Du the end of year 2 numile will know and he able to:	
By the end of year 3 pupils will know and be able to: By the end of year 3 pupils will know and be able to:	
(Getting to Know You) (Getting to Know You)	
say hello for different times of day.	
use formal or informal language appropriately. ask another person their name. (Getting to Know You)	
use gestures to support my conversation. use 'Comment ça va?' as a question. (Getting to Know You)	
introduce myself to someone else.	
ask another person their name.	
use gestures to support my conversation	
$u_{22}$ (Commont on $u_{22}$ ) on a quantian	
use 'Comment ça va?' as a question.	
choose the appropriate phrase to say	
how I feel.	
say goodbye in a variety of ways.	
use formal and informal language.	
say the numbers 0-10 in French.	
listen and repeat carefully.	
join in when the numbers are in a song.	
use music to help me remember new words.	
use number words in my sentences.	
make up new sentences.	
ask how old someone is.	
say my own age.	
(All about ME) (All about ME)	
demonstrate much adapted in a finate stimute in Franch	
demonstrate my understanding of instructions in French. follow instructions when I hear them.	ME)
use et to join words in a list. (All about ME)	
listen to and read the names of different body parts. name clothes and accessories in French. (All about ME)	
repeat words carefully. Say what I am wearing. (All about ME)	
sing 'Heads, Shoulders, Knees and Toes' in French.	
point to the correct part for each word.	

(Family and Friends)	(Family and Friends)
identify family members.	use voici to explain who's who in a picture. (Family and Friends)
say 'My'	
use voici to explain who's who in a picture.	make sentences about myself using je. (Family and Friends)
use gestures to help me remember pets vocabulary. link sounds and meanings.	use tu to ask questions about a partner. (Family and Friends)
make sentences about myself using je.	use 'il' and 'elle' for 'he' and 'she'. (Family and Friends)
use tu to ask questions about a partner.	
listen carefully to modelled pronunciation.	
copy what I hear.	
use a familiar tune to recall new sounds.	
join in with a song to practise new language.	
recognise how sentences can change to fit the subject.	
use 'il' and 'elle' for 'he' and 'she'.	
use a vocabulary bank.	
make new sentences by swapping key vocabulary.	
say letters of the French alphabet with good pronunciation. ask for and give spellings using the French alphabet.	
name rooms in a house or flat.	
swap key words to make new sentences.	(Our family)
	(Our family)
(Our family)	use the phrase II/Elle est là or Ils/Elles sont là in response to a question. (Our fa
say the names of objects around the classroom. follow instructions to identify classroom objects.	
use the phrase II/Elle est là or IIs/Elles sont là in response to a question.	
ask my partner a question.	name places around school in French(Our family)
say the names of objects in a pencil case.	say if I don't like a school subject using 'Je n'aime pas' (Our family)
use the sentence J'ai un /une dans ma trousse.	say if I don't like a school subject using Je It diffie pas (Our faifility)
convert le to un and la to une.	
write sentences converting le/la to un/une.	use the vocabulary of around school and what I like to do to write sentences wit
say the names of subjects at school.	
say whether I like/dislike subjects,	(Our family)
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(Time) read and say the months of the year. (Time) identify some important French festivals. (Time) say the date using day, number and month. (Time) change my question or answer sentence to make it past or future tense (Time)
ill

