MICHIGAN

TAXPAYER'S GUIDE



Dear Taxpayer:

This booklet contains information for your 2024 Michigan property taxes and 2023 individual income taxes, homestead property tax credits, farmland and open space tax relief, and home heating credit program.

For the 2023 income tax returns, the individual income tax rate for Michigan taxpayers is 4.05 percent, and the personal exemption is \$5,400 for each taxpayer and dependent. An additional personal exemption is available if you are the parent of a stillborn child delivered in 2023. The state also provides a \$2,900 special exemption for each tax filer or dependent in the household who is deaf, paraplegic, quadriplegic, hemiplegic, totally and permanently disabled, or blind. An additional \$400 exemption is available for each disabled veteran in the household.

This year, federal and state income tax returns are due April 15, 2024. Most taxpayers may request that their income tax refund be directly deposited into a U.S. financial account of their choice. To request direct deposit, fill out the direct deposit portion of the MI-1040, MI-1040CR, or MI-1040CR-2 or file Form 3174 and attach it to the state income tax form.

The information contained in this booklet may ease the burden of filling out state tax forms and may even save some taxpayers money. However, this booklet is not designed to provide line-by-line instructions for filling out state income tax forms. Please refer to the Michigan Department of Treasury's income tax instruction booklets for line-by-line guidance. You may also want to consult with a tax professional for further assistance.

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Prepared by the Michigan Legislature January 2024

MICHIGAN PROPERTY TAX

The general property tax has traditionally been an important part of our state's tax structure. Money raised through property taxes goes toward financing local services, such as police and fire protection; public education; the operation of city, village, township, and county governments; and special projects such as sewers, streets, and parks. All property taxes collected by local units of government, other than the state education tax which is sent to the state School Aid Fund for distribution, are kept locally, and no other part of that revenue is sent to or used by the state.

PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT

Property subject to taxation by local units of government is classified as either real or personal property. Real property consists of land and any improvements to the land, such as buildings or water and sewer facilities. Personal property includes tangible items such as furniture, machines, and equipment belonging to a business, and those items not permanently attached to land or buildings. Generally, residential personal property is exempt from taxation.

The process for determining a property owner's tax bill begins with calculating the property's assessed value. The "assessed value" of real property is the value placed upon the property by the local assessment officer. Each parcel of real property in Michigan has three valuations: assessed value, state equalized value, and taxable value. The Michigan Constitution requires that property be assessed uniformly at a rate not to exceed 50 percent of true cash value. True cash value is the usual selling price that the property would bring on the local market.

Property assessment is an annual, three-step process.

- First, the local assessor determines the *assessed value* of property based on the condition of the property on December 31 of the previous year. This is 50 percent of what the assessor determines to be the market price. If the property is covered by a conservation easement, the local assessor may take the easement into account in determining the assessed value. Conservation easements are voluntary restrictions on future development on the property.
- Second, the board of commissioners in each county equalizes, or applies an adjustment factor, to ensure that property owners in all cities, townships, villages, or school districts in the county pay their fair share of that unit's taxes. Equalization serves to bring the total valuation across assessing units as close to the 50 percent level as possible.
- Third, the State Tax Commission applies an adjustment factor to the county assessments to bring the total valuation across counties as close to the 50 percent level as possible. This process produces the property's *state equalized value*, or SEV.

While equalization results in the determination of the property's state equalized value, the *taxable value* is what is used to calculate property taxes. For property acquired in the previous year, the SEV is the property's taxable value. For each continued year of ownership, taxable value is the lesser of (1) the previous year's taxable value minus losses, adjusted for inflation or 5% whichever is less, plus new property improvements or (2) that year's SEV. In other words, any increase in taxable value from one year to the next is capped at the rate of inflation or 5 percent, whichever is less, except for new construction. The inflation rate for 2023 was 5.1 percent so the inflation rate used to calculate 2024 taxable values is 5.0 percent.

When a property is transferred, the cycle starts anew, and the following year's SEV becomes the property's taxable value, eliminating the cap of the rate of inflation or 5 percent. This often triggers a "pop-up" in taxes due. A transfer of ownership occurs when a title or present interest in the property is transferred through conveyance by deed, land contract, trust, distribution under a will, certain leases, or other mechanisms. Transfers of property from one spouse to the other or from a decedent to a surviving spouse, among other exceptions, are not considered a transfer of ownership. In addition, transfers of residential property to an immediate family member are exempted from the pop-up if the property is not used for any commercial purpose following conveyance.

The pop-up from taxable value to SEV does not apply when eligible farmland is transferred to new owners. When someone purchases eligible farmland and files an affidavit testifying that the property will remain in agricultural use for at least seven years, the transfer will not trigger the pop-up. Transfers of land subject to a conservation easement are also exempted from the pop-up.

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PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE EXEMPTION

A principal residence is exempt from taxes levied by a local school district for operating purposes of up to 18 mills. A homeowner's principal residence is defined as "the one place where an owner of the property has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home to which, whenever absent, he or she intends to return and that shall continue as a principal residence until another principal residence is established." Property owners may claim only one exemption. A married couple, filing income tax returns jointly, are generally entitled to no more than one principal residence exemption.

However, there are exceptions to these rules. The law allows a temporary, additional exemption for up to three years on an unoccupied homestead listed for sale. Homeowners with a principal residence exemption currently residing in a nursing home, assisted living facility, or other location while convalescing and members of the armed services absent on active duty may maintain the exemption so long as they continue to own and maintain the property, they do not establish a new primary residence, and the property is not used for most commercial and business purposes. A homeowner who vacates their home because of damage or destruction may maintain the exemption for up to three years as long as they demonstrate an intent to move back in.

To be eligible for the homeowner's principal residence property exemption, a taxpayer must file an affidavit with the local tax collecting unit on or before June 1 for an exemption from the immediately succeeding summer tax levy and November 1 for an exemption from the immediately succeeding winter tax levy. Once filed, exemptions are valid in future years until rescinded. A denial of this exemption may be appealed to the Michigan Tax Tribunal. The appeal must be filed within 35 days from date of notice.

FARMLAND (QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL) PROPERTY EXEMPTION

Farmland may be exempt from taxes levied by a local school district for operating purposes of up to 18 mills. Farmland must be determined to be qualified agricultural property. The state has defined qualified agricultural property as "unoccupied property and related buildings classified as agricultural, or other unoccupied property and related buildings located on that property devoted primarily to agricultural use." If a property is classified as agricultural for assessment purposes, a property owner does not need to take any action to receive the exemption, unless requested by the local assessor. Otherwise, a property owner must claim an exemption by filing an affidavit with the local tax collecting unit on or before May 1. In some cases, a partial exemption may be approved if part of the property is used for non-agricultural purposes. An exemption remains in place unless withdrawn or until rescinded. A denial of an exemption may be appealed to the local Board of Review. A Board of Review decision may be appealed to the Michigan Tax Tribunal within 35 days from the decision.

POVERTY EXEMPTION

A person may be eligible to request a poverty exemption from property taxes if they, at a minimum, own and occupy the property as their homestead, demonstrate evidence of ownership and identification, and meet poverty income standards. The local Board of Review makes the determination if the exemption should be granted or denied based on the guidelines for both income and asset levels adopted by the local unit of government. To be eligible for an exemption for the current year, a homeowner must apply to the local assessing unit after January 1 but before the day prior to the last day of the Board of Review. Homeowners may also claim a poverty exemption for the prior year, if eligible. Local assessing units can pass resolutions allowing taxpayers on a fixed income to maintain their exemption first claimed in 2021, 2022, or 2023 without annual reapplications for three additional years. Taxpayers should check with their local taxing unit to determine whether this applies to their tax bill. March Board of Review denials may be appealed to the Michigan Tax Tribunal by the end of July. July and December Board of Review's decision.

DISABLED VETERANS EXEMPTION

Property owned and used as a homestead by a disabled and honorably discharged veteran is exempt from Michigan property taxes. To be eligible for this exemption, a disabled veteran must be determined by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs to be permanently or totally disabled as a result of military service and entitled to veterans' benefits at the 100 percent rate, have a certificate from the U.S. Veterans Administration certifying that they are receiving or have received pecuniary assistance due to disability for special adaptive housing, or be

rated by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs as individually unemployable. This exemption is also available to an unremarried surviving spouse of a disabled veteran. Beginning in 2023, an unremarried surviving spouse of a qualified disabled veteran can claim this exemption even after they move to a new homestead following the passing of their spouse. Qualified disabled veterans who claim a 2025 exemption will no longer need to file annual affidavits with their local taxing unit to maintain their exemption. The local assessor will either approve or reject the exemption. If a taxpayer's claim is rejected due to a qualified error, the July or December Board of Review may grant an exemption. A written denial by the local assessor may be appealed by completing and submitting a petition to the Michigan Tax Tribunal within 35 days of the date of the denial. A decision by the July or December Board of Review may be appealed by completing and submitting a petition to the Michigan Tax Tribunal within 35 days of the July or December Board of Review's written decision.

FARMLAND DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS AGREEMENT OR EASEMENT EXEMPTION

Property owners who own farmland covered by a development rights agreement or easement with the state are exempt from special assessments for sanitary sewers, water, lights, and nonfarm drainage on land covered by the agreement or easement. The exemption does not apply to assessments in place prior to entering into an agreement or easement. In addition, the property owner cannot take advantage of the services financed through the assessment on the exempted land and may be required to pay the assessment if the agreement or easement is ended.

APPEALING A TAX ASSESSMENT

THE LOCAL BOARD OF REVIEW

If, for any reason, a taxpayer disagrees with the assessed value, taxable value, or taxable status of property, he or she may appeal to the local board of review. Each city or township may have its own Board of Review or appoint a joint Board of Review with neighboring communities. Township Boards of Review are comprised of three, six, or nine voters who are appointed by the township board. The size, composition, and appointment of city Boards of Review vary according to requirements of their respective city charters.

Boards of Review meet in the week containing the second Monday in March to hear protests. Boards of Review also meet in July and December to correct qualified errors in the roll, including adjustments for property incorrectly listed as having had a transfer of ownership or certain other errors regarding the taxable status of the property. These meeting dates are also used for disputes over claims for the homeowner's poverty exemption, disabled veterans status, and initial farmland property exemptions. Boards of Review may retroactively award a principal residence exemption to a homeowner for property not exempted on the tax roll; however, denied principal residence exemptions are appealed directly to the Michigan Tax Tribunal, which must be filed within 35 days of denial. Corrections may be made for the year in which the appeal was filed and, in some cases, for the three immediately preceding years. Places and times of Board of Review meetings should be posted in the local newspaper.

THE MICHIGAN TAX TRIBUNAL

To make an appeal at the state level, a taxpayer must have first locally appealed an assessment of residential or agricultural property. If not satisfied with the judgment of the Board of Review, a taxpayer may appeal the decision to the Michigan Tax Tribunal, an independent body which has the power to hear appeals of judgments of the local Boards of Review. (Assessment classifications are appealed to the State Tax Commission.) The tribunal has seven members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Michigan Senate. To appeal a 2024 assessment to the Michigan Tax Tribunal, an appeal must be filed on or by July 31, 2024 for residential or agricultural property and on or by May 31, 2024 for other property.

The Residential and Small Claims Division of the Michigan Tax Tribunal hears appeals of valuation of residential and agricultural property and appeals of agricultural and homeowner's principal residence exemptions. An appeal must be filed within 35 days after the assessor, county treasurer, or county equalization director denies a claim for an exemption. An appeal of a claim for a poverty exemption must be filed by July 31, if the claim was denied at the March Board of Review. A claim must be filed within 35 days if the July or December Board of Review (meetings held to correct errors in the roll) denies a claim of exemption.

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A filling fee may be required for an appeal. There is no fee for the filing of an appeal of a poverty exemption denial or contesting a property's SEV or taxable value if the property is covered by a principal residence exemption of at least 50 percent. The fees for filing other property tax appeals vary depending on the type of appeal and the amount of SEV or taxable value in contention, whichever is greater, with a minimum of \$25.00.

