BOUNDLESS QUIZ – 2 ANSWERS – Shown bold and underlined

- 1. **b. Stonegate.** Number 35 has a Bible above the entrance. The shop used to be a bookshop for over 200 years.
- 2. **a. Lendal Bridge.** The angel is central to the bridge arch and can be seen from the river banks.
- 3. <u>c. King's Manor</u>. The Coat of Arms of Charles I are above the entrance to King's Manor as you enter from Exhibition Square.
- 4. <u>a. Nessgate</u>. The site of the Temple to Hercules is on the corner of Nessgate and High Ousegate, the stone tablet with description above faces Nessgate.
- 5. **b.** Clifton Green. Photographed in the 1950's, Clifton Green regularly flooded until later flood defences were built.
- 6. <u>a. Constantine.</u> In AD306 the Roman Emperor Constantius Chlorus was in York with his son Constantine. Constantius Chlorus died whilst in York and Constantine was proclaimed Emperor in the Roman Basilica (on the site of York Minster). Roman Emperor Septimus Severus died in York AD 211.
- 7. **b. Museum Gardens.** The Hospitium was built by the Benedictine monks of St Mary's Abbey (site of Museum Gardens) in the early 14th century as a guesthouse for their visitors.
- 8. **c. Artist.** William Etty was a celebrated artist being elected to the Royal Academy in 1828.
- 9. a. York Railway Station. The clock is above the approaches to the central platform bridge.
- 10. **c. Holgate.** This five sail windmill has been fully restored to working order.
- 11. **b. King's Square.** Eccentric York architect Tom Adams started to put cats (Tom cats!) on buildings, others followed suit, thus creating the Cat Trail around the City.
- 12. **a. Petergate.** The gable ends of the shops on the left of the photograph remain today.
- 13. **b.** Mansion House. In St Helen's Square, the Mansion House is home to the Lord Mayor.
- 14. <u>b. Little Stonegate.</u> This female ship's figurehead is part of the timber structure of a shop on the corner of Stonegate and Little Stonegate. In medieval York was a trading port and timbers from ships becoming unseaworthy were often re-used in the construction of timber framed buildings.
- 15. **c. River Foss.** This stone bridge was built in 1811, replacing an earlier wooden bridge.
- 16. **a.** National Trust. The buildings on the left of the shop were demolished in 1903 to create Deangate.
- 17. **b.** Lord Mayor's Walk. This gable end advertisement can be seen at the Monk Bar end of Lord Mayor's Walk.
- 18. **c.** Ouse Bridge. The horse taxi is in Low Ousegate heading towards Ouse Bridge.
- 19. **a.** Coney Street. This figure is on the facade of T K Maxx (former Boots the Chemist) opposite W H Smiths...
- 20 **c. 'Guildhall'.** The Guildhall was heavily restored after being bombed in 1942, hence the new interior and new stained glass window partially shown on the left of the photograph.