wasteland, Al Qaeda pursues a most unrighteous cause. Who but the enemy of life would try to murder five billion people and lay waste to the Earth's biosphere? An unflattering description of a radicalized Saudi prince imitating his absentee-father's hero encapsulates the truth behind the global conflict that has dominated the third millennium. The 9/11 War is a theatrical production by a doomsday cult designed to hijack millennialist hysteria and kill two-thirds of the human population in a global nuclear holocaust.

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### FURTHER READING

## AN ALTERNATIVE SUMMARY OF BIN LADEN'S MESSIAH PRETENSION

http://binladensplan.com/Messiah \_ Pretension.html

### A 2004 BOOK ON MILLENNIALIST PROPHECIES

http://binladensplan.com/Millennialist\_Prophecies.html



# IV. CRUSADER BAITING

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## IV

## CRUSADER BAITING

# OVERVIEW: GOADING AMERICA INTO FUELING INSURGENCY

# Igniting Revolution

A Machiavellian insurgent strategy manipulated the United States into playing a scripted role that portrays the superpower as Islam's greatest enemy and the chief culprit behind the 9/11 War -- a global menace more dangerous than the Third Reich. In turn, the millennialist charade elevated the popularity of an Islamist guerrilla army cloaked in the role of the maligned superpower's righteous nemesis. The U.S. military backlash to 9/11 successfully rallied the majority of the world's Muslims to embrace the casus belli, if not the tactics, utilized by Bin Laden's global insurgency against the United

States and its allies. The prospect of one billion Muslims supporting Al Qaeda plots for mega-terrorism inside the U.S. homeland has loomed as a materializing prerequisite for the network's success as a global anti-American insurgency. While Muslim opinion polls registered unprecedented levels of anti-American sentiment in 2007, the U.S. National Intelligence Estimate on Al Qaeda classified the global terrorist syndicate "as strong as ever". After a decade of American policy blunders in a post-9/11 military campaign spread across the Muslim world, in 2011 Al Qaeda required just one more catalytic event to push the Muslim mainstream into its anti-Western camp.

Frustrated over political inequities both highlighted and magnified by the two leading belligerents of the 9/11 War, the Arab masses finally enlisted with the vanguard of resistance against Western influence. The 2011 Arab Spring revolution has confronted and threatens to eliminate the West's frontline of defense against Al Qaeda throughout the realm of Islam by targeting Western-backed governments. In the greatest boon to the Bin Laden syndicate since the U.S. invasion of Iraq, pro-Western regimes collapsed amidst nonviolent protests and armed insurgencies that

- Freed thousands of militant Al Qaeda sympathizers from prisons in Egypt, Yemen, Libya and elsewhere
- Crippled law enforcement and intelligence assets that the United States had relied on to combat Al Qaeda
- Spawned Al Qaeda recruitment grounds within the political chaos that has degenerated into Al Qaeda-friendly Islamist governments and Al Qaeda-fueled civil wars

Having successfully polarized the Muslim world with the dialectic process begun on 9/11, Al Qaeda witnessed mainstream Islam increasingly align with Bin Laden's movement as the Arab revolution deteriorated from the initial nonviolent protests into anti-American Islamist governments and armed insurrection against Western-backed dictators. Today a domino effect of failed states threatens to transform the Middle East into a failed region devoid of Al Qaeda's principle Arab adversaries. The Bin Laden syndicate appears poised to fill the pan-Arab power vacuum with its coalescing design for a nascent pan-Islamic empire.

Fortuitously, the 2008 election of the wildly popular U.S. President Barack Obama substantially diminished the unprecedented levels of anti-American sentiment in the Muslim world. Had U.S. voters chosen the anointed successor of the wildly unpopular George W. Bush, anti-U.S. overtones would likely have permeated the Arab Spring from the start and endangered American national security with a potential tsunami of Al Qaeda recruits. Although President Obama has reduced the historic levels of anti-American sentiment, unfolding events set to climax in 2013 suggest the emergence of an alternative scenario. After a stutter step during the years President Obama successfully raised Muslim hopes for peace and prosperity, a desperate Muslim world completes the dialectical procession from neutrality to Al Qaeda's camp begun on 9/11. In the coming weeks and months, the gravity of imminent political catastrophes in the Middle East may prompt a majority of the 2011 revolutionaries to abandon totally their new campaign of nonviolent mass protests and democratic slogans in favor of submission to Al Qaeda's violent Islamist war against Western imperialism.

Al Qaeda usurpation of the 2011 revolution might occur following a continuation of trends that include

- A pan-Arab failure to create functional democratic governments in the short term
- The spread of the revolution to all Muslim countries
- Backlashes against the revolution from some of the Westernbacked dictators
- Escalating political momentum for an Israeli war against Iran and the Palestinians
- The anticipated Indo-Pakistani war that would result from Al Qaeda's Mumbai Massacre sequel planned for the end of 2012
- The anticipated U.S.-backlash in Yemen and Pakistan that would occur after Al Qaeda's 9/11 sequel in New York City planned for the end of 2012
- An escalating global economic crisis

Having successfully created the geopolitical incubator for mass rebellion against the political establishment throughout the Muslim world, Al Qaeda now endeavors to hijack the movement. By harnessing a sympathetic population of over one billion Muslims, the Bin Laden syndicate can propel its global insurgency towards attacking a vulnerable U.S. homeland and ultimately defeating America.

### **Tactics**

In his best-selling *Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban*, Syed Saleem Shahzad provides an insider account of top-secret strategy sessions in which Bin Laden and his chief lieutenant discuss the dynamics of baiting Americans into behaving as modern-day Crusaders. Ayman al-Zawahiri, the current supreme commander of Al Qaeda, describes the dialectic process that the guerrilla army would employ at the projected cost of five billion people in order to manipulate Muslim populations into joining Bin Laden's war against the superpower and its allies.

"Zawahiri impressed upon Bin Laden the importance of understanding the American mentality . . . Americans with all their resources will revert to being cowboys when irritated. They will then elevate you to new heights as the implacable enemy, and this will produce the Muslim longing for a leader who could successfully challenge the West." (p. 76)

A decade of international terrorism directed against the United States irritated the superpower into launching a series of wars in the Muslim world that framed Americans with a reputation as belligerent cowboys. This event marked the linchpin in Zawahiri's plan to enhance recruitment for a terrorist syndicate draped in the charade of a righteous defensive insurgency.

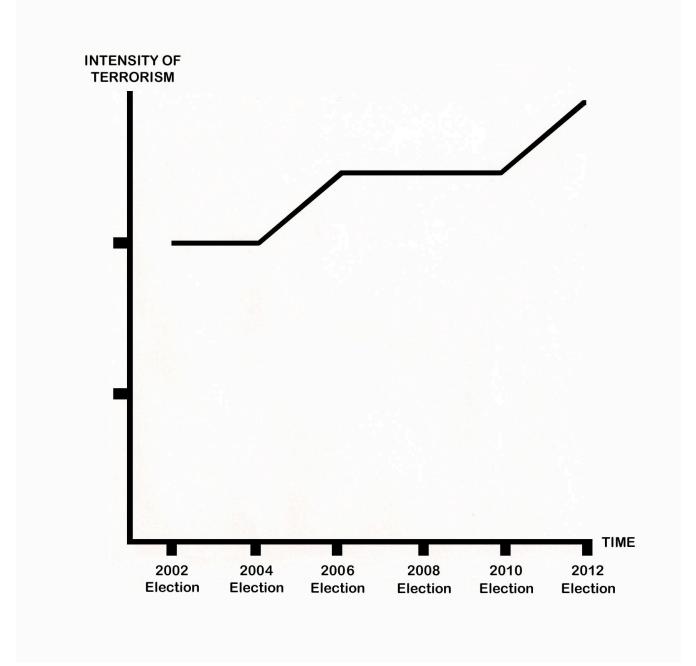
While not novel, the psychological warfare tactics employed to produce the catalytic U.S. military campaign enabled Al Qaeda's high command to penetrate the American electoral system undetected and swing the vote in favor of candidates easily provoked into war. Beyond parallels with Hitler and the Sunni Mahdi, the mechanics of this holocaustic war strategy to transform the United

States into the "Great Satan Empire" appear lucidly in contemporary timelines charting the progression of major international terrorist attacks executed by Al Qaeda's global syndicate. The timelines illuminate three trends in Al Qaeda warfare.

- 1. October Surprises
- 2. False-flag operations
- 3. Gradual escalations

These tactics of psychological warfare appear conspicuously in a graph charting the ceiling of intensity for the acts of terrorism that have defined the Bin Laden network's international campaign since 9/11.

# **CEILINGS FOR AL QAEDA TERRORISM SINCE 9/11**



See section 4 of References for genesis graph and legend

These three terrorist tactics collectively depict Bin Laden's war on America as an attempt to bait the superpower into launching a modern military crusade across the Muslim world that implicates the United States as the chief provocateur of the war. Dominating Al Qaeda's 20-year insurgency against a vulnerable American superpower, the three psychological weapons suggest a nefarious strategy involving the rigging of U.S. elections in favor of war hawks as part of a scheme to goad the superpower and its allies into invading and occupying prophesied battlefields in Afghanistan, Iraq, Pakistan, Syria, Iran and nations of the Arabian Peninsula.

By duping the superpower's voters and then goading the militarists they elected into vivifying prophesied battlefields across the Muslim world, Al Qaeda has clearly manifested a bid to replicate an apocalyptic version of the Crusader wars that is replete with acts of nuclear brinksmanship. Influencing the political opinions of both enemies and followers, the three forms of psychological warfare represent the engines driving the global anti-imperialist insurgency led from Northwest Pakistan that covertly advances a vision of doomsday. Despite successes in the campaign to rally mass support and conceal Al Qaeda's own culpability for the 9/11 War, the ruse will ultimately fail when the information operation implied by Shahzad's *Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban* conclusively reveals the genocidal ambition behind Bin Laden's demagogic chicanery.

### RIGGING U.S. ELECTIONS

## Background

A perennial vulnerability in the American electoral process has allowed self-interested parties to swing U.S. national elections in favor of preferred candidates whose political agenda promises to benefit the election riggers, sometimes at the expense of national security. Shocking news events in the weeks preceding the vote can evoke predictable emotions that reliably persuade the electorate to choose one party over another. The scheduling of Voting Day at the opening of November has led observers to label this form of election-eve voter manipulation with the generally accurate pseudonym "October Surprise". In some instances, simple accidental occurrences during this critical time frame appear to have altered the outcome of elections. On other occasions, individuals attempted to fix the vote.

High-profile accidents on the eve of Voting Day have received credit for swinging more than one American national election.

• The 1980 U.S. presidential contest figures as perhaps the most famous October Surprise. During the weeks before the vote, President Jimmy Carter tried to manufacture an October Surprise rescue of U.S. hostages designed to boost his popularity during the critical election-eve period. Instead, a crashed helicopter carrying U.S. hostage-rescuers in a Middle Eastern desert visibly altered the American public's referendum on the Carter presidency in a closely contested election. The release of the hostages on the day Jimmy Carter transferred the bully pulpit to Ronald Reagan

appeared to validate the perception that Carter had mishandled the showdown with the new Iranian regime.

- The U.S. financial crisis in the weeks before the 2008 presidential election dramatically transformed a close race into a referendum on the abysmal economic failures of the incumbent party led by George W. Bush.
- The largest hurricane in New England history one week before the 2012 presidential election favored the incumbent candidate by swaying a fraction of undecided voters into supporting the president as he took charge of the funding and administration of disaster recovery efforts spread across several states, including the pivotal battleground state of Ohio.

The political opportunity provided by startling catastrophes on the eve of elections has not passed unnoticed through the public consciousness.

The series of October Surprise accidents that have swung U.S. national elections in recent history publicly demonstrated the power of such shocking news events. Interest in this election-rigging phenomenon peeked among a host of unscrupulous political pundits already committed to manipulating the vote with unregulated campaign contributions and scurrilous charges against candidates of the opposition party. Suspicions still linger today over whether CIA director George H. W. Bush, acting as President Reagan's vice presidential candidate, forged a secret pact with the Iranian regime to delay the release of U.S. hostages until after the 1980 election in order to discredit President Carter's record. More conspicuously, the disproportionate support of the fossil fuel industry for the

Republican Party appears to have led Big Oil to manipulate gas prices on the eve of U.S. national elections.

In 2004 the Saudi royal family in partnership with U.S. oil companies guaranteed to artificially lower gas prices during the weeks before President Bush's reelection in order to increase voter support for the Republican incumbent. As in 2004, the dramatic lowering of gas prices in October 2006 appeared designed to benefit incumbent Republicans in Congress. The drop in gas prices following the September 2008 financial collapse masked any evidence of a similarly engineered dip before the 2008 presidential election. On the eve of U.S. national elections in 2010 and 2012, gas prices failed to dip as Democratic incumbents battled for reelection. By hijacking the U.S. electorate's perennial preoccupation with gas prices, the fossil fuel industry appears to have tried to rig U.S. elections in favor of candidates dedicated to maximizing Big Oil profits at the expense of government oversight, alternative energy industries and the mitigation of accelerating climate change.

### Al Qaeda Manipulation

More troubling than influentially timed accidents and domestic political machinations, recent October Surprise plots designed to swing the presidential elections of 2008 and 2012 in favor of the incumbent party testified to the potential of the superpower's enemies to exploit this critical electoral vulnerability in order to hijack voting booths. The task of rigging U.S. elections through foreign intervention appears reserved for implacable foes of America who invite retaliation. Not surprisingly, the foremost adversary of the United States has emerged as the only foreign party visibly trying to fix the U.S. vote in this fashion. Al Qaeda can exercise

mind control in the voting booth by launching a specially timed surge of terrorism that, due to its proximity to Voting Day, scares superpower voters in the midst of their final deliberations into choosing hawkish candidates over dovish ones. In generating a shocking national security crisis that provokes a crucial fraction of the superpower's voters into a characteristic display of American indomitability, Al Qaeda can sway closely contested elections in favor of candidates ideally suited to facilitate the doomsday cult's strategy of crusader baiting.

As the Bush-era economic collapse tilted voters away from the hawkish incumbent party weeks before the 2008 election, a top Al Qaeda commander named Ilyas Kashmiri conspired with the high command, the Pakistani affiliate Lashkar-e-Taiba and disgruntled mid-level operatives in the Pakistani intelligence service to launch its own October Surprise. Envisioned as the most deadly terrorist attack in world history originally scheduled for October 1, 2008, Al Qaeda designed the delayed operation to target congregations of Americans in a commando-style assault on India's "New York City". Aiming to kill five thousand civilians in a rampaging hunt for U.S. citizens, the planned act of mega-terrorism threatened to spark nuclear brinkmanship between India and Pakistan. Preliminary attacks for this Al Qaeda surge in the weeks before the U.S. election included an assault on the U.S. consulate in Istanbul, the network's most ambitious strike against a U.S. embassy (in Yemen), and a bombing of a U.S. hotel in Islamabad targeting Pakistan's political leadership coined "Pakistan's 9/11". The surge also included multiple major bombings inside India orchestrated by Kashmiri, dubbed operation MAD. Indian security officials did foil the climactic attack in this Al Qaeda scheme before the U.S. election, although the syndicate eventually reconstituted and launched the plot that became known as the Mumbai Massacre in order to divert a

mounting military offensive by the Pakistani army against the high command.

The mega-terrorism plot planned for October 2008 represented but one of several conspiracies by America's leading adversary to rig every U.S. national election since Bin Laden first scheduled the 9/11 attack and the USS COLE bombing for October 2000.

October 2000	USS Cole Bombing, First 9/11 attempt
Sept Oct. 2002	Bali, Moscow, Aden port
July - Oct. 2004	Tashkent, Beslan, Jakarta, Taba
August 2006	Failed Atlantic airlines plot
July - Oct. 2008	Istanbul, Sanaa, Islamabad, first Mumbai Massacre attempt
October 2010	Failed U.S. Air Cargo plot
Sept Oct. 2012	Egypt, Libya, Yemen, failed plot to truck bomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City

Seven of the nine greatest Al Qaeda surges since 9/11 occurred on the eve of U.S. national elections. With only two exceptions America's biennial election cycle has been distinguished by the absence of major Al Qaeda surges during the first twenty-two months of the twenty-four month period, followed by the certainty of a major Al Qaeda surge during the final two months before Voting Day. The coincidence of Al Qaeda's greatest post-9/11 surges

during the weeks before U.S. national elections (a trend illustrated below in "One Keystone Graph") identifies October Surprises to be a central tactic in the syndicate's strategy for defeating the superpower.

Successful October Surprise operations in 2000, 2002 and 2004 appeared to shift voter support toward the party of the war hawks, the Republicans. In the cases of George W. Bush's two closely contested presidential campaigns, the ruse succeeded in swaying a critical fraction of the electorate into altering the election's outcome. In October of 2002, Al Qaeda's greatest surge since 9/11 magnified the Republican victory in the midterm election and enhanced congressional support for Bush's bully pulpit as he prepared to invade Iraq. After three back-to-back successes, failed plots in 2006, 2008, 2010 and 2012 prevented Al Qaeda from rigging the U.S. elections with October Surprises.

Preliminary operations targeting U.S. embassies and consulates in September 2012 did highlight the continuing danger posed by Al Qaeda terrorism during the most influential period of President Obama's reelection campaign. Echoing its previous responses to Al Qaeda October Surprises, Republican mouthpieces like Fox News reliably focused on Al Qaeda's pre-election operations as the central issue dominating the political debate leading up to Voting Day. This Al Qaeda-generated news event helped Republican campaign machines persuade some undecided Americans to vote against the dovish incumbent. However, the Obama administration counteracted this election-eve psychological operation targeting U.S. voters. In adherence to standard counterterrorism doctrine, the Obama administration initially defused the terror value of the September attacks by purposefully not acknowledging

- The perpetrator
- The perpetrator's official motive

By delaying until after Voting Day the official confirmation of Al Qaeda's role in the three-pronged strike on premier U.S. targets in the Arab world, President Obama deflated Al Qaeda's bid to sabotage his reelection with its purposefully timed resurgence of major terrorist attacks on America.

Although ultimately failing to prevent President Obama's reelection, Al Qaeda's assassination of the U.S. ambassador to Libya inside the U.S. consulate in Benghazi during the weeks before the vote figured to be the syndicate's most successful election-eve operation since the September 2008 surge targeting both the U.S. embassy in Yemen and the premier American hotel in Pakistan's capital. In addition to generating a surge of U.S. domestic support for a strong military response to Al Qaeda attacks, pre-election surprises targeting the U.S. homeland before the 2010 and 2012 elections appeared designed to evince the failure of the dovish Democratic president Barack Obama in his role as commander-in-chief. Had Al Qaeda's leadership succeeded at detonating the two cargo-plane bombs during October 2010 and the truck bomb in front of the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City during October 2012, the closely contested results of the 2012 vote indicated that President Obama would have likely lost his reelection bid.

Despite the conspicuousness of the pattern and its early successes, many counterterrorism experts have failed to identify the proclivity for election-eve surges of international terrorism as a critical trend in Al Qaeda warfare due to the fortuitous timing of the 9/11 anniversary. Coinciding biennially with the same time frame, the

anniversary has helped to obscure these pre-election attacks as merely a continuation of a regular series of plots hatched around the time of 9/11 remembrance. However, the absence of major Al Qaeda surges around 9/11 anniversaries during most non-election years (2003, 2005, 2007, 2011) suggests the true motive behind the syndicate's largest surges. The only common thread linking the 9/11-anniversary surges appears to be U.S. biennial national elections.

### Abroad Versus Homeland

In addition to the timing and intensity of Al Qaeda operations, the location of the attacks represents a pivotal element in the October Surprise schemes. Major surges of international terrorism by Al Qaeda launched anywhere in the world during the weeks before a U.S. election do tend to provide some measure of support for the war-hawk candidate. However, attacks inside the U.S homeland after the 9/11 War began can either counteract or enhance that psychological impact on the American electorate by emphasizing the incumbent candidate's glaring failure to protect the country from a well known and potentially existential threat. Striving to avoid any action that would negate the value of its October Surprises, Al Qaeda appears to prefer launching major attacks on the U.S. homeland during the most influential time frame of a dovish presidency.

• Bin Laden first ordered the 9/11 attack to occur in October 2000. Thwarted by unprepared hijackers who demanded more time, he begrudgingly ordered the attack on the U.S. homeland during the year after the election in order to satisfy popular expectations that the Muslim Messiah's war would

begin at the start of the Christian millennium.

- After 9/11 Al Qaeda's leadership refrained from serious plots to attack the U.S. homeland until Barack Obama's presidency.
- The high command scheduled its two most serious homeland operations since 9/11 for the weeks before U.S. national elections in 2010 and 2012, a scheme to bomb two cargo planes and a conspiracy to truck bomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City.

Al Qaeda maximizes the terror value of its showcase attacks on the U.S. homeland by timing the terrorist surges to sabotage the reelection bid of an incumbent peace dove.

Beyond considering the incumbent consequence of homeland October Surprises, the high command has forbidden terrorist attacks on the U.S. homeland at any other time in order to enhance the shock value of the psychological operation. In the context of Al Qaeda's well-known preference for launching mostly decoy plots, easily foiled operations targeting the U.S. homeland in September 2009, December 2009 and March 2010 do not represent proof of genuine intent to attack the homeland at these times. Having refrained from post-9/11 homeland operations that risked desensitizing the U.S. public, the syndicate targeted the 2012 election in order to maximize the shock administered by another act of terrorism inside the United States. Shattering a prevailing illusion of U.S. homeland security created by the total absence of Al Qaeda attacks inside a highly vulnerable America since 9/11, the terrorist incident would have likely scared a critical fraction of the superpower's undecided voters with a form of terrorism that they perceive to be a rare and

astonishing event. The failed plot to truck bomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City in October 2012 represented the culmination of a four-year initiative by Al Qaeda to sabotage President Obama's record on national security.

Without time to "allow cooler heads to prevail" in the event of a successful Al Qaeda October Surprise, the American election would have predictably swung in favor of irascible war hawks determined to invade the country of origin selected by Al Qaeda. In 2012, a voter mandate for retaliation would have forced the dovish Obama administration to launch military reprisals at the end of 2012. In the eyes of the world community, the election of the wildly unpopular war hawk Mitt Romney and the commencement of U.S. military reprisals across the Muslim world would have represented a pivotal event for America's global standing. Worldwide outrage over renewed U.S. belligerency would have generated a surge of popular support for Al Qaeda mega-terrorist attacks on the U.S. homeland -the critical shift in public opinion necessary for the image-conscious Al Qaeda to proceed with its plans for doomsday in 2013. The prospect of a Romney presidency beginning one month later would have only augmented Al Qaeda's overarching endeavor to provoke the U.S. war machine.

The destruction of the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City would have represented the most influential in a series of gradually escalating October Surprise psychological operations that has defined the post-9/11 conflict. These intensifying attacks on the United States and its allies have included major terrorist plots targeting

- Australians in Bali and Russians in Moscow during 2002
- Americans and Israelis in Egypt during 2004, along with Bin Laden's most influential oratorical barrage against America
- Americans flying over the Atlantic Ocean during 2006
- Americans in Turkey, Yemen, Pakistan and India during 2008
- U.S. cargo planes flying over New York City during 2010
- U.S. embassies and consulates across the Muslim world using sustained mob violence during 2012

The ascending intensity of Al Qaeda's post-9/11 campaign reflects, in part, an attempt at continuing to shock an American electorate increasingly desensitized to the syndicate's terrorist operations. In harnessing the incumbent effect and shock value of October Surprises as catalysts for the creation of prophesied battle zones, Al Qaeda restricted post-9/11 attacks inside the United States to a highly specific time frame -- the weeks before a U.S. presidential election involving a dovish incumbent.

Although America dodged Al Qaeda's attempt to rig the vote in 2012, the October Surprise tactic remains a serious threat to U.S. national security. The political-coup maneuver has already devastated the superpower's reputation and economy through Bush's 9/11 War. Public exposure of this tactic could fortify U.S. voters sufficiently to withstand the intended influence of the psychological operation. Such a disclosure could have an even greater impact on Muslim perceptions of the 9/11 War. By invalidating the closely

contested elections of George W. Bush in 2000 and 2004, as well as that of Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu in 2009 following an Al Qaeda-triggered war against the Palestinians, revelations of the election-rigging tactic can absolve voters in America and Israel of the perceived war crimes perpetrated by these regimes. Simultaneously, conclusive evidence of the Al Qaeda tactic can redirect the war blame onto Al Qaeda. As an explanation of the mechanics behind the high command's Great Extinction plot, the October Surprise scandal could even help to incite mutinous insurrection that demolishes the Al Qaeda organization along with its mass movement.

#### **FALSE-FLAG OPERATIONS**

Al Qaeda's goal of galvanizing its insurgency and vivifying the prophesied battlefields foretold in Islamic apocalyptic mythology has depended on the syndicate's ability to rig U.S. elections in favor of war hawks and then dupe these leaders into invading the specific Muslim countries. After altering the outcome of the 2000 U.S. presidential contest to elect a candidate who displayed a pronounced predisposition to invade Iraq, Al Qaeda's Afghan-based central command attempted to incite the U.S. invasions of both Iraq and Afghanistan by launching the 9/11 attack. The Bin Laden syndicate next magnified Bush's bully pulpit by swaying the 2002 midterm election in favor of war hawks. While the most impoverished Muslim nation suffered bombardment and occupation by the superpower, the political momentum generated by the two October Surprises and 9/11 had placed Iraq in America's crosshairs.

As the Bush administration prepared for the second part of the military retaliation for 9/11 to take place in the land of ancient

Babylon, Al Qaeda sought to further encourage the U.S. invasion of this country unconnected with the 9/11 attack. Complementing a Bin Laden announcement that observed his network's "convergence of interests" with the Iraqi people, the infamous Al Qaeda operative Musab al-Zarqawi traveled to an area of Iraq not controlled by Saddam Hussein in order to establish a branch inside the country. During the weeks before the invasion, Zarqawi disseminated intelligence about an active Al Qaeda plot to manufacture ricin and deploy the deadly poison in attacks targeting England, America's principal Western ally. These ruses represented just the latest in a series of false-flag operations designed to goad the United States into invading multiple Muslim countries.

After Bin Laden had relocated to sanctuary inside Afghanistan in 1996, this nation figured as the easiest mark for his false-flag shenanigans. Having usurped control of Afghanistan by manipulating the Taliban leadership as the dictatorship rose to power in the last decade of the twentieth century, the Bin Laden syndicate did not have to confuse U.S. intelligence about Afghanistan's role in terrorist attacks on U.S. targets. Although Al Qaeda did dupe the Taliban into supporting its existential war against America, Afghanistan did in fact represent a state sponsor of Bin Laden's network. However, the remaining countries on the list of battle zones for the Apocalypse War did not actively support Al Qaeda's war against the superpower. Goading America into invading and occupying these Muslim nations would require a concerted campaign of disinformation.

Unlike the case of Afghanistan, Al Qaeda faced daunting challenges in its attempts to incite war between the United States and other Islamic nations. Beginning with the first attempt to destroy the World Trade Center in 1993, the Bin Laden syndicate designed its

terrorist operations against America to implicate Iraq and other countries aside from Afghanistan. The animosity between the United States and its most prominent adversary throughout the 1990's facilitated the false-flag operations incriminating Iraq. Despite Saddam's tenuous links with Bin Laden and the well-established antipathy between the two parties, Al Qaeda's multiple plots to provoke a U.S. invasion of Iraq from 1993-2003 actually succeeded in convincing some American observers that Saddam sponsored the bombings (see the works of Laurie Mylorie).

Among all of the Muslim countries on Bin Laden's hit list, Saddam's Iraq figured as the most valuable target of the false-flag operations. A legacy of Western colonialism, U.S. support for Israeli military operations and the 1991 U.S. war against Iraq had already stoked anti-Western sentiment in the Muslim world. In this context, Al Qaeda calculated that an unprovoked U.S. invasion to topple the oilrich anti-Israeli regime of Saddam Hussein would reap enormous rewards for Bin Laden's ideological battle to vilify America. Furthermore, the political chaos in the Middle East unleashed by this event would create an ideal incubator for Al Qaeda's anti-Western revolution in the heart of the Muslim world. Additional U.S. invasions of other Muslim nations falsely implicated in Al Qaeda attacks would only enhance the syndicate's efforts to galvanize and lead a global Islamic insurgency against the United States and its allies.

In a series of terrorist attacks spanning nearly twenty years, Al Qaeda launched false-flag operations to frame multiple Islamic countries as targets for future U.S. military campaigns.

### **YEAR** MAJOR PLOTS THAT IMPLICATED . . .

## *1993* Iraq

## First World Trade Center Bombing

Executed amidst escalating tensions in America's No-Fly-Zone conflict with Iraq (like every Al Qaeda attack from 1993-2001), the truck bombing was conspicuously coordinated by a known Iraqi terrorist from a safe haven in Iraq. Orchestrated by two Iraqis and a mastermind who falsely claimed Iraqi citizenship, the attack was purposefully launched on the two-year anniversary of America's victory over Iraq in the 1991 Gulf War. The provocative attempt to kill a quarter of a million New Yorkers even included a botched chemical weapons attack apparently designed to spark fear about the world's most notorious chemical-warfare terrorist, Saddam Hussein. Conclusive evidence later revealed this bombing to be an Al Qaeda attack implemented without any collaboration with Saddam Hussein.

# 1996 Afghanistan, Iran and Iraq

### **Khobar Bombing**

Newly based in Afghanistan, Bin Laden ordered this attack in Saudi Arabia without approval from his Afghan hosts (like every Al Qaeda attack on

U.S. targets from 1996-2001). The Al Qaeda agents involved in the act of terrorism against America openly professed allegiance to Osama bin Laden. Bearing the hallmarks of the most devastating terrorist attack on a U.S. target abroad, the 1983 truck bombing of a U.S. military barracks in Beirut executed by Iranian Hezbollah, the 1996 truck bombing of a U.S. military barracks employed operatives with purported links to Iranian Hezbollah. By targeting a military barracks in Khobar, the terrorist strike also harkened to Iraq's deadliest attack against America (a bombing of another military barracks in Khobar during the Gulf War). Al Qaeda chose to launch the bombing on the two-year anniversary of the most provocative U.S. attack against Iraq since the Gulf War, the 1993 bombing of Iraq's intelligence headquarters.

## 1998 Afghanistan and Iraq

# Nairobi and Dar Es Salaam Twin Bombings

Al Qaeda launched the sophisticated act of international terrorism against prominent U.S. targets in Muslim-dominated regions of Africa on the anniversary of America's conflict against its former ally Iraq that began with Operation Desert Shield and the United Nations economic sanctions against Iraq. The bombings of the two U.S. embassies also coincided with the day Saddam Hussein had announced as the deadline

for removal of the economic sanctions -- an announcement that included a threat of "dire consequences" for the United States in the event of non-compliance.

## 1999 Afghanistan

"Millennium Bomb Plots" inside the U.S.

The Al Qaeda leadership ordered the failed bombing operations in order to spread Bin Laden's war to the U.S. homeland.

# 2000 Afghanistan and Iraq

## Failed Bombing of USS SULLIVAN

Al Qaeda planned the botched operation to be its greatest attack on the U.S. military.

## **USS COLE Bombing**

Al Qaeda repeated its operation to sink a U.S. naval destroyer months after the failed bombing of the USS SULLIVAN. Targeting a command ship for the U.S. economic embargo of Iraq, the naval attack occurred on the anniversary of the creation of the United Nations WMD Commission. This commission represented the central focus of the U.S.-Iraqi conflict at that time and the linchpin for maintaining the crippling economic sanctions on Iraq.

## 2001 Afghanistan, Iraq and Iran

## 9/11

The mega-terrorist attack targeted the site of the 1993 bombing that the same conspirators had portrayed as an Iraqi operation. Al Qaeda's chief justifications for 9/11 included U.S. aggression against Iraq. The kamikaze strike on the Twin Towers and the Pentagon occurred during the watch of Bush Jr. on the anniversary of his father's famous "New World Order" speech, which had represented the principal rhetorical volley opening the U.S. campaign to repel Saddam Hussein's invasion of Kuwait. While these facts might not have goaded another president into war with Iraq, Bush Jr. already appeared fixated on the fact that the Iraqi leader had tried to assassinate Bush Sr. after his presidency.

Further amplifying George W. Bush's famous belligerency toward Iraq, the Saudi-majority terrorist cell behind the 9/11 attack heightened U.S. ambitions to secure an alternative to Saudi Arabian oil. Excerpts from the 2001 Cheney "Energy Task Force" revealed that even prior to 9/11 the administration had already set its sights upon the world's premier oil real estate located inside Iraq. The foreign policy blueprint for the Bush/Cheney administration released by the neoconservative think tank The Project for the New

American Century in September 2000 confirmed this preoccupation with opening access to Iraqi oil fields for U.S. companies. Amplifying the drum beat for an American invasion of Iraq, popular support for Al Qaeda's vocal opposition to the decade-long U.S. campaign to contain Saddam Hussein emphasized the need for a resolution to the punishing policies of the No-Fly-Zone conflict and economic sanctions. The only proposals considered by the U.S. government involved the removal of Saddam Hussein by military force.

Although there actually existed no operational link between Iraq and 9/11, the 9/11 Commission did report that Al Qaeda had utilized operatives of the Iranian government to facilitate the transit of the 9/11 hijackers from Afghanistan through neighboring Iran. Apart from Bin Laden's efforts to frame his network's foremost secular and Shiite adversaries in the Muslim world for complicity in the 9/11 attack, the role of Al Qaeda's Afghan-based high command appeared most conclusive. From the operatives used, to the group's well-established intent to attack the U.S. homeland, to Bin Laden's personal claim of responsibility in October 2004, to the absence of any denials by the syndicate's leadership after this claim, Al Qaeda irrefutably demonstrated its central involvement in 9/11.

## *2003* Iraq

### Failed Ricin Plot

Threatening London with a chemical weapons attack on the eve of the Iraq invasion, the dubious plot by Al Qaeda's Zarqawi affiliate based in Kurdish-controlled Iraq helped foster the illusion of an alliance between Bin Laden and Hussein that propelled U.S. domestic support for the invasion. Bin Laden coupled the ricin scare with an open letter announcing an alliance with Iraq to fight America.

### **2003** Iran

## Riyadh Bombings

Organized by an Al Qaeda command center in Iran, the simultaneous bombings of Western targets in the Saudi capital occurred weeks after the syndicate's success in provoking the U.S. invasion of neighboring Iraq. This terrorist incident helped inaugurate a new era of U.S. hostility toward Iran that arose from the prospect of increased Iranian influence in predominantly Shiite Iraq.

### 2006 Pakistan

### Failed Atlantic Airlines Plot

Organized by Al Qaeda's high command in Pakistan and executed by operatives of Pakistani descent, the nearly successful plot to kill thousands of Americans flying over the Atlantic represented a clear bid to provoke the Bush administration to respond militarily inside areas of Pakistan.

### 2008 Pakistan

### Mumbai Massacre

Executed by Al Qaeda's affiliate Lashkar-e-Taiba, the rampaging hunt for Americans inside India's "New York City" conspicuously aimed to incite a U.S.-backed Indian war on Pakistan.

### 2009-2010 Pakistan

Failed Bombings of New York Subways and Times Square

Organized by Al Qaeda's high command in Pakistan and executed by operatives trained in Pakistan by the Pakistani Taliban, these separate operations represented the ominous resumption of Al Qaeda strikes inside the United States and the first serious plots by the Taliban targeting the U.S. homeland.

#### *2009-2010* Yemen

Failed Bombings of a Civilian Airliner and Two Cargo Planes inside the United States

Organized by the syndicate's rising branch in Yemen, these separate operations represented the most serious Al Qaeda threats to the U.S. homeland since 9/11 and identified this particular affiliate as the greatest terrorist menace confronting the United States.

### 2012 Yemen and Pakistan

Failed Truck Bombing of the Fed in New York

Organized by the syndicate's Yemen branch, the operation marked the syndicate's most serious threat to the homeland since 9/11.

After two decades of false-flag operations designed to vivify prophesied battlefields and fuel a global Islamic insurgency, Al Qaeda succeeded in deceiving the United States into waging ground wars in Afghanistan and Iraq, drone-bombing wars in Northwest Pakistan and Yemen, as well as covert military operations inside Iran.

### Current Prospects

Having used George W. Bush like a puppet to unleash political chaos throughout the Middle East, Al Qaeda today enjoys a situation in which America feels forced to choose between two terrible options. On the one hand, the United States can succumb to the syndicate's future false-flag operations by invading the few remaining prophesied battlefields of the Apocalypse. Alternatively, the superpower can take no military action and watch the realm of Islam transform into a series of lawless havens from which Al Qaeda can operate. In either event, the Muslim world will perceive the resulting civil wars as collateral damage from America's 9/11 War that the superpower failed to repair.

Fallout from the Iraq invasion has already helped to spark civil war in neighboring Syria, another one of the prophesied battlefields. Al Qaeda had previously established a branch in this neighbor of Israel in order to provide logistical support for the Iraq insurgency against the U.S. occupation forces and its allies. The Russian-backed Syrian war figures as the key instance of the catch-22 for America in which Al Qaeda receives validation for its call to oppose violently the West and Western-backed dictators in the Muslim world based on the widespread belief that the leading Western powers have launched an unending series of horrific wars across the realm of Islam. Even though the United States has refrained from military involvement in the Syrian conflict, the U.S. failure to apply economic sanctions or any measure of military force to protect the Syrian people from the Assad dictatorship and Russia has heightened the appearance of U.S. complicity.

Continuation of the false-flag trend foreshadows an Al Qaeda plot to provoke a dramatic escalation of U.S. military campaigns in Yemen and northwest Pakistan as well as the U.S. shadow war inside Iran in order to create the remaining battlefields on the Mahdi prophecy's hit list. Preparing for the trap years in advance, Al Qaeda's Pakistanibased leadership has distinguished its Yemen affiliate as the gravest threat to U.S. homeland security throughout the Obama presidency. The most serious terrorist incidents during the four-year period involved this particular branch of the syndicate attempting to detonate bombs onboard civilian airliners flying over New York City and a truck bomb in front of the Federal Reserve Bank. Two less serious plots during this time frame involved operatives of the Al Qaeda-affiliated Pakistani Taliban trying to detonate bombs inside New York City. A dubious conspiracy to assassinate the Saudi ambassador to the United States in Washington, D.C. using explosives obtained from a Mexican drug cartel ostensibly implicated the Iranian government in a manner consistent with these other false-flag operations during the Obama administration.

Al Qaeda's prophetic criteria for a war on the Arabian Peninsula in 2013 suggests that the surviving leadership will design future terrorist operations to provoke U.S. military retaliation targeting simultaneously the Arabian Peninsula and the syndicate's central command base in Northwest Pakistan. In order to achieve this mammoth feat of provocation, the Bin Laden syndicate will likely try to launch a high-altitude radiological bombing designed to poison New York City and force its permanent evacuation. In terms of precedents, Al Qaeda's first World Trade Center bombing in 1993 did include a failed attempt to disperse cyanide gas across lower Manhattan. Most beneficial to image-conscious Al Qaeda, the U.S. military's use of depleted uranium and white phosphorus in Iraq and Afghanistan since 9/11 has provided the doomsday cult a public pretext for reciprocity with a radiological bombing of the most famous Al Qaeda target in the U.S. homeland.