To initiate an appeal to the Michigan Tax Tribunal, the property owner must file a petition with the Tribunal's Small Claims Division. Petition forms can be found on the Michigan Tax Tribunal's Small Claims Division website, michigan.gov/taxtrib/small-claims. As of March 1, 2013, the Tribunal no longer accepts letters to initiate appeals.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

The tax rate, or millage, is the number of tax dollars the taxpayer must pay for each \$1,000 of taxable value. This rate varies by local unit, but certain statewide constitutional and statutory restrictions exist. The rate may not exceed 15 mills (\$15 per \$1,000), split between a taxpayer's county, township, and school districts, except in counties in which voters have approved rates of up to 18 mills. Excluded from these limitations are:

- Debt service taxes for all debts of local units approved by the electorate;
- For general law counties, townships, and school districts, extra-voted millage rates up to 50 mills not to exceed 20 years; and
- Taxes imposed by those units having tax limitations provided by charter or general law (cities, villages, charter townships, charter counties, community colleges, intermediate school districts (for special education and vocational education mills only), and other charter authorities).

Property taxes can be determined by multiplying the total local millage rate by the taxable value of property. A mill equals one one-thousandth of a dollar (\$1 of tax for each \$1,000 of taxable value). For example, if the local millage rate is 32 mills (\$32 per \$1,000 of taxable value) and the taxable value is \$100,000, the formula would be \$32 x 100, for a property tax of \$3,200. The Michigan Department of Treasury has a property tax estimator on its website, treas-secure.state.mi.us/ptestimator/ptestimator.asp.

COLLECTION

Property taxes may be collected in the summer or the winter, or in some combination. Townships traditionally collect property taxes in the winter, but most cities collect property taxes in the summer. The six-mill state education tax is collected in the summer. School boards or intermediate school districts can request that a city or township collect half or all of their school taxes in the summer. County-allocated millages are collected in the summer and county extra-voted millages are collected in the winter.

If a taxpayer has a monthly mortgage payment, it is likely that the annual property tax is included in the monthly mortgage payment. Typically, lenders prefer to include property taxes in the mortgage payment to avoid requiring the taxpayer to make one or two large tax payments during the year in addition to their monthly mortgage payment. If a taxpayer does not have a mortgage, they will likely receive a property tax bill in the summer and winter. For more information regarding property tax collection, please contact your local tax collecting unit.

TAX DEFERMENTS

Sometimes, a taxpayer cannot meet their tax liability for the year. There are several instances in which a taxpayer may have their payments for special assessments, summer property taxes, or winter property taxes deferred.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

A homeowner who is 65 years of age or older or who is totally and permanently disabled, and who is a citizen of the United States, a resident of this state for five or more years, the sole owner of a homestead for five or more years, and who meets household income standards, is eligible to defer special assessments on that homestead that, per 2020 PA 331, were assessed before October 1, 2020. The total amount of the special assessment to be deferred, exclusive of interest, cannot be less than \$300.

For those who qualify for a special assessment deferment, the payment of the deferred special assessment by the owner, or the owner's estate, will include an interest charge of 1 percent per month or fraction of a month. Special assessments will be deferred until one year after the owner's death or until the homestead is sold, conveyed, or transferred to someone else. Death of a spouse, however, will not terminate the deferment for the surviving spouse, unless the surviving spouse remarries.

SUMMER PROPERTY TAX

A taxpayer who is 62 years of age or older (including the unremarried surviving spouse of a person who was 62 years of age or older at the time of death), a paraplegic, a quadriplegic, a hemiplegic, an eligible serviceperson, an eligible veteran, an eligible widow or widower, or who is totally and permanently disabled, or blind, may be able to delay paying summer taxes on his or her homestead if total household income in the prior taxable year did not exceed \$40,000. Summer taxes on farms may also be deferred in certain situations where gross receipts in previous years are not less than household income in the preceding calendar year. If deferred, summer taxes may be paid on or before February 14 without any penalty or interest. Applications for deferment of summer taxes must be filed with the city, village, or township treasurer by September 14, or before the date summer taxes are due, whichever is later.

WINTER PROPERTY TAX

A taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older (including the unremarried surviving spouse of a person who was 65 years of age or older at the time of death), a paraplegic, a quadriplegic, a hemiplegic, an eligible serviceperson, an eligible veteran, an eligible widow or widower, or who is totally and permanently disabled, or blind, may be able to delay paying the winter taxes on his or her homestead, without penalty, until May 1 of the first year of delinquency. Winter tax deferral is only available if approved by the county board of commissioners and is subject to certain conditions. Taxpayers can contact the county treasurer to determine if the winter tax deferment is available and to check qualifications.

SIGNIFICANT 2024 PROPERTY TAX DATES

December 31, 2023 Tax day for 2024 property tax assessments.

February 14, 2024 Last day to pay 2023 property taxes without the imposition of a late penalty charge equal to 3 percent of the tax in addition to the property tax administration fee, if any.

The governing body may waive the penalty for the homestead property of a senior citizen (62 years of age or older), paraplegic, quadriplegic, hemiplegic, eligible serviceperson, eligible veteran, eligible widow or widower, or totally and permanently disabled person, or blind person, if that person has filed a claim for a homestead property tax credit with the state treasurer <u>before</u> February 15. Also applies to a person whose property is subject to a farmland/development rights agreement if they present a copy of the development rights agreement or verification that the property is subject to the development rights agreement <u>before</u> February 15. If statements are not mailed by December 31, the local unit may <u>not</u> impose the 3 percent late penalty charge.

February 15 A local unit of government shall defer the collection of summer

A local unit of government shall defer the collection of summer property tax until this date for property which qualifies.

February 29 Last day for local treasurers to collect 2023 property taxes.

March 1 Properties with delinquent 2022 taxes forfeit to the county treasurer.

County property tax administration fee of 4 percent added to unpaid 2023 taxes and interest at 1 percent per month.

Local units to turn over 2023 delinquent taxes on real property to the county treasurer.

March 11 The local Board of Review meets. This meeting must start not earlier than 9 a.m. and not later than 3 p.m. The Board of Review must meet one additional day during this week and shall hold at least

three hours of its required sessions during this week after 6 p.m.

Note: The governing body of a city or township may authorize March 12 or 13 as an alternative starting date for the initial meeting of the March Board of Review.

SIGNIFICANT 2024 PROPERTY TAX DATES (CONTINUED)

Last day to pay all forfeited 2021 delinquent property taxes, interest, penalties, and fees, unless an April 1

extension has been granted by the circuit court. If unpaid, title to properties foreclosed for 2021 real property taxes vests solely in the foreclosing governmental unit.

The March Board of Review must complete their review of protests of assessed value, taxable value, property classification, or denial by assessor of continuation of Qualified Agricultural Property Exemption.

April 30 Last day of deferral period for winter (December 1) property tax levies, if the deferral for qualified taxpayers was authorized by the county board of commissioners.

> Deadline for filing a Principal Residence Exemption Active Duty Military affidavit (Form 4660) to allow military personnel to retain an exemption for up to three years if they rent or lease their principal residence while away on active duty.

Deadline for filing the Farmland (Qualified Agricultural) Property Exemption affidavit (Form 2599) with the local assessor if the property is NOT classified agricultural or if the assessor asks an owner to file it to determine whether the property includes structures that are not exempt.

Appeals of property classified as commercial real, industrial real, developmental real, commercial personal, industrial personal, or utility personal must be made by filing a written petition with the Michigan Tax Tribunal.

Deadline for filing Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption affidavit (Form 2368) for exemption from the summer tax levy of 18-mill school operating tax.

Deadline for filing the initial request (first year) of a Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence Exemption (Form 4640) for the summer tax levy.

Note: Denial of a Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption may be appealed by the owner to the Small Claims Division of the Michigan Tax Tribunal within 35 days after the date of the notice of denial.

Last day to send first notice to all properties that are delinquent on 2023 taxes.

Deadline for notifying protesting taxpayer in writing of Board of Review action.

July 1 Deadline for classification appeals to the State Tax Commission. A classification appeal must be filed with the state tax commission in writing on or before June 30 (Form 2167).

> Taxes due and payable in those jurisdictions authorized to levy a summer tax. (Charter units may have a different due date.)

The July Board of Review may be convened to correct a qualified error.

Note: The governing body of a city or township may authorize, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution, an alternative date during this week.

For taxes levied after December 31, 2012, an owner who owned and occupied a principal residence on June 1 or November 1 for which the exemption was not on the tax roll may file an appeal with the July Board of Review in the year for which the exemption was claimed or in the immediate succeeding three years if the exemption was not on the tax roll.

An owner of property that is Qualified Agricultural Property on May 1 may appeal to the July Board of Review for the current year and the immediately preceding year if the exemption was not on the tax roll.

July Board of Review may hear appeals for current year only for poverty exemptions, but not poverty exemptions denied by the March Board of Review.

Appeals of property classified as agricultural real or residential real must be made by filing a written petition with the Michigan Tax Tribunal.

Deadline for taxpayer to file appeal directly with the Michigan Tax Tribunal if final equalization multiplier exceeds tentative multiplier and a taxpayer's assessment, as equalized, is in excess of 50 percent of true cash value.

May 1

May 31

June 1

June 2

June 3

July 16

July 31

August 19

SIGNIFICANT 2024 PROPERTY TAX DATES (CONTINUED)

Last day to send second notice by first-class mail to all properties that are delinquent on 2023 taxes. September 1

September 16 Summer taxes due, unless property is located in a city with a separate charter due date.

> Interest of 1 percent per month will accrue if the payment is late for the state education tax and county taxes that are part of the summer tax collection.

Note: Date may be different depending on the city charter.

Last day for qualified taxpayers to file intent for 2024 summer tax deferral.

October 1 County treasurer adds \$15 for each parcel of property for which the 2022 real property taxes

remain unpaid.

November 1 Deadline for filing Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption affidavit (Form 2368) for exemption

from the winter tax levy of 18-mill school operating tax.

Deadline for filing the initial request (first year) of a Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence

Exemption (Form 4640) for the winter tax levy.

December 1 2024 winter taxes due and payable to local unit treasurer are a lien on real property. Charter cities or

villages may provide for a different day.

Note: Appeal to the Michigan Tax Tribunal of a contested tax bill must be filed within 60 days after the mailing of the tax bill that the taxpayer seeks to contest. (Limited to arithmetic errors.)

Special Board of Review meeting may be convened by assessing officer to correct qualified errors.

Note: The governing body of a city or township may authorize, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution, an alternative meeting date during this week.

For taxes levied after December 31, 2012, an owner who owned and occupied a principal residence on June 1 or November 1 for which the exemption was not on the tax roll may file an appeal with the December Board of Review in the year for which the exemption was claimed or the immediately succeeding three years.

An owner of property that is Qualified Agricultural Property on May 1 may appeal to the December Board of Review for the current year and the immediately preceding year if the exemption was not on the tax roll.

December Board of Review to hear appeals for current year poverty exemptions only, but not poverty exemptions denied by the March or July Board of Review.

December 31 Tax day for 2025 property taxes.

> Deadline for an owner that had claimed a Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence Exemption to verify to the assessor that the property still meets the requirements for the conditional rescission through a second and third year annual verification of a Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence Exemption (Form 4640).

December 10

MICHIGAN INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

The Michigan individual income tax was first adopted in 1967. It is a direct flat-rate tax, which means that everyone is assessed the same tax rate (4.05 percent for 2023), regardless of their level of income.

