

21(LL.B)H

B.A.(LL.B)H/2nd Sem/206/23

2023

LAW

Family Law – I

Paper : 206

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer Question No. 1 and any five from the rest.

1. Answer any ten questions: $2 \times 10 = 20$
- i) What are the two main schools of Hindu Law?
 - ii) What is void marriage?
 - iii) State two grounds of void marriage.
 - iv) What do you mean by uterine blood?
 - v) What is stridhan?
 - vi) What is voidable marriage?
 - vii) If a Hindu female adopts a male child, then what should be the minimum age gap between them?
 - viii) What is spes succession?
 - ix) Whether Hindu marriage is a sacrament or a contract?

[Turn Over]

- x) When a Hindu ceases to be a Hindu?
- xi) State any two essential conditions of a valid Hindu marriage as per Section 5 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.
- xii) What is the meaning of "*Alimony Pendente Lite*?"
2. Discuss the various sources of Hindu Law. 12
- ✓ 3. What are the essential requirements of a valid marriage under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955? Is registration of marriage compulsory under the Hindu Marriage Act? 12
- ✓ 4. What are the conditions of valid adoption under Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956? 12
5. Write down the powers and functions of marriage officer under Special Marriage Act, 1954. 12
- ✓ 6. Who is a minor? Discuss the power and function of natural guardian under the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956. 12
- ✓ 7. Discuss the various grounds of divorce under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1956. 12
8. What are the general rules and orders of succession of a Hindu female dying intestate? 12

9. ✓ Write short notes (any **three**):

4×3=12

- a) ✓ Sapinda relationship
 - b) Judicial separation
 - c) ✓ Prohibited degree of relationship
 - d) Doctrine of Escheatment
 - e) Hindu coparcener
 - f) ✓ Custom as a source of Hindu law
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