Concurrent Al Qaeda plots to incite an Israeli war against its Muslim neighbors, not unlike the 2006 war on Lebanon and the 2009 war on the Palestinian territories, as well as an Indian war against Pakistan and a U.S. war confronting Iran would complete the nefarious scheme to fabricate the battlefields identified in Islamic apocalyptic prophecy. Exposure of this grand machination before the 9/11 War's intended climax holds the promise of destroying Al Qaeda's ideological base with a two-pronged informational attack. By revealing America's role as an unwitting dupe of the syndicate's false-flag operations, the United States can receive absolution from the allegation that the superpower represents the chief provocateur of the conflict. More than simply dispelling the image of the United States as a "Great Satan Empire", public disclosure of the Al Qaeda scheme to create these battlefields as precursors for a Great Extinction event can clearly identify the doomsday cult commanding the terrorist syndicate to be an imminent, unparalleled existential threat to humanity that everyone must oppose -- including Al Qaeda members.

#### A FEIGNED DEFENSIVE INSURGENCY

Targeting Rationale: Powerful Yet Righteous

The 9/11 War is a gambit of messianic theater designed to incriminate the superpower for provoking a doomsday conflict tentatively set to climax in 2013.

While covertly implementing its two-stage plan to bait U.S. military adventurism with October Surprises and false-flag operations, the Bin Laden syndicate has overtly attempted to act out the role ascribed to the chief adversary of the "Great Satan Empire". This charade aims to depict Al Qaeda as the divinely appointed leader of valiant armed opposition to the super-powerful tyranny of U.S. imperialism. The masquerade of defensive insurgency has involved carefully measured acts of international terrorism targeting America and its allies that complement the syndicate's leadership of insurgencies against U.S. military occupations and U.S.-backed governments in the Muslim world. Having established itself to be the undisputed vanguard of both international terrorism and anti-Western insurgencies, the syndicate has solidified its reputation as the superpower's principal opponent in the opening years of the third millennium. While popularly defined now as the Islamic antithesis of the superpower's military juggernaut, Al Qaeda still aspires to complete a messianic self-portrait by achieving the complementary objective to a fearsome reputation -- worldwide distinction as the leader of a righteous movement. In pursuit of this bid to rally supporters and mirror the army of the Sunni Mahdi, the obscure apocalyptic cult conservatively designs its attacks on the United States to help corroborate the public perception that Al Qaeda's superpower adversary is the chief provocateur of the 9/11 War.

The irony of provoking a war designed to incriminate its foremost target has forced the Bin Laden syndicate to walk a political tightrope. On the one hand, Al Qaeda seeks to wage a forceful military campaign intended to forge its reputation as the superpower's leading contender for global hegemony while also covertly swaying the political opinions of America and its allies. On the other hand, the terrorist network must curb its military showmanship in order to avoid provocations so earthshaking that it alienates followers, as occurred with the 9/11 attack. Clearly announcing its ultimate intention to incite a war that kills over one billion Muslims and triggers doomsday would destroy the popularity of the Bin Laden syndicate and directly contradict the myth of the Sunni Mahdi's army. Rather than advertising its unpopular purpose, Al Qaeda deviously pursues this ulterior motive by cloaking the violent campaign against America under the public pretense of defending oppressed Muslims. Maintaining popular delusions of Al Qaeda's righteousness figures as an essential criterion for the Messiah pretension of its cult leader. In pursuit of this goal, the Bin Laden syndicate crafts its premier terrorist attacks to be perceived by growing legions of followers as exhibitions of righteous military force

The popular image of an underdog insurgent army combating a vastly superior military force enhanced this ruse to absolve Al Qaeda and incriminate the United States for the 9/11 War. In the immediate aftermath of the 9/11 attack, traditional logic suggested that the superpower would rapidly annihilate the obscure terrorist group. The persistence of the global armed conflict for over a decade -- particularly in the context of an ostensibly imperialistic U.S. military expedition in Iraq -- has helped to engender the popular belief that America is the war's chief provocateur. The superpower's apparent ownership of an incredibly lopsided conflict against a

ragtag guerrilla army inexplicably undefeated after eleven years represents a central objective in Al Qaeda's gambit to transfer war blame.

Weaving the tale of a reasonable defensive reaction to escalating U.S. military aggression against Muslim nations, Al Qaeda has perpetrated an international terrorist campaign crafted to model a righteous defensive insurgency. Coordinating affiliated Islamic militant groups across the world under this strategy for "justifiable" terrorist attacks, the syndicate has restrained its forces and only gradually increased the intensity of its surges in step with mounting American belligerency against Muslim countries.

## Ceilings for the Pre-9/11 Campaign of Major Terrorist Plots Against U.S. Targets Overtly Launched by Al Qaeda

1996	Single truck bombing in Saudi Arabia (Khobar)
1998	Double truck bombing in Africa (Nairobi and Dar Es Salaam)
1999	Failed "Millennium Bomb Plots" for small-scale attacks inside the United States
2000	Crippling bombing of U.S. naval destroyer in Arabian port

## Ceilings for the Post-9/11 Campaign of Major Terrorist Plots Against U.S. Targets Overtly Launched by Al Qaeda

2001-2002	No attacks
2003-2005	Moderate attacks on Americans abroad
2006-2008	9/11-scale attacks on Americans abroad
2009-2012	Attacks on the U.S. homeland

Although escalating U.S. belligerency toward Iraq and Afghanistan from 1996-2001 provided a measure of pretext, Al Qaeda's pre-9/11 campaign appears to represent a trial run for a feigned defensive insurgency. This future war would be waged after the terrorist network had unleashed a decadal U.S. military retaliation across the Muslim world with the era-defining 9/11 attack.

Before and after 9/11, Al Qaeda steadily raised the ceiling one notch for the intensity of each successive terrorist attack on America. This tactic of metered amplifications in the terror value of attacks has regularly aimed for

- Substantially larger death tolls of Americans
- Increased proximity to the U.S. homeland
- Higher profile targets
- Significantly more terrifying strikes on U.S. allies

From an abeyance in attacks on Americans to limited strikes on U.S.

targets in the Muslim world to mega-terrorist plots on Americans abroad to operations inside the United States, Al Qaeda has defined its post-9/11 campaign through phased escalations of international terrorism against the U.S. coalition. By crafting a favorable public impression of its militant campaign as a legitimate reciprocal response to mounting Western military aggression against specific Muslim countries, the Bin Laden syndicate has inspired vital popular support for its anti-imperialist movement while building a plausible reputation as the army of the awaited Muslim savior.

In depicting a proportionate defensive response to mounting American tyranny, Al Qaeda has waged overtly a restrained military campaign that endeavors to justify the rationale for its gradually escalating terrorist provocations. During the first five years of its overt war against the United States, Al Qaeda could not target any actual American military occupation forces because none existed. Furthermore, the Clinton administration sidestepped Al Qaeda operations to entrap the U.S. military in new war fronts -- including covert terrorist attacks like the first World Trade Center bombing and the Black Hawk Down ambush in Somalia, and overt attacks like the 1996 military barracks bombing in Saudi Arabia, the twin bombings of U.S. embassies in east Africa and the USS Cole bombing. Without highly visible instances of U.S. military imperialism, Al Qaeda could not rally significant global support for attacks against American targets. Outside of the No-Fly-Zone blockade of Iraq and a singular bombing operation targeting Al Qaeda in Afghanistan, the absence of any sustained U.S. military aggression in the Muslim world during the 1990's appeared to invalidate Al Qaeda's case for a defensive war against the United States.

Deprived of popular support for a war against the superpower before

George W. Bush responded to the 9/11 attack, the Bin Laden syndicate tried to justify attacks by highlighting the symbolic role of the targets as instruments of a secretly predatory American empire. Since its first open attack on the United States in 1996, Al Qaeda has predominantly focused its international terrorist operations against the foremost symbols of alleged U.S. imperialism. Al Qaeda's three major overt attacks on America leading up to 9/11 targeted U.S. military and government installations inside Muslim lands with a series of strikes successively more provocative.

- Khobar Bombing: The 1996 truck bombing of U.S. airmen in the secular capital of Islam's holiest land superficially represented opposition to the U.S. bombing of Iraq instituted as the No-Fly-Zone policy and enforced from U.S. military bases in Saudi Arabia.
- East Africa Twin Bombings: The 1998 bombings of U.S. embassies in east Africa publicly represented a broader attack on U.S. influence in the Muslim world. Five thousand Muslim casualties and the nebulous definition of the offence perpetrated by the two embassies precipitated widespread rejection of the terrorist attack until the Clinton administration retaliated with a botched counterattack on targets in Afghanistan and the Sudan.
- <u>USS COLE Bombing</u>: Perhaps Al Qaeda's most celebrated symbolic attack was the 2000 bombing of a U.S. naval destroyer en route to enforce the economically devastating blockade of Iraq. Crippling the premier American warship with a bombing that immediately killed seventeen U.S. servicemen, the marine kamikaze strike on the USS COLE more clearly demonstrated Al Qaeda's defense of Muslims by

avoiding any civilian casualties and targeting a widely decried perpetrator of mass violence against a Muslim nation.

• <u>9/11</u>: Even the climactic 9/11 attack, although clearly targeting civilians, was portrayed as an attack on the two principal command centers of American economic and military aggression, the World Trade Center and the Pentagon.

By focusing on targets widely regarded as agents of U.S. imperialism in the Muslim world, Al Qaeda presented a case for war on the United States that attracted few adherents at a time when America was not at war.

The moral authority that Al Qaeda lacked before 9/11 was bestowed upon the group by the ostensibly imperialistic U.S. invasion of Iraq. The redirection and amplification of Al Qaeda's violent campaign to target globally reviled American-led forces in the occupied Muslim country reflected the vital importance of the new war front in the heart of the Arab world for Bin Laden's scheme to incite a pan-Islamic revolution against Western-backed regimes. The leadership of the Bin Laden syndicate determined not to lose this new moral high ground. The superpower's characterization as the "Great Satan" provocateur of the prophesied millennialist religious war required the superpower to, in the absence of additional provocative terrorist attacks on the U.S. homeland, escalate its military campaign across the Muslim world in an ostensible display of imperialistic adventurism. While Al Qaeda waged a fierce insurgent campaign against America and its allies inside the U.S. war theaters of Iraq, Afghanistan and Pakistan, the syndicate's violent campaign outside of these battle zones initially avoided U.S. targets after 9/11.

In stark contrast to Al Qaeda's major international terrorist attacks before 9/11, the group's terrorist surges during the first eighteen months of its post-9/11 campaign exclusively targeted citizens of nations allied with the United States. Along with facilitating the transfer of war guilt to America, the early phase of Al Qaeda's post-9/11 campaign aimed to establish its reputation as a super-powerful military force capable of single-handedly confronting the entire international coalition assembled by the superpower. Most famously, a catastrophic bombing attack on Madrid commuter trains before Spanish national elections in 2004 successfully cowed Spain out of George W. Bush's "Coalition of the Willing" occupying Iraq. More than simply displaying military power, the Bin Laden syndicate's decision to strike nearly every major partner of America's anti-Al Qaeda alliance reflected the doomsday cult's initiative to appear as an instrument of divine justice protecting Muslims under siege. Operating under this cover of righteousness, the terrorist network could continue its covert incitement of U.S. military aggression with indirect attacks that ostensibly did not appear to justify expansion of the U.S. war.

During the opening years of the conflict, the Bin Laden syndicate hit several members of the U.S. military coalition against Al Qaeda with major terrorist attacks, including

- German Jews in Tunisia (April 2002)
- Australians in Bali (October 2002)
- Russians in Moscow (October 2002)
- Israelis in Kenya (November 2002)

- Spaniards in Madrid (March 2004)
- British in London (July 2005)
- French in Paris (2011)

In addition to these prominent members of the U.S. coalition, the syndicate also launched major terrorist attacks on less visible allied countries such as Sweden and Denmark. Notably, Al Qaeda appears to have spared two partnered European countries from terrorist strikes because of their covert utility to syndicate operations -- the Afghan heroin trade abetted by the Italian mafia and the basing of the network's forward operating sleeper cells in judicially liberal Germany.

Trying to avoid unpopular attacks on Muslims, Al Qaeda confined its international terrorist strikes in the Muslim world to non-Muslim targets inside Islamic countries aligned with the U.S. coalition against the Bin Laden syndicate. These terrorist incidents aimed almost exclusively at the same Western nations -- as occurred in Saudi Arabia, Indonesia, Morocco, Turkey, Egypt, Jordan and Libya. All of these acts of terrorism that targeted U.S. partners represented minor provocations of the United States intended to build Al Qaeda's military reputation as the leading adversary of the U.S. coalition and intimidate U.S. allies while not justifying the escalation of America's post-9/11 campaign. Launched only after these allies had joined unpopular U.S. ground wars in Afghanistan and Iraq along with U.S. drone bombing campaigns in a growing number of Muslim countries, the carefully timed terrorist attacks appeared to millions of observers as justifiable retaliation.

The Bin Laden syndicate predominately focused its international

terrorist campaign to target the Western presence in the Muslim world in order to heighten the appearance of legitimate Islamic defense against the Western encroachment purportedly perpetrated under the guise of the expanding 9/11 War. Terrorist attacks in Europe figured as a rarity in the network's campaign, only launched after first striking targets in the Muslim world belonging to the same nation as an obligatory forewarning to an aggressor. From Saudi Arabia and Indonesia in 2002-2004 to Spain then England in 2004-2005 to the U.S. homeland in 2009-2012, the trail of international terrorism blazed by the guerrilla army since 9/11 exhibits a conspicuous geographical expansion from the Muslim world to the U.S. homeland. In this image-conscious manner that implicates America for the starting the world war with invasions of Southeast Asia and the Middle East, Al Qaeda proceeded to confront the members of the U.S. coalition with international terrorism centered in the Islamic world before resuming the campaign against the superpower.

Even after lifting the unspoken ban on major terrorist operations targeting the United States, the syndicate's leadership only gradually raised the terror metrics of its post-9/11 attacks on America.

- Not until May 2003 did Al Qaeda strike a U.S. civilian target abroad.
- Not until December 2004 did Al Qaeda hit an official U.S. target abroad.
- Not until September 2006 did Al Qaeda plot a mega-terrorist attack on U.S. targets abroad.
- Not until September 2009 did Al Qaeda plot to attack the

#### U.S. homeland.

The Pakistani-based high command has conspicuously restrained its international terrorism targeting America since 9/11 to a degree that helped to implicate surging U.S. belligerency in the Muslim world as the chief cause of the global conflict.

After the public outrage over 9/11, Al Qaeda waited until surges in anti-American sentiment altered the landscape of the ideological battlefield before executing the strategy for gradually escalating provocations of the superpower. Opportunistic hijacking of transient public sentiment has provided popular cover stories that have helped Al Qaeda to justify the regular intensification of its massacres of Americans outside of the established war theaters for the 9/11 conflict. While considerations like October Surprises, false-flag operations, prophetic time frames, building a military reputation and diverting onslaughts by the Pakistani army have figured prominently in Al Qaeda's formulation of major terrorist attacks on U.S. targets, when possible the syndicate has tried to coincide its most important surges with eruptions of popular protests against America.

- Bin Laden first ordered the 9/11 attack to occur in concert with the outbreak of the millennial Palestinian uprising against U.S.-backed Israel. He eventually ordered the attack to occur around the one-year anniversary of the uprising.
- After 9/11 Al Qaeda waited until the unpopular U.S. invasion of Iraq before resuming major terrorist attacks on American targets.
- Only after the unpopular reelection of George W. Bush did Al Qaeda resume major attacks on official U.S. government

sites.

- Only after the outbreak of the Iraqi civil war did Al Qaeda resume mega-terrorist plots targeting American civilians abroad.
- Only after the U.S. financial collapse of September 2008 triggered a global economic recession and the Obama administration amplified U.S. military operations in Afghanistan, Pakistan and Yemen did Al Qaeda resume attacks targeting the U.S. homeland.

The paramount importance of popular cover stories for Al Qaeda attacks on America highlights a critical criterion for future plots, particularly as regards the doomsday cult's most important terrorist operation to trigger a global nuclear war with a 9/11 sequel inside the United States.

## Scapegoating Western War Zones in the Muslim World

Al Qaeda's difficulty with finding popular targets for attacks on America disappeared after George W. Bush retaliated for 9/11. U.S. military occupations in Afghanistan and Iraq provided an ocean of vulnerable American targets against which many Muslim clerics advocated guerrilla warfare. The gradual escalation of surges targeting the United States outside of the two battle theaters complemented swelling Al Qaeda-led insurgencies against the occupations. In the strategic calculus for feigning righteousness, popularly supported insurgent attacks against Western military forces in the Muslim world figure to be far more valuable than unpopular international terrorist attacks outside of established war

zones.

Al Qaeda insurgent operations have served to legitimize the syndicate's overt terrorist attacks outside of battle zones. Without highly visible U.S. war theaters in the Muslim world, Al Qaeda terrorism ostensibly constitutes unwarranted incitement to war. Even with the boon of the U.S. military occupations, the Bin Laden syndicate conservatively waged its international terrorist campaign in order to avoid counteracting the transfer of war blame to America. Aiming to dispel its reputation as the chief provocateur of the 9/11 War, the syndicate has refrained from WMD attacks and other forms of ultra-intense international terrorism. Instead of terrorism, Al Qaeda has focused its post-9/11 campaign predominantly on the most globally vilified American target -- the U.S. military coalition in the American war theaters of Afghanistan and, formerly, Iraq.

By concentrating its violent movement against the principal executioners of American military aggression in the Muslim world, Al Qaeda's central command has attempted to depict its leadership of a popularly supported insurgency that represents a reasonable reaction to decades of mounting belligerency against Muslim nations perpetrated by the United States and its allies. Having feigned this defensive insurgency successfully for eleven years, by 2012 the Bin Laden syndicate had encouraged the popular belief that

- America is the chief provocateur of the 9/11 War
- The superpower's leading Muslim adversary is a righteous belligerent

Nevertheless, the closing of the Iraq theater and the approaching U.S. military withdrawal from Afghanistan scheduled for 2014 by

the Obama administration has threatened to sever Al Qaeda's ideological life-line. In the context of active U.S. military occupations in the Muslim world, any ancillary terrorist attacks on Western nations in the U.S. coalition can be publicly peddled as justifiable reciprocity and righteous blowback for escalating Western military campaigns. American wars in the Muslim world have provided the critical cover story for Al Qaeda's venture to trigger doomsday and blame it on the superpower. Without the "Great Satan Empire" scapegoat and the masquerade of insurgency, Bin Laden's messianic war machine appears lucidly in its natural form -- a death cult dedicated to igniting a Great Extinction event that no sane Muslim would support.

Building a reputation as the leader of the insurgent movement against Israel has consistently represented the most obvious path to popularity for Al Qaeda. Many Islamic clerics have long regarded armed opposition to the Israeli occupation of the Palestinian territories to be a righteous insurgency, a fact emphasized in Bin Laden's official declarations of war on America in 1996 and 1998. Seizing upon the Palestinian precedent for religious justification of war on Israel's superpower sponsor, a number of influential proclamations advocating guerrilla warfare against the U.S. military coalition in Afghanistan and Iraq equated the new Muslim resistance movement with the Palestinian situation. Desperate to amass layers of popular cover stories in order to obscure its true motive, Bin Laden's doomsday cult would not miss this opportunity. The central role played by Israel in the religious war preceding the anticipated Great Extinction event has only enhanced the nation's importance as a prospective combatant in the global theater of prophecy fabricated by Al Qaeda.

Israel has figured as a critical target of Al Qaeda's gradually

escalating violent campaign since 9/11. Through propaganda and terrorist attacks singling out American and Israeli targets, the Bin Laden syndicate endeavors to associate its war against the United States with the far more popular Islamic resistance against the Israeli occupation of the Palestinian territories. In attempting to merge its violent campaign with the age-old Arab-Israeli conflict, Al Qaeda aims to strengthen its casus belli by emphasizing

- (1) The U.S. role sponsoring the widely abhorred Israeli military occupation of the Palestinian territories
- (2) The fact that many Islamic clerics advocate insurgent attacks on Israeli soldiers as well as terrorist attacks on Israeli civilians
- (3) The belief that the conflict between the hopelessly outgunned Palestinians and the militarily superior Israelis represents a microcosm of an overarching clash between the Muslim world and the American-led Western nations

Framing Al Qaeda's war on America in the context of a popular Islamic resistance movement, the Bin Laden syndicate's terrorist campaign against Israel since 9/11 serves as an ideological precursor to the resumption of attacks on the U.S. homeland.

Even the act of unleashing the U.S. war machine across the Muslim world involved a mega-terrorist strike that destroyed the foremost symbol of alleged Jewish financial hegemony, the Twin Towers of the World Trade Center. On this symbolic foundation of anti-Semitism, the Bin Laden syndicate began targeting Israel with a series of major international terrorist attacks. This attempt at merging the 9/11 War with popular Islamic resistance to Israel

#### included

- The November 2002 bombing of an Israeli resort and botched airliner attack in Kenya
- The 2003 "Mike's Place" bombing inside Israel by British Al Qaeda operatives conspiring with the Palestinian resistance organization HAMAS
- The bombings of Israeli tourists in Egypt in 2004 and 2005
- The Mumbai Massacre assault on a Jewish community center in 2008
- Mounting attacks on the Israeli homeland staged from a host of neighboring countries, including Gaza, Lebanon, Egypt, and Syria

While a rising tide of Al Qaeda terrorist attacks on the nation of Israel continue to build the syndicate's reputation as the leading adversary to the Israeli occupation of the Palestinian territories, an unprecedented international terrorist campaign targeting Israeli civilians abroad since 2002 has already defined the Bin Laden network to be Israel's principal opponent on the world stage.

Beyond confronting Israel directly and overtly, Al Qaeda has attempted to link its war with the Arab-Israeli conflict by launching plots for mega-terrorism attacks on U.S. targets during outbreaks of armed conflict between Israel and its Muslim neighbors. These specially timed schemes to strike Israel's superpower-sponsor have included

- The 9/11 plot -- originally scheduled to coincide with the outbreak of the 2000 Palestinian uprising against Israel
- The 2006 Atlantic airlines plot -- scheduled to occur in the wake of the "33-Day War" between Israel and Lebanon

Retaliating on America for active Israeli military aggression represents but one Al Qaeda machination for intertwining the two wars with nebulous assaults on Israel. The Bin Laden syndicate has also covertly launched terrorist attacks on Israel, from Lebanon in 2006 and from Gaza in 2008, in order to trigger Israeli wars on neighboring Muslim countries that damage America's reputation by association. In the context of the political chaos surrounding Israel in the wake of the 2011 Arab Spring, Al Qaeda now appears to enjoy an even more favorable prospect of hijacking the age-old armed resistance to the Jewish state at a time auspicious for the doomsday strategy.

Reeling from the consequences of two botched October Surprise plots, Al Qaeda desperately needed to counteract the surge in pro-American sentiment precipitated by a peace dove's reelection to the Oval Office in late 2012. Having again failed to rig the vote in favor of a hawkish U.S. presidential candidate unpopular in the Muslim world, the terrorist network aimed to incite Israeli military aggression even more urgently in order to rally supporters and satisfy the requirements for the December 21<sup>st</sup> prophecy. This attempt to fabricate another timely popular grievance against the superpower in 2012 echoed Al Qaeda's reaction after failing to rig the 2008 election in favor of an American war hawk. Al Qaeda rocket attacks on Israel from Gaza in November 2012 appeared as a rerun of the December 2008 episode that triggered the Christmas Israeli war on Gaza.

Having gradually escalated its terrorist war on Israel from targets abroad to the nation itself, Al Qaeda seeks to climax this campaign in 2013 with additional strikes on the Israeli homeland launched from multiple neighboring countries. The opening rounds of Israeli military reprisals on Muslim neighbors in November 2012 have already generated a surge of anti-American sentiment that would surely spike if Al Qaeda succeeded in goading

- Israel into a larger war
- Israel's superpower-sponsor into intervening militarily in order to defend the Jewish state directly

Prior to launching its next mega-terrorist attack on America, the Bin Laden syndicate must first fabricate such a popular grievance against the United States in order to create a cover story for the 9/11 supersequel that maintains the illusion of Al Qaeda as the vanguard of a righteous defensive insurgency. Even in the face of setbacks on the ideological front and a major looming deadline for self-fulfilling popular doomsday prophecy, the guiding light for Al Qaeda strategy remains the enhancement of popular perceptions that America is chiefly to blame for the 9/11 War.

The outbreak of the Syrian civil war provided yet another opportunity for the Bin Laden syndicate to play the role as vanguard for an insurgent campaign to defend Muslims from a globally decried military onslaught orchestrated by Western governments. Even more than the genocidal hostilities of the current armed conflict, the imminent potential for chemical warfare targeting civilian populations provides Al Qaeda an ideal opportunity to justify its planned radiological attack on New York City. Beyond hijacking the armed opposition to the Russian-backed Assad regime,

newly fortified Al Qaeda positions in Syria advanced the syndicate's goal of surrounding Israel with affiliates ready to lay siege to the Jewish state. Along with the presence in the prophesied war theater of Syria, preexisting Al Qaeda branches in Lebanon, Egypt and Gaza appear to represent superficially the predicted encirclement of Israel by the Sunni Mahdi's guerrilla army. In the context of this Holy Land scenario, Al Qaeda-led insurgencies in Yemen, Northwest Pakistan, Afghanistan and Iraq confronting U.S.-backed regimes and drone bombing campaigns appear to complete the syndicate's fabrication of Apocalypse battlefields (with the exception of India). Heralding a fantastic political boon for Bin Laden's doomsday cult, apocalyptic overtones and anti-American undertones defined a popular Islamic movement for violent opposition to Western-backed governments across the Muslim world at the onset of prophesied 2013.

### Restrictions on Homeland Attacks

In contrast to its furious insurgent manifestations in war theaters across the Muslim world, Al Qaeda's charade as a righteous defensive insurgency limits the scale and location of its overt international terrorist campaign -- particularly inside the U.S. homeland. While a shadowy assault on the Indian parliament and the Mumbai Massacre did redirect the Pakistani military away from the Al Qaeda central command and risk nuclear brinkmanship without significantly reducing popular support for the syndicate, overt terrorist attacks on the superpower figure differently in the group's strategic calculus. Unlike its strikes on India, the syndicate needs to claim credit explicitly for these incidents inside America. By receiving public attribution for the most serious attacks on the United States, the terrorist network builds an identity as the

destroyer of the superpower and heir to its throne.

While honing its reputation, Al Qaeda seeks to avoid alienating supporters or inspiring sympathy for America by openly launching repeated catastrophic terrorist strikes on the U.S. homeland that represent an obvious plot to trigger a nuclear war. American military campaigns across the Muslim world must appear unjustified if Al Qaeda is to frame the superpower as the chief provocateur of the 9/11 War. The paramount importance of moderation in the severity of terrorist incidents cast the mold for Al Qaeda operations against the United States since 9/11 unleashed the U.S. war machine upon the Muslim world. The high command allowed only a few small-scale terrorist operations targeting the U.S. homeland, all of which may have been purposefully botched red-herring plots, and none of which involved mega-terrorism. In framing the justification as a reasonable insurgent reaction, these dubious attempts to launch minor strikes on the U.S. homeland only occurred after years of increasingly bold "warning" attacks targeting the American presence in the Muslim world in the context of multiple war theaters.

Aiming to maximize the popular appeal of its showcase attacks on the superpower, Al Qaeda strategists have superficially placed moral constraints on these overt operations. In adherence to the universal principle of reciprocity, the amount of pain, death and destruction caused by the Al Qaeda attack cannot exceed the devastation wrought by the U.S. military and its proxy forces in the Muslim world. As part of a scheme to seize the moral high ground from the superpower, the scale of the terrorist strike must only barely satisfy the requirements of Al Qaeda's covert objectives -- either rigging U.S. elections or otherwise provoking America to launch a specially located military campaign. If the terrorist incident appeared anymore catastrophic, the operation would risk repulsing even ardent

supporters of armed opposition to the United States and solidifying Al Qaeda's unrighteous reputation as the war's chief provocateur.

The syndicate's image-conscious conservatism does have limits. In the extreme case in 2013, Al Qaeda must incite an American Nobel Peace Prize laureate to help vivify the final battle scenes of Islamic apocalyptic prophecy. Although the art of adjusting prophetic dating after a prediction fails represents standard operating procedure for the deceptive doomsday cult, Al Qaeda has invested its war effort in the end date of 2013 at least as heavily as it committed to the millennial start date. As in 2001, the United States must play a central role in the belligerencies of 2013 in order to establish the superpower's reputation as the chief provocateur of the doomsday conflict. In place of George W. Bush, however, an intellectual peace dove serves as the superpower's commander-in-chief.

President Obama's reelection constituted a major impediment to Al Qaeda schemes for climaxing the Apocalypse theater. Beyond the immediate rebuttal of the myth of America as a belligerent empire, Barack Obama's victory complicated the terrorist network's plans to provoke an expansion of U.S. military operations around Israel and on the Arabian Peninsula. While attacking Israel from all sides may well vilify the United States because of its support for Israel's military reprisals against Muslim neighbors, an Arab-Israeli war will probably not suffice to draw the Jewish state's superpower sponsor into a Holy Land war -- particularly since the 2011 withdrawal of the only U.S. military occupation in the Arab world. Even a large-scale bombing orchestrated by Al Qaeda's Yemen branch, like the October 2012 scheme to truck bomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City, would likely fail to lure President Obama into a land war in Yemen.

Perhaps only a terrorist attack so catastrophic it risks alienating many supporters could accomplish the gargantuan feat of provocation. Despite the priority for incitement to war, this "doomsday-trigger" operation would still attempt to hold the moral high ground over the superpower and maintain its designation as chief provocateur of the 9/11 War. Numerous civilian casualties in U.S.-sponsored war zones throughout the Muslim world represent a pretext for justifying attacks on the U.S. homeland. In particular, America's widespread use of depleted uranium in Iraq and Afghanistan have set precedents for reciprocity that prefigure an Al Qaeda plot to force the evacuation of New York City by detonating multiple high-altitude radiological bombs. Developments in late 2012 magnified the public pretext for the radiological conspiracy, including an escalating Arab-Israeli war and a Western-backed civil war in Syria that threatens to unleash chemical weapons on civilian populations.

The syndicate's public excuses for catastrophic terrorism inside America do not focus exclusively on specific instances of ongoing Western military aggression in the Muslim world. Benefiting from certain lamentable aspects of the U.S. reputation abroad, Al Qaeda's case for war against the United States has received augmentation from the superpower's perceived identity as the most dangerous rogue nation of the 21<sup>st</sup> century. Even after the conspicuous exhibition of imperialism evident throughout the presidency of George W. Bush, America continues to violate international consensus at the expense of the welfare of all countries and posterity in service of powerful political lobbies.

#### CATASTROPHIC CLIMATE CHANGE

America's rejection of international accords to mitigate accelerating climate change since the inauguration of George W. Bush has implicated the world's principal polluter in increasingly devastating natural disasters afflicting humanity and posterity. These include record droughts, intensified earthquakes and tsunamis, tornado outbreaks, and superhurricanes magnified in coastal cities by elevating sea levels. During this twelve-year period, such human-enhanced natural cataclysms have killed over one million people and exceeded \$1 trillion in damage. In a 1984 congressional testimony for hearings on the role of fossil fuel exhaust in accelerating climate change that led to the formation of the Nobel Peace Prize-winning United Nations International Panel on Climate Change, a leading climate scientist representing the U.S. National Academy of Sciences named Dr. Thomas Malone (the author's grandfather) presciently warned about the dangers to America's reputation if the U.S. government unabashedly fueled accelerating climate change in defiance of the international community. In the context of the superpower's war to defeat Al Qaeda in a contest for the hearts and minds of the Muslim world, Dr. Malone's words of caution concerning the U.S. image abroad bear particular relevance.

#### FOMENTING WARS

Beyond orchestrating the U.S. government's rejection of scientific consensus on accelerating climate change, the Big Oil lobby in collusion with the U.S. defense industry has encouraged American wars in the Middle East to secure the world's premier real estate for oil supplies and generate arms

sales. This belligerent capitalistic enterprise has produced untold millions of human casualties and wasted trillions of dollars in resources in a conflict that increasingly threatens to lay waste to the Earth's biosphere. Compounding this image as a warmonger, the U.S. government's rejection of international treaties on nuclear weapons limitations for itself and allies like Israel and India has depicted the United States as the principal culprit behind a future nuclear doomsday.

#### SUPPRESSION OF ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES

In addition to magnifying the global threats posed by accelerating climate change and the escalating 9/11 War, predatory agents of Big Oil have employed the U.S. government in a conspiracy to suppress competitive alternative energy sources that could raise the global standard of living dramatically and virtually eliminate poverty.

#### TOBACCO-RELATED CASUALTIES

Another predatory U.S. industry actively distributes a product under the auspices of the U.S. government that murders 500,000 non-smokers every year by second-hand inhalation, along with millions of hopelessly addicted smokers. Additionally, millions more develop serious medical ailments from inhaling tobacco smoke every year.

# GLOBAL ECONOMIC RECESSIONS GENERATED BY FAILURES OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

A notorious lack of regulatory oversight by the Bush administration produced the U.S. financial collapse of

September 2008 that reverberated across economies worldwide. During the Obama administration, political gridlock in a U.S. Congress without super-majorities has seriously damaged the world economy with stalled budget negotiations over the so-called fiscal cliff. The superpower's catastrophic negligence as leader of the world economy has destroyed trillions of dollars in wealth and actively threatens humanity with an economic doomsday in the form of a bottomless financial collapse.

America's implication in these ongoing crimes against humanity represents a critical foundation of Al Qaeda's bid to scapegoat the superpower for an apocalyptic escalation of the 9/11 War. At the onset of prophesied 2013, U.S. political gridlock in budgetary negotiations threatens to produce a global economic recession that would strengthen Al Qaeda's cover story for the doomsday-trigger attack.

In order to burnish the credentials of a righteous defensive insurgency, the planned act of mega-terrorism inside the United States must exhibit more than simply retribution -- the terrorist strike must ostensibly serve an actual preventative purpose. Unlike the 9/11 attack, which intensely escalated U.S. military aggression in the Muslim world during peacetime, the radiological bombing of New York would occur in the context of several Western-backed wars that ravage a Muslim world alight with the flames of anti-Western revolution. As American continues its decadal military occupation of Afghanistan and conducts robotic-drone bombing wars in Pakistan and Yemen, the Russian-backed Syrian regime wages a civil war increasingly genocidal, U.S.-backed Israel prepares to demolish the hopelessly outmatched Palestinian territory of Gaza, and Arab Spring revolutionaries increasingly focus their ire on the Western perpetrators of these conflicts. The scale of Muslim

suffering from Western-backed wars has become intolerable to many observers, and the prospect of belligerencies escalating further can only persuade sympathetic populations to embrace desperate solutions. Far from the scenario of September 2001, a mega-terrorist attack on America at the end of 2012 would superficially appear to be an effective method for pressuring the superpower into ceasing all support of hostilities in the Muslim world -- particularly military aggression against Palestinians ordered by the hawkish Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu. With a public exhibition of a preventative terrorist attack on the United States to protect oppressed Muslims, Al Qaeda could proceed to the final act of its masquerade as a defensive insurgency.

On the foundation of reciprocity and prevention Al Qaeda constructs its overt terrorist campaign against America to satisfy moral and religious requirements. In the Koranic tradition of righteous military conduct, the Bin Laden syndicate famously endeavors to provide fair warning to U.S. civilian targets before attacking them. Aiming to establish the legitimacy of Bin Laden's war against America, Al Qaeda will only strike locations inside the United States

- That the terrorist network has unequivocally identified as battle zones of the 9/11 War
- After an escalating campaign of strikes against U.S. targets in the Muslim world has provided the American public with lucid forewarning of Al Qaeda's intention to strike the U.S. homeland

The intense pressure for Al Qaeda to remain popular in a battle with one of history's most popular heads of state suggests even greater restrictions define the homeland terrorism. This contemporary targeting logic must limit Al Qaeda attacks inside the United States to the one location that

- The leadership has established as its most forewarned target
- Will not generate sympathy for a president under direct physical attack (such as Washington, D.C.)

Only New York City matches these criteria. After September 2008, global fallout from the U.S. financial collapse helped to frame financial targets inside the U.S. financial capital as legitimate targets of Bin Laden's war against American imperialism. The combination of religious and economic justifications for Al Qaeda attacks on New York City have prefigured this lone site to be the syndicate's only suitable battlefield inside the United States during the current phase of hostilities.

The central command's preoccupation with bombing major financial sites in New York City echoes through the modern history of international terrorist plots targeting the U.S. homeland, including

- The 1993 World Trade Center bombing
- The 9/11 attacks in 2001
- A pre-9/11 bomb plot disclosed in 2004 that targeted major financial sites in New York City
- The March 2010 scheme to car bomb the Bank of America in Times Square
- The October 2012 conspiracy to truck bomb the Federal

## Reserve Bank in New York City

Beyond focusing on symbols of U.S. finance in New York City, major Al Qaeda bomb plots have also threatened premier commuter targets in the City.

- The 1993 plot to bomb New York City traffic tunnels
- The first concrete plot by the Al Qaeda leadership to attack the U.S. homeland since 9/11, a conspiracy to bomb New York City subways in September 2009
- The October 2010 cargo-plane plot timed to explode either over New York City or on the ground at JFK international airport

Almost every Al Qaeda plot to attack the U.S. homeland has focused exclusively on New York City. The only known mega-terrorist operations inside U.S. borders, the 1993 and 2001 schemes to demolish the Twin Towers, conspicuously confined the attacks to the City's premier financial symbol. More than any other facet of the violent campaign waged by the Bin Laden syndicate, the targeting choices for international terrorist conspiracies reveal a preoccupation with feigning popular legitimacy.

Al Qaeda's masquerade as a righteous defensive insurgency has endeavored to identify the apocalyptic cult to be the underdog army of the Sunni Mahdi that bravely confronts the fearsome military juggernaut of the Great Satan Empire while it wages an escalating military crusade across the Muslim world. Meanwhile, behind the curtains of the world stage the syndicate's leadership has conspired to dupe the superpower into vivifying the Great Satan Empire's

bloody warpath in order to trigger a Great Extinction event. Beyond pursuing loftier goals for Bin Laden's Messiah pretension, the charade has succeeded in generating crucial popular support for Al Qaeda's global insurgency against American empire. One key to the success of the influence campaign has involved Bin Laden's superficial portrayal of a morally righteous Muslim leader who opposes the war's provocateur. Despite elaborate efforts to fool followers into believing Al Qaeda is not the chief culprit behind the 9/11 War, the syndicate has executed a purely superficial defensive insurgency that exhibits indisputable signs of fraud upon inspection of its artificial design and its leadership's covert attempts to incite the murder of billions.

#### CENTRALIZED COMMAND

From October Surprises to false-flag operations to the feigned defensive insurgency, the synchronized nature of the fundamental attack patterns exhibited by the central leadership in concert with its affiliates suggests that America has failed to destroy the syndicate's command and control system. This crucial victory for Al Qaeda has enabled the group to execute the complex global strategy for Crusader baiting, a decadal venture that could not progress in the necessary concerted manner without central command. As an expert in the embattled operations of underground Islamic militant groups, Al Qaeda's supreme commander Ayman al-Zawahiri designed the umbrella organization to withstand the superpower's inevitable counterterrorism campaign through a secretive succession system that reliably replenishes fallen leaders. External developments have also fortified Al Qaeda's hierarchical network, including

- The high command's sanctuary under the nuclear shield of Pakistan
- Rising anti-American sentiment and political chaos throughout the Muslim world
- Thriving branches in numerous countries

The ability to control affiliated Islamic militant groups remains a vital asset in Al Qaeda's nuanced strategy for manufacturing a war against the United States on many fronts that the syndicate then persuasively blames on the superpower. Launched unchecked, both insufficient and excessive operations for terrorist violence targeting the U.S.A. could counteract the pivotal transfer of war blame necessary to popularize the anti-American cult's messianic fantasy.