The basis, or starting point, of calculating the Michigan income tax is an individual's adjusted gross income (AGI) as determined on federal income tax forms, such as the 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR. Various amounts are subtracted from, or added to, the federal AGI before Michigan income taxes are determined. After all appropriate exemptions, subtractions, and additions are applied, an individual's tax liability is determined by multiplying their remaining income by 4.05 percent. After the tax is calculated, an individual's tax liability may be reduced—sometimes even beyond zero—by various tax credits. Tax credits are subtracted after taxes are calculated, while tax deductions are subtracted from income before taxes are determined.

TAX INFORMATION FOR TAX YEAR 2023

The following sections of the Taxpayer's Guide provide general information on Michigan individual income tax exemptions, deductions, and credits for the 2023 tax year (i.e., for tax returns filed by the April 2024 deadline). The information provided here is meant only to supplement information provided by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Taxpayers should still consult with the official tax instruction booklets when calculating their state individual income tax liability.

STATE INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS

Michigan taxpayers are allowed to take a number of exemptions, depending on the number of people in the taxpayer's household, their ages, and other factors. These exemptions include:

- \$5,400 personal exemption.
- \$5,400 for each dependent.

Additional Exemptions

- \$5,400 if you were the parent of a stillborn child delivered in 2023 and have a certificate of stillbirth from the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.
- \$2,900 for each person or dependent in the household who is deaf, paraplegic, quadriplegic, hemiplegic, totally and permanently disabled, or blind.
- \$400 for each disabled veteran in the household.

ADDITIONS AND SUBTRACTIONS

Michigan law provides that some things that are not counted as income at the federal level must be counted as income in Michigan. Similarly, some things counted as income at the federal level are not counted as income under Michigan law. To determine income subject to state income taxes, adjustments must be made to the federal AGI. These additions and subtractions from income are listed on the form entitled, "Michigan Schedule 1," and a detailed description may be found in the instructions for Schedule 1.

Potential additions to Michigan income include:

- Gross interest and dividends from obligations issued by other states or their political subdivisions.
- Federal deductions taken for taxes on, or measured by, income including self-employment tax.
- Gains from Michigan related to certain capital gains and sales of certain business properties.
- Losses from a business or property located in another state or the sale or exchange of obligations of the United States government.
- Federal deductions taken for net operating losses, such as related to a business.
- Gross expenses from the production of oil and gas or the extraction of nonferrous metallic minerals subject to the Michigan severance tax deducted at the federal level.
- Nonqualified withdrawals from a Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) or Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Program account.
- Refunds from terminated Michigan Education Trust (MET) accounts.

Potential subtractions from Michigan income include:

- Social Security benefits included in federal AGI.
- Retirement or pension benefits received for service in the U.S. Armed Forces or Michigan National Guard.
- Retirement or pension benefits received under the federal Railroad Retirement Act.
- 2023 PA 4 made significant changes to the deduction of retirement and pension benefits. Please consult the MI-1040 instructions for further information.
- Dividends, interest, and capital gains if you or your spouse were born before 1946.*
- Income from U.S. government obligations (e.g., Series EE bonds, Treasury notes).
- Federal gains related to certain capital gains and sales of certain business properties.
- Income attributable from another state.
- Compensation received for active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces.
- Income earned while a resident of a Renaissance Zone.
- Refunds from state and city income taxes and homestead property tax credits included in federal AGI.
- Contributions to a Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) account or Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) account.
- Payments for a Michigan Education Trust (MET) prepaid tuition contract or a contribution to the MET Charitable Tuition Program.
- Gross income subject to the Michigan severance tax from the Michigan production of oil and gas or the extraction of nonferrous metallic minerals included in federal AGI.
- Certain income earned as a member of a federally recognized tribe who lives in an area covered by an active tax agreement between the tribe and the state.
- Michigan net operating losses, such as related to a business.
- Benefits from a discriminatory self-insured medical expense reimbursement plan.
- Settlement payments received as a Holocaust victim.
- Wagering losses that were claimed on the federal return as an itemized deduction.
- Contributions to a first-time home buyer account.

*The amount of and eligibility for these subtractions depend on your age.

Please see the appropriate official tax instruction booklet for a list of all the available additions and deductions that may be added or subtracted from a taxpayer's adjusted gross income.

TAX CALCULATION

After all applicable exemptions, additions, and subtractions are applied, the Michigan individual income tax is calculated. The Michigan income tax rate is 4.05 percent for the 2023 tax year.

STATE INCOME TAX CREDITS

Michigan offers a number of tax credits that allow taxpayers to reduce their tax bill. Tax credits are subtracted after calculating the amount of taxes due. Depending on whether or not the credit is considered refundable, tax credits may even result in the state making a payment to the individual. Non-refundable credits can only reduce a taxpayer's tax bill to zero but cannot go beyond this point. Refundable credits, however, can go beyond zero. For example, a taxpayer calculates that they owe \$500 in income taxes. However, they qualify for a non-refundable tax credit worth \$700. Since the credit is non-refundable, the credit will reduce their tax liability to zero, and the state will not owe them any money. If, on the other hand, the tax credit is refundable, the state will pay, or refund, the difference between the tax bill (i.e., \$500), and the amount of the credit, (i.e., \$700). This will result in the state issuing the taxpayer a tax refund check for \$200.

A TAXPAYER'S GUIDE

The primary nonrefundable tax credit available to Michigan income tax filers is the credit for income taxes imposed and remitted to governments outside Michigan. There are also several refundable tax credits available to filers. Four of Michigan's major refundable tax credits – the homestead property tax credit, home heating credit, earned income tax credit, and the farmland preservation tax credit are discussed on the following pages. Information on all refundable and nonrefundable tax credits can be found in the Michigan Department of Treasury's official tax booklets.

HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX CREDIT

Michigan's homestead property tax credit program is a way the state of Michigan helps offset a portion of the property taxes paid by Michigan homeowners and renters. Homeowners pay property taxes directly and renters pay them indirectly with their rent. For most people, the credit is based on a comparison between total household resources and the property taxes, rent, or other fees paid on a Michigan homestead.

What is a homestead?

The term "homestead" is defined as the place where an individual lives, whether it is owned or rented, and includes a mobile home or lot in a mobile home park. An individual may have only one homestead at any given time, and they must occupy the property for it to be considered their homestead. Permanent occupants of a nursing home, foster care home, or home for the aged that is subject to property taxes may consider the facility as their homestead.

What are total household resources?

Total household resources are the combined total income (taxable and nontaxable) of both spouses or of a single person maintaining a household. It is federal AGI, excluding net business and farm losses, net rent and royalty losses, and any carryover of a net operating loss, plus all income exempt or excluded from the federal AGI. Gains realized on the sale of a residence should be included, whether or not these gains are exempt from federal income tax.

Total household resources include the following:

- Capital gains on sales of your residence regardless of them being exempt from federal income tax.
- Compensation for damages to character or for personal injury or sickness.
- An inheritance (except an inheritance from your spouse).
- Proceeds of a life insurance policy paid on the death of the insured (except benefits from a policy on your spouse).
- Death benefits paid by or on behalf of an employer.
- Minister's housing allowance.
- Forgiveness of debt, even if excluded from AGI (e.g., mortgage foreclosure).
- Reimbursement from dependent care and/or medical care spending accounts.
- Scholarships, stipends, grants, and payments made on your behalf, except government payments made directly to third parties such as an educational institution or subsidized housing project.

Total household resources do NOT include:

- Net operating loss deductions taken on your federal return.
- Payments received by participants in the foster grandparent or senior companion program.
- Energy assistance grants.
- Government payments to a third party (e.g., a doctor, GI bill benefits, and payments from a PELL grant). **Note:** If payment is made from money withheld from your benefit, the payment is part of total household resources. (For example, the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services may pay your rent directly to the landlord.)
- Economic Impact Payments (Federal Stimulus Payments).

- Money received from a government unit to repair or improve your homestead.
- Surplus food or food assistance program benefits.
- State and city income tax refunds and homestead property tax credits.
- Chore service payments. (These payments are income to the provider of the service.)
- The first \$300 from gambling, bingo, lottery, awards, or prizes.
- The first \$300 in gifts of cash or merchandise received, or expenses paid on your behalf (rent, taxes, utilities, food, medical care, etc.) by parents, relatives, or friends.
- Amounts deducted from Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits for Medicare premiums.
- Life, health, and accident insurance premiums paid by your employer.
- Loan proceeds.
- Inheritance from a spouse.
- Life insurance benefits from a spouse.
- Payments from a long-term care policy made to a nursing home or other care facility.
- Most payments from The Step Forward Michigan program.
- Compensation for wrongful imprisonment.

Taxpayers may reduce total household resources by subtracting:

- Payments to IRAs, SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified plans.
- Moving expenses incurred by members of the Armed Forces on active duty who move into or within Michigan due to a military order and permanent change of station. Moving expenses when moving out of Michigan cannot be included in "Other Adjustments" to reduce total household resources.
- Student loan interest deduction.
- Deduction for self-employment tax.
- Self-employed health insurance deduction.
- Penalty on early withdrawal of savings.
- Alimony paid, if deductible on your U.S. Form 1040.
- Jury duty pay you gave to your employer.
- Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA) deduction.
- Health Savings Account (HSA) deductions.
- Medical insurance or HMO premiums you paid for yourself or your family (not Medicare), including medical insurance premiums paid through payroll deduction.
- Any other adjustments to gross income included on 2023 U.S. Form 1040, Schedule 1.

For more information on total household resources, visit: www.michigan.gov/taxtotalhouseholdresources.

What property taxes, rental payments, and other fees are used to calculate the credit?

For Michigan homeowners, property taxes used to calculate the credit are those for which the taxpayer received a bill in 2023, regardless of when the taxes were paid. Administration fees of 1 percent or less may be included, but not penalties or interest. Special assessments may be included only if they are levied at a uniform millage rate, are based on taxable value, and either applied to the entire taxing jurisdiction, or are levied for police, fire, or advanced life support in an entire township, except for the village portion of a township.

For other tax filers, the following information may be used to calculate the credit:

- Renters may count 23 percent of the rent paid, except renters of tax-exempt housing who pay service fees instead of property taxes. In this case, renters may only count 10 percent of their rent. Renters of tax-exempt housing that do not pay service fees are not eligible for the credit.
- Persons living in a mobile home park may count the \$3 per month specific tax and 23 percent of the amount they pay for lot rental less the specific tax.

A TAXPAYER'S GUIDE

• Permanent occupants of a nursing home, foster care home, or home for the aged that is subject to property taxes may use the allocated share of the property taxes levied on the facility as taxes eligible for credit. Nursing home managers should have this information.

Single occupants of a nursing home or adult care facility who maintain an unrented homestead may claim either their homestead tax or their share of the facility's property tax. Both may not be claimed. Filers who maintain a homestead and who have a spouse that lives in an adult care facility may file a joint credit claim by combining their spouse's share of the facility's property tax and their homestead tax.

Property taxes on a homestead that is bought or sold during the year must be prorated according to the number of days occupied, regardless of any agreement entered into by the parties involved as to who shall pay the taxes.

Who is <u>not</u> eligible for the credit?

- Taxpayers whose property taxes, rent, or other fees as described above do not exceed 3.2 percent of their total household resources.
- Taxpayers with total household resources of more than \$67,300.
- Taxpayers whose homestead has a taxable value greater than \$154,400 (excluding the portion of a parcel of real property that is unoccupied and classified as agricultural).
- Persons whose total household resources consisted totally of Family Independence Program (FIP) assistance or Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) benefits are not eligible for the credit. For persons who received a part of their income from these programs, their credit will be reduced by the percentage which their total household income was composed of FIP or MDHHS benefits.

How is the homestead property tax credit calculated?

The value of the homestead property tax credit is calculated by comparing total household resources against property taxes, rent, or other fees as described above. The credit is available to taxpayers with total household resources of \$67,300 or less, whose home is in Michigan, who resided in Michigan for at least six months in 2023, and whose homestead taxable value is not greater than \$154,400.