By the end of year 4 pupils will know and be able to:	By the end of year 4 pupils will know and be able to:
(All around town)	(All around town)
listen to and repeat names of some French towns and cities.	listen to and repeat names of some French towns and cities. (All around town)
compare and contrast French towns with places I know.	
ask and answer questions to find out where someone lives.	compare and contrast French towns with places I know. (All around town)
listen to new language and repeat with increasing accuracy identify typical places in my town describe my new town	ask and answer questions to find out where someone lives. (All around town)
identify spellings or sounds I know in new words. say the tens numbers to 100.	
identify spellings or sounds I know in new words. use word patterns to predict what the next number will be. say any number from 1-100 with support.	
listen to and repeat common French expressions. construct a simple sentence. say an address clearly.	
sort vocabulary into topic groups. suggest further English words in a vocabulary set. use a bilingual dictionary to translate the word I want.	
(On the move) name different ways of travelling.	(On the move)
identify types of transport using words and gestures.	read and say words containing the French spelling `ch', pronounced /sh/. (On the move)
ask how someone goes to school.	ask for and give directions to places in town (On the move)
tell someone else how I go to school.	match subject pronouns with the right form of a verb. (On the move) talk about how different people travel to places in town. (On the move)
give and respond to simple direction instructions.	
read and say words containing the French spelling 'ch', pronounced /sh/.	
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say a sequence of movements. follow instructions about direction and actions. ask for and give directions to places in town. substitute different familiar vocabulary to vary my sentences. match subject pronouns with the right form of a verb. talk about how different people travel to places in town.	
(Going Shopping) ask a question to a partner Aimes-tu? answer a question orally using: J'aime Je n'aime pas J'aime beaucoup J'a answer questions in writing sentences in French. answer a question in writing using: J'aime Je n'aime pas J'aime beaucoup. know that: le changes to du; la changes to de la; l' changes to de l' and les chi write phrases/sentences starting with Je voudrais and choose the correct form adjectives and place them after the noun change adjectives to the feminine when needed answer the question Avez-vous? With the response Oui, j'aiin a complete sentence answer the question Avez-vous? With the response Non, Je n'ai pasin a complete sentence answer the question Ou, puis-je acheter? use the appropriate form for at (au or a la) answer the question using the phrase 'C'est euros' greet and respond ask and answer questions.	(Going Shopping) answer a question in writing using: J'aime Je n'aime pas J'aime beaucoup J'aime un peu (Going Shopping) write phrases/sentences starting with Je voudrais and choose the correct form of 'some'. (Going Shopping) answer the question Avez-vous? With the response Oui, j'aiin a complete sentence (Going Shopping)

<ul> <li>(Where in the world) <ul> <li>answer a question in French.</li> <li>use a model sentence and substitute key words.</li> <li>write an answer to a question which starts with 'Quelle est?'</li> <li>use a model sentence and substitute key words, in writing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>say whether nouns and masculine or feminine <ul> <li>choose the correct preposition: en for feminine countries, au for masculine</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(Where in the world) write an answer to a question which starts with 'Quelle est?' (Where in the world) choose the correct preposition: en for feminine countries, au for masculine countries, à for islands (Where in the world) know the past tense phrase 'J'ai vu' (Where in the world) use the past tense in a sentence e.g. 'J'ai vu un lion.' (Where in the world)
countries, à for islands use an English/French dictionary to translate a country name and use the tran use an online translator to translate a country name and use the translation ir	
say which continent a country is from. choose the correct preposition: 'en' for continents.	
name at least ten animals in French. say a sentence starting with J'ai vu know the past tense phrase 'J'ai vu' use the past tense in a sentence e.g. 'J'ai vu un lion.'	
use a model sentence and substitute key words write a sentence from memory use the pronoun il in the right place use the pronoun elle in the right place	
(What's the time) say and write a sentence to tell the time – o'clock and - half past	(What's the time) say and write a sentence to tell the time – o'clock and - half past (What's the time)
start a sentence using a time connective, stating at what time something happened write a whole sentence choosing from a list of simple sentences	choose the correct word (avant or après) when comparing to subjects (What's the time)

read a TV schedule to answer the question 'Qu'est-ce qui passe à la télévision à?' write a question to give an answer say and write a sentence to tell the time – quarter past and – quarter to read a school timetable and understand the words for subjects and days choose the correct word (avant or après) when comparing to subjects count in fives to sixty in French calculate the difference in minutes between two times and give and answer in French	calculate the difference in minutes between two times and give and answer in French (What's the time)
<ul> <li>(Holidays and Hobbies)</li> <li>answer questions orally, using a modelled sentence. I answer questions by wr use the third person plural of être. use ils sont in a sentence.</li> <li>state what the weather is like using the phrase il fait, followed by an adjective using the phrase il, followed by a verb. give the weather forecast to my partner. give the weather forecast to a larger</li> </ul>	(Holidays and Hobbies) using the phrase il, followed by a verb. (Holidays and Hobbies) use the possessive adjectives 'ma' for feminine (Holidays and Hobbies) write answers about the class's favourite sports. (Holidays and Hobbies) answer the question 'Tu aimes? In writing, using one of the four sentence starters (Holidays and Hobbies)
<ul> <li>say whether country nouns are masculine or feminine.</li> <li>choose the correct preposition: en for feminine countries, au for masculine cou</li> <li>say where and how I am going on holiday, usig a sentence.</li> <li>say who I am going on holiday with</li> <li>use the possessive adjectives 'ma' for feminine</li> <li>use the possessive adjective 'mes' for plural family members</li> <li>answer the question 'Quet est ton sport préféré ? orally</li> <li>write answers about the class's favourite sports.</li> <li>answer the question 'Tu aimes? Orally, using one of four sentence starters answer the question 'Tu aimes? In writing, using one of the four sentence</li> </ul>	

