

20(LL.B)H

5 Yr. B.A.LL.B(H)8th Sem/801/25

2025

LAW

Civil Procedure Code and Specific Relief Act, 1963

Paper : 801

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer **Question No. 1** and any **five** from the rest.

1. Answer any **ten** questions: 2×10=20
- i) What is arbitration?
 - ii) Define mediation.
 - iii) What is Lok Adalat?
 - iv) Who can file a suit as an indigent person?
 - v) What do you mean by execution of decree?
 - vi) Define 'Caveat'.
 - vii) Name any two types of appeal under CPC.
 - viii) What is second appeal?
 - ix) Define 'Review' under CPC.
 - x) Mention two conditions for filing a revision.
 - xi) Define 'Trustee'.
 - xii) Define 'Obligation' under Specific Relief Act.

[Turn Over]

2. Explain the various methods of execution of a decree under the Civil Procedure Code. 12
3. Discuss the concept of Caveat under the Civil Procedure Code. What is its purpose and procedure? 12
4. What are the different types of appeals under the Civil Procedure Code? Explain with relevant provisions. 12
5. Differentiate between Appeal, Reference, Review and Revision with appropriate examples. 12
6. Explain the scope and procedure of filing a Revision Petition under Section 115 of CPC. 12
7. Discuss the conditions under which specific performance of a contract can be enforced. 12
8. Explain the difference between Temporary and Permanent Injunctions. When can Perpetual Injunction be granted? 12
9. Discuss the remedies available under the Specific Relief Act for the recovery of immovable property. 12