The basis for the credit is the difference between property taxes, eligible rent, or other fees and a percentage (3.2 percent for most filers) of total household resources, up to a maximum of \$1,700. Most filers do not receive the full amount of this difference as a credit, however, because the credit is adjusted based on household resources and whether the filer qualifies as a senior citizen or is disabled. The impacts of these adjustments are described in the next few paragraphs.

For most filers, the credit equals 60 percent of the difference between property taxes, eligible rent, or other fees and 3.2 percent of total household resources.

Senior citizens (65 years of age or older) whose total household resources are \$21,000 or less may receive 100 percent of the difference as a credit. Senior citizens whose total household resources are more than \$21,000, but no more than \$30,000, are eligible for a reduced percentage of the difference. The credit percentage is reduced by 4 percent for each \$1,000 (or part of \$1,000) that total household resources exceed \$21,000 (see MI 1040-CR Table A). For senior citizens whose total household resources are between \$30,001 and \$67,300 the credit is 60 percent of the difference.

For filers who are permanently disabled, paraplegic, hemiplegic, quadriplegic, or deaf, and whose total household resources are \$67,300 or less, the credit is equal to 100 percent of the difference, i.e., 100 percent of the difference between property taxes, eligible rent, or other fees and the appropriate percentage of total household resources (again, generally 3.2 percent) up to a maximum of \$1,700.

The credit is reduced for all filers, including senior citizens and the disabled, if the filer's total household resources exceed \$58,300. The reduction is equal to 10 percent for each \$1,000 (or part of \$1,000) above \$58,300 until total household resources reach \$67,300 (see MI 1040-CR Table B). Persons with total household resources above \$67,300 are not eligible for the homestead property tax credit.

The following examples provide a better illustration of how the homestead property tax credit is calculated. The official tax booklets provided by the Michigan Department of Treasury should be consulted when applying for this credit.

EXAMPLES OF COMPUTING THE CREDIT

Example 1: The following is an example of how the credit would be figured for a senior citizen whose total household resources in 2023 were \$21,000 or less. Mr. and Mrs. Smith's total household resources were \$20,000, qualifying them for 100% of the credit. Their property tax bill for 2023 was \$1,500.

The credit is computed by multiplying total household resources (\$20,000) by 3.2% (.032). The credit is worth the amount of property taxes that exceed this amount as follows:

 $$20,000 \times 3.2\% = 640

Are property taxes greater than this amount? **Yes** What is the difference between property taxes (\$1,500) and \$640? **\$860**The tax credit is \$860.

Example 2: Another example is provided for a senior citizen with total household resources of \$25,000 and property taxes of \$2,100, qualifying for less than 100% of the credit but more than 60%.

 $$25,000 \times 3.2\% = 800

Are property taxes greater than this amount? **Yes**What is the difference between property taxes (\$2,100) and \$800? **\$1,300**Amount Total Household Resources exceed \$21,000? **\$4,000**Reduce credit by 16% (4% for each \$1,000 of total household resources over \$21,000) to 84%
Amount of Credit: \$1,300 - (16% x \$1,300) = \$1,092

Example 3: Mr. and Mrs. Jones are senior citizens whose total household resources were \$35,000. They paid \$600 per month in rent for 12 months. If 23% of the total rent they paid in 2023 is more than 3.2% of their household income, the excess is multiplied by 60% to determine the credit as follows:

 $$35,000 \times 3.2\% = $1,120$

What is 23% of their 2023 rent? \$1,656
Is 23% of rent paid greater than 3.2% of Total Household Resources? Yes
What is the difference between 23% of rent and \$1,120? \$536
Multiply \$536 by 60%
The tax credit is \$322.

FILING THE HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX CREDIT

There are two forms that may be used to file the homestead property tax credit. Most taxpayers should use form MI-1040CR to calculate the credit. However, taxpayers who are active military, veterans, a surviving spouse of a veteran, or totally blind and own their homestead, may file form MI-1040CR-2, which uses an alternative method to calculate the credit. Qualified taxpayers may want to calculate their credit using both methods and submit the form that provides the larger credit.

All individuals claiming a refund should file their claim with their Michigan income tax return. The 2023 Michigan income tax return is due April 15, 2024.

The period for amending a claim for a homestead property tax credit is four years from the date set for filing the original claim. Those individuals who do not have to file a Michigan income tax return, but who are eligible for property tax relief, should file the homestead property tax claim as soon as the amounts of 2023 homestead property taxes and household income are known.

HOME HEATING CREDITS

The home heating tax credit is available to households that are at or near the poverty level as defined by the federal government. This credit is different from other credits in that its value must be applied to heating costs, and it is federally funded. The credit is available to renters or homeowners, including mobile home renters or owners, whose total household resources are at or below certain limits based on the number of exemptions the taxpayer is allowed. Household resources are calculated the same as for the homestead property tax credit. The number of exemptions that should be used to compute the credit includes a personal exemption for the claimant, their spouse, their children, and other dependent adults in the household. Additional exemptions are available for each person in the household who is disabled or is a qualified disabled veteran.

There are two methods available for computing a home heating credit: the standard method, and for individuals with very low household resources and high heating costs, an alternative formula.

STANDARD METHOD

In calculating the credit using the standard method, the amount of the home heating tax credit is determined by first figuring the amount of total household resources and the number of exemptions. Then, the following table is used to find the standard allowance (the maximum credit permitted) for the total exemptions claimed.

Number of Exemptions	Standard Allowance	Household Resources Ceiling
0 or 1	\$562	\$16,043
2	\$760	\$21,700
3	\$958	\$27,357
4	\$1,156	\$33,013
5	\$1,354	\$38,671
6	\$1,552	\$44,329

For each additional exemption, \$5,657 is added to household resources and \$198 is added to the standard allowance.

Across from the number of exemptions is the standard allowance. The credit is the standard allowance minus 3.5 percent of total household resources. The home heating credit is funded by a block grant from the federal government. In order to limit credits to the available amount of federal funding, 2023 credits will be multiplied by a proration factor of 56 percent. Claimants with heat included in rent are eligible for only 50 percent of the standard credit amount, which is then reduced by the proration factor, i.e., 56 percent. Credits are not available for those whose household income exceeds the amount in the household resources ceiling column at the right of the table.

EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF STANDARD CREDIT

John and Mary Smith are both senior citizens who are homeowners. They had total household resources of \$12,000. They were entitled to two exemptions.

Standard Allowance	\$760.00
Less: 3.5% of household income (.035 x \$12,000)	<u>- \$420.00</u>
Home Heating Credit Subtotal	\$340.00
Proration Factor	<u>x .56</u>
Credit Available (rounded to the nearest dollar)	\$ 190.00

ALTERNATIVE METHOD

As stated above, the alternative method is for individuals with very low incomes and high heating costs. Only those whose household income does not exceed the maximums specified in the table below (based on the number of exemptions for which they are eligible) can qualify for the alternative credit formula.

Number of Exemptions	Maximum Household Resources
0 or 1	\$17,534
2	\$23,595
3	\$29,661
4 or more	\$31,818

To compute the alternative credit, total heating costs for the 12 consecutive monthly billing periods from November 2022 to October 2023 must be determined. (Maximum heating costs allowed in 2023 is \$3,500.) Then the total heating costs are reduced by 11 percent of household income. The home heating credit will be 70 percent of this amount. For the 2023 tax year, credits will be multiplied by a proration factor of 56 percent. The alternative credit is not available to those whose heat is included in rent or for claims of less than 12 months.

EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF ALTERNATIVE CREDIT

Bill and Helen Jones had a household income of \$7,500 and were entitled to three exemptions. Their total heating cost was \$1,500.

Fuel cost	\$1	,500.00
Less 11% of household income (.11 x \$7,500)	\$_	825.00
Balance	\$	675.00
Multiply by 70%	X	.70
Home Heating Credit Subtotal	\$	472.50
Proration Factor	X	.56
Home Heating Credit (rounded to the nearest dollar)	\$	265.00

Even if you qualify for the alternative credit, you should also calculate your credit using the standard method and claim the larger credit.

RECEIVING THE HOME HEATING CREDIT

Instead of receiving a credit against taxes owed, or a refund of money from the state, most people receiving the home heating credit receive an energy draft to use as payment toward current and future heating bills. Energy drafts can be used only to pay heating bills in the taxpayer's name and may not be cashed. For some people, the Michigan Department of Treasury will send their credit directly to their heating provider. Those whose heating costs are included in rent or whose heating services are in someone else's name will receive checks. Michigan residents can apply for the home heating credit by filling out form MI-1040CR-7. The home heating credit is available even for those who do not have to file a Michigan tax return. To receive the home heating credit, taxpayers must submit their claim by September 30, 2024.

EARNED INCOME TAX CREDITS

Michigan's Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) helps working families keep more of their paycheck. The Michigan EITC is based on the federal Earned Income Tax Credit program. The federal EITC is available to low- to moderate-income families. The credit is based on a taxpayer's income level and number of dependents. Michigan taxpayers who are eligible for the federal EITC are automatically eligible for the Michigan EITC. For tax year 2023, the Michigan EITC equals 30 percent of the federal EITC.

The EITC is a refundable tax credit which means that if the tax credit lowers a taxpayer's tax liability below zero, the taxpayer will receive a refund for the difference. Taxpayers can determine if they qualify for the federal EITC through the IRS website at https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit-eitc.

FARMLAND PRESERVATION TAX CREDIT

The Farmland Preservation Tax Credit returns a share of the property tax paid on farmland back to farmland owners. Property owners who own farmland covered by a development rights agreement with the state or who have sold development rights or an agricultural conservation easement held by the state can receive this credit on their state income tax. The amount of the credit depends on how much property taxes paid exceed a portion (3.5 percent) of total household income. Michigan residents can apply for the Farmland Preservation Tax Credit by filling out form MI-1040CR-5.

VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS SCHEDULE

Michigan's Voluntary Contributions Schedule, found on Form 4642, allows taxpayers to make direct contributions to a number of charities. The contribution will increase the taxpayer's tax liability or reduce their refund. For tax year 2023, contributions can be made to the following charitable entities:

American Red Cross Michigan Fund – to support emergency-related relief efforts and help military families and veterans cope and respond to service-related challenges.

Animal Welfare Fund – to help finance the costs for protecting and caring for animals that have been subjected to cruelty or neglect.

Children's Trust Fund – Prevent Child Abuse Michigan – to provide education to parents, adults, and children that helps eliminate preventable injuries, improve nutrition, and prevent sexual abuse and trauma.

Military Family Relief Fund – to provide assistance to needy families of Michigan military personnel serving on active duty.

United Way Fund – to improve the lives of Michigan residents by mobilizing the caring power of communities to provide for basic needs, including, but not limited to, food, clothing, and shelter.

FILING INCOME TAX RETURNS

The individual income tax filing deadline in Michigan is April 15, 2024. Forms may be filed by mail or electronically. The Michigan Department of Treasury encourages electronic filing, called e-file, because it costs 83 percent less to process than paper forms. Taxpayers who use e-file and are due refunds can get their refunds faster than with a paper return. Taxpayers who have a balance due can file their returns electronically before the filing deadline. However, they do not have to send their payments until April 15, 2024.

Home heating credit forms can be filed up until September 30, 2024, and it does not require the tax filer to have paid income taxes or submit the Michigan individual income tax form.

Most taxpayers have the option of having their income tax refund deposited directly into their bank accounts.

Taxpayers may request a 180-day extension of the deadline to file taxes. An extension of time to file the federal return automatically extends the time to file the Michigan return. An extension of time to file is not an extension of time to pay, however. Interest and penalties will accrue during the extension. Taxpayers who are unable to submit the entire payment by July 15 can make late or partial payments.

CONTACTING THE MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY

- Mailing Address: Michigan Department of Treasury Lansing, Michigan 48922
- Phone: (517) 636-4486. Assistance is available using TTY through the Michigan Relay Center by calling 7-1-1.
- Printed material in an alternate format may be obtained by calling (517) 636-4486.
- Website: www.michigan.gov/taxes.