Endpoints	Prime endpoints
By the end of year 5 pupils will know and be able to:	By the end of year 5 pupils will know and be able to:
<ul> <li>(Getting to Know You)</li> <li>recall a range of vocabulary topics from my previous learning.</li> <li>use different skills to show what I have learned.</li> <li>use 'je sera' to refer to my future</li> <li>show how French future tense is different to English</li> <li>use the speaker's body language to help me understand what they are saying</li> <li>listen and respond appropriately to what it said</li> <li>say the names of the accents found in the French alphabet.</li> <li>ask for spellings of unfamiliar words.</li> <li>give a spelling correctly, using the French alphabet pronunciation.</li> <li>recognise that some adjectives are different depending on gender.</li> <li>choose a masculine or feminine adjective to match the subject.</li> <li>find suitable vocabulary in a bilingual dictionary.</li> <li>make a new sentence by substituting specific words.</li> <li>describe emotions.</li> <li>say what is 'going to' happen.</li> <li>show how the near future tense is made of aller plus infinitive.</li> <li>use a range of strategies to help me follow a text.</li> <li>make predictions about a story.</li> <li>recall key vocabulary and apply it to my writing.</li> <li>change a sentence to suit what I want to say.</li> <li>select from a vocabulary bank for a particular theme.</li> <li>choose nouns, verbs or adjectives.</li> </ul>	(Getting to Know You) use 'je sera' to refer to my future (Getting to Know You) say the names of the accents found in the French alphabet. (Getting to Know You) choose a masculine or feminine adjective to match the subject. (Getting to Know You)
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(All about Ourselves)	(All about Ourselves)
name different parts of the body.	name different parts of the body. (All about Ourselves)
join in or respond when someone speaks to me.	write sentences in the 3rd person (he and she) (All about Ourselves)
describe muself	
describe myself.	
put the adjective after the noun.	
make the noun and adjective 'agree'.	
make an adjective plural if necessary.	
ask what someone is doing.	
say what I am doing.	
identify a range of verbs.	
write sentences in the 3rd person (he and she).	
add detail to a description of someone's clothes with a colour adjective.	
make the adjective and noun 'agree.'	
ask how someone is feeling.	
recognise written masculine/feminine adjectives.	
listen to and repeat a word carefully.	
say how I am feeling using an emotion word.	
say now I am reening using an emotion word.	
follow a simple story.	
join in with repeated phrases.	
recognise known words and use them to help with new language.	
ask and answer questions about health.	
(That's Tasty)	(That's Tasty)
take part in a role play about drink choices.	read and understand a chart which gives opening and closing times in
ask the question Qu'est-ce que vous désirez boire ? and answer starting with Je voudrais	French. (That's Tasty)
ask the question Quest-te que vous desirez boile ? and answer starting with be voudrais	write a sentence about what I would like for breakfast. (That's Tasty)
	use adjectives to describe food, using the correct masculine or feminine form. (That's Tasty)
read and understand a chart which gives opening and closing times in French.	IUIIII. (IIIdLS IdSLY)
answer a question and ask what times a restaurant opens and closes on a particular day.	
write words from memory	
write words from memory. write a sentence about what I would like for breakfast.	
use a modelled sentence to express my preference for a sandwich.	
write a sentence from memory to express my preference for a sandwich.	