A May 2011 intelligence bonanza on Al Qaeda, including the Bin Laden safe-house files and Syed Saleem Shahzad's *Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban*, validated contentious assertions by U.S. intelligence leaders that had confirmed the network's command and control continuously remained active since 9/11.

FORMER CIA DIRECTOR MICHAEL HAYDEN (NOVEMBER 14, 2008)

Al Qaeda, operating from its safe haven in Pakistan's tribal areas, remains the most clear and present danger to the United States. Today, virtually every major terrorist threat that my agency is aware of has threads back to the tribal areas. Whether it is command and control, training, direction, money,

capabilities, there is a connection to the FATA (Pakistan's Federally Administered Tribal Areas)

http://www.timesonline.co.uk/tol/news/world/asia/article51537 13.ece

# THE TREASURE TROVE FROM BIN LADEN'S SAFE HOUSE

There was considerable surprise therefore when in the wake of the helicopter-borne raid in Pakistan, US officials suggested that, contrary to the prevailing view, Bin Laden still had a much greater role in coordinating al-Qaeda operations than anyone had imagined. Bruce Riedel, a terrorism expert at the Brookings Institution, says that he is not surprised at all by this turn of events. "Al-Qaeda said that he was in charge, he took credit for attacks (like that over Detroit); he was not in a cave or some remote area but in a major town where couriers came and went," he says. "The conventional wisdom was just plain wrong and based on wishful thinking." Referring to Ayman al-Zawahiri, whom many regard as effectively Bin Laden's number two. Mr. Riedel says that "he is also very active and if he is not found soon, will recreate the same central command post".

http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/mobile/world-south-asia-13384217

The US officials, who spoke to the Associated Press news agency on condition of anonymity, say Bin Laden's personal, handwritten diary and computer files reveal his hand in every recent major al-Qaeda threat. Intelligence agents are continuing to analyze the documents - said to be on around 100 flash drives

and five computers - seized in the 2 May raid in Abbottabad by the US Navy Seals.

http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-us-canada-13370524

## U.S. COUNTERTERRORISM CZAR JOHN BRENNAN

The U.S. can't go after every terrorist group and must focus attention on those that seek to harm the U.S., Brennan [President Obama's counterterrorism czar] said. He said al Qaeda and its affiliates still represent the greatest danger, even after the May raid by U.S. Navy Seals that killed Osama bin Laden in Abbottabad, Pakistan.

http://articles.cnn.com/2011-06-29/us/counterterrorism.strategy\_1\_zawahiri-al-qaedabin? s=PM:US

INSIDE AL-QAEDA AND THE TALIBAN: BEYOND 9/11 AND BIN LADEN BY SYED SALEEM SHAHZAD (MAY 2011)

... the Taliban and all the liberation movements in countries and regions such as Uzbekistan, Chechnya and the Chinese province of Xingjian, and Kashmir are wary of Al Qaeda's design, but Al Qaeda has laid its trap meticulously. It aims to ensure that all resources are funneled through Al Qaeda channels, so that these movements are left with no choice but to follow Al Qaeda directives." (p. xvii)

Corroborating these leading intelligence estimates on Al Qaeda, the successful execution of the three-pronged strategy for October Surprises, false-flag operations and a feigned defensive insurgency has regularly demonstrated the syndicate's sustained capability for command and control through synchronized surges of major international terrorist attacks by affiliates scattered across the Muslim world.

From the perspective of lower-ranking Al Qaeda members necessarily ignorant of its leadership's covert strategy for inciting a Great Extinction event, they would risk execution (through the intentional divulgence of their location to U.S. forces) if they independently launched an operation that influenced Bin Laden's global war in a manner contrary to the wishes of the Zawahiri cadre. In August 2003 Zawahiri inexplicably canceled an active chemical weapons plot targeting New York subways and then separately chastised Al Qaeda's Indonesian branch for violating a standing order temporarily forbidding major terrorist attacks on American targets. While these out-of-favor Al Qaeda members appear to have survived the looming prospect of assassination, the doomsday cult's history is replete with instances when the parasitic Zawahiri assassinated other Al Qaeda commanders, including

- Bin Laden's spiritual mentor Abdullah Azzam (1989)
- The leader of Al Qaeda in Iraq Musab al-Zarqawi (2006)
- Osama bin Laden himself (2011)

Bin Laden's Stalinesque lieutenant Zawahiri of Mahdi appears to have ordered all of these executions after the Egyptian terrorist had public disputes with the men and possibly divulged their locations to enemies.

In the case of Zarqawi, Zawahiri used the event to intimidate subordinates into obeying his orders by coinciding the rogueoperator's execution with the much anticipated "mark-of-the-beast day", 6/6/6 -- the day expected to inaugurate the prophesied sevenyear reign of the Sunni Mahdi's army. Following a public falling out with the Al Qaeda high command over his unpopular overt attacks on Muslims in Iraq -- a blotch on Al Qaeda's reputation that stains the syndicate's public identity to this day -- Zarqawi faced certain death at the hands of his embarrassed bosses in Northwest Pakistan. Highlighting Al Qaeda's belief that Bin Laden is the awaited Muslim Messiah named as the beast of Revelation 13:18, the prophetically timed assassination in July 2006 implied that disobedience to the syndicate's "divinely-sanctioned" leadership would prompt the immediate execution of the offending party. After Zarqawi's death in a targeted assassination by U.S. forces, the Pakistani-based leadership publicly exhibited its reestablished command of the rogue Zarqawi network by commissioning a close member from Zawahiri's entourage of Egyptian militants to assume command of Al Qaeda in Iraq. Compelled by the tyranny of overlords, the dozens of affiliates in the umbrella network have learned to launch major international terrorist operations only with approval from the Zawahiri council. Faced with the omnipresent threat of assassination by the superpower, Al Qaeda's core leadership and branches have both wagered their lives and their war effort on the continued functioning of the syndicate's command and control system.

In addition to helping conceal some infighting, the act of obscuring Al Qaeda's command and control from public view enhanced the portrayal of a grassroots insurgency waging a defensive religious war against an evil superpower. The ruse of unattributed acts of

terror targeting Al Qaeda's public enemies imbued the network's attacks with the aura of popular sanction and righteousness. The appearance of the terrorist campaign as a mass movement of inspired Muslims arising independently to support Bin Laden's war even helped to encourage the outbreak of a pan-Islamic revolution against Western influence. The 2011 Arab Spring represented a natural popular reaction to the belief that Al Qaeda's international terrorist strikes and insurgent operations represented a legitimate grassroots uprising worth supporting with traditional mass protests. In reality, the syndicate's shadowy warfare has successfully covered up the culpability of a tiny group of apocalypticists who single-handedly provoked and inflamed the 9/11 War in a bid to trigger doomsday. With the anti-Western Islamic revolution unleashed beyond retrieval in early 2011, the disclosure of the Pakistani-based command's role in ordering some of the terrorist operations has elevated the military reputation of Al Qaeda without significantly defusing the Arab Spring or the myth of Bin Laden's righteousness.

### Sanctuary Inside Pakistan

Al Qaeda's leadership has succeeded in implementing its complex strategy by fortifying a semblance of safe haven in Northwestern Pakistan from which to orchestrate members and affiliates. This endeavor to construct a super-powerful sanctuary for the post-9/11 era began years in advance with a propaganda campaign to indoctrinate Pakistan's jihad-sympathetic populations and organizations. After years of instilling ideological conditioning, Al Qaeda started rallying supporters inside the syndicate's most important safe haven with a violent campaign of armed insurrection against Pakistani security forces and destabilizing terrorist attacks on major cities within both Pakistan and its archrival India beginning in

2003. Through these machinations the Bin Laden syndicate aims to distract or otherwise neutralize the Pakistani government's support for U.S.-sponsored attacks on Al Qaeda and its allies in the short term while preparing a favorable political climate for Al Qaeda in the event that the United States invades Islam's lone nuclear power.

Milestones in the ten-year expansion of the high command's Pakistani sanctuary demonstrate its success with these tactics.

- 2001: A terrorist attack on the Indian parliament in December 2001 nearly sparked a war between South Asia's new nuclear powers. The syndicate's central command had cajoled its dubious affiliate Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT) to launch this commando raid that, like the 2008 Mumbai Massacre, prompted an immediate shift of Pakistani military forces away from the Afghan border and toward its eastern border with India. Conducted on the day when the syndicate's high command fled from the U.S. siege of Tora Bora into western Pakistan, this operation to rekindle the Indo-Pakistani conflict alleviated Al Qaeda concerns that the Pakistani army would block the border crossing or otherwise capture key leaders for the Americas.
- 2003-present: Pakistani Taliban counterattacks on Pakistani army incursions into Al Qaeda strongholds along the border with Afghanistan have prompted the government to forge temporary truces with Al Qaeda and its Pakistani allies.
- 2003-present: An assassination campaign has targeted Pakistan's leaders in the war on Al Qaeda, including then-President Musharraf (two failed attempts in December 2003), Pakistan's parliamentary majority-leader-to-be Benazir

Bhutto (one failed attempt in October 2007 followed by a successful operation in December 2007), and Pakistani military brass (partial successes in October 2009 and December 2009).

- 2005-present: Al Qaeda seized power in both North and South Waziristan under the auspices of the Pakistani Taliban.
- 2006: Al Qaeda orchestrated the Afghan Taliban's watershed spring offensive against NATO forces.
- 2007: The bloody "Red Mosque" protest in Pakistan's capital, orchestrated by Al Qaeda and executed by affiliated clerics, ignited political chaos nationwide. The calamitous siege of the influential jihadi-oriented mosque helped to precipitate the collapse of the Musharraf regime, Al Qaeda's greatest adversary in Pakistan.
- 2007: Al Qaeda officially consolidated an array of Pakistani Islamic militant groups into one umbrella organization called "the Pakistani Taliban" that the high command directed covertly.
- 2007-9: The successful invasion of the Swat Valley by Al Qaeda's Pakistani Taliban threatened the prospect of civil war in Pakistan.
- 2008-present: Al Qaeda's coordinated campaign to sabotage NATO's vital supply convoys through Pakistan has jeopardized the operational capabilities of the American-led military occupation in landlocked Afghanistan.

- 2008: The Mumbai Massacre in November 2008 by the Al Qaeda affiliate LeT repeated its December 2001 ruse to fortify a sanctuary for the high command in Western Pakistan. The attack by the local militant group long sponsored by the Pakistani government nearly sparked one of two scenarios: either an Indian military retaliation that spiraled into open war between the nuclear archrivals, or a backlash on LeT by the Pakistani government that aligned every member of this premier Islamic militant organization with Al Qaeda in war against America and the U.S.-backed Pakistani government.
- 2010: Al Qaeda resurrected Indo-Pakistani tensions with a failed plot by Mumbai mastermind Ilyas Kashmiri to assassinate India's entire military leadership at the National Defense College in New Delhi and attack the nation's nuclear facilities.

By stoking both Pakistan's feud with neighboring India and Pakistani public distaste for its army's attacks on U.S. enemies inside Pakistani territory, Al Qaeda has prevented the combined will of the world's eighth largest army and the superpower from crushing the high command and its Pakistani affiliates.

Shielded from the brunt of the military forces united against it, the network's leadership employs its syndicate to launch international terrorist attacks and coordinate regional insurgencies throughout the realm of Islam. Al Qaeda branches now populate Afghanistan, Pakistan, Indian Kashmir, Iraq, Yemen, Syria, Gaza, Lebanon, North Africa, Chechnya, Indonesia, the Philippines and elsewhere in the Muslim world. In particular, the militant network uses its Pakistani sanctuary to support the Afghan insurgency against NATO with

strikes on military forces in Afghanistan and supply convoys in Pakistan. Simultaneously, branches surrounding Israel execute the Pakistani-leadership's orders to lay siege to the Jewish state in parallel with Sunni Mahdi prophecy. Directing an array of regional insurgencies against Western-backed governments and major terrorist operations that have targeted Western interests, the Pakistani-based syndicate continues to deploy its three-pronged Crusader-baiting weapon in order to inflate popular support for the global anti-imperialist insurgency in the context of Bin Laden's messianic fantasy.

## THE ILLUSION OF U.S. HOMELAND SECURITY

#### Threat Assessment

While largely blind to the hidden capabilities of the shadowy Al Qaeda war machine, America has witnessed a series of events throughout the 9/11 War that have underscored the homeland's vulnerability to terrorist attacks ordered by the central command. From October 2000 through October 2012, repeated exhibitions of the U.S. susceptibility to election rigging biennially demonstrated the ability of the Bin Laden network to manipulate American war policy. Meanwhile, the tarnishing of the superpower's already precarious reputation in the Muslim world with continuing fallout from the military crusade launched by George W. Bush has suggested the prospect of mass support for Bin Laden's violent campaign against the U.S.-led coalition. This scenario has appeared increasingly likely since the 2011 eruption of a pan-Arab revolution against Western-backed regimes.

Potentially far more devastating than psychological warfare targeting U.S. voters or an anti-Western revolution spreading across the Muslim world, physical terrorist attacks executed by a non-state actor invulnerable to the threat of mutually assured destruction can pose an existential threat to the superpower. Unprecedented devastation could be wrought by a stateless doomsday cult that successfully masquerades as a righteous insurgency to unleash

- A few saboteurs in unguarded forests and power stations
- Thousands of mail bombs
- Millions of suicide bombers

The Al Qaeda threat to the U.S. homeland magnifies with the equally realistic possibility of terrorism using weapons of mass destruction, including

- High-altitude radiological bombs detonated inside cargo planes over New York City
- Nuclear bombs acquired from either the aging Soviet stockpile, anti-American Chinese leaders or sympathetic Pakistani nuclear scientists in the A.Q. Khan network
- Conventional bombs detonated by lone individuals at unguarded locations that can trigger a physical chain reaction capable of destroying cities, regions or even the entire continental United States

The host of vulnerabilities in homeland defense that Al Qaeda could exploit to devastate or destroy America appears so daunting as to

invalidate the superpower's conventional military superiority over the stateless guerrilla army.

Publicly available information paraded through the Western media since 9/11 has highlighted dozens of Achilles Heels in U.S. infrastructure that lone Al Qaeda operatives could strike with great ease.

- A single nuclear bomb constructed from a particular set of design specifications available online could kill all life in the United States and leave the nation's infrastructure intact and inhabitable within six years.
- An alleged Bin Laden plot named Operation Global Fireball illustrates a model of covert attacks that employ nothing more than a book of matches to destroy thousands of acres in the United States, Australia and other U.S. allies under the guise of accidental wild fires.
- In August 2003, as America's popularity plummeted amidst the fallout from the disastrous Iraq invasion, a massive power blackout of northeastern United States triggered by a fallen tree limb demonstrated the ease with which Al Qaeda could sabotage unguarded areas of the nation's power grid, water supplies, dams and other vital infrastructure.
- In October 2010, the syndicate's Yemen affiliate demonstrated the operational capability to launch sophisticated parcel bombs via airmail that can strike at any point along unrestricted mail routes inside the United States.
- While counterterrorism experts debate whether the Bin

Laden syndicate ever acquired nuclear weapons over the course of its twenty-year search on the black market, there exists a consensus in the belief that the network can readily obtain radiological material and execute high-attitude explosions over U.S. cities. In the cargo bomb plot of 2010, the Yemen branch implicitly threatened future operations using the same methods to detonate "dirty bombs" over New York City that would force its permanent evacuation.

- Ever since 9/11, President Clinton's prescient counterterrorism czar Richard Clarke has regularly identified one of the greatest deficits in U.S. homeland defense against Al Qaeda to be the susceptibility of critical infrastructure to cyber-attacks.
- Investigative reports by leading news agencies have continuously confirmed the largely undefended status of U.S. ports and borders that may allow entry into the United States for Al Qaeda agents and weapons of mass destruction.

These alleged vulnerabilities to U.S. homeland security do not represent the exaggerations of sensationalizing news reporters, but the sobering assessments of preeminent authorities. In his book *Our Final Hour: One Scientist's Warning* (2004), England's official "top scientist" Martin Rees examines a broad range of accidental and terrorist-related doomsday scenarios to conclude that humanity has a 50/50 chance of surviving the 21<sup>st</sup> century.

In a rarely considered scenario, one perspective on Al Qaeda strategy even contends that Bin Laden and Zawahiri would not have taken the precipitous step of openly inciting an existential war with the superpower in 2001 before first covertly obtaining a nationbusting weapon. This particular hypothesis presumes that a rogue Chinese general facilitated Al Qaeda's acquisition of a fully armed Soviet-built Boomer submarine, along with the funds and technical expertise to hide and maintain the vessel for over a decade. Such a covert transfer of over two hundred nuclear warheads would allow China to wage war against a perceived existential rival through a proxy force that would absorb the entirety of the retaliation. This scenario presumes the Chinese leaders aware of the conspiracy fail to recognize that aiding Al Qaeda actually facilitates a bigger threat to China, given the doomsday cult's secret intention to include the entire Chinese population in the death toll for a rendition of the Apocalypse.

Perhaps more menacing than an Al Qaeda Boomer that the United States could target and neutralize, the 2011 inception of the spreading Arab Spring revolution against Western-backed Muslim regimes empowered Al Qaeda's arsenal with a weapon that the superpower cannot eliminate through military means. Basking in the opportunity to swell its ranks, armaments and safe havens, the network's leadership eagerly surveys legions of frustrated revolutionaries and freed political prisoners as they decide the fate of numerous Islamic militant organizations, vast arms stockpiles and large territories in Egypt, Libya and Syria. Beyond augmenting the guerrilla army's presence in the Arab world, the Spring has helped the Bin Laden syndicate to eliminate its foremost enemies and consolidate power in the Middle East through a pan-Islamic revolution that is sweeping away the existing political establishment in prelude to the potential rule by an Al Qaeda-dominated caliphate. Perhaps most troubling, the Arab Spring has allowed the doomsday cult free reign to sow chaos inside a Middle Eastern power vacuum at a time when Bin Laden's army seeks to climax its apocalyptic confrontation with America and conquer the Muslim world by

waging a decisive regional war in the Holy Land. The concurrent growth of Al Qaeda affiliates in Yemen, Syria, Gaza, Somalia and countries throughout North Africa has conspicuously reflected the boon provided by the Arab revolution to the syndicate's attempt at destroying the United States.

Public acknowledgement of the various existential weapons wielded by the nuclear age's lone world-war provocateur appears as vital to global security in 2013 as the 1949 news about the Soviet acquisition of the atomic bomb. Past fits of denial notwithstanding, ignorance of the doctrine of mutually assured destruction in the war against Bin Laden's doomsday cult does not constitute a sustainable policy for the United States. Despite officially classifying Al Qaeda "as strong as ever" in 2007, the U.S. government has not engendered public awareness of the critical deficits in American defenses that continue to allow Al Qaeda ample opportunities for mega-terrorism. While emboldening the U.S. public with false confidence and temporarily diminishing Al Qaeda's ability to terrorize America and its allies, the illusion of U.S. homeland security has diminished American public outcry for non-military alternatives to the self-defeating military campaign against the Bin Laden syndicate set in motion by George W. Bush. The perpetuation of this campaign based on the popular belief that the United States remains safe from Al Qaeda serves to facilitate the cult's apocalyptic theater, rally popular support for Bin Laden's war and enhance the syndicate's threat to the homeland. In order to resist the inertia produced by seven years of the Bush doctrine, public awareness of the superpower's unfixable existential vulnerabilities must inspire popular support for successful ideological strategies that confront Al Qaeda's violent campaign with a nonviolent response.

Presently the superpower appears to counterbalance the Al Qaeda

arsenal of nation-busting weapons with a classified multibilliondollar military weapons system. Capable of locating and instantaneously neutralizing the network's entire membership and military arsenal, including underground and underwater assets, the futuristic miracle weapon can execute a zero-collateral-damage campaign of targeted assassinations. This technological development returns Al Qaeda to the strategic confines of the doctrine of mutually assured destruction that its stateless nature had eluded in the past. While invulnerable to nuclear warheads, the nonstate actor cannot elude all military super-weapons. Presumably, the American leadership has refrained from launching this weapon because of the possibility that the technology could be seized and proliferated by U.S. enemies. However, the prospect of an ideological miracle weapon accomplishing the same feat as this military weapons system by inciting mutiny inside the Bin Laden syndicate presents the United States with a feasible method for rapidly eliminating the global threat posed by the doomsday cult. The prospect that Al Qaeda will still proceed to ignite the prophesied Great Extinction event even though the superpower can immediately destroy the entire network underscores the need to deploy such a psychological weapon.

## Avoiding Doomsday

As the lone superpower of the 21<sup>st</sup> century that ignited and mainly proliferated humanity's nuclear torch during the preceding sixty years, the United States shoulders chief responsibility for safeguarding against the threat of atomic doomsday. This office as global nuclear guardian began with the scientific-industrial enterprise to outrun a holocaustic world-war provocateur in the race to acquire the bomb. Following its origin in the minds of scientists

like Manhattan Project Director J. Robert Oppenheimer, the American duty to prevent atomic war has required regular diplomatic missions framed by the threat of U.S. reprisals for noncompliance.

- CUBAN MISSILE CRISIS: Such an event precipitated the resolution of the nuclear standoff in the 1961 Cuban missile crisis when J.F.K.'s nonviolent naval embargo and adroit back-channel diplomacy with the Soviet leadership averted a doomsday incident.
- SOVIET COLLAPSE: During the U.S.S.R.'s death throes in the perilous 1980's, another possible "Great Extinction" war was averted with the U.S.-Soviet nuclear-arms reduction pacts. These landmark agreements arose from pioneering scientific discussions on the "nuclear-winter effect" commissioned by this author's grandfather, then-Foreign Secretary of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences Dr. Thomas Malone, and conducted by leading scientists in the American and Soviet Academies. Co-authored by Russia's official science advisory council, the commission's conclusions persuaded the Soviet government to believe the consequences of nuclear winter greatly outweighed any potential benefits that Russia could reap from waging nuclear war. Thanks to the timely alteration of beliefs on the viability of nuclear warfare, the Russian leadership discounted influential war hawks so desperate to avoid imminent defeat in the Cold War that they advised destroying the United States in a surprise nuclear strike.
- 1999 INDO-PAKISTANI CONFLICT: Civilization experienced its most serious incident of nuclear

brinkmanship since the Cold War in the 1999 Indo-Pakistani "Kargil" conflict. President Clinton's skillful diplomatic intervention immediately helped to prevent the outbreak of a hot war between the two newly armed nuclear archrivals. In the following years, an international consortium of leading scientific academies announced the discovery of conclusive evidence that even a limited exchange of nuclear weapons fire in a conflict between two nations like India and Pakistan would generate nuclear winter conditions for months that would, in turn, devastate life on Earth with prolonged sunlight deprivation.

Ever since Oppenheimer became the world's leading critic of nuclear armaments, scientific diplomacy emphasizing the unacceptable consequences of atomic warfare has served as a cornerstone of America's commitment to preventing doomsday.

Juxtaposed to the superpower's containment policy for WMD, Al Qaeda plots for catastrophic terrorist attacks on nuclear powers like the USA, India and Russia have demonstrated its leadership's intention to trigger nuclear war. Eight years after covertly failing to kill an estimated quarter of a million Americans in a plot to collapse the Twin Towers and disperse a cyanide gas cloud across lower Manhattan in order to incite a U.S. invasion of Iraq, Bin Laden announced his army's policy to provoke nuclear brinksmanship by launching 9/11. Targeting the world's premier military power with the most spectacular guerrilla terrorist attack in modern history, the Messiah pretender declared an unrestricted existential war against the superpower. The self-professed savior then promptly abandoned the Afghan people to a decade of U.S. military reprisals for the unsanctioned attack on America in order that he might enjoy a measure of safety and luxury under Pakistan's nuclear umbrella.

Three months after the 9/11 attack, Bin Laden included a third nuclear-armed country in his millennialist gambit to instigate an apocalyptic war prophesied to erupt in 2001 with battle zones in Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan and India. As he and his inner circle fled the Afghan war theater to infiltrate the lawless lands of Northwest Pakistan in December 2001, the syndicate tapped one of its Pakistani affiliates to wage a secondary false-flag campaign designed to incriminate Islam's lone nuclear power and dupe India into war with Pakistan. Beginning with the network's assault on Indian parliament in 2001, Al Qaeda launched a series of major terrorist attacks across India that culminated with the Mumbai Massacre in 2008. These two catastrophic terrorist attacks on India executed by the syndicate's Pakistani affiliate Lashkar-e-Taiba nearly succeeded at goading the nuclear archrivals into a war. The Bin Laden network tried a third time to tempt India into attacking Pakistan with a failed plot in 2010 orchestrated by the Mumbai-Massacre mastermind Ilyas Kashmiri that aimed to assassinate India's military leadership and bomb the country's nuclear facilities.

Al Qaeda's sustained proclivity, methods and opportunities for provoking nuclear war suggest a reexamination of the global balance of power. After over a decade of successfully waging the armed conflict with America begun on 9/11, what authority does the worldwar provocateur possess? Bin Laden's doomsday cult does appear to have conquered the world based on the reality that

- The world's lone "superpower" and all of its allies still cannot defeat the global terrorist syndicate
- Nuclear weapons cannot target the stateless organization
- The Al Qaeda network controls the majority of territory in

the central war theater, Afghanistan and Northwest Pakistan, from where the surviving high command continues to direct a rising legion of affiliates spread across the Muslim world

- Bin Laden's army has successfully conspired to vivify 90% of the Islamic version of the prophesied Apocalypse War
- The syndicate remains poised to ignite U.S. invasions of Yemen, Pakistan and Iran, Israeli invasions of several neighboring countries, and an Indian invasion of Pakistan.
- The longer Al Qaeda exists and political instability intensifies, the more likely the chance that the terrorist network will acquire some of the vast unsecured stockpiles of ingredients for radiological and nuclear weapons
- Bin Laden has rigged the world to explode -- tentatively timed to detonate at the completion of the war's prophesied timeline in 2013 -- and nobody has defused this Great Extinction plot

During one of the most widely anticipated time periods for the Apocalypse War, Bin Laden's war has hijacked the course of geopolitics through Al Qaeda-orchestrated armed conflicts in the prophesied ancient lands of Khorasan, Babylon, Syria, Arabia and Palestine. In as much as the intended consequences of his escalating 9/11 War continue to dominate current affairs and guide humanity towards his particular vision of doomsday, this king of destroyers has achieved global hegemony.

Bin Laden will impose his messianic theater on the world as long as humanity marches to the beat of his war. Even if Al Qaeda does not

go on to rule a post-apocalyptic civilization and Bin Laden fails to gain recognition as the righteous Muslim Messiah, the instantaneous destruction of Western civilization in a global nuclear conflict ignited by Al Qaeda would demonstrate the influence of a single individual unrivaled in human history. Once Bin Laden's true status as the world's most powerful leader receives public acknowledgment, the threat posed by this modern-day Hitler can be addressed without the self-defeating military abandon that Al Qaeda aims to provoke. The infeasibility of defending the American homeland's numerous existential vulnerabilities from Bin Laden's rising tide of doomsday ambitions in 2013 obliges the superpower to unite with the international community in pursuit of a diplomatic solution that quickly eliminates the Al Qaeda threat to Earth's biosphere through demolition of the syndicate's ideological base.

## A Proactive Criminal Indictment

Al Qaeda's camouflage as the vanguard of a righteous insurgency ostensibly identifies the global syndicate with a host of local rag-tag insurgencies that successfully humbled history's most feared military juggernauts. Notable precedents for a Bin Laden victory include

- The Spanish insurgency against Napoleon
- The Soviet insurgency against Hitler
- The Vietnamese insurgency against the United States
- Afghan insurgencies against the British Empire and the Soviet Union

Behind the masquerade of legitimate armed opposition to violent invasion, however, Al Qaeda hides a top-secret and morally repugnant global strategy to engineer the slaughter of millions of Muslims in a man-made planetary emergency -- a disclosure that would destroy the group's reputation if revealed to supporters. In pursuit of this murderous agenda to foment covertly a world war of unprecedented destruction, the Bin Laden syndicate has uniquely founded its violent campaign on three machinations of psychological warfare -- October Surprises, false-flag operations and feigning a defensive insurgency -- illustrated in a "keystone" graph of Al Qaeda plots since 9/11 examined in the following chapter.

Spearheading a 19-year insurgency against the American superpower, these three covert weapons in the syndicate's arsenal illuminate a nefarious strategy that begins with rigging U.S. elections in favor of war hawks through election-eve terrorist scares. Having successfully overseen the electoral victory of a hawkish U.S. commander-in-chief, the Bin Laden network next employs catastrophic terrorism to provoke American military reprisals on the Muslim world. The false-flag operation proceeds by terrorizing the United States into invading select countries in order to confront an Al Qaeda presence while also erroneously perceiving an array of anti-American Islamist regimes to be either suicidal organizations like Al Qaeda or else Al Qaeda stooges in the vein of the Afghan Taliban. This scheme ultimately aims to goad the superpower into remotely bombing or outright occupying Afghanistan, Iraq, Pakistan, Iran and nations of the Arabian Peninsula. In concert with regular October Surprise operations designed to ensure war hawks continue controlling American government, regular false-flag conspiracies help precipitate sustained U.S. military expeditions that serve to vilify the superpower in a Muslim world increasingly sympathetic to Al Qaeda's masquerade as a global defensive insurgency.

A history of launching an October Surprise in the weeks before every U.S. national election of the third millennium suggests that the terrorist syndicate will continue to utilize this tactic against the United States and other nuclear powers such as Israel, India and Russia. Immediately after failing bids to sabotage President Obama's presidential elections in favor of Republican war hawks during 2008 and 2012, Al Qaeda militants provoked specially timed Israeli wars with Hamas. The first of the two Israeli-Palestinian conflicts led to the early 2009 election of the hawkish Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, and the second round of hostilities threatens to reelect the Israeli war hawk. Complementing future October Surprises, false-flag operations designed to maintain the illusion of Al Qaeda as a righteous group will likely aim to instigate an escalation of the 9/11 War to an apocalyptic intensity. The prospect of a joint U.S.-Israeli war in the Middle East particularly threatens to swell Bin Laden's insurgency with popular support and lucidly fulfill the prophesied role scripted for Israel as the proxy force of the Great Satan Empire in the Holy Land.

Al Qaeda's messianic plan for world conquest starts by depleting U.S. resources in a protracted global military conflict that rallies supporters to Bin Laden's anti-imperialist insurgency based on shared indignation over American aggression in Muslim lands. The strategy supports an overarching goal to win the 9/11 War by endowing Bin Laden and his network's leadership with the ultimate Islamic authority. Al Qaeda achieves these secular and religious objectives principally by coaxing the superpower into treading the prophesied warpath of the "Great Satan Empire" during its reckoning with the Muslim Messiah. Having imitated the details of famous predictions about the Apocalypse War -- down to the characters, the geographical locations and its inception in 2001 -- the Bin Laden network appears poised to unleash its arsenal of Crusader-baiting

tactics in order to self-fulfill surreptitiously the myth's central forecast, a global nuclear holocaust that exacts a final death toll topping five billion. Unfortunately for both the sympathetic Muslim populations supporting Al Qaeda and the Western war hawks goaded into escalating the 9/11 War, the syndicate's high command intends for most of them to die in belligerencies following future terrorist outrages in order to lay the foundation for sustainable world domination through nuclear terrorism by a stateless entity.

Reformulating the public perception of the 9/11 War to reflect the reality of Bin Laden's plan may begin with the renaming of the conflict. The phrase "War on Terror" signifies a flawed conceptualization of the reckoning against Al Qaeda that has helped to inflate a marginalized doomsday cult into a global insurgency. Terrorism is merely a tactic, not even Al Qaeda's defining tactic, and certainly not the group's most heinous crime. In reality, the strategy implemented by the guerrilla network revolves around the three tactics of election rigging, false-flag operations and feigning a defensive insurgency. However, Bin Laden's war does not constitute a case of the ends justifying despicable means. The end is in fact the most monstrous aspect of the criminal conspiracy, while the tactics employed to achieve this goal are essentially irrelevant to an indictment of Al Qaeda. Properly framing the 9/11 War must involve accurately designating the most serious crime perpetrated by the Bin Laden syndicate -- the Great Extinction plot.

Identifying the doomsday cult's foremost offense to be the far lesser crime of terrorism only unifies Al Qaeda with disparate groups around the world labeled terrorist organizations that actually have no desire to wage an existential war against the superpower. In the context of America's "shock and awe" invasion of Iraq and support for repressive dictatorships throughout the Muslim world, the phrase

"War on Terror" allows the Bin Laden network the opportunity to persuasively blame the United States for deadlier instances of the same crime. Public classification of the Al Qaeda threat must not enhance its popular support and legitimacy by associating the group with unrelated militant organizations and comparing the group's principal criminal offense to similar transgressions by the superpower. Instead the doomsday cult must receive distinction as a uniquely criminal entity-- guilty of a transgression that virtually no one would abet or permit. When presenting an indictment of a murderer, a prosecutor would not emphasize the defendant's identity as a jaywalker and avoid any mention of his most serious crime. Having already recognized the fallacy of the expression "War on Terror", President Obama could help launch the information operation presented at BLPlan.org by officially renaming the conflict against the Bin Laden syndicate with the more accurate phrase "War on Extinction". Al Qaeda members would then face public designation as "Great Extinction plotters". In the context of this active apocalyptic conspiracy, the United States could absolve itself for the 9/11 War by demonstrating the network's role in rigging Bush's two elections and provoking him to invade Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan, Iraq and Yemen as part of a criminal conspiracy to trigger a doomsday event. Publicly cast as the masterminds of this unconscionable enterprise, senior Al Qaeda leaders could face a persuasive indictment that discredits Bin Laden's movement in the eyes of his followers.

## FURTHER READING

## A 2005 BOOK ON AL QAEDA'S STRATEGY FOR CRUSADER BAITING

http://binladensplan.com/Published Book.html

A REPORT ON AL QAEDA'S OCTOBER SURPRISE IN 2008

http://binladensplan.com/AQ s 2008 Election Plot.html

A REPORT ON AL QAEDA'S OCTOBER SURPRISE IN 2012

http://binladensplan.com/2012\_Pre-Election\_Surge.html

REFERENCES, SECTION 4



## V

## ONE KEYSTONE GRAPH

The prospect of a peer review surveying the statistical analysis of trends in Al Qaeda warfare presented at BLPlan.org bears particular relevance to short-term U.S. homeland security. The scientific investigation would seek to authenticate these trends that prefigure actionable intelligence on future terrorist operations planned by the Bin Laden syndicate, including a plot to desolate New York City by detonating high-altitude radiological bombs. One starting point for the peer review would examine a graph that depicts the historical execution of the Al Qaeda strategy "Crusader baiting" as defined by three tactics of psychological warfare. The evaluation would rule in or rule out the probability that random causation alone can explain conspicuous statistical patterns evident in terrorist plots hatched by the syndicate.

OCTOBER SURPRISES: Al Qaeda's greatest surges of terrorist operations against the United States predominantly coincide with election-eve time frames.

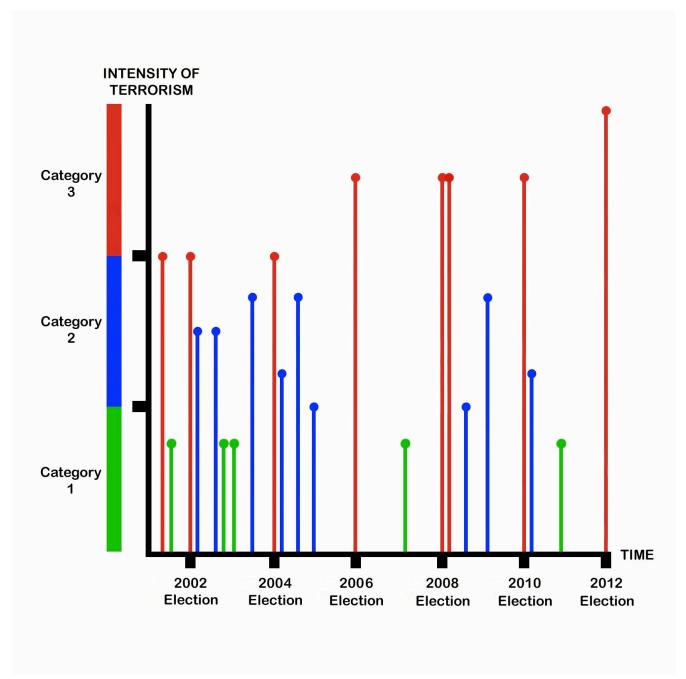
FALSE-FLAG OPERATIONS: The Bin Laden syndicate has regularly launched terrorist conspiracies designed to incite wars that involve America and its allies attacking a specific set of Muslim countries.

FEIGNED DEFENSIVE INSURGENCY: The controlled gradual escalation of intensity apparent in the network's post-9/11 campaign of international terrorism against the U.S. coalition rigidly emulates the model for a righteous defensive insurgency.

The keystone graph of Al Qaeda tactics displayed below illustrates these trends in the syndicate's terrorist plots since 9/11.

## **SURGES OF AL QAEDA TERRORISM SINCE 9/11**

October Surprises, False-Flag Ops and Feigned Righteousness



See section 4 of References for graph legend

## TEN QUESTIONS FOR A STATISTICAL EVALUATION

1. A FOCAL COINCIDENCE? During the thirty-three trimesters since 9/11, why have six of the eight greatest surges launched by the Bin Laden syndicate occurred during the six biennial "October-Surprise" trimesters before U.S. national elections?

## Starting The War

- 2. RIGGING BUSH'S ELECTION? When Bin Laden originally scheduled the 9/11 plot to occur in October 2000, what role did he intend to play in manipulating the imminent U.S. election and U.S. foreign policy? How was this plot's substitute, the USS COLE bombing, designed to influence America's closest presidential election?
- 3. IRAQ BAIT? Why did every major Al Qaeda attack on American targets up through 9/11 appear designed to implicate Saddam Hussein's Iraq as a co-conspirator? How did the creation of the syndicate's Zarqawi branch in the same month as 9/11 complement false intelligence from Al Qaeda detainees about a war pact between Bin Laden and Hussein? What role did Al Qaeda seek to play by releasing a Bin Laden speech one month before the U.S. invasion that announced his army's alliance with the Iraqi people based on a "convergence of interests"?
- 4. CRUSADER BAITING? From his headquarters in Taliban-controlled Afghanistan, did Bin Laden rig America's 2000

election and launch 9/11 in order to provoke a U.S. invasion of Afghanistan and Iraq led by a president predisposed to attacking Saddam Hussein's Iraq? Did his army's future terrorist operations similarly aim to incite Western-backed wars in countries across the Muslim world, including Northwest Pakistan, Yemen, Syria, Lebanon, Gaza, Iran and India?

5. MILLENNIALIST WAR? Why at the turn of the millennium (1999-2002) -- the prophesied time for the eruption of the Muslim Messiah's war against the world's leading nations -- did Osama bin Laden's global terrorist syndicate employ a group of core members and affiliates from Afghanistan, Chechnya and Pakistan to strike the capitals of the three nuclear powers America, Russia and India with the most provocative terrorist attacks of the nuclear age?

(9/99 Moscow apartment bombings, 9/11 attack, 12/01 commando assault on Indian parliament, 10/02 Moscow theatre siege)

Was 9/11 intended to instigate a U.S. invasion of the Muslim world that mirrored the warpath of the Great Satan Empire described in the Sunni apocalyptic lore underpinning Al Qaeda's ideology? Following in the inglorious tradition of the Japanese terrorist plot behind the 1995 sarin-gas attacks on Tokyo subways, does the 9/11 War represent an attempt by a doomsday cult to ignite the global nuclear holocaust of the prophesied Apocalypse War?