HOW TO GET HELP WITH TAXES

- Automated Information Service: (517) 636-4486.
- A list of places that provide free help with taxes is available through United Way by calling **2-1-1**, or by calling 1-844-875-9211 if 2-1-1 is unavailable. In some areas of the state, you may also be able to text your zip code to 898211 to initiate a text chat.
- Help with taxes may also be available from the Michigan Statewide Earned Income Tax Credit Coalition at www.michiganeic.org/taxpayers.
- The Michigan Department of Treasury website, www.michigan.gov/taxes, provides information about how to choose a tax preparer.

Please Note:

The tax forms have been included as an example for taxpayers. Anyone using these forms to file their state income tax and property tax credits should consult the department's instruction booklets. Any references on these forms to page numbers refer to pages in the department's instruction booklets and not to pages in this Taxpayer's Guide.

2023 MICHIGAN Individual Income Tax Return MI-1040

Amended Return |

Return is due April 15, 2024. Type or print in blue or black ink. 1. Filer's First Name M.I. Last Name 2. Filer's Full Social Security No. (Example: 123-45-6789) Home Address (Number, Street, or P.O. Box) City or Town State ZIP Code 4. School District Code (5 digits)

City	or Town	State ZIP Code		4. School District Code (5	5 digits)
5.	STATE CAMPAIGN FUND Check if you (and/or your spouse, if filing a joint return) want \$3 of your taxes to go to this fund. This will not increase your tax or reduce your refund.	a. Filer b. Spouse	Cr	ers, FISHERMEN, OR an eck this box if 2/3 of yo hing, or seafaring.	SEAFARERS our income is from farming,
7. a. b	Single * If y line 3	rou check box "c," complete 3 and enter spouse's full name w:	a.	ESIDENCY STATUS. C desident donresident * dart-Year Resident *	* If you check box "b" or "c," you must complete and include Schedule NR.
9.	EXEMPTIONS. NOTE: If someone els		Ī		
	a. Number of exemptions (see instructi	,		x \$5,400	9a. 00
				1	

9.	EXEMPTIONS. NOTE: If someone else can claim you as a dependent, check box 9e, enter 0 on line 9a and enter \$1,500 on line 9e (see	instr.)
	a. Number of exemptions (see instructions)	00
	b. Number of individuals who qualify for one of the following special exemptions: deaf,	1
	blind, hemiplegic, paraplegic, quadriplegic, or totally and permanently disabled 9b. x \$3,100 9b.	loc
	x \$0,100 00.	-
	c. Number of qualified disabled veterans	loc
	d. Number of Certificates of Stillbirth from MDHHS (see instructions)	00
	<u> </u>	
	e. Claimed as dependent, see line 9 NOTE above	00
	f. Add lines 9a, 9b, 9c, 9d and 9e. Enter here and on line 15	00
10.	Adjusted Gross Income from your U.S. Form 1040 (see instructions)	00
11.	Additions from Schedule 1, line 9. Include Schedule 1	00
12.	Total. Add lines 10 and 11	00
10	Subtractions from Schedule 1, line 31, Include Schedule 1	00
13.	Subtractions from Schedule 1, line 31. Include Schedule 1	-100
1/1	Income subject to tax. Subtract line 13 from line 12. If line 13 is greater than line 12, enter "0"	00
17.	The subject to tax. Substitute in in in in it. It in in to its grouter than into 12, enter to in	1
15.	Exemption allowance. Enter amount from line 9f or Schedule NR, line 19	loc
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
16.	Taxable income. Subtract line 15 from line 14. If line 15 is greater than line 14, enter "0"	00
17.	Tax. Multiply line 16 by 4.05% (0.0405)	00

Continue on page 2. This form cannot be processed if pages 2 and 3 are not completed and included.

⁺ 0000 2023 05 01 27 2

2023 N	II-1040, Page 2 of 3 Filer's Full Social Security Number	_			
NON-	REFUNDABLE CREDITSAMOUNT			CREDIT	
18.	Income Tax Imposed by government units outside Michigan. Include a copy of the return (see instructions)	00	18b.		00
19.	Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit (see instructions). 19a.	00	19b.		00
20.	Income Tax. Subtract the sum of lines 18b and 19b from line 17. If the sum of lines 18b and 19b is greater than line 17, enter "0"		20.		00
21.	Voluntary Contributions from Form 4642, line 6. Include Form 4642		21.		00
22.	Penalty for nonqualified withdrawal from Form 5792, <i>Michigan First-Time Home Buyer Savings Program,</i> line 5		22.		00
23.	USE TAX. Use tax due on Internet, mail order or other out-of-state purchases from Worksheet 1 (see instructions)		23.		00
24.	Total Tax Liability. Add lines 20 through 23	24.			00
REFU	INDABLE CREDITS AND PAYMENTS				
25.	Property Tax Credit. Include MI-1040CR or MI-1040CR-2		25.		00
26.	Farmland Preservation Tax Credit. Include MI-1040CR-5		26.		00
	FEDERAL			MICHIGAN	
27.	Earned Income Tax Credit. Multiply line 27a by 30% (0.30) and enter result on line 27b	00	27b.		00
28.	Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit (refundable). Include Form 3581		28.		00
29.	Credit for allocated share of tax paid by an electing flow-through entity (see instructions)		29.		00
30.	Michigan tax withheld from Schedule W, line 6. Include Schedule W (do not submit W-2s)		30.		00
31.	Estimated tax, extension payments and 2022 credit forward		31.		00
32.	2023 AMENDED RETURNS ONLY. Taxpayers completing an original 2023 return should skip to li Amended returns must include Schedule AMD (see instructions) .	ne 33.			
	32a. If you had a refund and/or credit forward on the original return, check box 32a and enter this amounegative number on line 32c.	unt as a			

If you paid with the original return, check box 32b and enter the amount paid with the original return, plus any additional tax paid after filing, as a positive number on line 32c. Do not include interest or penalty.

Continue on page 3. This form cannot be processed if pages 2 and 3 are not completed and included.

00

32b.

2023 MI-1040, Page 3 of 3	Filer's Full Soci	al Security Numbe	er <u></u>		
REFUND OR TAX DUE					
34. If line 33 is less than line 24, subtra		able, see instruc			00
35. Overpayment. If line 33 is greater	than line 24, subtract line 24 fro	m line 33	35.		00
36. Credit Forward. Amount of line 35	to be credited to your 2024 esti	mated tax for yo	our 2024 tax return	36.	00
37. Subtract line 36 from line 35			REFUND 37.		00
DIRECT DEPOSIT	b	Account Number	c. Type of Account		
Deposit your refund directly to your financial institution! See instructions and complete a, b and c.				1. Checking 2. S	Savings
Deceased Taxpayer. If Filer and/or Spour		iter dates below.		On. I declare under penalty of perj information of which I have any know	
Filer — —	Spouse —	_	Preparer's PTIN, FEIN or	SSN	
Taxpayer Certification. I declare under and attachments is true and complete to the best		on in this return	Preparer's Name (print or	type)	
Filer's Signature	Date		Preparer's Signature		
Spouse's Signature			<u> </u>	e, Address and Telephone Number	
	Date		Preparer's Business Nam	e, Address and Telephone Number	

Refund, credit, or zero returns. Mail your return to: Michigan Department of Treasury, Lansing, MI 48956

Pay amount on line 34 (see instructions). Mail your check and return to: Michigan Department of Treasury, Lansing, MI 48929

2023 MICHIGAN Schedule 1 Additions and Subtractions

	de with Form MI-1040. Type or					Attachment 01
Filer	's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	Filer's Full Soci	ial Security No. (Exan	ple: 123-45-6789)
						_
	litions to Income (all entries		• ,			
١.	Gross interest and dividends f (other than Michigan) or their		al subdivisions		1.	00
2.			by income, including self-employ			
	federal return, and allocated sh	nare of	tax paid by an electing flow-thro	ugh entity (see instructions)	2.	00
3.	Gains from Michigan column	of MI-	1040D and MI-4797		3.	00
4.	Losses attributable to other st	ates (see instructions)		4.	00
5.	Net loss from federal column	of you	r Michigan MI-1040D or MI-479	7	5.	00
	Oil, gas, and nonferrous metal	llic mir	neral expense. Enter amount from	m line 20 of Form 5889,		
	Michigan Report of Oil, Gas, ar	nd Noi	nferrous Metallic Minerals Extrac	tion - Income and Expenses	6.	00
7.	Federal Net Operating Loss d	educti	on included in AGI		7.	00
8.	Other (see instructions). Desc	ribe: _			8.	00
9.	Total additions. Add lines 1	throu	gh 8. Enter here and on MI-10	40, line 11	9.	00
Sub	tractions from Income (all	entri	es must be positive numbers)			
			s and other U.S. obligations inc			
			000		10.	00
11.			, from military retirement benefit		44	
	U.S. Armed Forces or Michiga	ın ıvatı	onal Guard, or taxable railroad r	etirement benefits	11.	00
12.	Gains from federal column of	Michig	gan MI-1040D and MI-4797		12.	00
13.	Income attributable to another	state	Explain type and source:		13.	00
14.	Taxable Social Security benef	its or ı	military pay (not retirement) incl	uded on MI-1040, line 10	14.	00
15.	Income earned while a reside	nt of a	Renaissance Zone (see instruc	ctions)	15.	00
			efunds received in 2023 and incl	,		
	• •		und received from an electing fl			00
17.		_	m, MI 529 Advisor Plan, and Mi			00
	Ello Exponenco i regium					
	•				18.	00
19.			nerals income. Enter amount fro Inferrous Metallic Minerals Extrac		19.	00
20.			empted under a State/Tribal tax Bulletin 1988-47		20.	00
21.			ogram. Enter amount from line 3 ogram. Include Form 5792		21.	00
	Time Flame Bayer Gaving	30110	g 111010000 7 01111 01 02			
22.	MRTMA/marihuana expense s	subtra	ction		22.	00
23	Miscellaneous subtractions (se	ee ins	tructions) Describe:		23.	00
			· - · · - /· = • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

2023 MICHIGAN Schedule 1 Additions and Subtractions

Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	Filer's Full Social Security No. (Example: 123-45-6789)
	Ļ		

Deduction Based on Year of Birth

Complete 24A through 24H if claiming the Michigan Standard Deduction, the retirement benefits deduction or the senior investment income deduction on lines 25, 26, 27, or 28. Check box(es) 24C and/or 24G **only** if you or your spouse received retirement benefits from employment with a governmental agency not covered by the federal Social Security Act (SSA exempt employment). **See instructions before continuing**.

oefo	re continuing.										
24.		FI	ILER				S	SPO	USE		
	A.	В.	C. Check if filer	D. Check if filer		E.	F.	T	G. Check if spouse	H. Check if spo	
	Year of Birth (19xx)	Age as of 12-31-2023	received benefits from SSA exempt employment	retired as of 01-01-2013 and born after 1952	Year of Birth as of received by from SSA		(10vv) as of		received benefits from SSA exempt employment	fits retired as on retired as	
25.			duction. Complete								
			e period January 1 Dete lines 26, 27 o					25.			00
											Τ
26.	-		duction. Complete				•				
			e period January 1 · 31, 2023. Do not					26.			00
			nount from line 16 orm 4884					27.			00
28.		, ,	deduction for taxp								
			return or \$27,424 of its (see instruction					28.			00
			unremarried survivir born before 1946 w								
29.	Subtotal. Add	lines 10 through	ı 28					29.			00
30.			on. Enter amount f lude Form 5674 .					30.			00
31.	Total Subtrac	tions. Add lines	29 and 30. Enter	here and on MI-	-10	40. line 13		31.			00
						,					

2023 MICHIGAN Pension Schedule (Form 4884) Issued under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, as amended.