use adjectives to describe food, using the correct masculine or feminine form. use adjectives to describe food, using the correct plural form. use the correct French form for 'some'. use the correct French form for 'some' to describe which pizza I would like.	
(Family and Friends) join in a traditional song. find rhyming words and sound patterns. recognise and use possessive adjectives. I know the difference between 1st and 3rd person. explore how English and French grammar are different.	(Family and Friends) name a variety of farm animals. (Family and Friends) join two sentences using an appropriate conjunction. (Family and Friends)
name a variety of farm animals. compare the sounds they make in English and French. join in the repeated phrases in a song. use my prior learning to help me understand new words.	
name different types of home. describe the size of a house.	
identify unknown words in a familiar sentence. use a dictionary to translate words I want to know into French. find the meaning of new French words in my dictionary.	
choose appropriate adjectives to describe an animal. alter the spelling to agree with the gender of the noun. give an opinion about an animal. say why I have that opinion.	
construct a simple sentence. join two sentences using an appropriate conjunction. recognise the sound /eh/ in different words. can pronounce et and mais correctly in a sentence.	
(School Life) recall a range of vocabulary topics from my previous learning. use different skills to show what I have learned.	(School Life) ask a question about how many sides a shape/shapes have. (School Life)

use 'je serai' to refer to my future show how French future tense is different to English use the speaker's body language to help me understand what they are saying listen and respond appropriately to what is said	ask a question using the phrase: Excusez-moi, est-ce que je peux (School Life)
say the names of the accents found in the French alphabet. ask for spellings of unfamiliar words. give a spelling correctly, using the French alphabet pronunciation.	
ask a question about how many sides a shape/shapes have. answer a question, saying how many sides shape/shapes have	
ask a question using the phrase: Excusez-moi, est-ce que je peux give an answer to the question, choosing from set answers.	
prepare a conversation with a partner asking in French where objects are and give an answer. confidently present my conversation to my class.	
(Time Travelling) recognise number words in spoken sentences explain how lager numbers are often described by combining smaller number words say numbers larger than 100 use numbers in a sentence correctly	(Time Travelling) say the high-frequency verb 'avoir' in a sentence correctly (Time Travelling) construct a past tense sentence with the passé compose (Time Travelling)
say the high-frequency verb 'avoir' in a sentence correctly match the subject and verb identify numbers in a written sentence demonstrate my understanding of a sentence	
understand when someone is saying a date translate a date from French into English and vica versa	
understand when someone is saying a date give the year that some key historical events happened in France	
construct a past tense sentence with the passé composé identify auxiliary and past participle verbs	

conjugate the auxiliary verb to match the subject	
change the past participle of the main verb to agree with the number and gender of the subject	
say when significant people in French history were born and died	

By the end of year 6 pupils will know and be able to:	By the end of year 6 pupils will know and be able to:
<ul> <li>(Let's Go Shopping) greet, respond and say goodbye. ask and answer questions.</li> <li>use entre to describe the position of a shop. use the correct masculine or feminine form of à côté de to describe the position</li> <li>use the correct order to describe nouns, using foncé and clair. use the masculine and feminine form of colours when necessary.</li> <li>take part in role play. ask and answer questions about the cost of items.</li> <li>locate the relevant information from a list. answer questions by writing money amounts in French.</li> <li>use the French I have learned to take part in a 'Shopping Experience'. ask and answer questions.</li> </ul>	(Let's Go Shopping) use the correct order to describe nouns, using foncé and clair (Let's Go Shopping) ask and answer questions about the cost of items. (Let's Go Shopping) answer questions by writing money amounts in French (Let's Go Shopping)
<ul> <li>(This is France)</li> <li>use a model sentence and substitute key words</li> <li>create sentences independently using online translators/dictionaries to help</li> <li>ask a question about distances</li> <li>give an answer, writing the numbers in words</li> <li>use a map to work out the direction between cities up to 4 compass points and</li> <li>write a sentence using the correct word for the direction</li> <li>write a sentence in French about things that can be done when visiting Paris</li> <li>create a leaflet which encourages people to visit Paris</li> </ul>	(This is France) write a sentence in French about things that can be done when visiting Paris (This is France) write sentences using était or est. (This is France) write sentences describing a person's nationality (This is France)

choose the correct form of an adjective describing nationality. write sentences describing a person's nationality.	
(All if a Day)say and write a sentence to tell the time – o'clock and half pastsay and write a sentence to tell the time – quarter past and quarter tosay and write a sentence to tell the time – quarter past and quarter totell the time in French: o'clock, half past, quarter past, quarter touse French phrases which mean the same as a.m. and p.m.	I in a Day) y and write a sentence to tell the time in 5-minute interval; past the hour and the hour (All in a Day) y and write a sentence to tell the time in 24-hour time – o'clock, half past, arter past/to (All in a Day) had a school timetable and state the times that lessons start / finish all in a Day)