## Finishing The War

- 6. AN OCTOBER-SURPRISE TRADITION? During the weeks before all six biennial U.S. national elections of the 9/11 War, the Bin Laden syndicate launched the conflict's most powerful surges of international terrorist operations. Did the network's central command understand that, if successful, each one of these surges would influence the imminent vote? If Al Qaeda has in fact tried to rig every U.S. national election since 2000, which of the superpower's two contending political parties figured to benefit from the carefully timed terrorism scares?
- 7. ARTIFICIAL INSURGENCY? Why does Al Qaeda's international terrorist campaign since 9/11 (illustrated in the above graph) resemble a rigid model for gradually escalating strikes on the U.S. coalition? Does this attack scheme aim to foster the notoriety of the Bin Laden syndicate as a righteous world power -- to identify the guerrilla network as the superpower's leading adversary while not sabotaging the ruse to incriminate American belligerencies for the 9/11 War?
- 8. NO HOMELAND ATTACKS? If, as most experts profess, Al Qaeda's central command and affiliates have had the intent and capability to strike the American homeland every day since 9/11, why has the syndicate not launched any successful mail-bomb attacks, or attacks of any kind? In the only known case of an Al Qaeda mail-bomb operation, the conspirators nearly destroyed two cargo planes in October 2010 and exposed a gaping hole in U.S. aviation security. Considering the dramatic expansion of the operational mastermind's safe haven in civil-war-torn Yemen, why has

- the Bin Laden syndicate's Arabian affiliate not tried to repeat the plot? Did Al Qaeda refrain from launching post-9/11 attacks inside the United States for over a decade in order to lull the country into a false sense of domestic security and help incriminate a belligerent superpower for the 9/11 War?
- 9. ABOUT-FACE TO PRESIDENT OBAMA? After facing a U.S. military offensive across the Muslim world for eight years without commissioning a single serious terrorist operation to attack the American homeland, did Al Qaeda's leadership purposefully resume actively plotting attacks inside the United States in 2009 to coincide with the opening year of the Obama presidency? Was this tactical shift part of a scheme to damage President Obama's record as commander-in-chief and rig the 2012 U.S. presidential election in favor of a war hawk? Did this conspiracy to sabotage the reelection of a peace dove escalate on the 9/11 anniversary in the weeks before the vote with the greatest surge of Al Qaeda terrorism against America abroad ever conducted -- including an armed assault against the U.S. consulate in Benghazi and mob violence orchestrated by Al Qaeda clerics targeting U.S. embassies in Cairo and Sanaa? Did the October Surprise scheme climax with the whimper of a failed truck-bomb conspiracy that targeted the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City weeks before Voting Day?
- 10. SIGNS OF A 9/11 SEQUEL? What terrorist threat level presently describes Al Qaeda's habit of launching false-flag operations to provoke time-sensitive Western invasions of Muslim countries -- a design to advance an imitation of ancient prophecies about a world war that starts inside Afghanistan in 2001, spreads to Iraq, later Syria, and

climaxes inside Israel and Saudi Arabia in 2013? Is the 9/11 War a fabricated preamble for a nuclear showdown in 2013 that superficially appears to fulfill the Sunni Mahdi prophecy? Do Al Qaeda plans for mega-terrorism against America in 2013 echo its three previous such plots in the prophetically hyped years of 1993, 2001 and 2006 and 2008?

Have two precursor events for a 9/11 sequel occurred -- the resumption of Al Qaeda plots against the U.S. homeland during the Obama administration and the hijacking of the Arab Spring in September 2012 by the syndicate's affiliates in Yemen and North Africa? Did these Al Qaeda strikes on U.S. embassies and consulates in the Middle East during the weeks before the 2012 presidential election echo the network's surge of terrorism against U.S. targets across the Muslim world during July-September 2008 -- including attacks on the U.S. consulate in Istanbul, the U.S. embassy in Yemen and the premier American hotel in Islamabad (known as "Pakistan's 9/11") -- that preceded the syndicate's act of mega-terrorism targeting American congregations in "the New York City" of Southeast Asia? Was the "Ink-Cartridge Air Cargo" plot of October 2010 a conspicuous trial run for a high-altitude radiological bombing over New York City to be executed by Al Qaeda's Yemen branch in prophesied 2013?

## **PROPOSAL**

# **An Information Operation To Defuse The 9/11 War**



## VI

## A STATISTICAL ASSESSMENT

Statisticians from the U.S. National Academy of Sciences might work in concert with historians, Islamic clerics and counterterrorism experts to evaluate the three separate but related statistical patterns in Al Qaeda warfare identified as conclusive evidence of the "Great Extinction" thesis presented at BLPlan.org. The committee of scholars would seek to answer the question

• NON-RANDOM OR RANDOM? Do these trends implicate the Al Qaeda central command in a conspiracy to ignite a global nuclear holocaust, or do they merely represent an unlikely series of random coincidences?

A statistical probe into the origin of the coincidences underpinning the terrorism patterns would function as the mathematical core for an umbrella review encompassing three additional subcommittees, each charged with vetting historical evidence for one of the war trends.

## **BODY OF EVIDENCE**

World-class sources on Al Qaeda strategy archived in the 1000-page thesis presentation at BLPlan.org supplement an innovative analysis highlighting previously undocumented facets of the syndicate's warfare gleaned from the public record. This intelligence comprises one evidence pool for a mathematical investigation into the non-random nature of the three overriding trends that allegedly demonstrate Al Qaeda's intention to trigger a doomsday event.

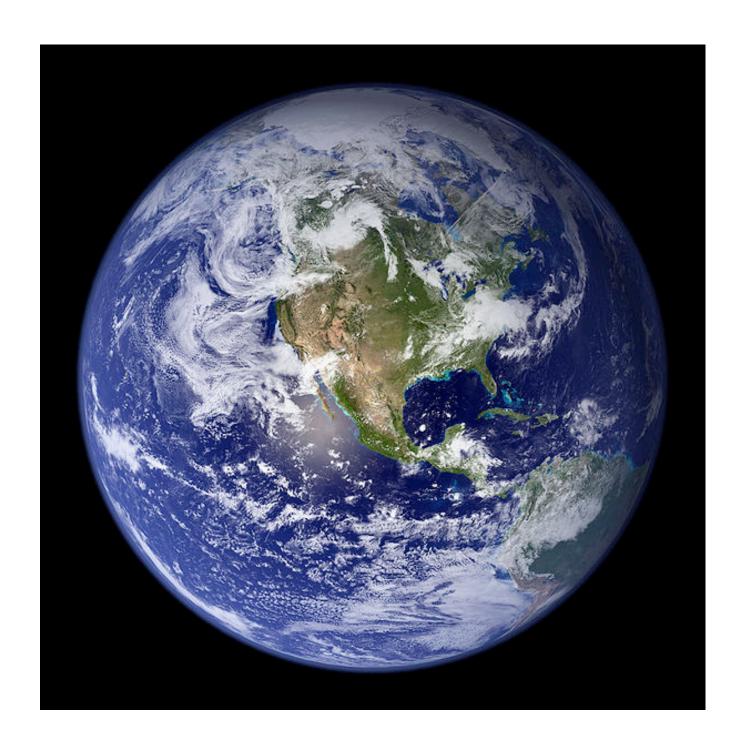
See References for sources and quotations on the Bin Laden syndicate's strategy from leading counterterrorism experts.

### CONSENSUS SEEKING

Pursuing a scientific consensus that appears credible in the eyes of the Muslim world, the membership of the Academy-led peer review would consist of experts from diverse backgrounds. This inter-Academy initiative would unite scientists worldwide with other relevant scholars to create an international brain trust led by the Academy statisticians. Half of the review board would be Muslims, including Islamic clerics along with Muslim historians and counterterrorism experts. An all-Muslim oversight committee appointed by the United Nations would verify the findings of the Academy statisticians. On the sub-committee of Islamic scholars, membership would reflect representation for the four major schools of Islamic jurisprudence as well as repentant Al Qaeda ideologues.

Outside of the formal statistical evaluation, the Academy would encourage university-level replication of the initiative. Inside the Muslim world, this effort would focus on premier institutions of higher education such as Cairo's Al-Azhar University. In order to facilitate this public research venture and demonstrate the transparency of the official review, the Academy-led committee would provide open access to its proceedings with a website containing updated archives of the ongoing scientific investigation. Defining the enterprise as an open-source project involving hundreds of universities around the world, invitation-only blogs would record discussions between committee members and experts from affiliated universities.

Beyond the religious diversity of the committee and the public transparency of the scientific evaluation, the planetary scope of the Al Qaeda threat proposed by the thesis at BLPlan.org would foster an atmosphere of urgent collaboration that abets consensus seeking. Precedent for public disclosure of a doomsday cult's Great Extinction conspiracy exists in the global vilification of the Japanese terrorist cult Aum Shinrikyo. Informed of the cult's agenda to spark an apocalyptic war, the world community now unanimously rejects this deviant group. Similarly, popular fear and loathing of the Bin Laden syndicate's plot to ignite a global nuclear holocaust would provide a boon to the peer review committee and the general public as they seek consensus on the war narrative presented at BLPlan.org.



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## VII

## A GLOBAL PROSPECT

## THE INFORMATION OPERATION

If the thesis at BLPlan.org proves true, a plan to trigger a global nuclear holocaust orchestrated by a juggernaut of militant religious cults could constitute the most dangerous edition in a plethora of "tipping point" emergencies presently confronting the Earth's inhabitants. These hazards have precipitated from civilization's unsustainable enterprise to satisfy exponentially growing human needs with dwindling supplies of available natural resources. The perilous pursuit of this elusive equation has spawned environmental degradation, economic inequity and military warfare -- societal cancers that haunt modern life with the specter of several realistic scenarios for man-made doomsdays. Growing crises include

- Natural disasters supercharged by accelerating climate change that reap unprecedented destruction
- New plague epidemics emerging from unsanitary living conditions within increasing numbers of impoverished communities linked to every corner of the civilized world by global connectivity in the 21<sup>st</sup> century
- Worldwide economic collapse prompting resource wars and nuclear brinkmanship

Arriving on a chaotic world stage ripe for exploitation by warmongers, the Al Qaeda challenge to life in the 3<sup>rd</sup> millennium represents a catalytic accelerant for armed conflict that intensifies age-old human behaviors threatening to destroy the planet's biosphere.

As America enters the second decade of the 9/11 War in the wake of Osama bin Laden's death yet with no end in sight, an emerging public mandate for terminating his dangerous global conflict underscores the need to rethink policies that have dominated the struggle against his terrorist syndicate. The absence of any public discussion on a viable exit strategy has instilled a tone of desperation in the search for an alterative to the troublesome policies of nation building and targeted assassinations. With the assumption of a role as humanity's guardian during planetary emergencies, the U.S. National Academy of Sciences represents a beacon of hope on an otherwise ominous landscape. In the tradition of Nobel Peace Prizewinning Academy initiatives that addressed the perils to the Earth's biosphere posed by accelerating climate change and nuclear weapons proliferation (see <a href="http://humanprospect.blogspot.com">http://humanprospect.blogspot.com</a>), an Academy peer review of the information operation presented at

BLPlan.org could help neutralize the Al Qaeda threat.

Unlike U.S. military operations that fuel Al Qaeda's global insurgency with popular support, information operations can confront the Bin Laden syndicate with an existential challenge on the main battlefield of the 9/11 War. Employing a truthful media campaign of psychological warfare on the ideological front of the conflict, an Academy-led counterattack to 9/11 would validate intelligence on the leadership's motives that deprives Al Qaeda supporters of the will to continue Bin Laden's war. In vetting the BLPlan.org analysis of three statistical trends in Al Qaeda warfare, the Academy can utilize the scientific method to confirm authoritatively that the syndicate's central command plots a Great Extinction event. With the stamp of authenticity from one of the world's leading scientific research academies, public disclosure of the criminal conspiracy could end the 9/11 conflict nonviolently by persuasively discrediting the moral justification for Bin Laden's war. Once again using conclusively verified evidence to convince a population to oppose a malevolent behavior, the Academy could help inspire an internal opposition movement that dissolves the Bin Laden syndicate and eliminates the remaining leadership of Al Qaeda in a mutinous insurrection.

Official Academy affirmation of the publicly documented trends in Al Qaeda warfare illuminated at BLPlan.org would inspire a low-cost Manhattan Project-like initiative to refine an ideological miracle weapon capable of winning today's global war. Fortunately, this project can proceed through the refinement and deployment stages in a matter of weeks, not years. The easily comprehensible and undisputed factual nature of the discovery presented on BLPlan.org facilitates mass acceptance of the theory already in that laypeople can personally verify the conclusive evidence of Bin Laden's Great

Extinction plot. Even prior to deployment of the burnished psychological weapon, public scrutiny of the evidence highlighted by the Academy review will abet recognition of the truth worldwide. This potential for rapidly transforming beliefs befits ideally an information operation aimed at persuading all sectors of the Muslim world to destroy America's foremost adversary quickly.

Quite apart from a war narrative diametrically opposed to the perspective expounded by the current American administration, the BLPlan.org thesis represents merely a rewording of the official account that emphasizes different evidence. President Obama's top advisors on Al Qaeda, including his counterterrorism czar and other leading defense officials, have publicly verified the essential contentions of the thesis already. (See References for citations, links and detailed quotations from these leading sources.) The 1000+ pages of documentation at BLPlan.org present a model of the theoretical structure and evidence for a freely available "weaponized" report that could be refined by like minds in the Obama administration. President Obama already created the foundation for constructing a U.S. launching pad designed to deploy the BLPlan.org ideological weapon by reformulating U.S. war policy to dispel the image of America as a belligerent Great Satan Empire. Having defended America from the prospect of further entrapment in Al Qaeda's Crusader baiting scheme, President Obama can now launch the refinement stage of the offensive information operation in an emergency address to the United Nations general assembly. Formally indicting Bin Laden and his syndicate's surviving leadership for orchestrating a Great Extinction plot under the charade of the 9/11 War, the president would announce the development and rapid deployment of a peace-making psychological operation designed to collapse Al Qaeda under the weight of this scandalous revelation

Established as an open-source project, the written indictment of Al Qaeda's high command would emerge from an oversight committee coordinating specialized subcommittees that, in turn, solicit advice from a network of colleagues and the general public. Composed of relevant experts not unlike those of the Academy review board, the commission of scholars would define the information operation on a public website analogous to BLPlan.org. In addition to publishing early drafts of the indictment, the commission would use blogs to post updates on the progress of this final stage in the miracle weapon's development. On these online forums members of the subcommittees would pose relevant questions for the colleague network and the general public to help answer. Harnessing the wealth of manpower available online, the interdisciplinary enterprise could employ a host of diverse and insightful analyses of the BLPlan.org thesis to refine quickly and effectively the psychological operation prior to its official launch.

The finished report on statistical patterns in Al Qaeda warfare would materialize in the form of an open letter to Bin Laden loyalists written by the group of prominent thinkers in the world community appointed to the information operation's oversight committee. Championed by a chorus of Western and Muslim leaders, this single document would aim to persuade a critical mass of Al Qaeda followers to believe that its leadership secretly designed the 9/11 War in order to perpetrate history's most horrendous crime -- a Great Extinction event. By popularizing this new narrative that depicts the 9/11 War as a confidence scam, the open letter would effectively exonerate America for the hostilities. Moreover, the written indictment would discredit the legend of Bin Laden as a righteous insurgent leader.

Along with helping to diminish anti-American sentiment worldwide,

the conclusive evidence unveiling a genocidal conspiracy to kill twothirds of humanity and ravage the biosphere would disillusion some Al Qaeda members exposed to the truth. The "Great Extinction" disclosure could even wreck totally the ultimate source of power for the terrorist network, Bin Laden's reputation among his core constituency. If his fraud were unmasked in the eyes of the subscribers to his cult-of-personality, horrified former adherents would cooperate in helping to dismantle the Bin Laden syndicate through a mutinous insurrection aimed at imprisoning its central command and terminating Bin Laden's war. Meanwhile, alienated Islamic militant groups would sheepishly disavow the Messiah pretender's exposed agenda for war against the United States. Simultaneously, non-Al Qaeda belligerents in war zones like Gaza and Syria would cease armed hostilities upon realizing that these conflicts pose an extremely high risk of triggering a Great Extinction plot.

After the initial dissemination of the BLPlan.org theory to news media, students, academia and counterterrorism professionals during the review and refinement stage of the information operation, the official launch of the ideological miracle weapon would spread the message of the burnished website to the mass public principally through three media.

1) THE OFFICIAL - An open letter to Al Qaeda supporters from top scholars would present the conclusive scientific evidence of the Great Extinction plot orchestrated by its high command. Forwarded to the leaders of the Muslim world, the letter would serve as the official ideological platform for worldwide cooperation in dismantling the Bin Laden syndicate. The United Nations general assembly would enshrine the act of public disclosure in a formal condemnation of the Al Qaeda

leadership for plotting the worst crime in human history -- a conspiracy to destroy the Earth's biosphere. The final edition of the criminal indictment recounted in the letter would be translated into all of the world's languages and distributed freely on the official website for the public awareness campaign.

- 2) THE DIRECT An international billboard campaign would exhibit the public awareness poster for BLPlan.org. Both federal and private funding would finance the erection of these billboards at high-profile locations across the Muslim world, particularly in the primary battle theaters for the 9/11 War, as well as across America, Israel, Russia and India. Additionally, the billboard campaign would encourage a low-cost alternative in which political protesters would hang banners displaying the BLPlan.org poster from famous landmarks in these locations. (View Image: <a href="http://binladensplan.com/Campaign\_Banner.html">http://binladensplan.com/Campaign\_Banner.html</a>)
- 3) THE EMOTIVE A dramatic feature film would employ a fictional story and emotionalism to unveil Al Qaeda's Great Extinction plot.

(View screenplay: <a href="http://binladensplan.com/upload/story3.doc">http://binladensplan.com/upload/story3.doc</a>)

Beyond simply informing audiences in the Muslim world and America, the three-pronged media campaign would foster the appearance of global consensus that authenticates the Great Extinction theory by virtue of public scrutiny. This consensus would, in turn, help to awaken Al Qaeda followers and persuade a critical fraction of them to turn their arms against the syndicate's leadership.

## A PATH TO AL QAEDA'S IDEOLOGICAL DOWNFALL

Following Bin Laden's assassination by U.S. Navy Seals in 2011, character assassination of his legend through a damning disclosure could provide America with the decisive victory on the ideological battlefield necessary to halt his mushrooming 9/11 War. A decade of escalating global conflict has led humanity to a point where the fate of the Earth's biosphere may hinge on our ability to ask critical questions that alter how people perceive the Bin Laden syndicate.

Living in a post-apocalyptic wasteland defined by nuclear winter, mass starvation, radioactive contamination, the collapse of basic services, perpetual armed conflict and pandemic diseases, would the survivors of Bin Laden's Great Extinction event envy the five billion dead?

Will Al Qaeda members continue to support the network's leadership at the expense of their souls and the rest of the Earth's biosphere after they learn about its plan to precipitate a global nuclear holocaust? Will these members realize that the true battle involves them confronting the Al Qaeda central command?

Will unaffiliated Islamic militant organizations choose to oppose the Bin Laden syndicate more enthusiastically after learning about its Great Extinction plot?

Will non-Al Qaeda belligerents in prophesied battle zones ceasefire in the remaining sub-conflicts of the 9/11 War after they realize that these wars seriously threaten to complete the sequence of belligerencies governing Al Qaeda's countdown to nuclear Armageddon?

Will parties in the Muslim world harbor Bin Laden's followers knowing that they plot to trigger the murder of over one billion Muslims and nearly four billion non-Muslims -- a death toll that includes most of the sympathetic populations currently providing safe haven to the dispersed members of the Al Qaeda syndicate?

Will Americans concede that the superpower's defensive vulnerabilities in the 21<sup>st</sup> century necessitate an immediate cessation to the nation's existential war against the 2013-fixated apocalypticists directing Bin Laden's network?

By illuminating the discovery of the Great Extinction plot and then posing a series of questions designed to facilitate a diplomatic solution to Bin Laden's war, the public awareness initiative at BLPlan.org can eradicate Al Qaeda's ideological appeal and end the 9/11 War nonviolently.

A psychological operation based on truthful information wields the potential to orchestrate a diplomatic miracle through the construction of a new popular narrative defining the 9/11 War as a conflict against modern-day Nazis who plot mass extinction. The revised public account of Bin Laden's war would describe a madman's scheme to kill five billion people and transform the world into a nightmarish post-apocalyptic wasteland that haunts posterity. In the calculations of the world-war provocateur, this Great Extinction event figures to be acceptable collateral damage for the advancement of both his claim to the title of Sunni Mahdi and his army's bid for unrivaled Islamic authority. By first inspiring everlasting hatred for the "Great Satan Empire" guilty of presiding over the global cataclysm, the real culprit aims to encourage everlasting love for Bin Laden based on his public identity as the awaited Muslim savior

prophesied to vanquish the satanic empire. Public disclosure of this horrific connivance now threatens the syndicate's leadership with an American-launched I.E.D., an ideological energy drain manifested as mass mutiny that implodes and collapses the terrorist network.

For years counterterrorism experts have fixated on aspects of Al Qaeda's propaganda campaign designed to elicit religious approval for terrorist attacks that deploy suicide bombers against civilian populations. This tactical issue, however, represents just the tip of an iceberg of ethical questions. The Bin Laden syndicate's machinations to achieve the moral high ground over the United States in the eyes of Muslim opinion extend far beyond one tactic. Feigned righteousness constitutes the very essence of the overarching strategy for Messiah pretension. Bin Laden's superficial similarities to the most authoritative Muslim leader figure as the unspoken centerpiece of Al Qaeda propaganda. The principal aspect of the doomsday prophecy, the Great Extinction event, represents the most important objective in the cult's covert orchestration of the apocalyptic theater. In the eyes of the world community, this one incident would solidify America's identity as the "Great Satan Empire" and Bin Laden's legacy as the leading adversary of this planetary menace. Although long overlooked by critics of Al Qaeda, the tactic of Great Extinction that Al Qaeda aims to use in pursuit of the ploy for moral authority through Messiah pretension constitutes a morally indefensible form of warfare that no amount of obscure Koranic passages can justify persuasively.

Al Qaeda's quest for the moral high ground over the superpower underscores the fact that its global insurgency cannot face defeat through military means. Standard counterinsurgency doctrine has long maintained that violent reprisals harming civilian populations constitute the lifeblood of insurgencies. Analogously, poverty

generates violent conflict worldwide that poses a systemic threat unyielding to, and even magnified by, military force. Only nonviolent measures hold the promise of halting the violence-fueled motors driving both poverty and Al Qaeda. An international initiative to elevate the global standard of living through multi-trillion-dollar investments in powerful new energy sources may provide a foundation for confronting the two interrelated dangers facing civilization. In the case of Al Qaeda, economic investment would figure as one part of a nonviolent campaign to destroy the ideological foundation for Bin Laden's war before it mushrooms into a Great Extinction event.

After threatening to destroy all life on Earth during a half-centurylong rivalry with the Soviet Union, America's blowback for the nuclear brinksmanship has appeared in the form of a doomsday cult that seeks to capitalize on the belligerent foreign policy. Thankfully, encouraging prospects exist for peacefully concluding the 9/11 War through proactive psychological warfare targeting the support base of the Bin Laden syndicate in the hearts and minds of millions of misguided Muslims. Like the military operation that ended World War II and spawned the United Nations, an information operation against Al Qaeda may succeed in a cost-effective initiative to terminate an expensive and increasingly perilous world war provoked by a deceased Messiah pretender. In place of a violent explosion, the 21st-century miracle weapon will nonviolently trigger an internal revolt that implodes the syndicate and collapses Bin Laden's movement into oblivion. Those unrepentant members and supporters who escape the initial shockwave of anti-Al Qaeda sentiment will suffer a fate worse than Nazi war criminals after WWII -- they will be publicly identified as Great Extinction plotters and hunted down by all of humanity.

## An Epilogue for the 9/11 War

The 9/11 War represents a popularity contest between the United States and Al Qaeda vying for control over a planetary time bomb set tentatively to detonate in 2013. The Messiah-pretender Bin Laden will fail in his secretive quest to frame America for the murder of five billion people if timely internal dissension annihilates his guerrilla army. Concerned citizens of the global community can help expose his Great Extinction plot to his followers before Al Qaeda throws the match that ignites this wildfire of global holocaust. Once supporters of the Bin Laden syndicate realize its leadership intends to exterminate most of the Earth's species in a reckless bid at Messiah pretension that threatens to obliterate totally the known universe's lone sanctuary for life, Al Qaeda will collapse in ideological ruin. Bin Laden's legacy as a righteous savior will morph into the memory of a false messiah whose failed attempt to conquer the world nearly destroyed it.

The paradigm shift in the cult leader's popularity from terrific to horrific will defuse the Al Qaeda threat nonviolently with a mutiny that imprisons the leadership, collapses the network and disbands the mass movement. Both Al Qaeda's enemies and former adherents will realize that Bin Laden's plan for a Great Extinction event invalidates the syndicate's casus belli and any other calls to arms in Al Qaeda-infested battle zones. The global community will unanimously perceive the only war that matters to be the conflict between the doomsday cult leading Bin Laden's army and the rest of humanity. When the legend of Al Qaeda's king has fallen in disgrace, so will collapse his insurgent war machine -- checkmate.

A decade after the end of the Cold War, Mikhail Gorbachev publicly thanked a few American scientists for saving the world from a U.S.-

Soviet nuclear war in the 1980s through the initiation of international scientific discussions on the environmental consequences of such a conflict. Public awareness of the persuasively proven theory termed nuclear winter convinced influential Soviet war hawks to abandon an unfolding plan for offensive nuclear strikes against the United States that they had prepared as a last-ditch option to avoid defeat in the Cold War. The sobering scientific assessment from the two nation's leading scientific advisory councils successfully dissuaded militarists in the U.S.S.R. from escalating a brewing confrontation with the hawkish Reagan administration. In refraining from a hot war in the 1980s, the Soviet high command accepted the imminent collapse of the communist empire and prepared for demobilization. Soviet Premier Gorbachev commenced the historic ceasefire in the age-old conflict of superpowers with nuclear arms reduction pacts facilitated by the same American scientists that had first inspired the about-face away from global nuclear holocaust. Today, similar scientific discussions highlighting the global consequences of the planned Great Extinction event can persuade the syndicate's own supporters to wage mutinous insurrection that defuses Al Qaeda's doomsday time bomb and nonviolently concludes Bin Laden's 9/11 War.

The peaceful termination of Bin Laden's world war with a diplomatic miracle could generate an attractive opportunity for international dialogue on alternatives to unsustainable human activities that regularly threaten to annihilate the Earth's inhabitants. A technocratic theme for this post-war conversation might explore the prospect of a multi-trillion-dollar scientific research project to develop more powerful energy sources that can multiply the available wealth of all natural resources. Such a development could, in turn, resolve economic crises by creating new wealth that elevates the standard of living everywhere. Having averted the existential

threats posed by the 9/11 War and the September 2008 financial meltdown, the world community might enjoy a period of political stability that facilitates discussions on sweeping governmental reforms within a framework for sustainable governance charted in such keystone documents as the Earth Charter.

http://Earthcharter.org

<del>------</del>

## FURTHER READING

### A POLITICAL PLATFORM FOR THE PROTEST REVOLUTION

http://binladensplan.com/Revolutionary Platform.html

FIVE CRITICAL FAILURES OF PRESIDENT OBAMA'S WAR POLICY

http://binladensplan.com/Five\_Obama\_Failures.html

AN ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTION OF THE INFORMATION OPERATION AT BLPLAN.ORG

http://binladensplan.com/Info Op Overview.html





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## VIII

# FIRST STEPS

## **PAST**

In addition to powering an offensive psychological attack on the terrorist network, insight into Al Qaeda strategy can uncover actionable intelligence that illuminates the syndicate's future schemes. Reflecting an origin as a righteous campaign to defend the global biosphere from Bin Laden, the proactive information operation to destroy Al Qaeda nonviolently presented at BLPlan.org begins with a corollary operation to help protect humanity from the syndicate's most earthshaking attacks, major strikes targeting American civilians. Six trends in Al Qaeda warfare have figured prominently in the formulation of prescient terrorism forecasts circulated from BLPlan.org by this author and members of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences.

- 1) The World-War Provocateur Phenomenon
- 2) Messiah Pretension
- 3) Crusader Baiting, particularly the three tactics of
  - a. "October Surprise" Surges Before U.S. Elections
  - b. False-Flag Operations To Incite U.S. Invasions
  - c. Gradually Escalating Provocations Of America

These fundamental patterns in plots hatched by the terrorist network constitute predictive indicators that can help U.S. intelligence agencies anticipate the timing, location, perpetrators, methodology and scale of the syndicate's major surges against America. Originating as a derivative of the BLPlan.org thesis, David Thomas Malone's analysis of these trends has demonstrated prognosticative merit with a published record of accurate forecasts illuminating imminent Al Qaeda conspiracies.

On October 28, 2010, two members of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences circulated an urgent terrorism alert to the editorial staff of the New York Times and hundreds of other individuals concerning a plot by Al Qaeda in Yemen to bomb two targets inside the United States during the days before the imminent presidential election. According to the forecast distributed by Dr. Thomas Malone and Professor Paul Ehrlich, this 2010 operation would represent a precursor to a plan targeting a major financial site in New York City during the days before the 2012 election.

http://binladensplan.com/2010\_Forecast.html

Twenty-four hours later, news broke of an identical terrorist conspiracy. Dubbed the "U.S. Air Cargo Plot", the scheme was barely thwarted earlier in the morning of October 29, 2010. Two years later in October 2012, the remaining half of the forecasted two-part operation occurred when Al Qaeda attempted to truckbomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City.

Dr. Thomas Malone and Professor Paul Ehrlich successfully distributed public forewarning of the Air Cargo and Fed conspiracies, including actionable intelligence on the plots'

- 1) Timing
- 2) Location
- 3) Perpetrators
- 4) Methodology

This vital intelligence emerged from the predictive patterns analysis of Al Qaeda plots documented at BLPlan.org since 2005 and publicized in a guerrilla press conference at the New York Times headquarters during July 2008.

# http://binladensplan.com/Trends\_Analysis.html

Corroborating this author's claims about a trends analysis that had precisely prefigured the terrorist operations of 9/11 and the Mumbai Massacre, the 2010 and 2012 terrorism forecasts from BLPlan.org accurately anticipated the two largest Al Qaeda surges against the American homeland since 9/11.

While the thwarting of the pre-election scheme for 2010 minimized the operation's importance in the 9/11 War, the partial success of the predicted bid to rig the 2012 vote marked a historical milestone. The explosion of Al Qaeda attacks on U.S. embassies and consulates across the Middle East during the weeks before the U.S. presidential election transformed the landscape of America's war in a powerful validation of the 2012 forecast from BLPlan.org published since October 2010. The expected terrorist event involved the largest Al Qaeda surge on America since 9/11 executed in the pre-election time frame. Closely mirroring the terrorism forecast, the surge began with premier U.S. targets in the Muslim world located inside regions critical to the world's oil supply, and later continued with the foiled Fed bombing operation in New York City. However, the United States did not entirely dodge the forecasted storm of terrorism. Thwarting the Fed bombing only partially deflated the October Surprise. The eruption of Al Qaeda-ignited anti-American protests across the Middle East beginning with the embassy attacks threatened to destabilize the critical region in October 2012, hiking U.S. gasoline prices amidst a global security crisis timed to reverberate through voting booths on Election Day.

Weeks before public disclosure of the Fed bomb plot, another newsgroup email circulated by Professor Ehrlich re-issued the terrorism alert concerning the Al Qaeda October Surprise in 2012.

http://binladensplan.com/2012 Pre-Election Surge.html

The forecast accurately anticipated six criteria for the operation.

- 1) Time -- October 2012
- 2) Location -- Premier financial target in New York City
- 3) Perpetrators -- Ordered by Al Qaeda's Pakistani-based central command and executed by the Yemen branch
- 4) Preliminaries -- Following a lull in Al Qaeda surges since October 2010, the syndicate scheduled the Fed bombing to occur during the weeks after attacks on U.S. embassies in the Arab world
- 5) Methodology -- Bombing

The precise fulfillment of the BLPlan.org forecast for September-October 2012 persuasively demonstrated the importance of the counterterrorism tool in unveiling an increasingly dangerous series of Al Qaeda conspiracies to attack America.

NOTE: The scale of an Al Qaeda October Surprise operation is a variable in the trends analysis that depends on the minimum amount of votes needed in swing states in order to secure victory for the war hawk party. Al Qaeda's leadership determines this criterion based on poll numbers in the weeks before elections. When small margins of votes were needed in 2002 and 2004, traditional terrorist operations designed to produce death tolls in the dozens or hundreds dominated the October Surprise plots. When larger numbers of votes were required to achieve victory in eventual Democratic landslide victories in 2006 and 2008, Al Qaeda then designed its October Surprises to be mega-terrorism plots aiming to murder thousands of civilians. Then in 2010 and 2012 when the margins were close again, Al Qaeda once more launched smaller-scale plots.

### **FUTURE**

Since its inception in 1998, the BLPlan.org trends analysis has prefigured that the Bin Laden syndicate will attempt to inflame the most intense hostilities of the 9/11 War from late December 2012 through 2013. Al Qaeda next threatens the U.S. homeland with a mega-terrorism attack designed to dwarf all previous plots -- a high-altitude radiological bombing over New York City using cargo planes. The false-flag scheme aims to provoke U.S. military reprisals on Pakistan and the Arabian Peninsula as precursors to the final military clash of the doomsday war. However, in order for Al Qaeda to maintain the ruse of a righteous defensive insurgency, a surge of anti-American sentiment must occur prior to the mega-terrorist incident – as might happen following

- Global fallout from a U.S. "fiscal cliff" budgetary crisis
- The use of chemical weapons on civilian populations inside Syrian cities
- Another Israeli war against its Muslim neighbors

In the opening year of the millennium, the 9/11 masterminds began fabricating an elaborate mythological conflict by triggering the initial battlefields in Afghanistan and Iraq. The plot for a 9/11 sequel during the prophesied climax of the Apocalypse War represents an attempt to complete that millennialist bid for Messiah pretension.

In addition to the operation's timing, scale, and perpetrators in Pakistan and Yemen, the BLPlan.org trends analysis isolates the location, methodology and maximum potential intensity for the mega-terrorist conspiracy. Al Qaeda's commitment to feigning a defensive insurgency suggests that the leadership will limit the planned attack on the U.S. homeland to a non-nuclear WMD event targeting New York City. The image-defining strike on the superpower would focus on the most well established zone for Al Qaeda attacks inside America, the metropolis of Ground Zero. Enhancing the public justification for such a strategically located terrorist incident, the U.S. city that Bin Laden's army has singled out for twenty years represents the headquarters of a maligned U.S. financial empire responsible for

- Fueling wars in the Muslim world
- Unleashing the global economic fallout from the September 2008 U.S. financial collapse
- Leading a free-market global economy that presides over historic inequity while regularly exploiting third world countries and contaminating the Earth's biosphere for the benefit of multinational corporations

Just as Bin Laden harnessed the military blowback from U.S. sponsorship of the Afghan insurgency against the Soviets in the 1980s, Al Qaeda today seeks to capitalize on the ideological consequences of lamentable U.S. economic policies.

America's image as a predatory economic superpower did not improve as the 9/11 War entered the age of the Apocalypse's prophesied climax in December 2012. A series of threats and transgressions against the global community by the United States and its allies at this time has augmented Al Qaeda's cover story for a doomsday-triggering act of mega-terrorism. Congressional failure in

U.S. budget negotiations increasingly characterized by brinkmanship threatens to precipitate a "fiscal-cliff" backlash on the world economy. On the battlefront, the genocidal collapse of the Syrian regime bordering a brewing Arab-Israeli war has provided the Bin Laden syndicate with an ideal scapegoat for justifying another 9/11 as a legitimate attempt to coerce the cessation of Western-backed wars in the Muslim world.

Having sufficiently primed these conflicts and incriminated the United States, the Al Qaeda central command believes that the mega-terrorist strike would appear as a legitimate act of war in the eyes of Muslims seething with anti-American sentiment and ignorant of Bin Laden's Great Extinction plot. Reaping the rewards of its warmongering, Al Qaeda's leadership does not fear losing the moral high ground to the United States in an attack designed to force the permanent evacuation of New York City. By avoiding killing many people in a terrorist incident characterized as an act of contamination, not mass murder, the dirty bombing would ostensibly represent proportionate retaliation for the widespread use of depleted uranium in U.S. munitions exploded in Afghanistan and Iraq. Fortifying the justification for the WMD strike, the Muslim civilian death toll in ongoing wars waged by the United States and allies like Israel and Russia has generated a dangerously intense grievance against the Western powers. The notorious threat of chemical weapons wielded by genocidal Western-backed dictators Saddam Hussein and Bashir Assad provides a modern precedent that both strengthens and clarifies Al Qaeda's case for reciprocity in WMD warfare. Feeling ideologically vindicated by a continuing legacy of failures in U.S. foreign policy, the Bin Laden syndicate confidently prepares a carefully measured act of mega-terrorism inside the United States.

As corroboration of the trends projection for 2013, the accuracy of the BLPlan.org forecasts for October 2010 and October 2012 helpfully underscores actionable intelligence on the next Al Qaeda plot for mega-terrorism inside the United States. Although contingency operations may still succeed if the terrorist A-team fails, as happened when Bin Laden ordered the USS COLE bombing in place of the unprepared 9/11 attack during October 2000, the overall threat of a successful doomsday-trigger attack diminishes because of this forewarning. Operating on the defensive and offensive fronts of the 9/11 War, the terrorism alert circulated by Academy members serves to caution about Al Qaeda activity in 2012 while also substantiating the overarching thesis through a practical demonstration of insight into the high command's strategy. Symbolizing the credibility achieved by a series of accurate forecasts, a single email message from October 2010 provides a launching pad for the proposed Academy-peer-review stage of the information operation. Germinating from this seedling of scientific confirmation, formal validation of the Great Extinction thesis can help defeat the Bin Laden network by exposing its leadership's homicidal plan for life on Earth.

Even if America cannot prevent the next 9/11, the ideological miracle weapon presented at BLPlan.org provides a means to counterattack without succumbing to the syndicate's strategy for Crusader baiting. Most crucially, the overarching conspiracy for a Great Extinction event hinges on a U.S. military overreaction to acts of mega-terrorism. The confidence scam requires the superpower to launch the first nuclear strike in a series of exchanges that incriminates America for a global nuclear cataclysm. A favorable prospect that President Obama will refuse to "press the button" in response to Al Qaeda's willful incitement promises to help the United States prevent the messianic cult from waging nuclear war.

Complementing this commitment to nonviolence, the emergency correspondence of two Academy members in October 2010 heralds a proactive solution to the Al Qaeda problem. By illuminating the 9/11 War to be a Great Extinction plot, the Academy can help to incite mutiny that renders the Bin Laden syndicate powerless.