Refer to the instructions and the questionnaire "Which Section of Form 4884 Should I Complete?" for additional assistance. Failure to complete this form in its entirety will result in your pension subtraction being denied.

Type or print in I	blue or black	ink.								Attachmen	t 23
1. Filer's First Na	ame		M.I.	Last Name				2. Filer's Ful	l Social Security No	o. (Example: 123-45-6789)
If a Joint Return,	Spouse's Firs	t Name	M.I.	Last Name			3. Spouse's	Full Social Security	No. (Example: 123-45-6	789)	
PART 1: FIL	ING INFO	RMATION									
4. Primary Filer Y	ear of Birth (ex	(. 19xx)					5. If a Joint Return, Spouse	Year of Birth (e	ex. 19xx)		
	ck here if you		ıalified	d retirement be	nefits earne	ed	from service by a fire, p	police, or co	unty corrections	retiree (see instruction	s to
	ck here if you loyment.	u were born a	after J	anuary 1, 195	7, were retir	red	as of January 1, 2013,	and receive	ed retirement ber	nefits from SSA exemp	t
PART 2: DE If you are receivi on your decease	ing retiremen	t and pension	bene	fits from a dece		se,	or are otherwise claimin	g the retirem	nent and pension	benefits subtraction bas	sed
7a. Deceased Sp	oouse Name				7b. [Dec	ceased Spouse Full Social	Security No.	7c. Deceased Sp	ouse Year of Birth (ex. 19	xx)
	ck here if you exempt emp		spous	e was born aft	er 1952, wa	as I	retired as of January 1,	2013, and r	received retireme	ent benefits from	
PART 3: RE	TIREMEN	T AND PE	NSI	ON BENEF	ITS (see	in	structions)				
							efits here (see Sche bouse if filing jointly) in		nefits from a dec	ceased spouse.	
Α	В		С		D			E		F	
Enter "X" for Private or Public	Enter "X" for Deceased Spouse	(Examp	le: 38	om 1099-R) -1234567) actions)	Distribution Code	on	Nam	e of Payer		Pension Amount Included in AGI	

	A B C D E F									
Enter	"X" for or Public	Enter "X" for Deceased Spouse	Payer FEIN (from 1099-R) (Example: 38-1234567) (see instructions)	Distribution Code	E Name of Payer	F Pension Amount Included in AGI				
						00				
						00				
						00				
						00				
						00				
						00				
						00				
	Check	here and co	omplete the <i>Michigan Pension</i>	Continuation	Schedule (Form 4973) if you have more than eight	00 aht sources of				
			ension Benefits.							

Filer's Full Social Security Number (Example:	123-45-6789)

PART 4: To determine which section below to complete, review the questionnaire: "Which Section of Form 4884 Should I Complete?" in the MI-1040 book. Complete only one of the sections below.

SECT	TON A:		
9.	Enter \$61,518 if single or \$123,036 if filling jointly	9.	00
	Enter military retirement benefits due to service in the U.S. Armed Forces or Michigan National Guard, or taxable railroad retirement benefits included in AGI from Schedule 1, line 11	10.	00
11.	Subtotal. Subtract line 10 from line 9. If line 10 is greater than line 9, enter "0"	11.	00
12.	Enter total public retirement and pension benefits, including public benefits received from a deceased spouse who died prior to 2023	12.	00
13.	Subtotal. Subtract line 12 from line 11. If line 12 is greater than line 11, enter "0"	13.	00
14.	Enter total private retirement and pension benefits, including private benefits received from a deceased spouse who died prior to 2023	14.	00
15.	Enter the smaller of lines 13 or 14	15.	00
16.	Total Retirement and Pension Benefits Subtraction. Add lines 12 and 15. Carry this amount to Schedule 1, line 27	16.	00
SECT	TION B:		
17.	Total Retirement and Pension Benefits Subtraction . Enter total retirement and pension benefits, including benefits received from a deceased spouse who died prior to 2023 (maximum \$20,000 if single or \$40,000 if filing jointly). If you checked box 24C and/or 24G on Schedule 1 or have military or railroad retirement benefits reported on Schedule 1, line 11, see instructions. Carry this amount to Schedule 1, line 27	17.	00
SECT	TION C:		
18.	Total Retirement and Pension Benefits Subtraction . If you checked box 24C and/or 24G on Schedule 1 and the older of you or your spouse was born after December 31, 1958 but before January 2, 1962, enter retirement and pension benefits you received, up to \$15,000 per eligible taxpayer. If you have military or railroad retirement benefits reported on Schedule 1, line 11, see instructions. Carry this amount to Schedule 1, line 27	18.	00
SECT	TION D:		
19.	Total Retirement and Pension Benefits Subtraction. Enter total retirement and pension benefits you received (maximum \$15,380 if single or \$30,759 if filing jointly). If you have military or railroad retirement benefits reported on Schedule 1, line 11, see instructions. Carry this amount to Schedule 1, line 27	19.	00

2023 MICHIGAN Voluntary Contributions and Anatomical Gift Donor Registry Schedule

Type or print in blue or black ink.							Attachmer	nt 18
Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name			Filer's Full Soci	al Security No	. (Example: 123-45-6789)	
					-			
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name			Spouse's Full S	ocial Security	No. (Example: 123-45-678	39)
Voluntary Contributions								
Use this schedule to make a do	nation f	rom your refun	nd to any of the	e organizat	tions listed below.	If you are	e not receiving a ref	und,
your donation will increase your	tax due	. Check the bo	x associated	with the do	llar amount you w	ish to cont	tribute in columns A	or B
or enter a specific dollar amount								
line in column D. For detailed de						form must	t be included with y	your
MI-1040 to ensure your contrib	utions	are properly	creaited to th	e designa	tea tuna(s).			
		Α.	В.		Other Amount eater than \$10)		D. Total Contributi	ion
American Red Cross Michigan	Fund	\$5	\$10	\$	00	1.		00
Animal Welfare Fund		\$5	\$10	\$	00	2.		00
Children Trust Michigan - Preventure Abuse Michigan - Preventure			\$10	\$	00	3.		00
4. Military Family Relief Fund		\$5	\$10	\$	00	4.		00
5. United Way Fund		\$5	\$10	\$	00	5.		00
6. Add column D, lines 1 through	5. Enter	total of column [O here and carry	amount to y	our MI-1040, line 21	6.		00
Anatomical Gift Donor Re An individual taxpayer willing to pa taxpayer's state income tax retu to the registry. More information re Please indicate below if the filer a donor registry program and make	articipat urn (MI- egarding nd/or sp	e in the anatom 1040) . Treasur g this program i ouse is willing,	y will forward the s included in the under the Mic	ne informat ne instructio higan Publi	ion to the Michigar	n Departme	ent of State to be add	ded
						Filer's Date	e of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy)	
a. Check here if the filer is w	rilling to p	participate in the	anatomical gift d	onor registry				
						Spouse's D	Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy)	
b. Check here if the spouse	is willing	to participate in t	the anatomical g	ift donor regi	stry			

Instructions for Form 4642, *Voluntary Contributions and Anatomical Gift Donor Registry Schedule*

Voluntary Contributions

Michigan taxpayers can contribute \$5, \$10, or more to any of the following funds on the *Voluntary Contributions and Anatomical Gift Donor Registry Schedule* (Form 4642). Contributions to these funds will increase your tax liability or reduce your refund.

American Red Cross Michigan Fund

The American Red Cross is always there for you and your community, helping to alleviate suffering caused by disasters big and small. The Red Cross shelters, and provides emotional support to Michigan residents and beyond; supplies about 40 percent of the nation's blood; teaches skills that save lives; provides international humanitarian aid; and supports military members and their families. By mobilizing the power of volunteers and the generosity of donors, the Red Cross responds to more than 60,000 disasters annually. In Michigan, last year more than 6,000 volunteers logged more than 200,000 hours assisting others. On average 91 cents of every dollar the Red Cross spends is invested in humanitarian services.

Animal Welfare Fund

The outside world can be a harsh, scary place for homeless pets. And throughout Michigan, small towns and big cities alike struggle to find the resources they need to provide medical care to the animals they rescue. Through the Animal Welfare Fund, the Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development provides grants to Michigan's registered animal shelters for spay/neuter and care programs for shelter dogs and cats up for adoption. Grants also help support many local anti-cruelty and animal care programs around the state. Shelters also use grant monies from your generous donations to help care for animals seized as part of animal cruelty and hoarding cases.

Children Trust Michigan - Prevent Child Abuse Michigan

We help our prevention partners share supportive resources with their community. These resources help prevent child abuse and neglect. Your support has funded nearly 22,000 community education sessions alone. This means over 176,000 Michigan children were helped. We help with countless programs within each community across the state. Our partners are ensuring that our Michigan children grow up in a safe, nurturing environment, allowing them to reach their full potential. Through your generosity over the years, we now reach all 83 counties with over 100 programs. Each checked box here has a significant impact on our mission. Thank you.

Military Family Relief Fund

The Military Family Relief Fund provides grants to qualifying families of military members in either the Michigan National Guard or Reserves who are called to active duty as a result of the national response to the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks or a national emergency.

United Way Fund

United Way fights for the health, education, and financial stability of every person in every community. By contributing to the United Way Fund, you're insuring that your dollars stay local and work to improve the lives of individuals and families in your community by providing for basic needs, including, but not limited to, food, clothing, and shelter. United Way's greatest strength is understanding the needs of local communities – but we're more than just a fundraiser. We mobilize thousands of volunteers, donors, and advocates across your community and the State of Michigan to help change lives through service, collaboration, and impact. Come join us and help Michigan Live United.

Anatomical Gift Donor Registry Schedule

Registering as an organ donor is an important step for anyone who decides to help others through the gift of organ, eye, and tissue donation. Anyone is a potential organ donor regardless of age or medical conditions. An organ donor can save up to eight lives and a tissue donor can heal up to 125 people. As an organ donor, your gift will be used to help others through transplantation, therapy, research and/or education. After registering, you will receive a donor heart sticker for your Michigan driver's license or state ID.

The Michigan Organ Donor Registry is a confidential database of residents who wish to be organ, eye, and tissue donors after death. Individuals who are already on the registry do not need to complete the donor registry schedule. To remove your name, contact the Michigan Department of State at www.michigan.gov/sos.

For more information, contact the Gift of Life Michigan at 1-866-500-5801 or **www.giftoflifemichigan.org** or 3861 Research Park Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48108.

Note: Treasury does not maintain a record of any individual's registry status.

