

2024

LAW

Law of Crimes–II

(Code of Criminal Procedure)

Paper : 404

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer **Question No. 1** and any **five** from the rest.

1. Answer any **ten** questions: 2×10=20

- i) What is Investigation?
- ii) What do you mean by Bail?
- iii) Distinguish between Bailable and Non-Bailable offence.
- iv) What is First Information Report?
- v) Who is Public Prosecutor?
- vi) Distinguish between Summons case and Warrant case.
- vii) What do you mean by Arrest Warrant?
- viii) Define Bail Bond.

[Turn over]

- ix) What do you mean by Compoundable offence?
 - x) Distinguish between Appeal and Revision.
 - xi) What is Trial?
 - xii) What do you mean by Charge?
2. Under what circumstances any one can be arrested without warrant by a Police officer? What are the rights of an arrested person? 12
3. How information relating to the commission of a cognizable offence be taken by Police Station? State the evidentiary value of such information. 8+4=12
4. What do you mean by Bail? Under what circumstances bail can be granted in Non-Bailable offences? 4+8=12
5. What do you mean by Public Tranquility? Under what circumstances order for removal of public nuisance is given under Section 133 of CrPC? 4+8=12
6. Write short notes on: 3×4=12
- i) Summary Trial
 - ii) Search and Seizure
 - iii) Reference
 - iv) Joinder of Charge.

7. What do you mean by complaint? Discuss the provisions regarding complaints to the Magistrates.

4+8=12

8. Discuss about the Trial of Warrant Case by the Magistrate.

12

9. How complaint can be made before the Magistrate?
How the cognizance of offence be taken by the Magistrate?

6+6=12