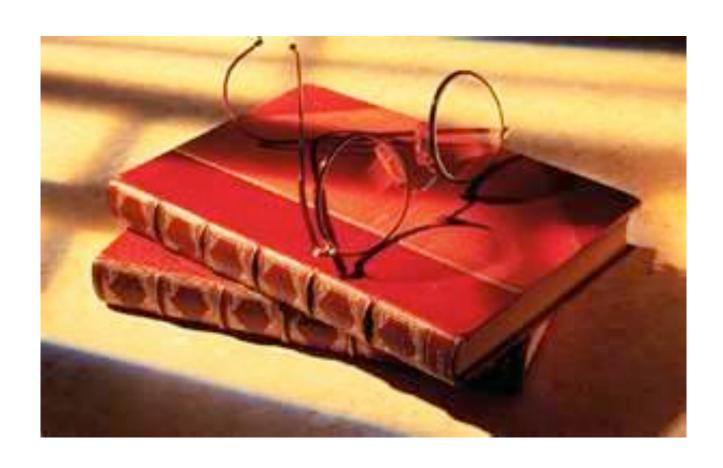
# IX

# **ACADEMY RESOURCES**

The scientific credibility of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences represents an ideal vehicle for certifying the statistical trends in Al Qaeda warfare that prove the Great Extinction thesis. Five Academy members appear particularly qualified to manage or advise the statisticians who would lead the peer review.

- James Berger (Duke University)
- Robert Hauser (National Research Council)
- Adrian Raftery (University of Washington)
- Burton Singer (University of Florida)
- Kenneth Wachter (University of California, Berkeley)

Once formally validated by the world's foremost experts, BLPlan.org can serve as ideological foundation for an international enterprise that refines the psychological weapon. President Obama and the global community can then organize the launch of the official criminal indictment designed to inspire mutinous insurrection inside Al Qaeda.



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# X

# REFERENCES

**(1)** 

# OFFICIAL CORROBORATION OF THE THESIS AT BLPLAN.ORG

Publications by leading counterterrorism experts have independently corroborated the essential contentions underpinning the above BLPlan.org thesis on Al Qaeda's Great Extinction strategy first published in the book *Bin Laden's Plan* (Trafford Publishing, 2005). The body of conclusive empirical evidence for this thesis supports contentions by these experts on

1. MESSIAH PRETENSION: Al Qaeda conspires to fabricate the fulfillment of millennialist prophecy about a world war from 2001-2013.

- 2. CRUSADER BAITING: The Bin Laden syndicate has intentionally provoked America to wage a prolonged military campaign against divisions of its global insurgent army entrenched in the prophesied geographical regions slated to be the major battlefields for the Muslim Messiah's war against the Great Satan Empire.
- 3. CENTRAL COMMAND: The command and control of major terrorist operations that the network's central leadership in Northwest Pakistan continues to exercise over its dozens of affiliates poses the foremost global security threat.

The assimilation of popular perspectives on Al Qaeda strategy and capabilities presented at BLPlan.org merely rewords and re-validates a war narrative publicly recounted, at times in piecemeal, by leading authorities over the past decade.

These authoritative voices include a host of U.S. presidential advisors former and current.

JOHN BRENNAN, President Obama's counterterrorism czar

BRUCE REIDEL, advisor to President Obama on Al Qaeda

DANIEL BENJAMIN, President Obama's counterterrorism chief for the U.S. state department

RICHARD CLARKE, former counterterrorism czar

MICHAEL SCHEUER, ex-head of the CIA's "Bin Laden" unit

In May 2011, sweeping corroboration for the crux of this theory appeared in a best-selling exposé by assassinated Pakistani journalist SYED SALEEM SHAHZAD -- heralded as the most unfiltered insider account of Al Qaeda strategy and operations. U.S. Secretary of State Hillary Clinton echoed the U.S. intelligence community's reverence for Shahzad as the reporter who scooped the Al Qaeda high command's secret war strategy when she praised his work for "bringing to light the troubles extremism poses to Pakistan's stability". Famed Middle East journalist Nir Rosen seconded this commendation.

"When Syed Saleem Shahzad speaks, I listen. He is the most fearless and reliable journalist. That's why his work is read even in the halls of the Pentagon."

Another book review elaborates with more praise for Shahzad.

"That Al Qaeda view of the U.S.-NATO war in Afghanistan, which Shahzad reports in the book based on conversations with several senior Al Qaeda commanders, represents the most authoritative picture of the organization's thinking available to the public.

"Shahzad, who had been the Pakistan bureau chief for the Hong Kong-based Asia Times, had unique access to senior Al Qaeda commanders and cadres, as well as those of the Afghan Taliban and the Pakistani Taliban organizations. His account of Al Qaeda strategy is particularly valuable because of the overall ideological system and strategic thinking that emerged from many encounters Shahzad had with senior officials over several years."

# http://www.ipsnews.net/news.asp?idnews=55964

The intelligence treasure trove released by Shahzad in May 2011 persuasively confirms views espoused by U.S. counterterrorism leaders that help substantiate the BLPlan.org information operation to eliminate Al Qaeda through mutiny. Founded on conclusive scientific evidence in the public record and validated by world renown experts, the BLPlan.org thesis threatens the Al Qaeda central command with ideological oblivion.

## SOURCES: THE WORLD'S LEADING ANALYSTS

## SYED SALEEM SHAHZAD

Inside Al-Qaeda and the Taliban: Beyond 9/11 and Bin Laden (May 2011)

http://www.newyorker.com/reporting/2011/09/19/110919fa\_fact\_filkins?currentPage=all

http://www.ipsnews.net/news.asp?idnews=55964

#### JOHN BRENNAN

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-john-brennan-center-strategic-and-international-studies

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## **DANIEL BENJAMIN**

The Next Attack: The Failure of the War on Terror and a Strategy for Getting It Right (2005)

http://armedservices.senate.gov/statemnt/2010/03%20March/Benjamin%2003-10-10.pdf

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#### RICHARD CLARKE

Against All Enemies: Inside America's War on Terror (2004)

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## MICHAEL SCHEUER

Through Our Enemies Eyes: Osama bin Laden, Radical Islam and the Future of America (2006)

http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2011/03/04/AR2011030402322.html

# FAMOUS QUOTATIONS ON AL QAEDA STRATEGY

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#### THE 9/11 COMMISSION REPORT (2004)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"Bin Laden saw himself as called 'to follow in the footsteps of the Messenger and to communicate his message to all nations,' and to serve as the rallying point and organizer for a new kind of war to destroy America and bring the world to Islam."

#### Millennialist Crusader Baiting

"They piloted the explosives-laden boat alongside the USS Cole, made friendly gestures to crew members, and detonated the bomb . . . Back in Afghanistan, Bin Laden anticipated U.S. military retaliation. He ordered the evacuation of Al Qaeda's Kandahar airport compound and fled . . . There was no American strike. In February 2001, a source reported that an individual whom he identified as the big instructor (probably a reference to Bin Laden) complained frequently that the United States had not yet attacked. According to the source, Bin Laden wanted the United States to attack, and if it did not he would launch something bigger."

## Bin Laden Desperately Wanted 9/11 To Be An October Surprise Before The Millennial U.S. Presidential Election

"According to KSM [Khaleid Sheik Mohammed], Bin Laden had been urging him to advance the date of the [9/11] attacks. In 2000, for instance, KSM remembers Bin Laden pushing him to launch the attacks amid the controversy after then-Israeli opposition party leader Ariel Sharon's visit to the Temple Mount in Jerusalem [September 28, 2000]. KSM claims Bin Laden told him it would be enough for the hijackers simply to down planes rather than crash them into specific targets. KSM says he resisted the pressure."

#### U.S. COUNTERTERRORISM CZAR JOHN BRENNAN

#### Al Qaeda's Objectives

"A speech by John Brennan in 2011 gives a detailed look at how the U.S. defines al Qaeda's goals, proposing four separate objectives: First, to terrorize the U.S. into retreating from the world stage; second, to use long wars to financially bleed the U.S. while inflaming anti-American sentiment; third, to defend the rights of Muslims; and finally, claims al Qaeda has a 'feckless delusion' and 'grandiose vision' for global domination through a 'violent Islamic caliphate'."

http://shadow.foreignpolicy.com/posts/2012/03/06/What\_does\_Al\_Qaeda\_want

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"This leads directly to the second element of the President's approach—a clear, more precise definition of this challenge. This is critically important. How you define a problem shapes how you address it. As many have noted, the President does not describe this as a 'war on terrorism'. That is because 'terrorism' is but a tactic—a means to an end, which in al Qaeda's case is global domination by an Islamic caliphate. President Obama understands that successfully defeating these extremists over the long term requires breaking this bond—exposing al Qaeda as nothing but the death cult that it is and isolating extremists from the people they pretend to serve."

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-john-brennan-center-strategic-and-international-studies

#### **Millennialist Crusader Baiting**

"After all, this is precisely what Osama bin Laden intended with the Sept. 11 attacks: to use al Qaeda to foment a clash of civilizations in which the United States and Islam are seen as distinct identities that are in conflict. In his approach to the world and in his approach to safeguarding the American people, President Obama is determined not to validate al Qaeda's twisted worldview."

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-john-brennan-center-strategic-and-international-studies

#### Al Qaeda's Leadership Commands A Global Syndicate

"Brennan described al-Rahman as a 'workaholic' and an 'operational mastermind' who kept Al Qaeda's nodes from Yemen to Europe connected . . . operatives who 'are flowing sometimes back and forth' among Pakistan, Afghanistan, Iraq, Yemen, Somalia and other parts of Africa."

http://www.foxnews.com/politics/2011/09/01/us-counterterror-chiefal-qaeda-now-on-ropes/

"The U.S. can't go after every terrorist group and must focus attention on those that seek to harm the U.S., Brennan said. He said al Qaeda and its affiliates still represent the greatest danger, even after the May raid by U.S. Navy SEALs that killed Osama bin Laden in Abbottabad, Pakistan."

http://articles.cnn.com/2011-06-29/us/counterterrorism.strategy 1 zawahiri-al-qaeda-bin? s=PM:US

# INSIDE AL QAEDA AND THE TALIBAN by SYED SALEEM SHAHZAD (2011)

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#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

#### "PROLOGUE

"The 9/11 attacks in 2001 aimed to provoke a war in South Asia. The 26/11 Mumbai assaults in 2008 warned that Al Qaeda was expanding its war to the east, from Central Asian republics to India and Bangladesh, and that many more such actions would follow. In the ideological perspective of Al Qaeda, this was to be a preparation for the "End of Time" battles which were referred to by the Prophet Muhammad (in what is now known as the *Hadith*). These pointed to parts of modern-day Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan and Central Asia as ancient Khurasan. Khurasan was to be the first battleground for the End of Times battles, before a decisive confrontation against the West, with the last battle being fought in the Middle East for the liberation of Palestine and all occupied Muslim lands." (p. xiii)

"For Al Qaeda these are just measures to keep the West running from pillar to post until it exhausts itself and Al Qaeda can announce victory in Afghanistan. Al Qaeda next aims to occupy the promised land of ancient Khurasan, with its boundaries stretching all the way from Central Asia to Khyber Paktoonkhwa through Afghanistan, and then expand the theatre of war to India. The promised messiah, the Mahdi, will then rise in the Middle East and Al Qaeda will mobilize its forces from ancient Khurasan for the liberation of Palestine, where a final victory will guarantee the revival of a Global Muslim Caliphate." (p. 226)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Toward the end of 2007 Kashmiri came up with a comprehensive

battle plan which surprised even Al Qaeda. It envisioned the promised 'End of Times' theater of war in the East, which Al Qaeda's best military brains had visualized, but saw no way of implementing . . . Kashmiri wanted to create a permanent theater of war in India, as Pakistan had done in the 1990s in Kashmir. His aim was to destabilize India with a planned pattern of terror plots." (p. 212)

This is the time the Mahdi (the ultimate reformist leader) will make his presence felt. By all reckonings and the estimates of Muslim scholars he has already been born. By 2012, he will come forward to command the Muslim forces in the Middle East and defeat the Western forces led by the Antichrist.

"I used to spend hours walking with Haroon on the seashore in the evening, trying to understand the Al Qaeda perspective on various issues." (p. 101)

"Al Qaeda took five years to reach the turning point in Afghanistan and Pakistani tribal areas, but the Al Qaeda leadership was convinced that its Yemen and Somalia operations would take only a year or two to reach fruition. The immediate dividends of those operations would be obtained in Afghanistan, where maintaining the presence of Western troops would be difficult when the entire region came under siege both politically and militarily. With their supply lines cut, they would be completely choked from the Red Sea zone. Defeat for the West would thus become inevitable. Al Qaeda leaders in Pakistan's tribal areas believe there will be rapid development in this direction in 2012. They are convinced the

<sup>&</sup>quot;Haroon saw the climax of the battle coming in 2012:

theater of war will be ready in the Middle East for orchestrating the "End of Time" battles by then." (p. 122)

"Al Qaeda never considered Juhayman ibn Sayf al Otaibi, the leader of a famous siege of Mecca on November 20, 1979, as an ideologue or a leader. Neither did they approve of Muhammad bin abd Allah al-Qahtani, whom Juhayman declared as al-Mahdi, as the real al-Mahdi, or the redeemer of Islam. However, this almost forgotten twentieth-century siege is accepted by the Al Qaeda leadership as the event that fired the imagination of Islamists everywhere and revived the long quiescent Islamic tenet of *khuruj* (revolt against a deviant Muslim ruler) . . .

"Al Qaeda examined a strategy for the breaking of ties between the West and the ruling Muslim elite in the modern day, and organized a powerful Muslim backlash against Western culture, civilization, and the West's influence in the Muslim world. Although Juhayman's *khuruj* was suppressed by the Saudi regime (with the help of French commandos), this first day of the fourteenth century of the Islamic calendar marked the revolt as a unique event which left an indelible imprint on the minds of Muslim militants and reminded them that Muslim regimes in the post-Ottoman Caliphate era were the first line of defense of Western interest, and therefore were to be eradicated.

"The literature prepared for the revolt against the Saudi regime thus became the basis of Al Qaeda's analysis of the contemporary Muslim world and its relations with the West, and Al Qaeda subsequently developed a dialectic process which would ultimately create the circumstances required for the 'End of Time' battles . . .

"At the crossroads of the new Islamic century, these half-century-

long ideological struggles fused into the powerful events in the twentieth century, which actually turned the historical course and jolted the fundamental dynamics of Muslim majority states and their foreign policies.

"The siege of Mecca occurred between the Iranian Islamic revolution in February 1979 and the beginning of the Afghan national Islamic resistance on December 27, 1979, when the former USSR occupied Afghanistan. The fusion of all three developments in Iran, Afghanistan and Mecca in the same year came at the time of the new Islamic century, and set the stage to a point from which the armed struggle in Afghanistan had attracted Muslim youths from all over the world, while Iran's Islamic revolution presented itself as a model anti-Western Islamic government. In short, by the end of 1979, the world had drastically changed and new forces were emerging on the international horizon to challenge the Western hegemonic order. The catalyst for this change, turning it into a dialectical process, was the Mecca uprising of 1979. This failed uprising against the Wahhabi Saudi government simultaneously instigated an academic debate within the circles of Muslim brigades fighting in Afghanistan about the credibility of Muslim regimes. These brigades now began to debate whether the incumbent Muslim governments would promote Islamic values only to the level where those values would not harm their own interests, leading them to sponsor a disconnect with Islam while harmonizing with Western interests.

"The siege of Mecca on November 20, 1979 did not instigate a revolution as the rebels only numbered 400 to 500 and thus did not have the strength to topple the Saudi regime, but it did bring connecting questions into the foreground. At the same time it established the intellectual grounds for the next generation of Al

Qaeda activists to orchestrate the future struggle . . .

"After the failed uprising and subsequent execution of Juhayman, his Seven Letters, which had been printed and published in booklet form in 1978, were distributed widely in the Arab world. The basic tenets of *Saba Rasail* (the Arabic title) were to model procedures along the lines of the Prophet Muhammad's struggle for Islam. This included inviting people to join Islam, organizing them, and then migrating to a secure base to launch the movement for Islam's domination. Juhayman traced classical Muslim literature which called for the overthrow of corrupt leadership . . . Juhayman believed in the advent of the Mahdi (the promised reformer) from the lineage of the Prophet Muhammad to lead the revolt against corrupt leadership . . .

"Juhayman's teachings were not new. There had been hundreds of Muslim organizations in the twentieth century that put forward identical views. What distinguished the Juhayman-led uprising of 1979 from the other Islamic cleansing movements, however, was that he developed it to the point of issuing literature, and organized a team before launching his operation. The *Seven Letters* were of special interest to young Arab Muslims who fought in Afghanistan in the 1980s. Copies were distributed in the Arab *mujahedeen* camps and became their most important political guide -- as important as Chairman Mao's Little Red Book for the Communist movement -- to prompt political discourse on affairs in Muslim majority states. Brought under instant review were prevalent corruption, non-Islamic practices, and alliances with Western governments." (p. 127-30)

<sup>&</sup>quot;[In 2010] Militants traveled through the mountains into Nuristan (Afghanistan) and Chitral (Pakistan) and as soon as the military had

been deployed on the ground, they ransacked their positions. In the coming months, this game was not repeated here, but expanded from the South Asian to the Central Asian region demarcating the boundaries of the Islamic Emirates of Khurasan. The magical terrain was again to determine Al Qaeda strategy. The terrain had already taken the Taliban-led insurgency from south-west Afghanistan to the northern Afghan regions of Baghlan and Kunduz, and subsequently into Central Asia, where Islamist sleeper cells in Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Chechnya and the Chinese province of Xingjian were prompted to rise and revive the Islamic Emirates of Khurasan . . . " (p. 198)

"I often confessed to Haroon [a deceased Al Qaeda strategist] that I could not understand the rationale of wars in which thousands of non-combatants are killed. His answer was:

Big Causes demand big sacrifices. History witnesses that innocent people are often killed in wars and otherwise. In peace they are crushed by the tyrannical systems. Life is only for those who chose to play an active role on one side of the fence or the other. The rest are anyway caught in no-man's land." (p. 103)

#### **Millennialist Crusader Baiting**

"Al Qaeda's aims and objectives throughout the mid-1990s focused on the instigation of war between the West and the Muslim world. They were reflected by events like the African bombing, the attack on *USS Cole* in Yemen, and the 9/11 attack on the US mainland. By mid-2000, however, Al Qaeda widened the canvas to set up a defeat for the West." (p. 115)

"Zawahiri impressed upon Bin Laden the importance of understanding the American mentality. America has a 'cowboy mentality' -- if you confront them with their identity, both theoretically and practically, they will react in an extreme manner. In other words, Americans with all their resources will revert to being cowboys when irritated. They will then elevate you to new heights as the implacable enemy, and this will produce the Muslim longing for a leader who could successfully challenge the West." (p. 76)

"In the meantime, Al Qaeda aimed to trap the world's most powerful states in the impossible terrain of Afghanistan. The aim was to lead them to exhaust their energies there, before the expansion of the theatre of war against the West from Central Asia to Bangladesh." (p. xiii)

"Al Qaeda saw the invasion of Afghanistan by the United States as just as inevitable as the Taliban's retreat into Pakistan's border regions." (p. xviii)

"Al Qaeda's strategy had always been to conserve its energy and resources for the next phase of the war, after U.S. forces had been completely routed in Afghanistan. It launched its war of attrition to this end from the Pakistani tribal areas." (p. 3)

"9/11 created friction around the globe and initially divided the world into two camps: those who were with the United States and those who were anti-American. This divide impacted Muslim societies where the ruling classes were still close to the West, and after this defining moment, the Muslim ruling classes and the broad masses stood divided. In the coming years Al Qaeda worked to sharpen this divide to pave the way for revolts in Muslim societies in order to weaken the support of Muslim establishments for the US war against Al Qaeda.

"On the strategic front, Al Qaeda had successfully stung the United States with 9/11. The United States invaded Afghanistan and, according to Al Qaeda, the trap was sprung. However, the strategy would have failed had Al Qaeda not explored the dialectic of events beyond 9/11 which was to reinforce the ideological divide in Muslim societies. It embarked on this mission by enlisting the services of Islamic-minded officers in the armed forces and influential clerics in the religious parties and religious schools in Muslim countries. It then looked to gather resources to launch a long war against the United States in Afghanistan.

"Academics associated with Al Qaeda-authored literature laid down the rules of faith and heresy for a Muslim, but there were other brains at work on the dialectical front. Al Qaeda aimed at creating a Muslim backlash to the anticipated Western retaliation to the 9/11 attack, but was equally cognizant of the fact that even in the Muslim world, there would be divided reactions, because of the political, military and economic dependency of Muslim regimes on the West. In countries like Saudi Arabia, Jordan, Pakistan, and Kuwait, this became a flagrant reality. Thus there was never any belief in the Al Qaeda camp that once the United States reacted to 9/11, pro-Western Muslim regimes would be able to remain 'non-aligned'. Al Qaeda was 100 percent sure that once Washington decided on war against Al Qaeda, the ruling regimes in the Muslim world would have no option but to align themselves with Washington.

"The 9/11 attacks were organized for a particular purpose: to provoke the United States and bring it into the Afghan trap. A Muslim backlash was certain to follow, and eventually this would lead to a direct confrontation between the West and the Muslim world. Al Qaeda also understood that bringing the US war machine into the vastness of the hostile Afghan mountain wilderness was an imperative. But it was equally aware that this would not signal victory. Victory against the West required a long struggle, planning, and a winning war strategy. This in turn would require resources, but all the known resources were under the control of the West-aligned Muslim regimes. Therefore the second most important objective of Al Qaeda's strategy in the wake of the 9/11 attack and the retaliation to it was to discredit the ruling Muslim regimes by bringing up the contradictions inherent in their political alliances with the West.

"Once these Muslim regimes' real allegiance towards the West was exposed, *takfeer* [excommunication] would be the weapon Al Qaeda employed to isolate them from the Muslim masses. Sympathetic sections of the armed forces, religious parties, and Islamic seminaries would then be activated against the ruling elites and more easily moved to join forces with Al Qaeda in its fight against the

West globally.

"*Takfir* also aimed at gathering in and employing all of the Muslim world's resources against the Western occupation forces. But Al Qaeda well understood that it would be a slow and tedious process, and a long-term academic exercise, to topple the ruling Muslim regimes in Muslim majority states. Still the goal was clearly to bring about Islamic revolution and pave the way for the revival of the Muslim Caliphate to orchestrate the global Jihad." (p. 137-8)

"Kashmiri was appointed the new chairman of Al Qaeda's military committee [in 2009]. His strategy envisaged new theaters of war in Somalia and Yemen, which aimed at severing the Western trade routes through those countries. His aim was to turn Yemen into the strategic backyard for Al Qaeda's operation in the Middle East and hence provide support to an Al Qaeda-led Iraqi resistance, while initiating an insurgency in Saudi Arabia . . . The aim was to keep Pakistan and India engaged in hostilities, which would provide a breathing space to enable Al Qaeda and its Taliban allies to realize their objectives in Afghanistan. They admitted to pursuing a similar strategy, but at a much lower level, throughout Europe . . ." (p. 70-1)

"[In the backdrop of international outcry over the U.S. invasion of Iraq,] The Pakistan Army had intensified military operations against the militants by mid-2003. The operations were unpopular from the very beginning, and even the secular political parties were not prepared to voice their support for them. The general public understood the Taliban as an anti-imperialist resistance movement. The military operations against them were taken by the masses as

Pakistan's support for neo-imperialism . . . There were two attacks on Musharraf in late 2003 in Rawalpindi, and these upped the pace. Thousands of Jihadis were arrested as suspects. The United States then pressurized Pakistan to close down the Pakistani militant camps in Kashmir, and anti-Americanism in Pakistan soared to new heights. Only a small spin was required for Al Qaeda to take advantage of the situation.

"On the advice of Al Qaeda, Maulana Abdul Aziz issued a religious decree in 2004 which declared the South Waziristan operation un-Islamic. The decree prohibited the burial of the soldiers in Muslim graveyards. Funeral prayers for those who had died in the action against the Muslim militants in South Waziristan were forbidden. The decree was circulated throughout the country and 500 clerics signed it. That was all the spin needed to further ignite anti-American feelings in Pakistan. All the combined guns of the militants could not have been as useful in belittling the Pakistan Army as that religious decree . . .

"The result was the demoralization of the rank and file of Pakistan's armed forces . . . The total strength of the militants in North and South Waziristan soared to 50,000, and the security crackdown on the militants associated with the Kashmir Liberation Movement (KLM) enhanced this number by causing a massive migration of other militants to the two Waziristans." (p. 42-3)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Al Qaeda was frustrated after the Lal Masjid operation [a 2007 siege of an influential Islamabad mosque where the Pakistani army confronted an Al Qaeda ideologue]. Dozens of people had been killed and the most useful Al Qaeda asset in Islamabad sacrificed without the main purpose being served: not a single person stood up

in revolt. This was when Osama bin Laden put his foot down and appointed an *ameer-e-khuruj* (commander for revolt) in Pakistan. This was Abdul Hameed, Alias Abu Obaida al-Misri. Bin Laden instructed him to organize revolt in the country as soon as possible, and Al Qaeda urged its Middle Eastern donors to arrange funds on an urgent basis. When these funds were received they were hurriedly distributed amongst all the Al Qaeda associates including Baitullah Mehsud and Bin Yameen. Targets were then identified to stir up maximum friction in the country, with the aim of making the state ungovernable." (p. 168-9)

"However, Al Qaeda was ever-vigilant to the rapidly normalizing situation in Swat. What aspect of Islam was being enforced in the valley was irrelevant to them. The issue was that peace would disengage Pakistan's armed forces from the valley and enable them to start operations in the tribal areas again, which would affect Al Qaeda's fight in Afghanistan. Once again, Al Qaeda's emissaries were activated. Bin Yameen was asked to play his role. At a juncture when everything had been going according to the plan of the US and Pakistani authorities, militants under the command of Bin Yameen stormed Buner, only 65 miles from Islamabad, in the first week of April 2009.

"The ceasefire agreement broke and media flashed banner headlines that Pakistan was only 65 miles away from capture by the Taliban. The situation which had improved in February 2009 had deteriorated dramatically by April 2009 . . . Their real aim was to create friction, to arrive at a situation in the theater of war in which the Pakistan Army remained entangled until they withdrew their support for the US war in Afghanistan . . .

"The people of Swat as well as the Pakistani military establishment rested their hopes in Sufi Mohammad -- that he would diffuse the situation of confrontation after the Taliban's capture of the Buner district. But when Sufi Mohammad emerged onto the stage he was not alone. He was accompanied by eight suicide bombers. Bin Yameen came to Sufi Mohammad and gave him a written speech, saying, 'This is from the mujahedeen. Please read this speech.' Sufi Mohammad nodded in assent. Then he started speaking to the crowd. Every word was a bomb. The speech mercilessly butchered the peace accord . . . The cleric then said the Islamic system must be established throughout the world because the world belonged to God, and the existing laws were unacceptable . . . Sufi Mohammad's speech changed everything. The international media publicized his address and depicted it as Swat's rule by the Taliban and the beginning of a global Caliphate . . .

"From the Al Qaeda viewpoint, its strategy was a success because it divided the Pakistan army's Operation Lion Heart from Mohmand and Bajaur. Militants regrouped in the tribal areas and launched powerful strikes on the two neighboring Afghan provinces. As a result, NATO was forced to flee its border checkpoints in Kunar and left all of its main bases in Nuristan unattended. The Swat operation appeared a complete success for Al Qaeda's dialectical process as the Pakistani nation stood completely divided on ideology.

"Pakistan's secularists then boldly stood up against the Islamization of Pakistan. They called for the wings of Islamic seminaries in the country to be clipped . . . With this clash between Pakistani Islamists (mostly from seminaries and religious parties that did not support Al Qaeda) and the secular forces of the country, Al Qaeda's dialectical process aimed to create a situation where Pakistan would remain non-governable until Al Qaeda ideologues and fighters successfully

seized control of two provinces, Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa and Balochistan. These two provinces were then intended to become the hub of Al Qaeda activities to provide recruitment and training for their battle against the NATO troops in Afghanistan.

"In pursuit of this, Al Qaeda's dialectical process, thousands of people were displaced, hundreds of people were killed, the national economy of Pakistan was on the verge of collapse, and Pakistan became completely dependent on US aid . . . However, during this time Al Qaeda took advantage of the situation and carried out attacks on NATO's supply line, regrouped its members and launched attacks on the NATO troops in Afghanistan, and succeeded in establishing control over 80 percent of Afghanistan and forcing a situation where Washington had to bring in additional troops. That application of the dialectical process might have seemed brutal, but for Al Qaeda this was the only way to confront the world's richest and most powerful nations, and to bring this war to a winning conclusion." (p. 173-6)

"Only after Al Qaeda had gained effective control of the area did it focus its attention on fighting in earnest against NATO in

<sup>&</sup>quot;Subsequent to the Taliban's defeat in 2001, Al Qaeda invested all its money and energy in capturing and influencing this area, and effectively used this historical natural buffer between Afghanistan and Pakistan as a strategic hedge to fight the United States and its allies. Al Qaeda was certain that even the world's most advanced weaponry would fail to defeat the militant movement in this type of terrain . . . Al Qaeda focused on complete control of the territory. That is the reason there was not much fighting in Afghanistan against NATO troops from 2002 to 2004.

Afghanistan. Al Qaeda then spent two years on capacity building for coherent guerrilla warfare in Afghanistan. At the same time it established strong bases from where the militants could fight -- if necessary, against both US and Pakistani forces.

"Initially Al Qaeda's influence was limited to South Waziristan, North Waziristan and parts of Bajaur. But over the passage of time it cunningly crafted circumstances to change the old colonial model of the political agent's office and replace it with militant local militias running the show. Al Qaeda then promoted and spread this arrangement to the rest of Pakistan's tribal areas, and by 2008 all seven of Pakistan's tribal agencies were seen to be under the influence of Al Qaeda-inspired militants . . .

"Pakistani officials failed to grasp that Al Qaeda's real advantage lay in it being an ideologically motivated movement which could not be confronted by military operations without judicious political actions . . . For instance, Musharraf's government did not carry out military operations against the militants supported by a 'national' message defining a political process. Against this, the militants used the Islamic ideology as their main weapon. Thus, even after their initial defeats or retreats, they were able to make comebacks and aggressively expand their sway . . .

"Musharraf was convinced that the United States would eventually have to leave this theatre of war and Pakistan would be able to revert to its previous policies of supporting the Islamists in Afghanistan, while fueling the separatist movement in Indian Kashmir.

Commitment to this military doctrine thus prevented Pakistan from launching an all-out war on the militants in the tribal areas . . . In fact, the war flared up further after five years, with hostilities reaching levels where it became impossible for the United States to

even consider an early exit. Gradually all the states in the region became embroiled in fighting the Islamic insurgents. But it was too late. The boat had been missed. The militants had expanded their capacity to retaliate to a level where they were able to manipulate and maneuver the war to their advantage . . .

"Earlier, Al Qaeda had jarred establishment nerves by opening a new war front in the middle of Pakistan's capital, Islamabad, with the Lal Masjid affair in July 2007. After that, Al Qaeda spread its war throughout Pakistan to open an enlarged long-term theater of war. From the tourist resorts of the Swat Valley they took the war to Buner in 2009. Buner is only 65 miles away from Islamabad as the crow flies. All of this was planned to rattle Western forces in their Pakistani and Afghan border bases and enable Al Qaeda to entrench its positions for future battles . . .

"The Islamic spirit is traditional and inbuilt among the tribes living in the Hindu Kush. This virtually guarantees support for Al Qaeda and Taliban during their retreats and offensives, while a network of Islamic seminaries runs across the face of the land, acting a natural breeding ground to boost the numbers of Al Qaeda and Taliban diehards . . . These areas have an estimated population of 3.3 million, and are the most impoverished part of the nation . . .

"Al Qaeda looked to understand the weaknesses of the tribal system to bend tribes to its will. It had to spread the feeling that the tribes were living under foreign occupation, and to lay the grounds for launching a rebellion against the state of Pakistan. Al Qaeda went two steps beyond this. It did not merely address the grievances of the tribes against the state, it declared the Pakistani establishment 'heretical' as an ally of the foreign occupation forces in Afghanistan. It then insisted that the tribes break their ties with Pakistan to

establish Islamic Emirates in all seven of the tribal agencies, and next pressed for the appointment of local *ameers* (chiefs) for each tribal area, and a 'Grand *ameer'* for the entire tribal belt. This arrangement began in late 2007, by which time thousands of youths had joined with the militants. By 2009-2010, the militants' strength had risen close to 100,00 armed men. For the local tribes that was the end of colonial rule and the beginning of self-governance, for which they were thankful to Al Qaeda.

"By 2005-2006 Pakistan's tribal areas were a new world. Hundreds of tribal chiefs and local clerics in South Waziristan, North Waziristan and Bajaur had been denounced as spies for the Pakistan Army and the United States. They were either killed or forced out. These tribal chiefs and the clerics had been henchmen of Pakistan's remote-controlled tribal system. Their elimination caused a complete collapse of the tribal system. Al Qaeda filled the vacuum.

"Each tribal area produced a few especially powerful pro-Al Qaeda militants. They took de facto charge of the system . . . The Islamic state of North Waziristan came into being at the start of 2006, as did almost simultaneously the Islamic state of South Waziristan. The message traveled to Bajaur, Mohmand, and Orakzai, and by the end of 2007, Al Qaeda had brought the whole movement under the umbrella of the Tehrik-e-Taliban Pakistan, a conglomerate of different militant groups from Pakistan's tribal areas. There was one commander in each tribal area, and all these commanders came under one *ameer*. This political dispensation conclusively replaced Pakistan's old tribal system." (p. 183-91)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Every year, at least 2,000-5,000 fighters are launched through this corridor into Afghanistan. These fighters live in the Hindu Kush,

regroup and train there, and then launch their attacks on a rotational basis. They leave Nuristan and Kunar ungovernable and through the same corridor, they take control over the Taghab Valley, from where they strike Kabul time and again.

"NATO has conducted several military operations, including its longest operation ever, Operation Lion heart, in Kunar and Nuristan, while its allies the Pakistani armed forces embarked on their sister operation *Sher Dil* in Mohmand and Bajaur. The latter operation started in late 2008 and ended in early January 2009, but the porous border failed to eliminate the militants. They simply dispersed and regrouped. NATO and the Pakistani army carried out several more missions later in 2009 and 2010, but the militants continue to dominate the terrain. From the self-same sanctuaries, Al Qaeda emerges and carries out attacks on Islamabad and other parts of Pakistan." (p. 195)

## Review of Inside Al Qaeda and the Taliban

"Shahzad's account makes it clear that the real objective of Al Qaeda in strengthening the Taliban struggle against U.S.-NATO forces in Afghanistan was to continue the U.S.-NATO occupation as an indispensable condition for the success of Al Qaeda's global strategy of polarizing the Islamic world.

"Shahzad writes that Al Qaeda strategists believed its terrorist attack on 9/11 would lead to a U.S. invasion of Afghanistan which would in turn cause a worldwide 'Muslim backlash. That 'backlash' was particularly important to what emerges in Shahzad's account as the primary Al Qaeda aim of stimulating revolts against regimes in Muslim countries

"The Zawahiri group's strategy, according to Shahzad, was to 'speak out against corrupt and despotic Muslim governments and make them targets to destroy their image in the eyes of the common people'. But they would do so by linking those regimes to the United States.

"In a 2004 interview cited by Shahzad, one of Bin Laden's collaborators, Saudi opposition leader Saad al-Faqih, said Zawahiri had convinced Bin Laden in the late 1990s that he had to play on the U.S. 'cowboy' mentality that would elevate him into an 'implacable enemy' and 'produce the Muslim longing for a leader who could successfully challenge the West.'

"Shahzad makes it clear that the U.S. occupations of Afghanistan and Iraq were the biggest break Al Qaeda had ever gotten. Muslim religious scholars had issued decrees for the defense of Muslim lands against the non-Muslim occupiers on many occasions before the U.S.-NATO war in Afghanistan, Shahzad points out.

"But once such religious decrees were extended to Afghanistan, Zawahiri could exploit the issue of the U.S. occupation of Muslim lands to organize a worldwide 'Muslim insurgency'. That strategy depended on being able to provoke discord within societies by discrediting regimes throughout the Muslim world as not being truly Muslim."

http://www.ipsnews.net/news.asp?idnews=55964

#### Al Qaeda Assassinated Prospective Pakistani Majority Leader Benazir Bhutto

"Ms Bhutto was a populist politician and as her image would inevitably compel her to move in wider and more open circles, she would be a soft target. Al Qaeda got down to discussing the merits and demerits of assassinating her. They all agreed that killing her would change the political landscape. They realized that Al Qaeda would not be the only beneficiaries, but also knew that killing her would seriously dent US designs in the South Asia region. The plan to kill Ms Bhutto was prepared a year ahead of the 2008 US presidential elections . . .

"On her landing at Karachi airport, thousands of people rallied to welcome and escort her back to her home in the city. The rally was hardly halfway through when suicide bombers struck. Ms. Bhutto somehow escaped unharmed, but 136 people were killed. The attack caused a serious rift between the Musharraf government and Ms Bhutto. The Musharraf government was roundly criticized for the security lapse, yet Ms Bhutto remained undeterred. She held rallies across the country . . . All her addresses to the public were against the militants and Al Qaeda . . . until her arrival on December 27, 2007 in the garrison town of Rawalpindi. There she was assassinated.

"Within few hours, Pakistan found itself in total chaos. The entire country was in the hands of agitators, with law-enforcement agencies nowhere to be found. Dozens of trains were attacked in Ms Bhutto's home province of Sindh, while public and private property was destroyed all over the country. The post-December 27, 2007 situation exposed, for the first time, the weakness of Pakistan's internal security. Al Qaeda had succeeded in creating a crisis

situation in the urban centers of Pakistan, designed to deter Pakistan from collaborating with the United States in its designs against this revolutionary Islamic force . . .

"Between January 2008 and February 2008, suicide attacks in Pakistan outnumbered the suicide attacks in Afghanistan and Iraq. But as there had been no coordination in the Al Qaeda ranks because of the unexpected death of al-Misri, this could not be translated into multiple strategic advantages. However, there had been one important gain for Al Qaeda: with Benazir Bhutto assassinated just before the scheduled January 8, 2008 elections, the US plan of reorganizing the secular and liberal political parties and Pakistan's security forces under one banner against Al Qaeda had failed. This had driven the United States, Pakistan's army and Musharraf into a corner. The entire US roadmap for the region had gone askew. The elections were postponed, and although Benazir Bhutto's assassination had gained her party (PPP) a huge sympathy vote, and it emerged as the majority party in the February 18, 2008 elections, in the eyes of the political pundits sitting in Western capitals, her shocking death had destroyed Pakistan's political equilibrium." (p. 50-1)

## Al Qaeda Masterminded The 2008 Mumbai Massacre

"Al Qaeda's Military Committee chairman, Commander Muhammad Ilyas Kashmiri . . . was confirmed as the mastermind of the 26/11 (2008) assaults after revelations from the arrested U.S. citizen David Headley" (p. xiii)

"By 2006, Kashmiri was part of Al Qaeda's Shura [ruling council] and his 313 Brigade came under Al Qaeda's discipline" (p. 87)

"With Kashmiri's immense expertise in Indian operations, he stunned Al Qaeda leaders with the suggestion that expanding the theatre of war was the only way to overcome the present impasse. He presented the suggestion of conducting such a massive operation in India that it would bring India and Pakistan to war. With that, all proposed operations against Al Qaeda would be brought to a grinding halt. Al Qaeda excitedly approved the proposal to attack India. Kashmiri then handed over the plan to a very able former army major, Haroon Ashik, who was also a former Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT) commander who was still very close to LeT chiefs Zakiur Rahman Lakhvi and Abu Hamza. Haroon knew about an ISI plan for a low-profile routine proxy operation in India through LeT. It had been in the pipeline for several months but the official policy was to drop it. The former army major, with the help of Ilyas Kashmiri's men in India, hijacked the ISI plan and turned it into the devastating attacks that shook Mumbai on November 26, 2008 and brought Pakistan and India to the brink of war." (p. 68-9)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Haroon met with a LeT commander, Abu Hamza, and advised him

not to waste his time and resources on futile exercises in India. He told Abu Hamza he would draw up a more effective strategy for the cause. Haroon next turned to his expert on India, Rahman, to brief him more fully on the country. Rahman had visited India many times. He had photographs and maps of all the important targets in India. He identified the areas in Mumbai where white foreigners lived, like Nariman House and the Taj Mahal Hotel.