Michigan I	Department	of T	reasurv	(Rev.	10-23).	Page	1 (of 3

					_
A	end	1	D - 4-		
Δm	ena	eni	KOTI	ırnı	

2023 MICHIGAN Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim MI-1040CR

Issued under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, as amended.

	or print in blue or black ink.											Atta	achment 05
1. File	r's First Name	M.I.	Last N	lame					2. Filer's Full	Social Sec	urity N	o. (Example: 12	:3-45-6789)
If a Joi	int Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last N	lame					-				
									3. Spouse's F	ull Social S	Security	y No. (Example:	123-45-6789)
Home	Address (Number, Street, P.O. Box	k). If using	a P.O. B	ox, you must co	omplete line	45.							
City or	Town				State	ZIP	Code		4. School Dist	rict Code (5 digits	s)	
5 Ch	eck the box(es) for which yo	ou or vou	ır epol	uso gualify (o	voludina	dono	ndon	c) If yo	u qualify for b	oth soo	inetri	etions	
a.	Age 65 or older; or an u	-			•		b. Γ	—i	, blind, hemip				legic or
". [who was 65 or older at				010011		∠. د	totall	y and permar	nently di	sable	d.	logio, oi
	23 FILING STATUS:			DENCY STA	ATUS:				hecked box "c," e				in 2023.
-	heck one.			nat apply.				Enter da	tes as MM-DD-Y	YYY (Exar	nple: 0		
a	Single	a 1	Reside	nı					FILER			SPOUSE	
b	Married filing jointly	b I	Nonres	ident		FR	OM:	-		2023			2023
с	Married filing separately (Include Form 5049)	c	Part-Ye	ar Resident *			TO:	-		2023			2023
8. i	Homestead Status												
Γ	Check here if the taxable va	lue of you	ur hom	estead include	es unoccu	pied fa	armla	nd class	ified as agricult	tural by y	our loc	cal assessor.	
	_	-				•			· ·				
9.	Homeowners: Enter the 20	023 taxa	ıble va	lue of your l	homestea	ad (se	e ins	truction	s). If you did	not			
	check box 8 above and ye										_		
	Farmers: enter the taxable	e value o	of your	homestead,	, includin	g eligi	ıble u	noccup	ied farmland .		9.		00
10.	Property taxes levied on yo	our home	e for 2	023 (see ins	structions	a) or a	amoui	nt from	line 51, 56 ar	nd/or 57	10.		00
	, ,			,		,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
11.	Renters: Enter rent you pa	aid for 20	023 fro	m line 53 ar	nd/or 55 .			11.		00			
12.	Multiply line 11 by 23% (0.2)	23)									12.		00
12.	Multiply life 11 by 25 % (0.2	23)									12.		100
13.	Total. Add lines 10 and 12										13.		00
	L HOUSEHOLD RESOUR					de inc	come	from b	oth spouses	S.			
If mar	ried filing separately, you	ı must ir	nclude	Form 5049	€.								
14.	Wages, salaries, tips, sick,	strike				一 :	21. S	ocial S	ecurity, SSI, a	and/or			
	and SUB pay, etc		14.		(00			retirement be		21.		00
15.	All interest and dividend in		4.5						pport and fos				
10	(including nontaxable inter	,	15.			00			ayments		22.		00
	Net business income (inclufarm income). If negative, e	_			(00 '		Inemplo ompens	sation		23.		00
	Net royalty or rent income.								eived or expe				
4.0	If negative, enter "0"		17.			00			your behalf		24.		00
18.	Retirement pension, annui IRA benefits		18.		(00		other no Describe	ontaxable inco e:	ome	25.		00
19.	Capital gains less capital lo		19.			00 2			veterans' disab ation/pension b		26.		00
20	(see instructions)		18.					•	other MDHHS				100
۷٠.	Describe:		20.		(00 '			other MDHHS iclude food ass		27.		00
28	SUBTOTAL. Add lines 14	through	27						SHE	ОТАІ	28.		00
20.	JUDIO IALI AUG III IOS 14	anougii	-,							→ ./\L	۷٠.		100

2023 N	MI-1040CR, Page 2 of 3		
	Filer's Full Social Security Number		
29	Enter subtotal from line 28	29.	. 00
30.		00	
31.	Medical insurance/HMO premiums you paid for you and your family (see instructions)	00	
32.	Add lines 30 and 31	32.	. 00
33.	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES. Subtract line 32 from line 29. If more than \$67,300, STOP; you are not eligible for this credit	33.	. 00
34.	Multiply line 33 by 3.2% (0.032) or by the percent in Table 2 (see instructions). If negative, enter	"0". 34.	. 00
35.	Subtract line 34 from line 13 and enter the amount here. If line 34 is greater than line 13, enter "and STOP ; you are not eligible for this credit		. 00
PAR	RT 1: ALLOWABLE COMPUTATION Complete one of the sections below, either A, B	, or C (se	e instructions).
SEC	CTION A: SENIOR CLAIMANTS (if you checked only box 5a)		
36.	Enter amount from line 35	36.	. 00
37.	Percentage from Table A (see instructions) that applies to the amount on line 33	%	
38.	Multiply line 36 by line 37. Enter amount here and on line 42 (maximum \$1,700)	38	. 00
SEC	CTION B: DISABLED CLAIMANTS (if you checked only box 5b, or both boxes 5a ar	ıd 5b)	
39.	Enter amount from line 35 here and on line 42 (maximum \$1,700)	39	. 00
SEC	CTION C: ALL OTHER CLAIMANTS (if you did not check box 5a or 5b)		
40.	Enter amount from line 35.	40.	. 00
41.	Multiply amount on line 40 by 60% (0.60). Enter amount here and on line 42 (maximum \$1,700)	41.	. 00
PAR	RT 2: PROPERTY TAX CREDIT CALCULATION All filers must complete this section	on.	
	Enter amount from line 38, 39 or 41, or from Worksheet 4 (see instructions) for FIP/MDHHS recipients		. 00
43.	Percentage from Table B (see instructions) that applies to the amount on line 33	%	
44.	PROPERTY TAX CREDIT. Multiply amount on line 42 by percentage on line 43. Enter amount hand if you file an MI-1040, carry this amount to MI-1040, line 25	nere 44.	. 00
	NOTE: Seniors who pay rent (including rent paid to adult care facilities): Comp. Worksheet 5 in the MI-1040 book and enter amount from worksheet on line 44 (maxir \$1,700).		

2023 N	MI-1040CR, Page 3 of 3								
2020	11-1040011, 1 age o oi o		Filer's Full So	ocial Security N	umber				
are c	RT 3: HOMEOWNERS WHO claiming a credit. Homesteads with	a taxable value	greater tha	an \$154,000	are not elig	jible for this cre		esteads for which	n you
45. A	Address where you lived on December 31, 20	23, if different than repo	orted on line 1	(Number, Stree	et, City, State, Z	P Code).		Taxable Value	00
46. A	Address of homestead sold (moved from) duri	ing 2023 (Number, Stre	et, City, State,	ZIP Code).				Taxable Value	
							22450		00
⊔om	eowners who moved during 2023	2 complete lines	47 through	h E 1	ł	A. Moved Into		B. Moved Fro	m
	Number of days occupied (total car					A. Moved mic		D. MOVEG 1 TO	
48.	Divide line 47 by 365 and enter per	rcentage here	,				%		%
	Property taxes levied for calendary						00		00
	Prorated property taxes. Multiply				_		00 51.		00
	Taxes eligible for credit. Add line T 4: RENTERS	3 50, COlullilis A al	10 B. EIIIEI	There and or	n iirie 10		51.		100
52.	A		В		С	D		E	
	Address of Homestead You Rented	I	downer's Name		# Mon			Total Rent Paid	
	(Number, Street, Apt. #, City, State, ZIP Code	e) (c	City, State and	ZIP Code)	Rente	ed Rent	T^{-}		\top
							00		00
							T		
	Total rent you paid (not more than 1						53.		00
55. 56. 57.	amounts paid on your behalf by a g If you checked box 54b, multiply li	ine 55 by 10% (0.7	10) (see ins	structions). E	Enter here a	nd on line 10	56.	box	00
	d. Adult Foster Care Home	e. Paid F	Room and B	3oard					ТП
N	Enter your prorated share of taxes						57.		00
58. IV	lame and Address (including City, State an	Id ZIP Gode) of Housii	ng Facility, La	naowner, or G	are Facility II y	'ou completed liftes	54 trii	ougn 57.	
DIR	ECT DEPOSIT	a. Routing Transit	it Number	b. A	ccount Number		c. T	ype of Account	
	osit your refund directly to your financial ution! See instructions and complete		1				Check		ngs
	s a, b and c.								
	eased Taxpayer. If Filer and/or Spouse ER DATE OF DEATH ONLY. Example: 04							der penalty of perjury t ch I have any knowled	
Filer	r — —	Spouse —			Preparer's PTIN	I, FEIN or SSN			
	Dayer Certification. I declare under per ttachments is true and complete to the best o		information in	this return	Preparer's Nam	e (print or type)			
	s Signature	т ту кномечуе.	Date		Preparer's Sign	ature			
Spou	ise's Signature		Date		Prenarer's Busi	ness Name, Address	and Te	elephone Number	
0,000					Toparo. 5 Dal.	nos rame, ranc	G11G .	olophono realiza.	
	By checking this box, I authorize Treas	sury to discuss my re	eturn with my	y preparer.					

If you are also filing Form MI-1040, include this form behind it. If not, mail this form to: Michigan Department of Treasury, Lansing, MI 48956