"Haroon informed Abu Hamza he would travel on a Pakistani boat initially and then capture an Indian trawler to land from. He told Abu Hamza that once they were in position to launch a massive operation it would force India to the negotiating table to discuss an advantageous settlement on Kashmir. Abu Hamza forwarded the plan to the LeT commander-in-chief Zakiur Rahman Lakhvi, who immediately left for Karachi to organize the operation." (p. 95)

"Al Qaeda's objective in undertaking the Mumbai 26/11 attack was to provoke a war between Pakistan and India. All hostilities between the military and the militants would then come to a halt in the Swat Valley in Pakistan's NWFP (Northwest Frontier Province), as well as in the tribal areas of Bajaur, Mohmand, and the two Waziristans. [Following the Mumbai Massacre] Pakistan's militant leaders Mullah Fazlullah and Baitullah Mehsud announced that they would fight alongside Pakistan's armed forces in an India-Pakistan war, and the director general of ISI, Lt.-Gen. Ahmad Shuja Pasha, confirmed this understanding in his briefing to national and foreign correspondents, when he called Fazlullah and Baitullah Mehsad Pakistan's strategic assets.

"The stage was all set to change the dynamics of enmity and friendship in the region when Washington put its foot down.

Washington hurriedly sent several officials to India and Pakistan to advise their governments that any war between them would only benefit the militants. Washington assured India that Pakistan would cooperate fully in the investigation of the Mumbai attacks and arrest those who had been responsible for their planning.

"Watching his plan fail, Haroon advised Rahman to use another approach for the 313 Brigade . . . Rahman always drew up contingency plans for assaults on different targets. In this case, if the militants were unable to hit India's National Defense College during the day when several senior military officials were present, they were to attack the Indian parliament . . .

"In October 2009 a conspiracy was unearthed in Chicago by the FBI. Two suspects were arrested, David Headley and Tahawwur Rana. Their interrogation revealed that they had been planning to attack the National Defense College in Delhi and India's nuclear facilities. The Danish newspaper *Jyllands-Posten*, which had published allegedly blasphemous cartoons featuring the Holy Prophet (Peace Be Upon Him), was also on the hit list. The conspirators all belonged to the Kashmiri group. Their affidavit exposed the roles of Major Haroon and his aide Abdul Rahman in the recruitment and orientation process." (p. 96-7)

<sup>&</sup>quot;The whole world is currently obsessed with the Afghan war, and 26/11 [the Mumbai Massacre] is seen as an independent incident. This book looks to go beyond that perception. It provides an overview of all that has transpired since 9/11, which presents a very different picture, and argues that beginning with bringing India into its theatre of war, Al Qaeda aims to extend its war against the West all the way to the Middle East for the final 'End Time' battles to liberate Palestine." (p. xx)

## Al Qaeda's Leadership Commands A Global Syndicate

"This book discusses in detail the period from 1996 to 2010, and explains that throughout this period Al Qaeda and Taliban appeared the same to most observers. However, they were never identical in either personnel or objectives. Only a few people, including the top leadership of the Taliban, recognize this reality. Al Qaeda supported the Taliban and has contributed considerably to the Taliban's military successes, first against the Northern Alliance during the Afghan civil war in the late 1990s, and then against the United States after the U.S. attack on Afghanistan in October 2001. However, this does not make the two a single entity. Theirs is a unique relationship, in which Al Qaeda aims to bring the Taliban and all Muslim liberation movements into its fold and to use them to forward its global agenda.

"As a consequence, the Taliban and all the liberation movements in countries and regions such as Uzbekistan, Chechnya and the Chinese province of Xingjian, and Kashmir are wary of Al Qaeda's design, but Al Qaeda has laid its trap meticulously. It aims to ensure that all resources are funneled through Al Qaeda channels, so that these movements are left with no choice but to follow Al Qaeda directives." (p. xvii)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Although there is no proof of the organizational attachments of these groups [Chechen, Uzbek and Chinese Islamic militants] with Al Qaeda, there is no denying Al Qaeda's ideological and financial influence over them in the late 1990s.

<sup>&</sup>quot;That was the time when the Pakistani Jihadi organizations reared by the ISI [the Pakistani intelligence service] became a serious threat to

India. According to one estimate, between 1980 and 2000 approximately 600,000 Pakistanis and Kashmiris had been trained in different Afghan militant camps, and at the time of 9/11, at least 100,000 Jihadis were active in Indian Kashmir (they used to be launched from Pakistan on a rotational basis). These insurgents not only troubled the 400,000-800,000 Indian security services (including Indian army, police and paramilitary forces) but emboldened the Pakistan Army to orchestrate military adventures like the Kargil Operation in 1999. Militants also dared to hijack an Indian aircraft, took it to Kandahar, and then exchanged the prisoners with their prisoners who were languishing in Indian jails.

"The Jihadis also carried out an attack on the Red Fort in Delhi in December 2000 and even planned an attack on the Indian parliament in December 2001." (p. 209)

"Before October 7, 2001, when the United States invaded Afghanistan in retaliation for the 9/11 attacks, most of Al Qaeda's top minds had already left the country, their mission focused on several targets:

- To ideologically cultivate new faces from strategic communities, such as the armed forces and intelligence circles
- To bring in new recruits and establish cells
- To have each cell assigned to raise its own resources and devise a plan, but have only one cell implement the plan, while the others served as decoys to misdirect intelligence agencies.

Al Qaeda's real war began after 9/11. Following the US invasion of Afghanistan, their migration to the Pakistani tribal areas was a major milestone in their struggle. The old Egyptian camp had now completely merged into Al Qaeda, which served to guide it. Osama bin Laden and al-Zawahiri were its leaders.

"Al Qaeda faced a new challenge in its new home of Pakistan. Pakistan was a fertile soil to sow seeds of its radical ideology. The Afghan Jihad against Soviets from 1979 to 1993, followed by the five-year-long Taliban rule in Afghanistan, had a direct bearing on the social and political fabric of the country, with thousands of Islamic seminaries of Taliban learning springing up in a matter of a decade. To take advantage of the situation the Pakistan establishment fueled Islamic separatist movements in Indian-held Kashmir, rearing several Jihadi outfits like Jaish-e-Mohammad, Harkatul Mujahedeen, Harkat-ul-Jihad-e-Islami and Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT).

"In addition, General Zia ul-Haq's eleven-year-long military government had promoted Islamic values in society as well as in the army, and contributed a lot to promoting the Jihadi spirit within the military rank and file. The US invasion of Afghanistan further aggravated antagonism towards the United States and brought about increased empathy for the Taliban and Al Qaeda. In this buzzing arena, all Al Qaeda needed to do was to pass on the same sort of indoctrination message as al-Zawahiri had conveyed to Bin Laden, in order for him to permeate the whole area with Al Qaeda's ideology and strategy, to split Islamists into sundry camps and exploit their special skills. That was Al Qaeda's ultimate weapon to fight NATO in Afghanistan.

"The next step was ideological fusion: to spawn Al Qaeda's

ideological genes in *Ibnul Balad* (Sons of the Soil), transforming them into 'blood brothers'. The whole of the future war was to be fought by the *Ibnul Balad*, from which Al Qaeda aimed to produce a new generation of Zawahiris, with each and every segment of their lives committed to a lifelong struggle. They were to live for the movement and die for it. But before they died they were to leave another generation behind to continue the war against the United States. This was Al Qaeda's arsenal.

"Al Qaeda next laid the foundation of a media wing, Al-Sahab . . . In the tribal areas, it hunted for natural leaders like Nek Muhammad, Baitullah Mehsud, Abdullah Mehsud and Hakeemullah Mehsud, to infuse into them the spirit of Al Qaeda ideology and the strategies to be employed in the future. The selected leaders were required to raise adherents themselves.

"The Al Qaeda leadership believed that once their message was disseminated among the targeted Muslim professional youths, mobilizing material resources would not be a problem. There would be no more need to procure millions of dollars worth of sophisticated weaponry, as once the Muslim soldiers and officers had been recruited and indoctrinated, they would produce weaponry using their own ingenuity . . .

"Al Qaeda took up arms against Pakistan in 2007 when it became obvious that Pakistan's political and military goals seemed tied to the West. Its strategy was simple, but it worked. From 2003 onwards Al Qaeda succeeded in sowing the seeds of dissent within Pakistan's armed forces, when Pakistan's tribal youths and formerly proestablishment Jihadi cadres moved away from Pakistan's ruling establishment and promised allegiance to Al Qaeda. Fresh plans had to be initiated after the defeat of the Taliban and subsequent retreat

of Al Qaeda to the Pakistani tribal areas in early 2002, but Al Qaeda had meanwhile succeeded in persuading core South Asian Islamists to subscribe to its ideology and strategy, and begun to orchestrate war games of its choice." (p. 80-2)

"It was pure coincidence that after 9/11, first the Pakistani military establishment's 'strategic depth' pattern in Afghanistan and then the whole Jihadi network which the Pakistani intelligence apparatus had set up through the Harkat-ul Jihad-i-Islami slipped from the ISI's hands and fell into the lap of Al Qaeda. From then on Al Qaeda used both the Afghan theater and the Jihadi network to define the boundaries of the theaters of war according to its own perspective and strategic direction." (p. 202)

"More critical to the future success of the Taliban's military fortunes would be the vanguard role played by the few thousand pro-Taliban militants in addition to the rapidly dwindling group of approximately 4,0000 foreign fighters -- Arabs, Chechens, Uighurs, Uzbeks and Chinese -- ensconced in the mountainous Waziristan. It was they who would play a central role in leading the Taliban comeback, and mobilize the large and sympathetic tribal populations in pursuit of their political and military aims.

"The tribe that formed the core of the Taliban support was the Waziris. These were described as the 'wolves' by military observers of the 'Great Game' (the strategic rivalry and conflict between the British Empire and the Russian Empire for supremacy in Central Asia) 100 years ago. Their traditional rivals, the Mehsud tribesmen (the 'panthers' of the 'Great Game') had kept their sympathies with the Pakistan Army, providing a check to any strategic imbalance.

After the army made a bloody incursion into South Waziristan in 2004 which left scores of Mehsud tribesmen dead, the tribe changed its allegiance from the Pakistan Army to the Taliban.

"A couple of seasons of hard occupation had also driven the commercially minded Dawar tribe (comprising occupational castes including tradesmen and shopkeepers) to a stage of hostility towards the Pakistan Army. Thus, as 2005 dawned, there were virtually no major tribal groupings in the two Waziristan's that had not hitched their wagons to the Taliban cause.

"Meanwhile, many Arab families had returned to their countries of origin, while a large number of foreign Al Qaeda fighters decided to embed themselves in the teeming cities of what tribesmen refer to as the 'settled areas' of Pakistan. From here they could continue to wage their war against the United States and its Pakistan allies." (p. 25-6)

"Having gained control of South Waziristan (held by the Mehsud and Wazir tribes), Al Qaeda now had huge bases to operate from . . . South Waziristan was more a Taliban outpost of Helmand province, directly under the influence of the Afghan Taliban. North Waziristan was different. Most of the militants there were standalone operators. Therefore North Waziristan provided much more space for Al Qaeda to use as its international headquarters." (p. 18)

<sup>&</sup>quot;The outside world saw the development simply as the formation of the Islamic State of North Waziristan, but Al Qaeda had already restructured this part of the tribal areas to establish an Islamic state. Al Qaeda's larger plan was to lay the ground for the restructuring of

all the tribal areas in this fashion -- to have them fully functional as Al Qaeda forts, before expanding into the whole of the former NWFP (Northwest Frontier Province) as well as Balochistan. In this way it could cut all of NATO's supply lines through Pakistan and thus force the Western allies to engage in a long, draining war.

"However, the real battlefield was always Afghanistan, and Al Qaeda gains in the two Waziristans in 2005 were intended above all to advantage the Afghan Taliban in fighting the United States and its NATO allies there. The story, which started after 9/11 with Al Qaeda migrating to the Pakistani tribal areas for a large-scale indoctrination program, targeted victory in Afghanistan's Helmand province and then the whole of southwest Afghanistan.

"Al Qaeda ensured that the Taliban would return to Afghanistan with finance, a strategy, recruits, and a restructured command system. The Taliban's resurgence in Afghanistan in summer 2006 alarmed the Western coalition . . . Time proved that the Taliban's successful 2006 spring offensive was Al Qaeda's watershed. After this time, Al Qaeda clearly dominated Pakistan in 2007 and 2008 . . . " (p. 20-1)

<sup>&</sup>quot;A three-member delegation from the Iraqi resistance representing Abu Musab Al-Zarqawi had come to Afghanistan and Waziristan in March 2006, where they met with Osama, Zawahiri and Mullah Omar. They pledged their allegiance . . . on behalf of al-Zarqawi." (p. 30)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Al Qaeda's leadership morphed into three segments:

- Osama bin Laden featured as the symbolic and charismatic spiritual figurehead, supported by monetary contributions from around the world, and attracted young Islamists to join the anti-US war.
- The visionary al-Zawahiri defined the Al Qaeda ideology to draw all of his cadre under a single ideological umbrella, as well as to set broad parameters of the war, with himself as the chief strategist.
- There were several (changeable) operational chiefs, who while adhering to al-Zawahiri's ideological mission of war against the West's presence in Muslim lands, formulated operational procedures according to need and circumstance.

For public consumption, Osama bin Laden was the leader, but the real direction of the whole game came from al-Zawahiri, whose ideas had been instilled into a select group of people with a sense of purity of purpose. They comprised battle-hardened teams groomed in the South Asian theater of war over decades. From each such team, one person was installed as the operational field commander, and if he was killed or captured, another was readily available to replace him. In the new situation there was no time or space for Al Qaeda to hold regular meetings to decide on strategy and disseminate day-to-day orders. The team had to be trusted to shape events on its own, and not stray away from Al Qaeda's broader strategy of global war." (p. 21-2)

<sup>&</sup>quot;From these developments the Tehrik-e-Taliban Pakistan (TTP) came into being in the late 2007 and early 2008, and Al Qaeda developed a new generation of leaders and commanders woven into

a 'shadow army' (Lashkar Al-Zil). Its aim was to coordinate Muslim resistance movements across the world, including in Indian Kashmir and on the Indian mainland, while bringing Palestine, Somalia and Iraq into the picture . . . " (p. xx)

"Al Qaeda is fighting for complete ideological control over all Muslim resistance movements worldwide. It wants these resistance movements to fight their wars within the broader Al Qaeda parameter, perceiving the United States as at the root of all the problems that affect the world. It believes the United States must fail on every front for peace to prevail. Al Qaeda has fully indoctrinated the Taliban in Afghanistan, but the peril of defiance still exists. Al Qaeda had a bad experience in Iraq, where it gave unconditional support to the Iraqi resistance . . .

"Al Qaeda feared that the emerging contradictions and minor differences within the several factions operating under its ideological banner might be exploited by the enemy at some stage to spoil its hard-earned successes. This fear gave birth to the TTP in early 2008. Al Qaeda gathered all the Pakistani pro-Taliban groups under the TTP flag . . . To allay suspicions, Mullah Omar was declared the chief patron, but the TTP served as the catalyst to draw the Afghan Taliban away from his influence, to carry forward the Al Qaeda agenda in the region . . .

"... the TTP still sent a good number of fighters to support their war against the US-NATO coalition in Afghanistan . . . The TTP now had a long natural bunker running along the Hindu Kush and some of the smaller mountain chains in the region, to stand as a formidable shield against the military designs of the mighty US war machine. With that Al Qaeda decided to move forward and resume

"The NATO command in Kabul could see new developments taking place in the Haqqani network. They had been evaluating Sirajuddin's distancing from the Taliban command council, and saw him as an independent operator. They drew the wrong conclusion. In their media releases Sirajuddin was noted as a possible rival to Mullah Omar. This erroneous assessment came from little understanding of the crucial relations between Sirajuddin and Al Qaeda. In fact, Sirajuddin had always been loyal to Mullah Omar. Al Qaeda had approved of this as it wanted Sirajuddin to tighten his ties with the Taliban to ensure they did not deviate from Al Qaeda's broader aims and strategies. Al Qaeda also did not want him to be disloyal to Mullah Omar. They wanted this most important Taliban commander to sit tightly with the Taliban as their man, and ensure the Al Qaeda agenda was kept on track. Sirajuddin's network was in a position to do this as it was the most influential Taliban-led group of the Afghan national resistance against NATO. Sirajuddin was seen to move out completely from his father's shadow . . .

"Sirajuddin might not have put much effort to wondering how he had been pulled into the Al Qaeda camp, but factually it had much to do with extraneous factors like his having to take into consideration the views of his Punjabi fighters, all of whom had turned antiestablishment because of the government crackdown's on them, on suspicion of their interaction with Al Qaeda in North Waziristan. Then there was his father Jalaluddin's illness, and finally Al Qaeda and its associates' unconditional support of him. In fact, so committed did Sirajuddin become to the Al Qaeda cause that during Pakistan's military operation against the TTP (an anti-Pakistani government group) in 2009, he not only provide sanctuary, but also

"Al Qaeda required figures like Ziaur Rahman to remain among the Taliban to lead the local resistance movements and operate covertly under the Al Qaeda command and control system. However, throughout this time, Al Qaeda strategists had been thinking along different lines. Between 2006 and 2007 they decided to convert this new leadership into an organized background force. Known Taliban leaders and commanders like Mullah Dadullah (died 2006) and Akhtar Osmani (killed 2007) were to remain in the foreground as bait for the Western coalition to speculate over how they might eliminate them. Meantime, the real war would continue to be fought by a dark, shadowy force from behind the scenes about which NATO and its allies would know nothing . . .

"The dynamics of the region, which had been known for its proestablishment leanings, were changed. The region had turned against the state of Pakistan and become one of the most powerful bases of Al Qaeda, able to produce generation after generation like Ziaur Rahman, committed to Al Qaeda above anything or anybody else. Ziaur Rahman's emergence in the eastern Hindu Kush region turned everything upside down. No longer were the Pakistani tribal areas of Bajaur and Mohmand in the hands of the Pakistani establishment or in the hands of Pakistan-friendly Taliban commanders. They were under Al Qaeda. . . The Hindu Kush was under the control of Al Qaeda in December 2009." (p. 113-4)

<sup>&</sup>quot;All the Western strategic experts wondered how the Taliban's ragtag militia, which was on the verge of collapse, had in a few short years rehabilitated itself and come up with hugely effective guerrilla

tactics. These strategists wondered how the guerrillas' skills, which had been virtually nonexistent till 2005, had suddenly transformed. NATO failed to comprehend that there could be a strategist behind the change. The strategist was Haroon, who had been shuttling continuously between Pakistan's tribal areas in the two Waziristans and Karachi, undetected. In Al Qaeda circles, Haroon is today held in as high regard as Abu Hafs (killed in 2001) for his military operations and strategy." (p. 100)

"Another person, who . . . adopted the path of defiance against the state of Pakistan was Commander Muhammad Ilyas Kashmiri. His name still terrifies the Indian military establishment. Among the guerrilla commanders of today's world nobody has attained the type of success Kashmiri had as a field commander. His track record and his complete submission to Al Qaeda impressed the Al Qaeda leaders. He was quickly included in Al Qaeda's *Shura* [command council] and later given command of Al Qaeda's operations. This was Al Qaeda's turning point. Al Qaeda was now able to operate independently. It gathered together commanders like Qari Ziaur Rahman and Sirajuddin Haqqani, and its soul shifted into a new generation, Lashkar al-Zil. Its best brains, men like Haroon and Ziaur Rahman, were members of Lashkar al-Zil . . .

"In this phase, although Afghanistan remained the central front, Al Qaeda decided to plan its revival in Iraq and open up new fronts to conclusively engage Western resources. As in the earlier strategy it had successfully applied in Pakistan of taking advantage of a situation and splitting the Islamists to bring them into its cadre, Al Qaeda now gathered former officers from the Iraqi Republican Guard, together with Islamists from Yemen and Somalia, to march towards its new goal.

"The initial purpose of Lashkar al-Zil was to provide support through expertise to various Taliban factions in Pakistan and Afghanistan against NATO and Pakistan's armed forces. In 2008 and 2009 Lashkar al-Zil played a critical role in the Taliban's successes in Southeast Afghanistan and Swat in Pakistan. However, later on it was geared to move towards the broader Al Qaeda aim, which was to handle the war zones of Afghanistan and the Middle East in keeping with its ideology and strategies. In this new set-up, people like Ziaur Rahman and Haroon were no longer required to look to the Taliban for coordination. Through Lashkar al-Zil they could devise independent strategies, which would also eventually benefit the Taliban against NATO.

"The formation of Lashkar al-Zil was the step to take Al Qaeda's program ahead. Al Qaeda's step forward was intended to gather under one umbrella all of the Muslim guerrilla outfits and strategic experts previously working for the Islamist cause, and transform them into 'blood brothers.' Al Qaeda's ultimate aim is to control the dynamics of all the local Muslim armed resistance movements, including the Taliban, Iraqi and Palestinian resistance, and create an environment in which local agendas are surrendered to synchronize with Al Qaeda policies. At the same time, Al Qaeda also aims to put pressure on countries like Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Egypt and Jordan through Lashkar al-Zil to change their pro-US stance...

"[In 2006] Al Qaeda made sure that the several hundred youths whom it funded and organized under the name Harkatul Shabaab would work exclusively on marine operations near Somalia. The purpose, as mentioned earlier, was to cut off the Western trade arteries going from Europe to Asia.

"In the same year, Al Qaeda regrouped itself in Yemen." (p. 119-20)

"From 2002 onwards Al Qaeda had put down an effective networking system to create organizations to perpetuate its cause in South Asia. It was through this that the TTP ['Pakistani Taliban'] had come into existence. The arrangements were loose, and designed to force a crisis in South Asia through which Al Qaeda could prevent a complete breakdown of its organization and resources when they came under attack by the United States and its ally, Pakistan.

"The forerunners and operators of those organizations were local tribesmen and Pakistanis from the plains. But Al Qaeda's influence over organization like the TTP was slanted. Those organizations were often involved in activities that the Al Qaeda leadership abhorred, but they were tolerated under the law of necessity, with Al Qaeda having to turn a blind eye to such activities. This was a transitional period for Al Qaeda in which it was gaining time and gathering strength, and at the same time collecting adherents to turn into 'blood brothers' believing that under a dialectical process matters would eventually gravitate towards it.

"In the South Asia theater of war, the situation compelled the Al Qaeda leadership in the early 2000s and after 9/11 to stay silent over the Taliban brand of Islam in Afghanistan. This opposed the modern education system and imposed laws, from the compulsory growing of beards for men, to the TTP attacking saloons and bombing the innocent population. The Al Qaeda leadership was cognizant of the fact that such actions would eventually turn the local population against both it and the Taliban, but they also appreciated that the Afghan Taliban and the Pakistani Taliban were the only people on earth who would provide them with shelter. They knew that if they

interfered with local affairs they would lose the Taliban's support altogether. So Al Qaeda compromised to accommodate local customs and thereby keep a hold over the local militant groups, but in a very subtle way they were working at moving to a point where they would no longer be dependent on others and instead would have a direct control over affairs . . . It was possible that these allies would temporarily endorse Al Qaeda's cause and operations, but there was always the risk they would choose a solo flight at a critical juncture." (p. 115-7)

#### NOTORIOUS BIN LADEN MESSAGES

#### Before The 9/11 War

"Some might have disputed the reality of this occupation before, but all the people of the Arabian Peninsula have now acknowledged it. There is no greater proof than America's excessive aggression against the people of Iraq, using the Peninsula as a base."

(Open Declaration Of War On America, 1998)

# **After The Iraq Invasion**

"All that we have mentioned has made it easy for us to provoke and bait this administration. All that we have to do is to send two Mujahedeen to the furthest point East to raise a piece of cloth on which is written Al Qaeda, in order to make the generals race there to cause America to suffer human, economic and political losses without their achieving for it anything of note other than some benefits for their private companies.

"This in addition to our having experience in using guerrilla warfare and the war of attrition to fight tyrannical superpowers, as we, alongside the Mujahedeen, bled Russia for ten years, until it went bankrupt and was forced to withdraw in defeat.

"So we are continuing this policy in bleeding America to the point of bankruptcy."

("October Surprise" Speech To U.S. Voters, 2004)

#### **BRUCE REIDEL**

## Al Qaeda October Surprises

"If it happened in Spain, it can happen here. The Madrid bombings reveal the close attention al-Qaeda pays to the electoral cycles in Western democracies. Osama bin Laden, the perpetrator of one of the greatest mass murders in U.S. history, is certain to want to have his say in our elections this fall. (Full disclosure: I'm an adviser to Sen. Barack Obama's presidential campaign.) The record is clear: Al-Qaeda has developed a predictable pattern of behavior over the decade since it declared war on the United States that provides important insights into what we can expect in the next six months. Brace yourselves.

"In 2004, bin Laden issued an audiotape on the eve of the presidential election, just to remind Americans that he was still alive and active despite a \$25 million bounty on his head. That tape ended months of silence from the al-Qaeda leader, and some bitter advisers to Sen. John F. Kerry still say that the message helped rattle swing voters and reelect President Bush.

"Of course, we should also be on guard for a more violent message from al-Qaeda. Bin Laden and his partners in crime would be glad to stage spectacular attacks at any time against a U.S. target, at home or abroad, as long as the assets are ready. An election could further goad them on. The Palestinian terrorist group Hamas was a pathbreaker here, deliberately launching a major suicide-bombing offensive in 1996 to tilt a round of upcoming Israeli elections toward the hard-line Likud Party, thereby undermining the Oslo peace process that could have ended the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and, over the long haul, put Hamas out of business.

"Had it not been for the counterterrorist skills of Britain's MI5, al-Qaeda might have pulled off a plot to simultaneously blow up 10 jumbo jets over the North Atlantic in August 2006 -- which could have killed thousands of people just weeks before the U.S. congressional elections that November. This was a very narrow miss: The flights had been selected, the terrorists had been picked, the martyrdom videos had been filmed, and the bombs had been built. The plot could have been even more deadly than 9/11, since all the forensic evidence would have fallen to the bottom of the ocean; the designs of the bombs used in the attacks could have been used again and again.

"Charlie Black, a senior adviser to John McCain, recently had his knuckles rapped for saying that an al-Qaeda attack before November would help his candidate. In fact, we don't really know whether al-Qaeda's core leadership has a preference in the presidential election. Some on the right say that bin Laden is rooting for Obama, dismissing him as untested; some on the left say that al-Qaeda would prefer McCain, assuming that he'd sink deeper into the Iraq quagmire and further drive angry Muslims to bin Laden's banner. For now, the group has kept mum. But we should expect to hear more from al-Qaeda, violently or otherwise, before November."

http://www.brookings.edu/opinions/2008/0810\_al\_qaeda\_riedel.aspx

# **Crusader Baiting**

"Bin Laden's goals remain the same, as does his basic strategy. He seeks to, as he puts it, 'provoke and bait' the United States into 'bleeding wars' throughout the Islamic world; he wants to bankrupt the country much as he helped bankrupt, he claims, the Soviet Union in Afghanistan in the 1980s. The demoralized 'far enemy' would then

go home, allowing al Qaeda to focus on destroying its 'near enemies,' Israel and the 'corrupt' regimes of Egypt, Jordan, Pakistan, and Saudi Arabia. The U.S. occupation of Iraq helped move his plan along, and bin Laden has worked hard to turn it into a trap for Washington. Now he may be scheming to extend his strategy by exploiting or even triggering a war between the United States and Iran."

http://www.foreignaffairs.org/20070501faessay86304-p10/bruce-riedel/al-qaeda-strikes-back.html

# THE NEXT ATTACK by DANIEL BENJAMIN AND STEVEN SIMON (2005)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"On September 11, 2001, Usama bin Laden staked his claim to be the leader of global Islam. The Twin Towers were ignited as a signal that he and his followers were everything that the established leaders of the Muslim world were not: bold, imaginative, decisive, and prepared to do anything to end the historic humiliation of Islam . . At the core of bin Laden's thinking is an understanding of history as an unending conflict between Islam and "World Infidelity". Drawing on the work of the twentieth-century Egyptian Islamist Sayyid Qutb, the medieval Muslim commentator Taki al-Din ibn Taymiyya, and a group of contemporary Saudi apocalypticists, bin Laden and his fellow radicals believe that waging this battle is the highest activity man can undertake, and they argue that this is part of the original message of Islam . . . Reform and revival will be rewarded when a global order is established with Islam triumphant." (p. 17-8)

### Millennialist Crusader Baiting

"September 11 galvanized the global jihad . . . He fully understood that the attacks would elicit a harsh response from the United States;

<sup>&</sup>quot;... interpreters allied with al Qaeda explained that such reversals were trials designed by God for His faithful. They took refuge in apocalyptic visions in which the believers suffered catastrophes that were a prelude to God's -- and their -- ultimate triumph. And they emphasized that the destruction in Afghanistan truly did demonstrate the state of war between the West and Islam." (p. 23)

indeed, for Bin Laden, American retaliation was something to look forward to, for it would inevitably kill innocents and demonstrate to Muslims the ineffable hatred that World Infidelity bore for them. The bombing runs of American war planes would add another chapter in the history of Western brutality, alongside the subjugation of the Palestinians, the occupation of Kashmir, and the sanctions on Iraq; bin Laden's jihadist argument would be all the more irresistible. In exactly these sort of terms, the al Qaeda leader celebrated the U.S. air strikes against Afghanistan in a December 2001 video appearance: 'These events have revealed extremely important things to Muslims. It has become clear that the West in general, led by America, bears an unspeakable Crusader grudge against [Muslims] ... Those who lived these months under the continuous bombardment by the various kinds of U.S. aircraft are well aware of this. Many villages were wiped out . . . millions were made homeless." (p. 21-2)

"Islamist radicalism thrives on war. Atrocities help to create and attract new militants, and the experience of the fight expands their capabilities, giving them skills and inspiration for the next battle. This has been the case in Afghanistan, Bosnia, Kosovo, Kashmir and Chechnya. All of these conflicts, to some degree or another, started out with religion playing a relatively small role, but eventually the question of religious identity moved to the center, driving the parties to greater violence. In the Balkans, hundreds of thousands died; in Afghanistan, the tally has run into the millions." (p. 95)

<sup>&</sup>quot;They [Al Qaeda members] might also argue that killing a U.S. soldier has a greater value since, in their view, no true Muslim could have qualms about killing an infidel combatant, though some feel

uneasy about killing noncombatants . . . Just as radical Islamist grievances must be constantly aired to advance the argument, so must their accounts of valor in battle be broadcast to demonstrate their virtue." (p. 36)

# "THREAT ASSESSMENT [2005]

"The events of the past three years have profoundly damaged the fight against radical Islam. As America's standing in the Muslim world has sunk, the migration from the outer circle of people who might be seduced by the jihadist argument into the inner circle of committed terrorists has accelerated. Usama bin Laden can certainly claim that some of the gains of the jihadist cause are the fruit of his bold strategy. Much of the radicals' success, however, is our own fault. Misguided U.S. policy -- above all, the invasion and occupation of Iraq -- has led to the growth of violent anti-Americanism, which is propelling us toward a future of more terrorist attacks in more places with increasing lethality.

"Behind these failures lies the inability of the senior leadership of the Bush administration to comprehend the nature and dimensions of the threat of radical Islam. America's top decision makers have not recognized that we face a global insurgency, and they have ignored the jihadist movement's ideological appeal. Instead of working to undermine it, they inadvertently strengthened it through actions that effectively confirmed the radicals' argument. The Bush team's commitment to a worldview focused on states, which scants the danger of independent terrorist groups, and its determination to rely on military force in the fight against terror, have wrought lasting damage to America's political position. Today, there is no end in sight to the jihadist threat . . .

"The new team came into office (in January 2001) determined to move decisively on its three highest priorities. The first was to accelerate the development of national missile defense . . . The other objectives at the top of the list were to readjust the U.S. relationship with China, which the new administration viewed as a dangerous rising power, and to complete the unfinished business of Operation Desert Storm by toppling Saddam Hussein. Concern about Iraq ran deep in the group . . . In 1998, under the banner of a group called the Project for the New American Century, an open letter was sent to President Clinton that stated, 'The only acceptable strategy is one that eliminates the possibility that Iraq will be able to use or threaten to use weapons of mass destruction. In the near term, this means a willingness to undertake military action as diplomacy is clearly failing. In the long term, it means removing Saddam Hussein and his regime from power.' Among the signatories were Rumsfeld, Wolfowitz, Armitage, John Bolton (a future undersecretary of state), Elliot Abrams (a future senior director of the National Security Council), and Zalmay Khalilzad (a future ambassador to Afghanistan and Iraq) . . .

"In recent years, several formidable critics, including former Secretary of the Treasury Paul O'Neill and former Counterterrorism Coordinator Richard Clarke, have pointed to these statements to argue that the Bush administration was determined to attack Iraq and topple Saddam Hussein on whatever pretext was necessary. This claim received a measure of confirmation from the 'Downing Street Memo,' which came to light in the spring of 2005 and memorializes a July 2002 meeting of British Prime Minister Tony Blair with a group of senior aides. In the document, British intelligence chief Sir Richard Dearlove, who had just returned from meetings in Washington, reported that U.S. military action against Iraq 'was now seen as inevitable.' George W. Bush, he observed, 'wanted to

remove Saddam, through military action, justified by the conjunction of terrorism and WMD.' Dearlove warned Blair and his colleagues that 'the intelligence and facts were being fixed around the policy . . .

"The first meeting of Bush's foreign policy cabinet, known as the Principals Committee, occurred within days of the new president's inauguration on January 20, 2001, and it dealt with the issue of regime change in Iraq. The Principals did not meet on the issue of al Qaeda until September 4, seven days before the attack.

"Many reasons can be cited for that long interval . . . Another reason involved a more specific understanding of terrorism that the new foreign policy team brought with them into office, a view that was expressed at the first meeting on terrorism of the Deputies Committee, the interagency group of sub-cabinet officials who work through many aspects of an issue before the Principals confer about it. At this meeting, which was held in April 2001 in the White House Situation Room, Richard Clarke laid out the case for putting military pressure on the Taliban and al Qaeda forces in Afghanistan and targeting Usama bin Laden directly. After Clarke spoke, Paul Wolfowitz [the architect of the 2003 Iraq invasion] declared, 'Well, I just don't understand why were are beginning by talking about this one man bin Laden.' When Clarke answered that bin Laden and his network presented an 'immediate and serious' threat to the United States, Wolfowitz retorted, 'Well, there are others that do as well, at least as much. Iraqi terrorism, for example.' CIA Deputy Director John McLaughlin interjected that the Intelligence Community knew of no Iraqi terrorist activity directed at the United States. But Wolfowitz was not persuaded. 'You give bin Laden too much credit,' he insisted. Returning to the possibility of an Iraqi connection, he declared, 'He could not do all these things like the 1993 attack on New York, not without a state sponsor. Just because

FBI and CIA have failed to find the linkages does not mean they don't exist.'

"In suggesting an Iraqi link to terrorist acts like the first bombing of the World Trade Center, Wolfowitz was bucking years of investigative and intelligence work by the FBI and CIA." (p. 139-44)

Cross Reference:

CH. 3 OF MALONE'S <u>BIN LADEN'S PLAN</u> (TRAFFORD PUBLISHING, 2005)

George W. Bush's Predisposition To Invade Iraq

Prior to his presidential election, Texas governor George W. Bush exhibited a pronounced inclination to invade Iraq if elected. As an oil-prospecting politician from a political dynasty rooted in Texas cowboy-country, the irascible candidate was already embroiled in a decade-old family feud with Saddam Hussein's oil-rich Iraq. Two months before Bush's millennium election, his neo-conservative foreign policy team had announced its intentions for Iraq in an unofficial national security doctrine published under the nomme de guerre "The Project for the New American Century".

"Rebuilding America's Defenses", September 2000, available at <a href="http://www.newamericancentury.org/RebuildingAmericasDefenses.pdf">http://www.newamericancentury.org/RebuildingAmericasDefenses.pdf</a>

The prospective U.S. administration aimed to abandon a host of

international treaties and transform America into a unilateralist empire that would use its titanic conventional military to dominate the world. Under the guise of spreading democratic freedom to the world's oppressed populations, the Bush administration planned to occupy and open for U.S. exploitation the planet's premier oil real estate controlled by an anti-American government. Following "a new Pearl Harbor", the Bush team promised in September 2000, they would launch an invasion of Iraq as the beginning of a war to spread American influence to key oil reserves -- a land grab in pursuit of the dream envisioning a 21<sup>st</sup>-century planet Earth dominated by America.

<sup>&</sup>quot;A variation on the theme of catastrophic killing is catastrophic disruption -- less bloodshed but massive economic damage. One possibility would be the use of a radiological dispersion device -- a "dirty bomb" -- in a central, economically vital location. These devices pack together conventional explosives like dynamite with radiological material, such as cesium-137, which is commonly used in industry and for medical purposes. A bomb with thirty kilograms of cesium-137 would release the same amount of radioactivity as the Chernobyl reactor did in 1986. Most of the [immediate] deaths from the blast would result from the explosives, not the radioactivity. But the area contaminated by the radioactivity -- the actual size would depend on the [altitude and] amount of explosives -- would likely be uninhabitable for an indefinite period of time. The economic consequences of, say, losing a square mile of real estate in lower Manhattan would be overwhelming." (p. 131)

# Al Qaeda's Leadership Commands A Global Syndicate

"Despite the importance of local issues, there has been in recent years a detectable trend toward the globalization of these grievances. Increasingly, local resentments are being displaced onto the United States and its allies under the influence of a jihadist perspective that has spread throughout the Muslim world.

"Why should we care? Two reasons: First, though the analogy is rough, local militants are the strategic reserve for al Qaeda and the global jihad. They might be convinced to carry out attacks against Western interests around the world -- embassies, pipelines, companies, schools. Many, perhaps most, of them will be unsuitable for operations that require them to move to another part of the world. But some of them will be capable, and they pose a threat to us. Second, these local conflicts can generate instability and upheaval that have the potential to disrupt our day-to-day lives. Some of the dangers are already obvious . . . The churn of local conflicts is providing soldiers for the global jihad. It may not be long before substantially more extremists from these five regions -- Europe, Chechnya, Saudi Arabia, Pakistan, and Southeast Asia -- are participating directly in the war against America." (p. 81)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Ironically, the degree to which the local Jihadists had adopted al Qaeda's global agenda and fixation on the United States as its own became a problem for the al Qaeda leadership, at least according to Khaleid Sheik Mohammad's statements to his American interrogators. As far as the leadership was concerned, JI [Jemaah Islamiya, Al Qaeda's Indonesian affiliate] and its affiliated groups were endangering the potential of their regional operations by taking on the United States, which in turn put unwanted pressure on Jakarta to suppress jihadist networks in Indonesia." (p. 112)

"After a spate of international attacks, including against the Indian parliament in December 2001, the activities of many of the largest jihadist groups such as Lashkar-e-Tayba appear to have been retrained, but their training camps continue to operate, and a number of non-Pakistanis have become equipped for the global jihad there. Reports that some of the men who bombed the London Underground in July 2005 had been to LeT camps highlights this concern. They would not have been the first individuals to have plotted terrorist attacks after passing through the camps . . . What makes this picture so dismal is that the Pakistani people are becoming ever more passionately anti-American. In the words of Stephen Cohen, Pakistan is 'probably the most anti-American country in the world right now, ranging from radical Islamists on the one side to the liberals and Westernized elites on the other,' an assessment largely born out by survey data. Although Musharraf remains popular [in 2005], with a favorable rating of 65 percent, Usama bin Laden is viewed favorably by about the same margin.

"The hatred of the United States is evident in the language radicals use to energize followers. Where, before September 11, extremists focused their hatred on India and the issue of Kashmir, now they seek to mobilize support by inciting others against America. The radicals ties to the Taliban are one reason for the growing antipathy, Iraq another. The militant group Lashkar-e-Tayba, for example, has used its online Urdu publication to call for sending holy warriors to Iraq to take revenge for the torture at Abu Ghraib prison as well as for what it calls the 'rapes of Iraqi Muslim women.' One notice on its site reads 'The Americans are dishonoring our mothers and sisters. Therefore, jihad against America has now become mandatory.' The organization's postings speak of an 'army' of 8,000 fighters being mustered from different countries bound for Iraq." (p. 106-108)

#### RICHARD CLARKE

## Al Qaeda October Surprises

"John Kerry believes that the so-called al Qaeda Halloween videotape released days before the last presidential election in the United States affected enough undecided voters that it may have made the difference in the outcome. Remember that a swing of only 60,000 voters in Ohio would have resulted in a President Kerry.

"Is al Qaeda really sophisticated enough to attempt to manipulate democratic elections in Europe, Asia, and America? It is difficult to judge how adept they are at achieving their desired results. We do know that Osama bin Laden reads western opinion polls, if only because on one occasion he discussed fairly obscure European opinion surveys in some detail.

"Given that history, what can we expect in the next month; will al Qaeda try to influence the 2008 U.S. presidential election? Some analysts saw the opening salvos of an al Qaeda campaign in the two attacks on American targets that came within three days of each other two weeks ago. First, al Qaeda mounted a large and sophisticated assault on the American embassy in Yemen. Many analysts are surprised that the attack failed and that the local guard force fought back courageously and well. Al Qaeda's plan seemed to be to penetrate the embassy wall, gather up Americans, and then kill them in a series of terrorist suicides with explosive belts. Second, al Qaeda attacked the Marriott hotel in Islamabad with a large truck bomb. This attack seems to have been aimed at the Pakistani president, prime minister, and cabinet who were supposed to be dining there at the time but were not because of a last-minute decision to change the venue to a more secure location. Two U.S.

military personnel who were dining there died in the attack. Those who see the two attacks as the opening round of a pre-election campaign note that they were the first two major al Qaeda-related attacks on American facilities in a very long time, the first serious al Qaeda attack on an American embassy in a decade.

"What would be the purpose of any attempted manipulation of the U.S. election? It could just be to use the election to magnify the media coverage of their terrorist activities, make al Qaeda look even more capable than it is, and remind everyone they are still around. Such a media-amplified attack might help them with recruitment and fundraising. Even more likely is the possibility that al Qaeda would hope the attack would benefit John McCain. Opinion polls, which, as noted above, al Qaeda reads closely, suggest that an attack would help McCain. Polls in Europe and the Middle East also suggest an overwhelming popular support there for Barack Obama. Al Qaeda would not like it if there were a popular American president again.

"Richard Clarke was the National Security Council's national coordinator for security and counterterrorism."

http://www.usnews.com/articles/opinion/2008/10/02/why-osamabin-laden-and-al-qaeda-might-try-to-affect-the-election-between-barack-obama-and-john-mccain.html

#### MICHAEL SCHEUER

# **Arab Spring**

"The Arab Spring has 'delighted Al Qaeda' and caused 'an intelligence disaster' for the U.S. and Britain, the former head of the CIA unit in charge of pursuing Osama bin Laden has warned.

"Speaking at the Edinburgh international book festival, Michael Scheuer said: 'The help we were getting from the Egyptian intelligence service, less so from the Tunisians but certainly from the Libyans and Lebanese, has dried up -- either because of resentment at our governments stabbing their political leaders in the back, or because those who worked for the services have taken off in fear of being incarcerated or worse. The amount of work that has devolved on US and British services is enormous, and the result is blindness in our ability to watch what's going on among militants."

http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2011/aug/28/arab-spring-intelligence-disaster-scheuer

<sup>&</sup>quot;Since Bin Laden declared war on the United States in 1996, Al Qaeda's main goals have included the destruction of the Arab world's tyrannies and of Israel. The events of recent weeks only move Al Qaeda closer to those objectives . . .

<sup>&</sup>quot;As for Israel, the fall of Mubarak -- and the unseating of Egypt's border with Gaza -- pose a security disaster equal to the destruction of Saddam Hussein's regime in Iraq. Israel's two anti-Islamist shields to the east and to the west are now history.

"All of this amounts to an enormous strategic step forward for Al Qaeda. That these victories have come with virtually no investment of manpower or money by the terrorist network, and with self-defeating applause from the Facebook-obsessed, Twitter-addled West, only makes them all the sweeter for Bin Laden . . .

"Peering into the future, the autocrats probable successors likewise offer abundant good news for Al Qaeda and kindred groups. In Egypt, Tunisia, Libya, Yemen and any other nation with a U.S.-supported tyranny that sinks in the weeks and months ahead, the role of Islamist groups will become larger -- and over times perhaps dominant -- if only because the populations in play are almost entirely Muslim and because Islamist groups have the most effective nationwide infrastructures to replace the old guard. And most do and will receive funding, openly or covertly, from always generous donors in Saudi Arabia and other oil-rich Sunni gulf states . . .

"The blessing of the Arab revolts for Al Qaeda and its allies also can be seen in the opening of prisons across Egypt, Tunisia and Libya. In Egypt alone, the news media are reporting at least 17,000 prisoners have been freed. Many of those released are not thieves and murderers, but Islamist firebrands that the regimes had jailed to protect their internal security -- at times even at the request and with funding of Washington and its allies. Indeed, many were incarcerated as a result of quiet cooperation between Western and Arab intelligence services; their release is a major setback for these efforts.

"So Al Qaeda and like-minded groups are now being replenished by a steady flow of pious, veteran mujaheddin, each of whom will never forget that U.S. and other Western funds helped keep them jailed by Arab tyrants. "How tragic that in the war being waged against the United States by Al Qaeda and its allies precisely because of Washington's relentless intervention in the Islamic world, the U.S. government will now be forced to intervene even more -- or sit on the sidelines and watch Al Qaeda build or expand bases from which to threaten U.S. security."

http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2011/03/04/AR2011030402322.html

## THE AL QAEDA READER by RAYMOND IBRAHIM (2007)

## **Linking Bin Laden To Hitler**

"When Adolf Hitler wrote Mein Kampf (which ironically is translated in Arabic to Jihadi, or 'my jihad'), he did not hesitate to portray his ultimate worldview. Yet, though the world was aware of his book, it was not taken seriously -- no doubt because many did not think Hitler had the means to realize his wild visions of Teutonic domination. History proved otherwise, and millions died as a result of the world's indifference to Hitler's straightforward words. This book provides the world with Al Qaeda's ultimate vision. The same mistake should not be made twice." (p. 9-10)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"Largely absent from the Western Hemisphere, however, are al Qaeda's theological treatises, which justify and glorify violence and hatred toward the West within an Islamic framework. Written for Muslim audiences, they are rarely translated into English or disseminated to a non-Muslim public. This is unfortunate, since they reveal much more about Al Qaeda's ideology than the more famous political speeches.

"In these theological tracts, Al Qaeda gives Muslims reasons why they should hate and fight the West that differ from those they give in their political speeches. In the latter, Bin Laden and Zawahiri insist that they are waging a 'Defensive Jihad' against an oppressive West. When discussing the tenets of Islam, however, they argue to Muslims that Muslims should battle the West because it is infidel, or the 'Great Satan' . . .

"The two parts of this book, 'Theology' and 'Propaganda', complement each other and take steps toward solving the Al Qaeda conundrum. They give both the religious and the 'official' reasons for Al Qaeda and its supporters' war on the United States. More important, when juxtaposed, they reveal some startling contradictions and inconsistencies...

"The first document, 'Moderate Islam Is a Prostration to the West,' is an essay authorized or written by Osama bin Laden. It must be regarded as one of Al Qaeda's most important documents. In it, moderate Muslims are condemned for trying to peacefully coexist or even hold dialogue with non-Muslims. 'Offensive *Jihad'*, once thought to have been relegated to the dustbin of history -- is defended as not only legitimate but obligatory. Muslims are exhorted to always hate, discriminate, humiliate and debase non-Muslims. This essay contradicts the message of 'reciprocity' that Al Qaeda uses in its propaganda meant for Western consumption, implying that Bin Laden's war is a total war that is not susceptible to olive branches or negotiations with the enemy." (p. 2-3)

<sup>&</sup>quot;[Al Qaeda addressing moderate Muslims] Thus the balance and moderation that you claim to present to the West most assuredly is in opposition to the intensity and radicalism that is represented by America's number-one foe, Sheik Osama bin Laden. Indeed, your moderation will be in opposition to the command of the Prophet who said he had been sent in the final hours with the sword and had willed to battle mankind until they declare that there is no god but Allah." (p. 53)

<sup>&</sup>quot;[Al Qaeda addressing all Muslims] The time has come when all

Muslims of the world, especially the youth, should unite and soar against infidelity and continue jihad till these forces are crushed to naught, all the anti-Islamic forces are wiped off from the face of the Earth, and Islam takes over the whole world and all the other false religions." (p. 268-9)

<sup>&</sup>quot;[Al Qaeda addressing all Muslims] Our goal is for our nation to unite in the face of the Christian Crusade. This is the fiercest battle. Muslims have never faced anything bigger than this." (p. 272)

# AN END TO AL QAEDA by MALCOLM NANCE (2010)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"He [OBL] wants to take control of the guardianship of the two holy shrines and thereby become the ideological dictator of how 1.5 billion people will practice Islam . . . his variant of Islam." (p. 179)

"All of OBL's talk of a Western conspiracy against Islam is merely a convenient distraction -- interesting, but a head fake from the far more important and real conflict under way.

"The heart of the ideological conflict is not a war between believers and non-believers. It is about control of Islam itself. The stakes are no less critical to the discussion. It is about who will control the hearts, minds and souls of Muslims. There is no Western conspiracy to destroy and dominate Islam, there is an active plan -- under way for more than twenty years -- for the neo-Salafist terrorists of AQ and their allied groups seek to destabilize and eliminate traditional Islam. This slow speed coup d' etat had been stated and publicly repeated by virtually every neo-Salafist militant since the founding of AQ. There is a real and open global anti-Islam insurgency under way by AQ and they fully intend to win on battlefields of both the arms and of the mind. The ideological war has been declared and the target is nothing less then the destruction of traditional Islam.

"The historical basis for AQ's ideology is rooted in some of the major schisms within Islam, including beliefs of the Khawarij, Qaramita, and al-Otaybi sects. This struggle is no different from other cults', except that this particular sect wants both political and spiritual control of one-quarter of the world's population.

"The greatest obstacle to OBL's chances of success is America and the West. Therefore, all of the wild rhetoric about both the West's and Israel's involvement in the ideological battle is merely a straw man, a convenient whipping boy to motivate the politically frustrated Muslims bin Laden needs as a recruiting base. The political obfuscation is intended to remove any legitimacy for Western support to mainstream Islam, while its traditions are attacked and corrupted by AQ's bin-Ladenist ideology.

"OBL requires the Muslim world to see through the limited prism of political dissent but intends them to join AQ to achieve the hidden goal of his group -- to topple traditional Islam and replace it with his own fringe model. This simplistic view may not gain favor in the intellectual pantheon desperate for a deeper and more satisfying reasoning as to why mass murder has been done in the West. For AQ's leaders there is no less important goal than mobilizing the Ummah [Muslim people] to populate the Takfiri insurgent base. If that means millions of Americans or British or Saudis must die -- so be it. OBL has demonstrated he will do anything to bring Muslim to his side, even killing thousands of other Muslims." (p. 101-2)

# Millennialist Crusader Baiting

"The terror mission bin Laden called the Holy Tuesday Operation was supposed to bring America to Afghanistan and let the Taliban, AQ's 055 Arab mujahideen brigade, and Pashtun Pakistanis break its thin logistic back through daring guerrilla attacks. OBL had a vision. U.S. forces would meet a coalition of religious fighters that would dog their every step until their army and foreign policy in the Muslim world were left in tatters. Like the nineteenth-century British forces in Afghanistan and the twentieth-Century Russians the Americans would find their army besieged as they struggled to

maintain their bases and roads at the beginning of the twenty-first century. They would succumb to the incessant attacks. Eventually America would tire and finally surrender to the mujahideen, just like the British, just like the Russians. It would be a perfect victory and it needed a catalyst and demonstration to reveal to the world that bin Laden was ready." (p. 148-9)

"By 2002 AQ's operational terrorist forces in Europe, Africa, the Middle East and Asia were executing a post-9/11 strategy to keep the pressure on the West and incite a pan-Islamic jihad. A mania of revenge and fear was permeating America and Europe, and AQ bet that it was as good a time as ever to keep feeding the beast that lashed out wildly at Muslims. Around the world AQ and their ideological affiliates started to strike regularly in a series of suicide attacks at major cities and tourist destinations. First terrorists in Bali, Indonesia, struck Western tourists and left 202 dead; then the Madrid subway system was devastated, with 191 dead; then attacks in Tunisia, Morocco, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, London, Russia, Mumbai, and Algeria left almost a thousand more littered in their wake. Numerous attempts at suicide bombings were foiled or unsuccessful, including the attempted bombing of an airliner when the AQ convert Richard Reid attempted to detonate explosives in his shoe; attacks on churches in Strasbourg, France and Paris; and a foiled chemical attack in England. OBL's philosophy of training and inspiring smaller unaffiliated groups of "self-starting" Jihadists was taking root in Europe.

"Most surprisingly, in the midst of these pressure tactics the United States was slacking up in its pursuit of the AQ leadership and the Taliban. By August 2002 the Bush administration was preparing an invasion of Iraq, which by the close of 2003 was proving a disaster.

While Iraq burned, other resources were being expended in areas that seemed of little value other than to bring more AQ recruits out to fight America worldwide. In 2006 the United States engineered the invasion of Somalia with an Ethiopian Christian army. Because a few members of the coalition government had ties to AQ, America unwisely and quickly toppled the Islamic Courts Union regime that had brought a measure of calm and stability to the country for the first time in thirteen years. This unleashed the Shabaab terror group. There was also much strong language about attacking the Shiite Muslim regime in Iran. The administration pressed Israel into a disastrous onslaught in Lebanon that killed over one hundred Israeli soldiers and a thousand civilians and destroyed Lebanon's fledgling economy. The loss gave the terrorists sponsoring Hezbollah increased prestige. All of these actions, supported or encouraged by President George W. Bush, created what OBL though was an ideological backlash that could only support his goals.

"Bin Laden was a happy man. He had reason to be. For more than eight years OBL and his Taliban allies were left virtually alone in their sanctuary. The American method of operations was becoming clear on the Afghan-Pakistan border. Where the Americans met Taliban combat forces in the field they pinned them down and then pummeled them with air strikes, but this method inflicted grievous casualties and alienated the very people needed to defeat the guerrillas. The Americans were also adopting the Israeli method of selective assassination of key leadership using Predator and Reaper drones and the occasional air strike inside the Federally Administrated Tribal Areas (FATA) of Pakistan. On occasion, the Pakistanis would swarm in with a new general in charge to lick their wounds.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Afghanistan suffered from a passionate neglect by the Bush

administration. Every effort was going into breaking the four wings of the Iraqi insurgency. Afghanistan was left to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. These forces were relatively small and did not appear to operate well or share intelligence. They appeared to be marking time until America won in Iraq and then could turn its full attention on Afghanistan. This was strategic folly. It gave AQ over seven years to regroup and return to executing its strategic vision to destabilize the nearby enemies of Pakistan and the Middle Eastern nations while striking and punishing the distant enemies of America, Europe and their allies.

"OBL had defied all odds. He has created a physical sanctuary in Pakistan that appears impregnable. More important, he has created a viral new ideology. Some call it al-Qaedaism; I call it bin Ladenism, which, like all good social diseases, spreads faster by direct contact. The host itself is an invisible carrier and loyal missionary. While the physical war goes on, the war for the hearts of millions of new recruits is being waged on the battlefield of the mind. It is here OBL has held the advantage, and it is here we need to take it away from him . . .

"For him, the ultimate goal is to fight for and create a New Islamic Caliphate [NIC]-- this one centered in Afghanistan and Pakistan . . . and in possession of nuclear weapons.

"A future NIC with Pakistan's atomic weapons at hand could dramatically speed up the process of creating the bin Laden version of a new Islam. For those who cannot join him, the Internet allows them to fight and inspire recruits in all Muslim countries until they can meet up from border to border to border." (p. 18-21)

"The AQSL [AQ Senior Leadership] would remain the key ideological leader in the global movement to return to a single Islamic Caliphate through the use of insurgency and terror . . . These inroads to the psyche of the average Muslim who shared some of OBL's feelings were revealed when the evangelical mission of AQSL was brilliantly achieved after the invasion of Iraq. Men from all over the Middle East and Europe, who could not go to Afghanistan via Pakistan, poured into Syria and joined the Iraqi insurgency. The smaller cells that cropped up there self-started their own Takfiri terror groups eventually and/or aligned themselves with AQ's centralized leadership team under Abu Mussab al-Zarqawi. In one poorly-formed decision by George Bush, AQSL instantly had a working model of its Global War on Kufirs [infidels] working and killing Americas." (p. 124-5)

"After President Bush invaded Iraq, AQ was given an easy propaganda advantage. With AQ capitalizing on Arab anti-American sentiment and tacit approval of their armed attacks, Iraq quickly became an unmitigated disaster for American interests and propelled AQ into becoming the arbiter of what a superpower could or could not do in the Middle East. Any goodwill after 9/11 quickly evaporated and armed resistance attacks had high public approval. AQ sought to seize on what would be an easy mission for them when Iraq was invaded. Over in Islamic countries, it was not hard to achieve 71 percent agreement with AQ's generic goal of ridding the Middle East of U.S. forces in Islamic countries. However, after the massacres in 2003-2007 by Al Qaeda in Iraq (AQI) the effect was lessened, with mounting Muslim disgust at beheadings and suicide bombings that killed many more Muslims than soldiers.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Six years afterward opinion polls in the Arab world noted that in

2009 'significant numbers approve of attacks on U.S. troops based in Muslim countries, presumably as a means to apply pressure for their removal.' In 2009 Egypt and Morocco, both U.S. allies, sentiments in favor of attacking Americans in Iraq ran as high as 83 percent and 68 percent, respectively. In supposedly hostile Pakistan it was a surprisingly low 26 percent, which was equaled in Indonesia [two countries where Al Qaeda terrorist outrages have alienated large populations]. Vast pluralities opined that withdrawal from Iraq would decrease the chance of an attack on the U.S. mainland.

"A rhetorical goal for AQ is getting the United States to stop favoring Israel. The organization consistently propagandizes and seeks to co-opt this strong opinion in the Muslim world. However, they have little reach in Palestine and it is a region where they have never actively participated in terrorist operations. No matter; through their rhetoric OBL holds a 70 percent approval rating in the Palestinian territories.

"OBL is effusive with praise for small localized conflicts involving Muslims, and this gains him a measure of popular and material support. From Somalia to Kashmir to Bosnia, OBL always made sure his support was with the Muslim street. The only goal that was not broadly approved by the Muslim poll respondents was the United States stopping support of Saudi Arabia, Jordan and Egypt. Only 47 percent approved of that goal." (p. 110-111)

<sup>&</sup>quot;He [OBL] needed to wave the red flag before the bull and lead it to his saber in order to pierce its most vulnerable part: the economic heart of America. One of bin Laden's goals, like Ronald Reagan's for the former Soviet Union, is to let America exhaust itself economically chasing one phantom after another. Bin Laden's

awareness of America's unquenchable thirst for cheap oil would prove a critical weapon in his plan . . . 'tens years ago, Osama bin Laden set a target price for oil at \$144 a barrel. At the time, crude oil prices stood at \$12 a barrel and his figure, aimed to compensate the Muslims for what he called 'the biggest theft in the history of the world' sounded delusional' . . . The global oil market is easily swayed by political volatility and high oil prices. Bin Laden and his organization would provide some of that volatility . . . 'Today, with oil prices above bin Laden's stated goal, his economic warfare strategy seems like a resounding success." (p. 122-3)

"Add on top of the ill will caused by invading Iraq, American errors in combat since 9/11 in Somalia, Afghanistan, and Iraq and in imprisoning Muslim suspects without due process have caused a wellspring of false moral equivalency arguments that are difficult to defend and set any rational argument into the spiral of conspiracy. Yet for all of our power, prestige and fortune the American justifications for fighting AQ have yet to be clearly and convincingly enunciated at the street level of the Muslim community.

"Many Muslim observers see the murderous actions of AQ, which are by doctrine designed to massacre large quantities of innocent people, only in light of military overreactions of the United States that are often as equally lethal and terrifying as anything a suicide bomber could render . . . We must convince the Islamic world that AQ is an existential threat to their religion." (p. 53)

## Al Qaeda's Leadership Commands A Global Syndicate

"The AQSL [AQ Senior Leadership] understood that the United States would unleash its Global War on Terrorism strategy and reveled in the idea of fighting on these terms. The major core of trained volunteers that fought in Afghanistan, Somalia, Chechnya and Bosnia would be called upon to act as lieutenants and trainers of new and old recruits. The AQSL would take a commanding, high-profile role to focus the American operations upon themselves . . . While providing leadership, AQ would also supply command and control to the broader world of sympathizers through propaganda statements, commentary, videotaped remarks, and written analysis of their role against America." (p. 121-2)

"AQ is not just a terrorist group but a theocratic political collective. They inspire, fund, and maintain organizations that cooperate as harmoniously as possible to achieve the goal of creating the New Islamic Caliphate. From 2001 to the present AQ has been under daily pressure and losing men and manpower at an astonishing rate. However, they recover with equally astonishing flexibility." (p. 125)

## **Defeating Al Qaeda Ideologically**

"Information warfare is the art of using truth, intelligence, propaganda, psychological warfare, and media in a unified effort to control the way an enemy's own ideology or policies are perceived by the global public. It reached near perfection in World War II. Considering the trillions spent since 9/11 on warfare with AQ, one would think this was an arena where America's technological dominance would be yielding dramatic results and badly damaging a crude enemy. Nothing could be further from the truth. Arguably,

the greatest failure of the Bush years, in an administration beset with failures, has been assisting AQ's success in defining for the Muslim world what America stands for. This is called framing.

"Framing is the act of characterizing a subject through words or visual media, in such a way that may or may not be true but appears or feels to the target audience to be emotively true . . . It could bolster, diminish or deflect a person's or incident's strengths or weaknesses by fostering a perception or point of view that becomes the dominant narrative for the discussion." (p. 195-6)

"Framing is a 'schemata of interpretation' that sets or fosters a perception or renders perceived meaning to an event that can become the dominant narrative. Clearly in order to take advantage of the opportunity to defeat AQ in any sphere we must restart any counter-ideological warfare campaign by reframing the true nature of AQ and their leadership to the constituency they seek to impress. Then we must reframe ourselves." (p. 205)

"'Counter-Ideological Operations and Warfare (CIDOW)' is the term for the strategy, activities and programs dealing with AQ. It is the strategy of simultaneously challenging their standing and their support in strategic communications, ideological veracity, and influence management and religious authority. It encompasses all aspects of influence operations, from public diplomacy to psychological operations. Only this time the target will be the enemy's base of support and his fighters, not the American public. It can be done in a manner that is consistent with American values and laws." (p. 218)

## GHOST WARS by STEVE COLL (2004)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"As the CIA plotted, Bin Laden expanded his ambitions. He had settled comfortably into Afghanistan. His increasingly intimate relationship with the Taliban leadership in Kandahar, girded by Bin Laden's lavish construction projects and generous donations, was plain for anyone in the Pashtun capital to see. He also moved freely through the Taliban-controlled eastern Afghan territory around Khost where his legend as an anti-Soviet jihadist had been born almost a dozen years before. His sponsorship of training camps for Pakistani and other volunteer fighters bound for Kashmir and Chechnya provided a way for Bin Laden to organize his own private international fighting force outside of Taliban control -- a force far more potent than the loose collection of hardened bodyguards he had retained in Sudan. His continued openness to print and television media, and his ability to fund technology-laden promotional offices in London and elsewhere, ensured that his voice remained prominent in worldwide radical Islamist politics.

"Nearing middle age, Bin Laden clearly saw himself as a man of destiny, an exiled sheik battling in the name of Islam to liberate occupied lands from Jerusalem to Central Asia." (p. 379-380)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Massoud believed that the Taliban were seeking to destroy him or force him into exile. Then Al Qaeda would attempt to link up with Islamist militants in remote areas of Uzbekistan and Tajikistan, to press forward into Central Asia, burnishing Bin Laden's mystique as a conqueror of lost Islamic lands." (p. 561)

## Millennialist Crusader Baiting

"Like Bin Laden, Al-Zawahiri believed that it was time for Jihadists to carry the war to 'the distant enemy' because, once provoked, the Americans would probably reply with revenge attacks and 'personally wage the battle against the Muslims," which would make them ripe for a "clear-cut jihad against infidels." (p. 382-3)

## Al Qaeda's Leadership Commands A Global Syndicate

"[In 1998] Bin Laden was a dangerous but obscure Islamic militant living in isolated caves halfway around the world. He had become an inspirational leader for national, violent Islamist movements in Algeria and Egypt. He directly controlled scattered Islamist revolutionary cells elsewhere. He contracted with Pakistani intelligence to train Islamist fighters for Kashmir, he colluded with the Taliban to train fighters against the Northern Alliance, and he hosted volunteer militants from Chechnya, Uzbekistan and China. He was, in other words, a complex and widely distributed enemy." (p. 407)

## THE OSAMA BIN LADEN I KNOW by PETER BERGEN (2006)

## **Linking Bin Laden To Hitler**

"Within four years of Bin Laden's interview on CNN, Al Qaeda had carried out the bombings of two U.S. embassies in Africa, an attack on the USS *Cole* in Yemen, and the 9/11 attacks, inflicting more direct damage on the United States than the Soviet Union had done during nearly five decades of the Cold War. To a large degree, this exponentially increasing campaign of violence was the result of the vision of one man: Osama bin Laden.

"Just as an account of Nazism and its impact on Europe would be nonsensical without reference to the persona and worldview of Hitler, or a history of France after the Revolution of 1789 would make no sense without an understanding of the goals and personality of Napoleon, so to our understanding of Al Qaeda and the ideology it has spawned would be incoherent without reference to Osama bin Laden's personal story and his view of the world." (p. xxv)

#### **Muslim Messiah Pretension**

"Bin Laden's experiences fighting the Soviets in Afghanistan gave him the confidence of his religious convictions -- in his view a superpower had been defeated by lightly armed Muslims motivated only by faith. That experience also turned him into a leader, sure of his own ability to lead men into battle.

"Bin Laden harnessed his religious convictions to a political program that has some revolutionary features -- the overthrow of the House of Saud -- and some anti-colonial features -- ending Western, particularly American, influence in the Arabian Peninsula, and

eventually from the Middle East, and then the larger Muslim world." (p. 390)

## Millennialist Crusader Baiting

"That's why Islamist militants are happy that the Bush administration ordered the invasion of Iraq. Without the Iraq War, their movement, under assault externally and fragmented internally, would have imploded a year or so after September 11 . . . But Bin Laden's larger project, inciting a Clash of Civilizations between the West and the Muslim world -- which he believes the forces of Islam will inevitably win in the long-term -- has been a failure.

"Zawahiri complained in his 2001 biography, *Knights under the Prophet's Banner*, that the masses have not embraced Al Qaeda. (This despite the fact that Bin Laden enjoys a large degree of personal popularity in the Muslim world for his stance against the United States.) In a passage quoted in this chapter Zawahiri explains, "The jihad movement must come closer to the masses. We must win the people's confidence, respect and affection." (p. 392)

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## A PARAGRAPH-BY-PARAGRAPH SUMMARY OF THE BOOK

Each one-line sentence in the below outline summarizes the corresponding paragraph in the above Academy proposal (excluding References)

#### i. SYNOPSIS

We must expose the fact that the 9/11 War is a Great Extinction plot.

#### ii. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BLPlan.org exposes Al Qaeda's damning doomsday plot. An Academy peer review could help this site to discredit Al Qaeda.

#### iii. PROLOGUE

BLPlan.org is a think tank that discredits Al Qaeda authoritatively.

## I. THREE AL QAEDA PATTERNS

The 9/11 War is a bid to vivify the prophesied Apocalypse War. Both Al Qaeda and America must act out roles for the ruse to work. Al Qaeda and an unwitting America imitated much of the prophecy. Recent events augment Al Qaeda's devious provocations. Three war trends evince the genocidal strategy to incite nuclear war.

#### II. THE WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PHENOMENON

Hitler's career chronology appears in Bin Laden's career.

The parallel sequence includes a host of major historical milestones.

Hitler's fingerprint on Bin Laden's war helps to discredit Al Qaeda.

This phenomenon provides a historical context for a genocidal war.

#### III. MESSIAH PRETENSION

Overview: THE 9/11 WAR IS A MAHDI BID

The 9/11 War is a simulation of Islamic doomsday prophecy. Like past cults, Al Qaeda aims to seize Islam's highest throne. Al Qaeda's unique rendition comprehensively imitates the epic. Al Qaeda aims to complete the prophecy and rule the world.

#### a. PERSONAL ORIGINS

Bin Laden and Zawahiri concocted a Great Extinction plot.

#### BIN LADEN'S FATHER

Bin Laden's absentee father instilled brethren with Mahdist beliefs. Mohammad bin Laden inspired acts of doomsday mega-terrorism. He and his sons emulated a nominal aspect of the Mahdi prophecy. The father-son relationship was defined within a doomsday context. Mohammad aimed to breed the Mahdi to save an Islam imperiled. Despair over his father's untimely death forged his messianism.

#### OSAMA'S OTHER FORGERS

Despair over Israel's 1967 victory enhanced this ambition.

A Mahdist movement in his homeland inspired bin Laden.

Bin Laden's career began as a war designed to simulate a Mahdi bid.

Bin Laden's mentor rejected the Saudi prince's self-serving agenda.

After the Cold War ended, Bin Laden focused his war on America.

His family quietly supported Osama's Mahdi bid.

On 9/11 Bin Laden made his final Mahdi bid.

The high command aims to frame America for a Great Extinction.

It then plans to seize the Mahdi throne and rule the world.

#### b. ANCIENT ORIGINS

Mahdists data-mined ancient prophecies to corroborate their claim. This apocalyptic vision represents a revision of previous traditions. A protagonist of questionable origin dominates this war epic. His existence appears to contradict the Koranic Apocalypse story. His character represents a revision of the original Antichrist. His character emerged from a fission of the original Antichrist. Rather than instigator, the Sunni Mahdi is the savior in the war.

## c. AL QAEDA'S CONTEMPORARY INTERPRETATION

Al Qaeda masquerades as the contemporary prophetic interpretation. Bin Laden models superficially the personage of the Sunni Mahdi. The Mahdi confronts a satanic empire and its allies, including Israel. He constructed his army to resemble that of the Muslim Messiah. Al Qaeda helped to create the early battle scenes of the prophecy. Two early battlegrounds represent a fission of the Christian myth. The later battlegrounds represent a similar fission. Al Qaeda has fabricated most of the chronicled battle scenes.

#### d. CULTURAL ORIGINS

Mahdism is an age-old political maneuver in the Muslim world. Believers have historically accepted alterations of the prophecy. A nineteenth-century Sudanese claimant demonstrated the fraud. Modern events have predisposed the Muslim world to messianism. Al Qaeda aims to complete a Mahdist ruse attempted by dozens. Al Qaeda has globalized the ruse for a more persuasive rendition.

#### e. JUDGMENT DAY'S EVER-CHANGING DATE

The time frame represents one of the prophecy's variable criteria. Hyped periods of calendar renewal prove beneficial to this scam.

#### THE MUJADDID MYTH

Islam has institutionalized the date transformation as a tradition. Mahdi claimants often appear during periods of calendar renewal. Bin Laden already tried a Mahdi bid in the Mujaddid year 1979. He failed this bid but fulfilled the Mujaddid prophecy for 1979. Public failure to recognize the trend has perpetuated the scam.

#### f. THE POLITICAL OPPORTUNITY OF MILLENNIALISM

Millennialism presents another opportunity for these time-shifters. Muslims have long fixated on millennialism.

Christians have similarly fixated on millennialism.

Christians have a long history of failed doomsday predictions.

The approach of the modern millennium prompted messianism.

#### ENTER BIN LADEN

Along with Christian cults, Bin Laden tried a Messiah bid in 1993. The scheme aimed to provoke a U.S. WMD war in the Middle East. After many failed time frames, 2001-2013 was widely accepted. Bin Laden finally provoked his Mahdist world war on 9/11. Bush's Evangelicalism helped legitimize this time frame.

## g. CONTINUING THE PROPHECY FROM 9/11

2006

A 9/11 sequel plot in 2006 aimed to continue this time line. Al Qaeda tried to expand and converge the U.S. and Israeli wars. The onset of the 7-year "age of the 666 beast" coincides with 2006. Zawahiri demonstrated his authority over the network at that time. Though questionable, this latest Mahdi claim exhibited credence.

2008-2009

Echoing a 1996 op, Al Qaeda mega-terrorism struck in hyped 2008. The terrorist plot targeted Americans with history's largest attack. Despite failing to start a nuclear war, the op escalated the 9/11 War. Based on one timeline Al Qaeda tried igniting doomsday in 2008. The plot's failure prompted a revision of the prophesied timeline. Al Qaeda escalated the war in 2009 by opening a U.S. theater.

## AL QAEDA'S MILLENNIALIST FIXATION

Al Qaeda mega-terrorism in hyped doomsday years proves intent. Today's Mahdists desperately embrace Christian millennialism. This paradoxical view ostensibly rejects a fixture of Mahdism. Mahdists justify this paradox with a dubious argument. A pragmatic counterargument refutes this revised narrative.

#### h. NEW CORROBORATION FROM THE ANCIENT WORLD

The Koran lends some credence to this timing for the Apocalypse. This evidence focuses on the Christian Messiah's defining role. Cherry-picked ancient prophecies appear to validate this dating. Beyond the Mayans, the Hopi, Egyptians and Irish predicted this.

#### **NOSTRADAMUS**

Nostradamus validates the time frame with an elaborate prophecy. His cryptic verses have facilitated hijacking of the prophecy. The prophecy appears designed to protect humanity from war. He describes the Antichrist as the third world-war provocateur. Nostradamus pinpoints July 1999 as the preamble for the war.

## BIN LADEN'S DATED GAMBIT

Bin Laden imitated this prophecy when he commissioned 9/11. A subplot for 9/11 activated in July 1999 bid for war in India. The 9/11 plot imitated three famous predictions. Al Qaeda enjoyed partial success in its millennialist ruse. A bombing of a U.S. destroyer tried to claim the title "Destroyer". A proclivity to expect a millennial renaissance arms Al Qaeda. Al Qaeda's millennialist rendition appears ridden with fraud.

#### i. MANUFACTURING A GREAT SATAN

The Mahdi's purpose revolves around his war on "Great Satan". Contemporary interpretations envision a detailed battle scenario. The Sunni Mahdi's war includes a specific list of key war zones. America's warpath is crucial to the scheme of incrimination. Al Qaeda has endeavored to vivify these war zones since 9/11. Al Qaeda's rendition began in Afghanistan, NW Pakistan and Iraq.

## **POST-IRAQ**

Al Qaeda next tried the scheme on Iran and largely failed. An alliance between Iran and Al Qaeda seems unlikely. Al Qaeda tried many times and failed in India. Israel figures as the central battlefield of the Apocalypse. Al Qaeda appears to have goaded Israel into wars with neighbors. Al Qaeda recently spread the war to America, Yemen and Syria. Al Qaeda aims for the final act in the Holy Land region.

## AL QAEDA'S TAKEDOWN EXPOSE

Genocidal atrocities against Muslims by America figure centrally. Erupting war zones continue the prophesied warpath to doomsday. America is predisposed to vilification as the lone superpower. The Bush administration's military policies magnified this image. A range of other Bush policies further degraded the U.S. image. President Obama partially reversed this image problem. The Great Satan imitation is essential to Al Qaeda's strategy. Al Qaeda's victory hinges on blame for the Great Extinction event.

## j. THE ARAB SPRING

The Arab Spring further vivifies the Islamic Apocalypse.

#### **NEW WAR ZONES**

The pan-Arab revolution advances Al Qaeda on multiple fronts. The Spring fulfilled prophesied war zones on the doomsday list. The Syrian civil war ignited because of failures in U.S. war policy. Wars zones in Syria and Israel now figure centrally in the 9/11 War. The rapid spread of the revolution augers future escalations. Al Qaeda plans to merge completely with the Arab Spring.

## AL QAEDA'S REVOLUTION

Al Qaeda long conspired to ignite such a revolution.

The Bush team predictably facilitated this Al Qaeda goal.

The Iraq War helped trigger the Wikileaks-inspired Arab Spring.

The reelection of Bush in 2004 helped trigger the revolution.

The opening act occurred in the following Muslim elections.

The 2010 U.S. election catalyzed the germinating revolution.

Social disasters in early 2011 triggered the latent revolution.

President Obama's election confined the Spring to local targets.

His first term solidified the success in U.S. homeland defense.

Al Qaeda attacks unraveled this success before the 2012 election.

## k. BIN LADEN'S DEATH

Bin Laden's assassination was critical to his Mahdi imitation. Bin Laden willfully provoked his own assassination. A schism between Bin Laden and Zawahiri facilitated the event. Abetting Zawahiri's plot, Bin Laden made his home a death trap. Soon before his death, Bin Laden invited the U.S. to find him. Bin Laden's death strengthened the Al Qaeda command structure.

#### **COMMAND TRANSITION**

The schism had first diminished the Al Qaeda threat to America. On multiple occasions Zawahiri restrained Bin Laden's aggression. Zawahiri has aimed to portray a righteous defensive insurgency. Zawahiri's restraint tactic used Bush to transfer blame to America. Al Qaeda joyously received Bush's gift and played the underdog. The popular peace dove who succeeded Bush can foil the frame. Obama's success forced Zawahiri to renew attacks in America early. A 9/11 sequel in 2013 will aim to trigger doomsday. Zawahiri eventually stripped Bin Laden of all command authority. Bin Laden's last six years mirror Napoleon's final imprisonment.

#### HIS LEGACY

Al Qaeda's overarching strategy has remained unaltered. The Pakistani army appears to regard Bin Laden as the Mahdi. Bin Laden continues to wage his war from the grave. Bin Laden's engineered assassination reflects his war's depravity.

## 1. DISCLOSURES IN MAY 2011

May 2011 marked a titanic intelligence breach for Al Qaeda. The intelligence coup was years in the making. The Bin Laden safe house contained vital war intelligence. Al Qaeda benefited from leaked info on its command and control.

#### SYED SALEEM SHAHZAD

The Shahzad insider account scooped vital Al Qaeda secrets. In particular, Shahzad verifies the Great Extinction plot. A Shahzad quotation details this malevolent messianism. The U.S. counterterrorism czar confirms this Messiah pretension.

#### m. .666 = FIVE BILLION DEAD

Conclusive evidence reveals Al Qaeda's design for global holocaust. Al Qaeda aims to imitate the Apocalypse's death toll. Al Qaeda plans to approximate the death toll. Mega-terrorism would incite nuclear war that resembles Revelation. Al Qaeda's cold-hearted aim for a Great Extinction event is unique. This high-tech plot sharply deviates from past Mahdist movements. Previous movements had limited goals and barely resembled myth.

#### **MOTIVES**

Al Qaeda spawned the plot from a nefarious mindset.

The plot aims to stoke anti-American sentiment by framing America.

Blaming America for a Great Extinction is key to the Mahdi claim.

Al Qaeda has demonstrated its ambition to spark nuclear war.

Al Qaeda's Great Extinction plot invalidates its Mahdi claim.

#### n. RIGHTEOUSNESS LOST

## TARGETING FIVE BILLION

The death toll is the most important aspect of Bin Laden's plan. Victory in the 9/11 War hinges on this statistic. The real Mahdi completes the prophecy without claiming the title.

Al Qaeda refuses to identify explicitly Bin Laden as the Mahdi.

Al Qaeda's rationale for the omission is both prophetic and practical.

Al Qaeda aims to dupe others into making the declaration.

Such adherents fail to see Al Qaeda's goal of fomenting injustice.

Al Qaeda's defensive insurgency conceals its genocidal motive.

Al Qaeda's creation of a Great Satan Empire foreshadows its plan.

## INVALID PROPHETIC FULFILLMENT

Bin Laden's prediction scam is not legitimate prophetic fulfillment.

The validity of Al Qaeda's self-fulfilling prophecy is doubtful.

The Koran excludes the Mahdi myth.

The omission implies that the prophecy is fake or about a disgrace.

Islam should not be blamed for Bin Laden.

The Mahdi's origin as the Antichrist further discredits the prophecy.

Mahdist movements have proven the prophecy's flexibility.

Even Islamic apocalypticists must condemn Bin Laden.

The righteous Sunni Mahdi would not incite Great Extinction.

The act of provoking a Great Extinction event is not righteous.

#### IV. CRUSADER BAITING

Overview: GOADING THE U.S. INTO FUELING INSURGENCY

#### **IGNITING REVOLUTION**

Al Qaeda duped America into catalyzing its Muslim recruitment. The Arab Spring threatens to eliminate many Al Qaeda enemies. Despite President Obama's intervention, America is targeted too. The revolution is degenerating into an Al Qaeda-led movement.

#### **TACTICS**

Al Qaeda aims to irritate the superpower into military overreaction. Three tactics conclusively reveal this Crusader-baiting strategy. In turn, this strategy reflects a bid to trigger doomsday.

## a. RIGGING U.S. ELECTIONS

#### **BACKGROUND**

October Surprises have swung elections by influencing voters. Accidents in 1980 and 2008 demonstrated the mechanism. Domestic political machinations have created October Surprises. Big Oil has attempted this feat on multiple occasions.

## AL QAEDA MANIPULATION

Al Qaeda can exploit this electoral vulnerability to control the vote. Al Qaeda designed such a plot in 2008 to be its greatest since 9/11. Al Qaeda has tried to rig every U.S. national election since 2000. After three initial successes, the ruse failed to rig subsequent votes. The September 2012 attacks moderately influenced the vote. Al Qaeda aimed to sabotage President Obama's reelection bid. The 9/11 anniversary has obscured this election-rigging scheme.

#### ABROAD VERSUS HOMELAND

Al Qaeda reserves homeland plots to sabotage a dovish incumbent. Al Qaeda avoids the homeland at any other time to maximize shock. Romney's election would have facilitated Al Qaeda's doomsday plot. The 2012 op aimed to be the most influential October Surprise. Exposing the October Surprise tactic can help destroy Al Qaeda.

#### b. FALSE-FLAG OPERATIONS

Al Qaeda has used false-flag-operations to incite U.S. aggression. After 9/11 Al Qaeda employed more ruses to incite the Iraq war. Afghanistan was the easiest mark for the false-flag operations. Implicating Iraq figured to be a greater challenge than Afghanistan. Iraq represented the most valuable mark for the false-flag operations. A timeline of Al Qaeda attacks reveals this scheme.

#### **CURRENT PROSPECTS**

Both military action and inaction constitute U.S. defeats. The eruption of the Syrian civil war fulfills more of the prophecy. Al Qaeda already implicated Yemen and Pakistan in homeland plots. A 9/11-scale plot in 2013 will aim to frame Yemen and Pakistan. Exposing the false-flag tactic can help destroy Al Qaeda's support.

#### c. A FEIGNED DEFENSIVE INSURGENCY

#### TARGETING RATIONALE: RIGHTEOUS POWER

Al Qaeda aspires to mirror the Mahdi's defensive insurgency. This balancing act aims to show force without alienating followers. Al Qaeda's underdog image enhances the transfer of war blame. The history of Al Qaeda attacks exhibits measured escalations. This involved intensifying attack criteria that define terror value. Clinton's dovish policy prevented Al Qaeda from rallying supporters. Before 9/11 Al Qaeda attacks targeted symbols of U.S. imperialism. After 9/11 Al Qaeda first avoided terrorist attacks on U.S. targets. Al Qaeda attacks on U.S. allies aimed to depict righteous force. The early campaign exclusively focused on attacking U.S. allies. Al Qaeda attacks aimed at Western targets in the Muslim world. Al Qaeda's expansion of attack radius aims to incriminate America.

Later Al Qaeda gradually expanded to direct attacks on America. Al Qaeda surges aimed to coincide with surges of anti-U.S. feeling.

#### SCAPEGOATING WESTERN WAR ZONES

Al Qaeda favors insurgent attacks as the most popular form of war. Al Qaeda favors insurgent attacks as the most righteous form of war. This focus has helped to transfer war blame to the superpower. Popular Muslim resistance to Israel can help Al Qaeda ideologically. Al Qaeda has tried to merge its war with mass opposition to Israel. These bids to hijack a popular Muslim cause involved many attacks. Covert terrorist operations have also tried to merge the two wars. After President Obama's reelection, Al Qaeda tried inciting Israel. It aims to incite covertly an Israeli war as a pretext for U.S. attacks. The Syrian civil war has offered another pretense for righteousness.

## RESTRICTIONS ON HOMELAND ATTACKS

Al Qaeda plans strikes inside America to hone its reputation. Al Qaeda must limit homeland attacks to avoid alienating followers. Reciprocity and conservatism determine Al Qaeda homeland plots. The looming prophetic deadline forces a desperate provocation. Al Qaeda will escalate attacks on Israel to vilify America. Al Qaeda will also try to incite the superpower with a 9/11 sequel. A variety of U.S. transgressions form the cover story for the attack. Western-backed wars provide cover for the op as a preventative act. The scheme requires Al Qaeda to give civilian targets fair warning. Al Qaeda has focused its homeland attacks on New York City. Al Qaeda uses the cover of a righteous insurgency to trigger war.

#### d. CENTRALIZED COMMAND

Centralized command is a necessity for the complex strategy.

Many intelligence sources verify the command and control status.

Affiliates face death if they launch major terrorist plots unapproved.

Zawahiri made an example of the disobedient Zarqawi in Iraq.

Obscuring the command and control enhanced Al Qaeda popularity.

#### SANCTUARY INSIDE PAKISTAN

Al Qaeda's leadership created a safe haven in Northwest Pakistan. A series of terrorist incidents recount this influence campaign. From Pakistan the leaders control a multi-front global insurgency.

#### e. THE ILLUSION OF U.S. HOMELAND SECURITY

#### THREAT ASSESSMENT

America is partially aware of its vulnerability to Al Qaeda attacks. Many mega-terrorist threats confront the U.S. homeland unchecked. A host of news stories have exposed such vulnerabilities. The possibility exists that Al Qaeda has acquired a nuclear arsenal. The Arab Spring has already magnified the Al Qaeda threat. The illusion of U.S. homeland security damaged national security. A top-secret U.S. super-weapon appears to counteract these threats.

#### **AVOIDING DOOMSDAY**

America must continue to lead the prevention of nuclear doomsday. Al Qaeda demonstrated its intent to ignite doomsday on 9/11. Since 9/11 Al Qaeda tried to spark an Indo-Pakistani nuclear war. Al Qaeda conquered the world as long as we proceed to doomsday.

A diplomatic campaign to defuse the war can best defend America.

#### A PROACTIVE CRIMINAL INDICTMENT

Al Qaeda's covert insurgent strategy aims to incite global war. Three weapons of psychological warfare implement the scheme. Al Qaeda will continue using these tactics to ignite a doomsday war. Al Qaeda vivifies apocalyptic prophecy to conquer the world. America should emphasize Al Qaeda's main crime, not a tactic. Emphasizing the tactic of terrorism merely obscures the case. The Great Extinction plot must figure centrally in the indictment.

#### V. ONE KEYSTONE GRAPH

A graph illustrates three tactics guiding Al Qaeda operations.

## 10 QUESTIONS FOR A STATISTICAL EVALUATION

- 1. Why do rare Al Qaeda surges always occur before U.S. elections?
- 2. Did Bin Laden order ops in October 2000 to rig Bush's election?
- 3. Did Al Qaeda operations aim to bait America into invading Iraq?
- 4. Did 9/11 aim to provoke a U.S. invasion of at least two countries?
- 5. Is the 9/11 War actually theater of a millennialist doomsday cult?
- 6. Did Al Qaeda try to rig every U.S. election since the millennium?
- 7. Do Al Qaeda's post-9/11 ops aim to model defensive insurgency?
- 8. Has Al Qaeda avoided aggression to seize the moral high ground?
- 9. Did Al Qaeda resume plots inside America to sabotage Obama?
- 10. Do prophecies and precedents signal the next 9/11 imminently?

#### VI. A MATHEMATICAL ASSESSMENT

An Academy committee would authenticate the trends statistically. The evidence includes premier sources and facts on public record.

Diversity in the committee enhances the credibility of its findings. Universities would replicate and follow the peer review. The severity of the Al Qaeda threat rallies support for a resolution.

#### VII. A GLOBAL PROSPECT

#### a. THE INFORMATION OPERATION

Unsustainable growth has spawned numerous global threats. Failures demand that Academy diplomacy resolve the 9/11 War. Academy validation of the BLPlan.org thesis can destroy Al Qaeda. Refinement and public scrutiny fosters acceptance of the theory. Like-minded President Obama could lead the refinement process. Scholars and the general public would assist the refinement process. An open letter to Al Qaeda would rebut Bin Laden's case for war. This devastating rebuttal would inspire mutiny within Al Qaeda. Three media would publicize the criminal indictment to the world.

## b. A PATH TO AL QAEDA'S IDEOLOGICAL DOWNFALL

Illuminated questions can destroy Al Qaeda's ideological appeal. The 9/11 War is a doomsday cult's plot to spark global holocaust. Al Qaeda's ruse to usurp moral authority fails after this disclosure. Only nonviolent measures can defeat the Al Qaeda insurgency. America can defuse this nuclear blowback by inciting mutiny.

#### AN EPILOGUE FOR THE 9/11 WAR

A popularity contest will either avert or spawn the Great Extinction. The total collapse of Bin Laden's reputation would prompt ceasefire. The Academy review would echo the Cold War's resolution. The war's end would provide the opportunity for keystone reforms.

#### VIII. FIRST STEPS

#### **PAST**

Predictive trends can illuminate the details of future Al Qaeda plots. A 2010 forecast displayed the accuracy of such patterns analysis. The 2010 forecast emerged from a prescient trends analysis. Events in 2012 powerfully validated the patterns analysis. A 2012 forecast reaffirmed the validity of the trends analysis.

#### **FUTURE**

Trends project a 2013 plot by Al Qaeda to dirty-bomb New York. Targeting New York City befits Al Qaeda's feigned insurgency. Current conditions augment Al Qaeda's cover story for the attack. The dirty bomb attack would not publicly discredit Al Qaeda now. The accuracy of the trends analysis also helps validate the thesis. The best defense against Al Qaeda involves avoiding bait traps.

#### IX. ACADEMY RESOURCES

The Academy appears equipped to conduct the statistical review.

## **(3)**

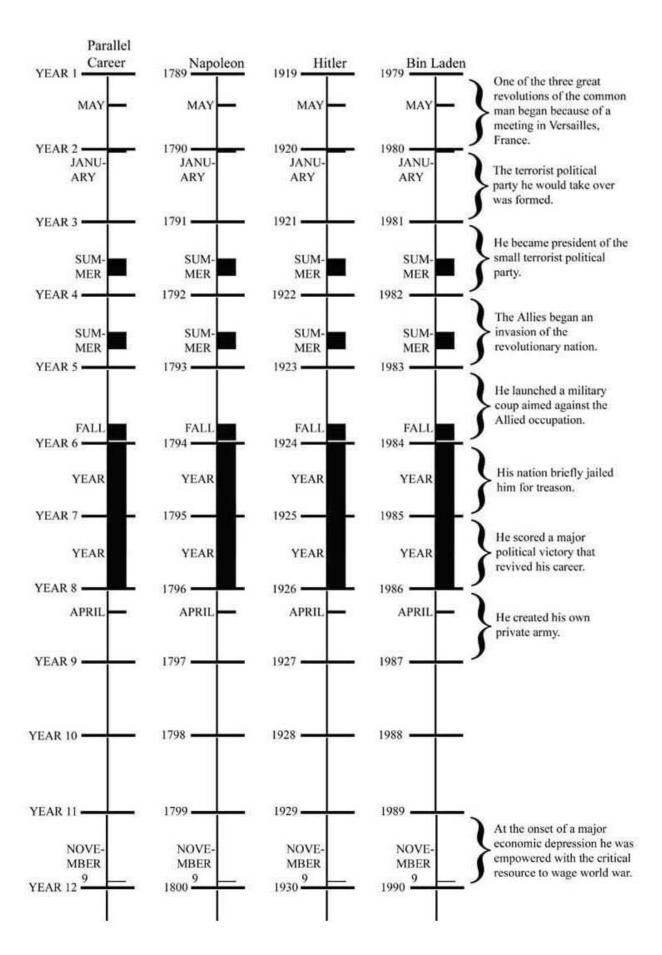
# WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PARALLELISM CHARTS

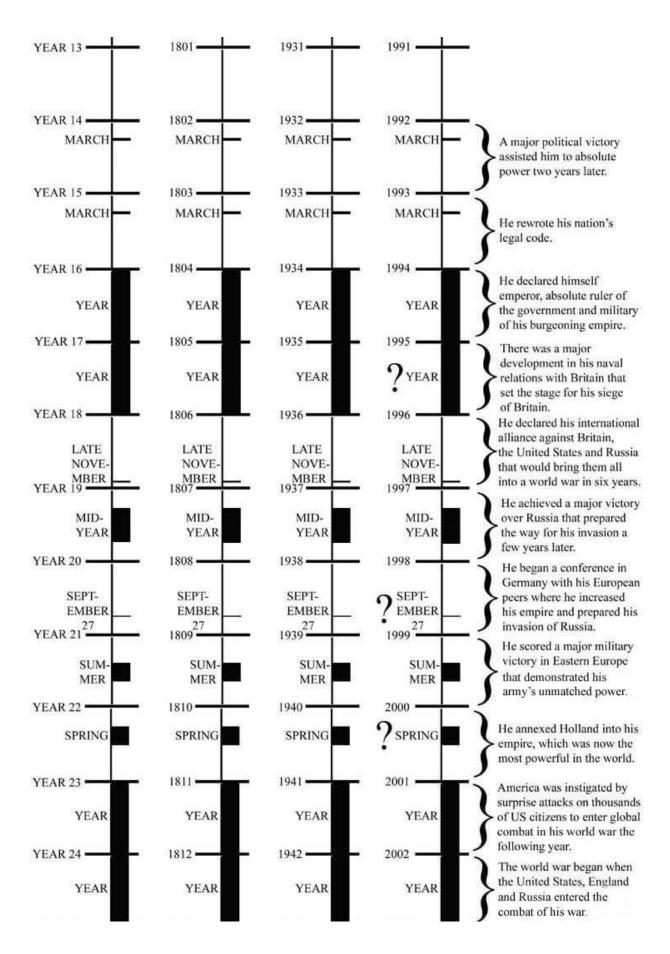
a.	Color-Coded Timeline With Individual Histories	391
b.	Extended Timeline With Dates	392
c.	Chart of Twenty-Five Parallel Events	395
d.	Narrative Summary	397

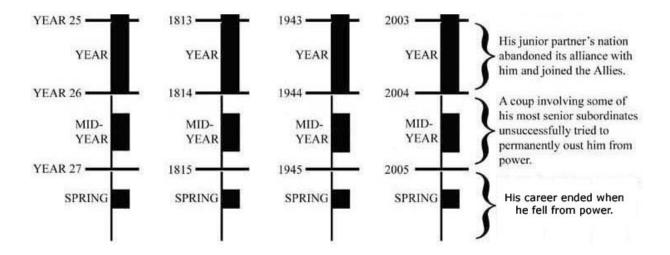
Year 1	Year 5	Year 11	Year 16	Year 23	Year 24	Year 27
His career begins with the eruption of a great political	He helps lead a military	His adopted nation falls into economic	He founds an empire and crowns himself	America is provoked into his war when	U.K. and Russia ally v. him, starting a	The war brings his career to an
Revolution	Coup	Depression	Emperor	US Attacked	World War	End
1789 <sup>a</sup>	1793 <sup>d</sup>	1799 <sup>g</sup>	1804 <sup>J</sup>	1811 <sup>m</sup>	1812 <sup>p</sup>	1815°
1919 <sup>b</sup>	1923e	1929 <sup>h</sup>	1934 <sup>k</sup>	1941 <sup>n</sup>	1942 <sup>q</sup>	1945 <sup>t</sup>
1979°	1983 <sup>f</sup>	1989 <sup>i</sup>	1994 <sup>l</sup>	2001°	2002 <sup>r</sup>	2005?"

#### **Index:**

- a. THE FRENCH REVOLUTION
- b. GERMANY'S BROWN REVOLUTION
- c. THE GLOBAL ISLAMIC REVOLUTION
- d. THE FRENCH REIGN OF TERROR
- e. HITLER'S BEER HALL PUTSCH
- f. THE BOMBING OF THE US MARINE BARRACKS IN LEBANON
- g. THE FRENCH DEPRESSION OF 1799
- h. THE GREAT DEPRESSION
- i. THE SOVIET-AFGHAN DEPRESSION OF 1989
- j. NAPOLEON'S IMPERIAL CORONATION
- k. HITLER'S FUHRER CORONATION
- I. BIN LADEN'S CALIPH CORONATION
- m. THE BRITISH NAVAL SIEGE OF THE U.S. MERCHANT MARINE
- n. THE PEARL HARBOR ATTACK
- o. THE 9/11 ATTACK
- p. THE WORLD WAR OF 1812
- q. WORLD WAR II
- r. "THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERROR"
- s. NAPOLEON'S PERMANENT EXILE
- t. HITLER'S DEATH
- u. BIN LADEN'S COMMAND OF AL QAEDA WAS USURPED BY HIS TOP DEPUTY, AYMAN Al-ZAWAHIRI







Year 1	The start of THE FRENCH REVOLUTION, THE BROWN REVOLUTION AND THE ISLAMIC REVOLUTION
Year 2	The creation of THE JACOBIN PARTY, THE NAZI PARTY, THE AFGHAN MUJAHEDIN
Year 5	ROBESPIERRE'S FRENCH REIGN OF TERROR COUP, HITLER'S BEER HALL PUTSCH AND THE BOMBING OF THE US MARINE BARRACKS IN LEBANON
Year 8	The creation of NAPOLEON'S ARMY, HITLER'S ARMY AND BIN LADEN'S ARMY
Year 11	The start of THE NAPOLEONIC REVOLUTION, THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE COLLAPSE OF THE SOVIET UNION
Year 15	THE BURNING OF THE REICHSTAG AND THE FIRST WORLD TRADE CENTER BOMBING
	The declaration of THE CODE NAPOLEON AND HITLER"S ENABLING ACTS
Year 16	THE IMPERIAL CORONATION OF NAPOLEON, HITLER AND BIN LADEN
Year 18	The declaration of NAPOLEON'S CONTINENTAL SYSTEM COALITION, HITLER'S AXIS POWERS ALLIANCE AND BIN LADEN'S RADICAL ISLAMIC WAR AGAINST AMERICA
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Year 21	
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THE BURNING OF MOSCOW, THE BATTLE OF STALINGRAD AND THE MOSCOW THEATRE SIEGE IN YEAR 24

Year 25 THE FALL OF BENITO MUSSOLINI AND SADDAM HUSSEIN

The start of THE ALLIED LIBERATION OF EUROPE FROM THE EMPIRE OF NAPOLEON AND HITLER

Including . . . THE ALLIED INVASION OF NAPOLEONIC FRANCE AND NAZI FRANCE (D-DAY)

- Year 26 NAPOLEON'S FIRST ABDICATION AND THE BOMB PLOT TO KILL HITLER
- Year 27 THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO AND THE BATTLE OF BERLIN THE FALL OF NAPOLEON, HITLER AND BIN LADEN?

The creation of THE CONCERT OF EUROPE AND THE UNITED NATIONS

The start of THE "NEW WORLD ORDER" COUNTERREVOLUTION TO THE 3-YEAR-OLD WORLD WAR OF NAPOLEON, HITLER AND BIN LADEN

# NARRATIVE SUMMARY RECOUNTING THE PARALLEL CAREER OF NAPOLEON, HITLER AND BIN LADEN

It is an unprecedented anomaly in modern history that the following highly unique 27-year career occurred three times in the 216 years from 1789-2005.

"Once upon a time, a most ambitious and terrible genius set out to conquer the world. His quest was galvanized in May of the first year of his career when a great revolution began in his country because of a meeting in Versailles, France. He capitalized on the opportunities of the revolution for rapid advancement within the politico-military leadership to eventually become the absolute leader of the revolution. His quest for world domination would climax in the 22<sup>nd</sup> year of his career when he became the leader of the most powerful empire in the world, at which point he began a world war in an attempt to complete his global conquest.

"In stark contrast to the preeminent position he would achieve, this terrible genius began his career as a virtual unknown among the thousands of revolutionaries. His rise to power started when the terrorist political party he would eventually take over was created in January of the second year of his career. He quickly joined the party and became its president in the summer of the third year of his career. In the summer of the fourth year of his career, an international coalition of Allies began an invasion and occupation of his nation, providing him with an auspicious opportunity to seize control of the revolutionary government. In the fall of the fifth year of his career, he played a leading role in a coup d' etat executed on the pretext of uprooting the Allied occupation. He was briefly jailed for treason due to his complicity in the coup during the sixth year of

his career.

"Despite his failure to rise to the helm of the revolutionary movement in the fifth year of his career, the terrible genius methodically persisted with his schemes for world domination. His life's mission was greatly facilitated when he created his own private army in April of the eighth year of his career -- an army that arose from a meager, ragtag group into a seemingly indestructible military force that threatened to dominate the world. An economic depression and massive civil unrest in the fall of the eleventh year of his career provided him with another historic opportunity for advancement. At this point he began his gradual seizure of absolute power in his nation that would climax in five years with his crowning as emperor.

"Taking advantage of the desperation of the revolutionary nation, the terrible genius feverishly worked to remake the country into a tool for his conquest of the world. As the leader of his nation, he rewrote his nation's legal code in March of the fifteenth year of his career. In anticipation of his seizure of total power in the sixteenth year of his career, he launched a bloody purge of dissenters to his rule, including many former comrades of the revolution. His crowning as ruler of the government and military marked the beginning of his imperial rule that would last for eleven years, from the sixteenth to the twenty-seventh year of his career.

"Having solidified his power internally, the terrible genius now turned his attention to the international scene. After two years of preparing his nation for world war, he publicly declared his international alliance against England, the United States and Russia in late November of the eighteenth year of his career. In the midyear of the nineteenth year of his career, he reaped a major tactical victory over Russia that weakened the country's defenses and prepared the way for his invasion a few years later. In the twenty-first year of his career, he allied his nation with his junior partner in the coming world war. This partner was a ruler of a neighboring nation who had his own obvious aspirations for world domination. Late in the twenty-first year of his career, the terrible genius waged a victorious military campaign in Eastern Europe. Over the past few years he had greatly increased his empire by the force of his unmatched military, which by now had become so strong that he initiated his plans for a world war.

"Within the next two years, the terrible genius began a world war by launching attacks against the most powerful nations of the earth, including England, Russia and the United States. The overwhelming economic and military might of the powers he had challenged to war united in an unprecedented coalition against his empire. In the twenty-fifth year of his career, the nation of his junior partner was threatened with invasion by the Allied coalition and soon after abandoned its alliance with him and joined the Allies. In the twenty-sixth year of his career, an internal coup in his government tried unsuccessfully to remove him from power. Finally, his career ended in the twenty-seventh year when he fell from power."

The above story recounts in distinctive detail the career of not just one man, or even two men, but three different men. These three individuals are Napoleon Bonaparte, Adolf Hitler and Usama bin Laden. The odds that these parallel careers represent a random occurrence are so fleeting that the collective coincidence truly seems like a miracle. In the careers of Napoleon, Hitler and Bin Laden, we can see a carbon copy of the same quest for world domination played out in three different eras. Beginning and ending on the same

year of the decade, 1789-1815, 1919-1945 and 1979-2005 respectively, each man embarked upon a parallel twenty-seven year career in mass destruction that very nearly made him the undisputed King of kings.

### FURTHER READING

# A BOOK INVESTIGATING THE WORLD-WAR PROVOCATEUR PHENOMENON

http://binladensplan.com/World-War\_Provocateur.html

ANSWERS TO COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT THE ANOMALY

http://binladensplan.com/PCC Q A.html

**(4)** 

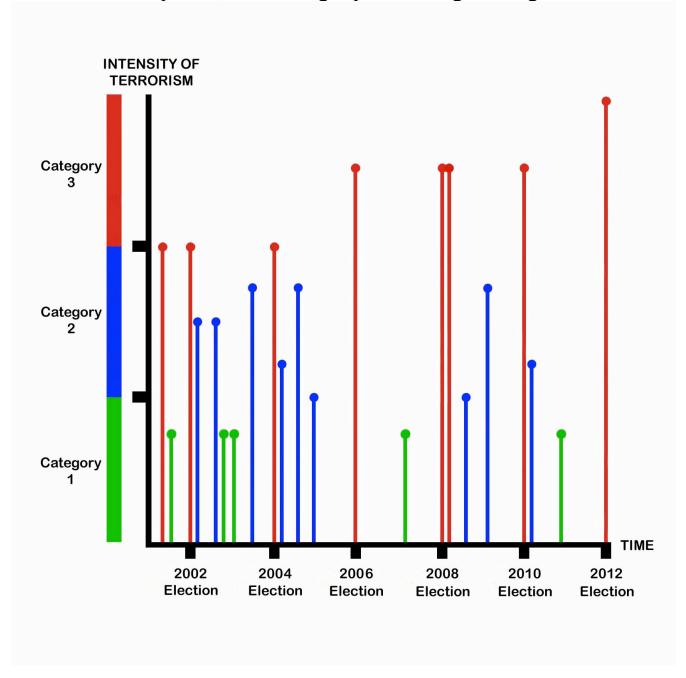
# **GRAPH OF AL QAEDA SURGES SINCE 9/11**

a. Graph 402

b. Legend 403

## **SURGES OF AL QAEDA TERRORISM SINCE 9/11**

October Surprises, False-Flag Ops and Feigned Righteousness



### **LEGEND**

This graph charts the 22 surges of international terrorism launched by Bin Laden's global syndicate during its post-9/11 war against the American-led alliance.

## **Time Scale**

9/12/2001-2012, scored with the four-month campaign periods leading up to biennial U.S. national elections.

## **Intensity Scale**

A qualitative measurement gauging the relative influence that a surge of international terrorism exerts in the 9/11 War based on Al Qaeda's ability to terrorize Americans. Criteria include the

- Symbolism of the targets (including nationality, prominence and location)
- Radius of the attack zone
- Death toll
- Role of Western intelligence in thwarting all or part of the surge
- Degree to which Al Qaeda succeeded in executing the complete plot

Ability of Al Qaeda to repeat the particular operations with ease

## Surges

Red 1 -- New Delhi (December 2001)

Red 2 -- Moscow (October 2002), Bali (October 2002), Aden (October 2002)

Red 3 -- Tashkent (July 2004), Beslan (September 2004), Jakarta (September 2004), Taba (October 2004)

Red 4 -- Failed Atlantic Airlines plot (September 2006)

Red 5 -- Istanbul (July 2008), Sanaa (September 2008), Islamabad (September 2008), Failed Mumbai Massacre (October 2008)

Red 6 -- Mumbai Massacre (November 2008)

Red 7 -- Kampala (July 2010), U.S. Air Cargo plot (October 2010), Failed plot to attack the Indian Commonwealth Games in New Delhi (October 2010)

Red 8 -- Cairo (9/11/12), Benghazi (9/11/12), Yemen (9/11/12), Failed plot to truck bomb the Federal Reserve Bank in New York City (October 2012)

Blue 1 -- Kenya (November 2002)

Blue 2 -- Riyadh (May 2003), Morocco (May 2003)

Blue 3 -- Madrid (March 2004), Khobar (May 2004)

Blue 4 -- Jeddah (December 2004)

Blue 5 -- London (July 2005), Sharm el-Sheikh (July 2005)

Blue 6 -- Amman (November 2005)

Blue 7 -- Jakarta (July 2009)

Blue 8 -- New York Subway Plot (September 2009), Fort Hood Massacre (November 2009), Detroit Airliner Plot (December 2009), Times Square Plot (March 2010)

Blue 9 -- Stockholm (December 2010)

\_\_\_\_\_

Green 1 -- Djerba (April 2002)

Green 2 -- Mumbai (August 2003)

Green 3 -- Istanbul (November 2003)

Green 4 -- Algiers (December 2007)

Green 5 -- Abuja (August 2011)

## **Overriding Trends**

### RIGGING U.S. ELECTIONS

Six of the eight major Al Qaeda surges (red bars) since 9/11 correspond to the weeks before U.S. national elections.

The two exceptions involved attacks on India by the same Pakistan-based Al Qaeda affiliate that incited military tensions between India and Pakistan, which in turn diverted the Pakistani military away from confronting Al Qaeda's presence in Northwest Pakistan during critical junctions in the war when the high command's existence was most threatened by the Pakistani military.

### FEIGNING A DEFENSIVE INSURGENCY

Al Qaeda has gradually yet steadily raised the bar for its terrorist surges since 9/11.

## AN APOCALYPTIC CAMPAIGN OF FALSE-FLAG OPERATIONS

Al Qaeda has synchronized its false-flag operations from 2001-2012 to provoke U.S. invasions of the prophesied battlefields recounted in Islamic apocalyptic mythology, including Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan, Iraq, Iran, Yemen, Syria and the Palestinian territories.

## View online at

http://binladensplan.com/AQ\_Surge\_Graph.html

For more details on this graph, see

http://binladensplan.com/Extract\_Appendix.html

#### **ABOUT THE AUTHOR**

Since 1999 David Thomas Malone has directed a nonprofit think tank championing the ideological isolation and destruction of Al Qaeda. Instead of the misguided military effort that has caused mass civilian casualties throughout the Muslim world and grievous harm to America, this nonviolent campaign proposes a silver-bullet strategy for defeating Bin Laden's global insurgency on the main battlefield, the ideological front.

Humanity can best counter Al Qaeda's apocalyptic agenda by exposing Bin Laden's war plan to kill five billion people. Such a disclosure would incite mutinous insurrection that imprisons the central command, demolishes the terrorist syndicate and aborts its mass movement.

Authoring two published books and a website freely providing all of his literature, David has launched this enterprise for world peace by highlighting statistical trends in Al Qaeda warfare that conclusively reveal the defining fact of the 21<sup>st</sup> century -- the 9/11 War represents a Great Extinction plot.

The anti-Al Qaeda advocacy group founded on the educational website BLPlan.org includes four books, numerous essays and a dramatic screenplay authored by David Thomas Malone. The theory of political science presented in these writings emerged from David's independent investigation into Osama bin Laden. Initiated during the years before 9/11, the prescient research identified the terror kingpin's global syndicate as the greatest threat to world

security. David's Great Extinction thesis represents a unique synthesis of publicly available information, including

- Thousands of mainstream news articles
- Hundreds of scholarly essays
- Hundreds of film documentaries
- Dozens of official policy documents
- Dozens of selected books

Citations of leading counterterrorism experts in above References provide a sampling of these sources.

Beyond its authoritative formulation from scholarly analyses and publicly documented facts, this prognosticative theory on Bin Laden's plan has received validation from the inception and unfolding of the 9/11 War. Based on a unique understanding of Al Qaeda's secretive doomsday strategy, David has regularly circulated correct forewarnings of specific terrorist plots since 2002. These predictable millennialist conspiracies aimed to destroy America's good will and capital by goading the United States into wars in Afghanistan, Northwest Pakistan, Iraq, Iran, Yemen and the other prophesied battlegrounds of Islamic apocalyptic mythology. Accurately anticipating and publicly opposing these developments, David has walked in the shadows of leading anti-Al Qaeda activists like the martyred John O'Neill of the FBI, as well as current leaders like Bruce Riedel and Richard Clarke of the National Security Council.

### FIVE ADDENDA TO THE THESIS AT BLPLAN.ORG

Even though laypeople can comprehend and verify the conclusive scientific evidence authenticating the Great Extinction theory, most Al Qaeda members will require more than criticisms to embrace a mutiny against their senior leadership. David Thomas Malone's campaign of peace-activism identifies religious piety and anti-American sentiment as two critical sets of beliefs that suppress dissention within the Bin Laden syndicate. The information operation at BLPlan.org complements the central scientific thesis with five addenda recounting facts about the author assembled in order to overcome obstacles in the minds of Al Qaeda supporters to acceptance of the new war narrative authored by a non-Muslim American. The corollary-enhanced presentation of the BLPlan.org thesis includes five biographical accounts of the author and his work.

### PREDICTIVE TRENDS ANALYSIS

Featured prominently on the educational website, the BLPlan.org trends analysis (outlined above in First Steps) has reliably anticipated every major Al Qaeda plot of the 9/11 War. Beyond the potential boon to U.S. homeland security, this feat of terrorism forecasting corroborates the scientific accuracy of the Great Extinction theory. Additionally, this prescient corollary facilitates the information operation by exhibiting a measure of divine sanction for the peace campaign with a display of prophetic talent that can impress some religiously pious Al Qaeda members.

http://binladensplan.com/Trends\_Analysis.html

## TWO SIGNS INDICATING DIVINE SANCTION

Two additional addenda reinforce the appearance of divine sanction for David's public awareness campaign. One document identifies new scientific evidence that authenticates core tenets of the Islamic faith -- a discovery potentially appealing to all Muslims. The other corollary highlights religious symbolism in a biographical sketch of the author formulated to entice apocalyptic-minded members of Al Qaeda into revering David as an unrivaled human authority on the 9/11 War.

http://binladensplan.com/Spiritual Revelation.html

http://binladensplan.com/Obscure\_Facts\_About\_David\_Malone.html

## MUSLIM SUPPORT FOR THE THESIS

A fourth corollary provides scientific validation for the BLPlan.org thesis while also helping to hurdle obstacles of anti-American sentiment and religious piety in the minds of Al Qaeda members. Extensive quotations from martyred Pakistani journalist Syed Saleem Shahzad (see References above) emphasize that David's Great Extinction thesis merely corroborates a Muslim scholar's doomsday theory derived from well-documented intelligence intercepts. David's war narrative represents the repackaging of an account proposed by a Muslim who died trying to save Islam from Bin Laden's 9/11 War. BLPlan.org continues the unfinished peace initiative of an Islamic martyr.

## PROTEST OVER U.S. WAR POLICY

Rewriting the narrative of the 9/11 War for a Muslim audience may best begin by acknowledging the moral legitimacy of widespread indignation over the Bush war policy and its legacy today. A fifth corollary to the BLPlan.org thesis aims to overcome the inherent challenge in a U.S. citizen proposing a new narrative for the 9/11 War that suggests virulently anti-American Al Qaeda members should cease fighting the superpower, turn against their own leadership and destroy America's leading foreign adversary. Documenting the author's guerrilla press conference at the New York Times headquarters in July 2008, the description of a nonviolent act of civil disobedience protesting the Bush war policy distinguishes the author as that rare nonviolent American who risks his life to defend the Muslim world from the belligerents perpetrating the 9/11 War. In concert with the written rebuke of the Bush administration contained within the author's thesis, his protest of U.S. war policy helps to build a foundation for dialogue with anti-American followers of Al Qaeda.

More than simply performing the civic duty of vocal opposition to the Bush administration, the author served as a prescient voice for the 2008 global protest revolution. In the weeks after David's nationally televised critique excoriating George W. Bush's military and economic excesses, the mass protest revolution erupted when seven years of Bush's wars and deregulated economy arrived at a catastrophic fruition. Lamenting the U.S. financial meltdown of September 2008, the mass movement swept across the world echoing demands for drastic governmental reform. Diametrically opposed to

Al Qaeda and U.S. war policy, the author has famously identified himself as a revolutionary brother of today's Arab Spring protesters who advocate a nonviolent resolution to the 9/11 War.

Beyond the benefits of aligning his information operation with these Muslim revolutionaries protesting the U.S. government, David's New York Times press conference advanced the cause of peace by

- 1. Launching a public awareness campaign to expose conclusive scientific evidence of Al Qaeda's Great Extinction conspiracy
- 2. Publicizing a trends analysis of Al Qaeda terrorist plots that accurately projected the syndicate's greatest ever surge against U.S. targets in the Muslim world from July through October of 2008

While persuasive, the scientific rationale for a mutiny to imprison the Al Qaeda leadership represents only half of the winning formula. The opening of a door to dialogue with Bin Laden followers must precede their acceptance of the truth. By characterizing the BLPlan.org campaign for world peace as nonviolent opposition to the Bush administration's war policy, the author built a bridge to the Muslim world that has achieved the moral high ground over Al Qaeda's violent campaign against the United States.

The 9/11 War can begin to end when peace activists have established common ground with the Islamic perspective on atrocities committed by the superpower's war machine during

the decadal conflict. Having dampened a persistent source of Muslim indignation that stalled peace efforts of the past, the world community can then begin discussions on Al Qaeda's Great Extinction conspiracy. In July 2008, David set in motion this development with a scroll. Beyond simply neutralizing anti-American sentiment directed at the author and elevating his moral standing, the New York Times war protest advances world peace by fostering the appearance of divine sanction for his information operation. In the context of the religious suggestions about David proposed by the four other addenda to his thesis, the augmentation of his campaign's moral legitimacy through this war protest elevates, in turn, the author's religious authority in the eyes of some Al Qaeda supporters -- many of whom follow Bin Laden's anti-American movement based on a mix of religious zealotry and outrage over U.S. belligerency.

## http://binladensplan.com/Press\_Conference.html

Identifying the author of BLPlan.org as a divinely sanctioned peace activist who supports and defends Muslims, the addenda for the information operation help persuade naturally biased Al Qaeda supporters to consider seriously his presentation of conclusive scientific evidence documenting Bin Laden's Great Extinction plot. Attached to the thesis, this five-sided ideological vehicle to bypass bigotry in the minds of the terrorist syndicate's supporters constitutes a critical catalyst in the BLPlan.org formula for a diplomatic miracle to end the 9/11 War.

# **VERSIONS**

1-Page Executive Summary

http://binladensplan.com/Executive\_Summary.html

5-Page Illustrative Summary

http://binladensplan.com/Illustrative\_Summary.html

50-Page \_\_\_\_ Abridged Report

http://binladensplan.com/uploads/Abridged\_Report.pdf

280-Page Unabridged Report

http://binladensplan.com/uploads/Bin Ladens Plan Exposed.pdf