2023 MICHIGAN Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim for Veterans and Blind People MI-1040CR-2

Amended	Return	

Fire Fire Name	Type or print in	blue or black ink.								Attach	ment 06
Name Address (Number, Street, P.O. Bon) H using a P.O. Box, you must complete line 34. State ZIP Code 4. School Diemot Code (5 digits - see p. 19)	1. Filer's First Na	me	M.I.	Last Name	Last Name 2. Filer's Full Social Secu		urity No	urity No. (Example: 123-45-6789)			
State ZIP Code	If a Joint Return,	Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name							
State ZIP Code 4. School District Code (6 digits - see p. 19)	Llaws Address (N	week as Charat DO Day	() If i	DO Bay yang must a	I-4- lin-	24		3. Spouse's Full Social S	Security	No. (Example: 123	-45-6789)
5. 2023 FILING STATUS: Check one. a. Single b. Married filing jointly c. Married filing separately (include Form 5049) To Veteran with service-connected disability To Veteran with service-connected disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse of veteran or his/her surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse of veteran or his/her surviving spouse Enter percent of disability The year or veteran's surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War. World War II, or World War II. The year of "e" above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. 8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2	Home Address (N	umber, Street, P.O. Box	() II using a	P.O. Box, you must co	ompiete iine	34.					
Check one. a. Single b. Married filing jointly c. Married filing separately (include Form 5049) 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a. Blind and own your homestead c. Part-Year Resident 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a. Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service b. Veteran with service-connected disability reterant's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: self-applies of reterant surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: self-applies of reterant surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World War II, or World War II fil you check rd or re above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. 8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2. 8. Ou 9. Taxable Value of homestead. Homeowners: If greater than \$154,000, STOP; you are not eligible. 9. Taxable value of homestead. Homeowners: If greater than \$154,000, STOP; you are not eligible. 9. Ou 10. Property taxes levied on your home for 2023 (see instructions). 11. Percent of tax relief. Divide line 8 by line 9 (not to exceed 100%). 12. Multiply line 10 by line 11. Enter the result (maximum \$1,700). 13. Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc 14. All interest and dividend income (including net farm income). If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 16. Net royalty or rent income. (including nontaxable interest). 17. Ou 18. Capital gains less capital losses (see instructions). 18. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative, enter "0" 15. Ou 19. Alimony and other taxable income. If negative,	City or Town				State	ZIP Co	de	4. School District Code (5 digits	s - see p. 19)	
a. Single b. Married filing jointly c. Married filing separately (include Form 5049) 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a. Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **To* Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Duriving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Letter percent of disability: **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. **If you check 'd' or 'e' above and your home for 2023 (see instructions) 10. Property taxes levied on your home for 2023 (see instructions) 11. Percent of tax relief. Divide line 8 by line 9 (not to exceed 100%). 12. Multiply line 10 by line 11. Enter the result (maximum \$1,700) 13. Mayages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc. 13. Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc. 14. All interest and dividend income (including net farm income). If negative, enter '0' 15. 15. Net business income (including net farm income). If negative, enter '0' 15. 16. Net royally or rent income. 17. 17. 00 18. Capital gains less capital losses (see instructions). 19. Alimony and other tax		G STATUS:			ATUS:						023.
b. Married filing jointly c. Married filing separately (include Form 5049) 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a. Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service b. Veteran with service-connected disability reterant's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: * 4. Active military, pensioned veteran or his/her surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: * 8. * e. Surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World Warr II, or W	l ——			,			Enter date		ipie. 04		
c. Married fling separately (Include Form 5049) 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a. Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service b. Veteran with service-connected disability v.d. Active military, pensioned veteran or his/her surviving spouse or veteran surviving spouse or veteran surviving spouse or veteran or his/her surviving spouse or veteran deceased in service Let veteran surviving spouse or veteran deceased in service **Company of the military, pensioned veteran or his/her surviving spouse or veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service **Let veteran surviving spouse of a nondisable or nonepasioned veteran of his breat						FDO	4.				2022
Additional page parately (Include Form 5049) 7. Check one of the following that applies to you: a Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service b. Veteran with service-connected disability or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: *d. Active military, pensioned veteran or his/her surviving spouse or veteran's surviving spouse or a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World War I in World War I in I world	b. Married	I filing jointly	b1	Nonresident		FRO	vi:				2023
a. Blind and own your homestead c. Surviving spouse of veteran deceased in service b. Veteran with service-connected disability or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: % *e. Surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World War II, or World War II * If you check "d" or "e" above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. 8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2			c F	Part-Year Resident '	•	T	D:				2023
b. Veteran with service-connected disability or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: % *e. Surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World War II, or Worl	7. Check one o	f the following that ap	oplies to y	ou:							
or veteran's surviving spouse Enter percent of disability: *e. Surviving spouse of a nondisabled or nonpensioned veteran of the Korean War, World War II, or World War II. *If you check "d" or "e" above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. 8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2	a. Blind a	nd own your homeste	ead		С.	Surviv	ng spouse o	f veteran deceased in s	service	Э	
*If you check "d" or "e" above and your Total Household Resources (line 32) are more than \$7,500, you cannot claim a credit on this form. 8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2	1 ×. 1 1			pility	*d.	Active	military, pen	sioned veteran or his/h	er sur	viving spouse	
8. Taxable value allowance from Table 2	Enter p	ercent of disability: [%	*e.				pensio	oned veteran of th	e
9. Taxable Value of homestead. Homeowners: If greater than \$154,000, STOP; you are not eligible 9. 00 10. Property taxes levied on your home for 2023 (see instructions)	* If you check	"d" or "e" above and	l your Tota	al Household Resou	ırces (line 3	32) are r	nore than \$7	500, you cannot claim	a cred	dit on this form.	
10. Property taxes levied on your home for 2023 (see instructions)	8. Taxable	value allowance fr	om Table	e 2					8.		00
11. Percent of tax relief. Divide line 8 by line 9 (not to exceed 100%)	9. Taxable	Value of homestea	ad. Hom e	eowners: If great	er than \$	154,000), STOP; yo	ou are not eligible	9.		00
11. Percent of tax relief. Divide line 8 by line 9 (not to exceed 100%)	10. Property	taxes levied on vo	our home	e for 2023 (see in:	structions)	_	_	10.		00
12. Multiply line 10 by line 11. Enter the result (maximum \$1,700)				-							
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES. If filing a joint return, include income from both spouses. If married filing separately, you must include Form 5049 available on Treasury's website. 13. Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc	II. Percent	of tax relief. Divid	ue illie o	by life 9 (flot to e	xceeu 10	0 70)			11.		70
If married filing separately, you must include Form 5049 available on Treasury's website. 13. Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc									12.		00
13. Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc											
(including nontaxable interest)				13.	(1 -			20.		00
15. Net business income (including net farm income). If negative, enter "0" 15. 00 16. Net royalty or rent income. If negative, enter "0" 16. 00 17. Retirement pension, annuity, and IRA benefits. 17. 00 18. Capital gains less capital losses (see instructions). 18. 00 19. Alimony and other taxable income Describe: 19. 00 19. Alimony and other taxable income Describe: 19. 00 10. Very business income (including net compensation) 22. 00 23. Gifts received or expenses paid on your behalf. 23. 00 24. Other nontaxable income Describe: 24. 00 25. Workers'/veterans' disability compensation/pension benefits 25. 00 26. FIP and other MDHHS benefits (Do not include food assistance) 26. 00				14.					21.		00
16. Net royalty or rent income. If negative, enter "0"	15. Net busi	ness income (inclu	uding net	t	(. Unemploy	ment	22.		
17. Retirement pension, annuity, and IRA benefits	16. Net roya	Ity or rent income.				23	Gifts rece	ived or expenses			
18. Capital gains less capital losses (see instructions)	17. Retireme	ent pension, annui	ty, and			24	Other nor	taxable income			
19. Alimony and other taxable income Describe: 19. O0 26. FIP and other MDHHS benefits (Do not include food assistance) 26. Do not include food assistance) 27. Do not include food assistance)	18. Capital (gains less capital lo	osses			25	Workers'/ve	eterans' disability			
	19. Alimony	and other taxable	income			26	. FIP and ot	her MDHHS benefits			
ZI. SUBTUTAL, AUG lines 13 through Zb				<u> </u>				,	27.		00

2022	NAL 4	1040CR-2.	Daga	2 of 2
2023	IVII-	1040CR-2.	raue	2013

	Filer's Full Social Secur	rity Number	_		
28.	Enter subtotal from line 27			28.	000
20. 29.				70.]	[00
29.	Describe:	29.	00		
30.	Medical insurance/HMO premiums you paid for you and your family (see instructions).	30.	00		
31.	Add lines 29 and 30.			31.	00
32.	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES. Subtract line 31 from line 28. If more than \$67,300, STOP; you are not eligible for this credit			32.	00
33.	PROPERTY TAX CREDIT. (Maximum \$1,700). Enter one of the following a. FIP/MDHHS RECIPIENTS, enter amount from the FIP/MDHHS Bendb. If line 32 is more than \$58,300, see instructions and enter the reduction. ALL OTHERS, enter the amount from line 12. If you file an MI-1040, carry this amount to MI-1040, line 25	efits Works ed amount.		33.	000

PART 1: HOMEOWNERS WHO MOVED IN 2023. Report on lines 34 and 35 the addresses and taxable values of the homesteads for which you are claiming a credit. Homesteads with a taxable value greater than \$154,000 are not eligible for this credit.

creai	L.				
34. A	ddress where you lived on December 31, 2023, if different than reported on line 1.			Taxable Value	00
35. A	ddress of homestead sold (moved from) during 2023 (Number, Street, City, State, ZIP Code).			Taxable Value	00
					00
Home	eowners who moved during 2023, complete lines 36 through 44. Veterans: If	voll	HOME	STEAD	
	rented a homestead during 2023, complete lines 45 through 56.	,	A. Moved Into	B. Moved From	1
36.	Number of days occupied (total cannot be more than 365)	36.			
37.	Divide line 36 by 365 and enter percentage here	37.	%		%
38.	Property taxes levied for calendar year 2023	38.	00		00
39.	Prorated taxes. Multiply line 38 by percentage on line 37	39.	00		00
40.	Taxable value allowance (see Table 2)	40.	00		00
41.	Taxable value	41.	00		00
42.	Divide line 40 by line 41 and enter percentage here	42.	%		%
43.	Prorated credit. Multiply line 39 by line 42	43.	00		00
44.	Property tax credit. Add line 43 columns A and B. Enter here and on line 12. Part-year renters: do not carry to line 12; complete lines 45 through 56 instead		44.		00

Veterans who rent or all other individuals who are not required to file an MI-1040 should continue to and complete page 3.

Filer's Full Social Security Number	-		

PART 2: RENTERS (Veterans Only)

45.	Α		В			С			E	
	Address of Homestead You Rented (Number, Street, Apt. #, City, State, ZIP Code	I	ndowner's Nam (City, State and		5	# Months Rented	Monthly Rent		Total Rent Paid	
								00		00
								00		00
46.	Total rent you paid (not more than	12 months). Add	d total rent f	or each per	iod			46.		00
47.	Full-year renters, enter here and o	n line 10						47.		00
48.	Multiply non-homestead property instructions)	tax millage by 0	.001 (see C	redit Comp	utation I	Example	s in	48.		
49.	Full-year renters only, divide line	47 by line 48 to	get your tax	kable value	. Enter h	ere and	on line 9	49.		00
Part-	year renters, complete lines 50 th	rough 56						Г		
50.	Divide line 46 by the number of months you rented									00
51.	Multiply line 50 by 12 months									00
52.	2. Multiply line 51 by 23% (0.23). Service fee housing residents use 10% (0.10) (see instructions)									00
53.	3. Divide line 52 by line 48 to get your taxable value. Enter here and on line 9							53.		00
54.	4. Percent of tax relief. Divide line 8 by line 53 (not to exceed 100%)							54.		%
55.	Multiply line 47 by line 54							55.		00
56.	Add lines 44 and 55. Enter here ar	nd on line 12						56.		00
	ECT DEPOSIT	a. Routing Trans	sit Number	b.	Account N	umber		c. T	ype of Account	
	sit your refund directly to your financial tition! See instructions and complete a, b						10	Checki	ng _{2.} Savi	ngs
Dece ENTE	pased Taxpayer. If Filer and/or Spouse of DATE OF DEATH ONLY. Example: 04	died after December : -15-2023 (MM-DD-Y	31, 2022, enter YYY)	dates below.	this return	is based o	on all information o	re und	der penalty of perjury ch I have any knowled	that dge.
Filer		Spouse -					EIN or SSN			
Taxp and at	payer Certification. I declare under per ttachments is true and complete to the best of	nalty of perjury that th my knowledge.	e information in	n this return	Preparer	's Name (p	rint or type)			
Filer's	s Signature		Date		Preparer	's Signatur	е			
Spou	se's Signature		Date		Preparer	's Business	Name, Address a	and Te	elephone Number	
	By checking this box, I authorize Treas	ury to discuss my	return with m	y preparer.						

If you are also filing Form MI-1040, include this form behind it. If not, mail this form to: Michigan Department of Treasury, Lansing, MI 48956

2023 MICHIGAN Farmland Preservation Tax Credit Claim MI-1040CR-5 Issued under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, as amended.

Include with Form MI-1040. Type or print in blue or black ink.

1. File	er's First Name	M.I.	Last Name		2. Filer's F	ull Social Se	curity No.	Example: 123-45-67	89)
If a Jo	oint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name		3. Spouse	's Full Social	Security N	o. (Example: 123-45	-6789)
PAR	T 1: COMPUTATION OF C	REDI	I Complete a Schedule CR-5	before o	completing Pa	art 1.			
			Schedule CR-5, line 3, column F		, 0		4.		00
5.	Check this box if all of your are included in line 4.	our ta	xes that qualify for a Homestead	Property	y Tax Credit				
6.	,		5, enter the taxes on your home er a Farmland Developmental Rig			,	6.		00
7.	Total. Add lines 4 and 6						7.		00
8.	Total Household Resources fr	om M	II-1040CR, line 33,						
0			R-7, line 37	8.		00			
9.	Total Loss Adjustment from lir (must be less than zero)		, page 2	9.		00			
10.	Total Household Income, com	bine	lines 8 and 9	10.		00			
11.	Depletion allowance claimed	on yo	ur federal return	11.		00			
12.	Total. Add lines 10 and 11			12.		00			
13.	Total taxes on land covered b Agreement from line 4		mland Developmental Rights	13.		00			
14.	Multiply line 12 by 3.5% (0.03	5). If	negative, enter "0"	14.		00			
15.	Subtract line 14 from line 13			15.		00			
16.	Homestead Property Tax Cred MI-1040CR-2, line 33		m MI-1040CR, line 44 or	16		00	_		
17.	Total Property Tax Credits.	Add I	ines 15 and 16				17.		00
IF LII	NE 17 IS LESS THAN LINE 7,	CAR	RY THE AMOUNT FROM LINE 1	5 TO YO	OUR MI-1040,	, LINE 26,	AND ST	OP HERE.	
18.	If line 17 is greater than 7, en	ter the	e amount from line 7				18.		00
19.	Enter the amount from line 16	i					19.		00
20.	Subtract line 19 from line 18.	Enter	here and on Form MI-1040. line	26			20.		00

Continued on Page 2.

Attachment 03

Filer's Full Social Security Number		
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PART 2: NET BUSINESS/FARM LOSS Taxpayers that had a net loss from business or farm on MI-1040CR line 16, MI-1040CR-2 line 15, MI-	1040CR-7 line 21.	
21. Business income or (loss) from U.S. Form 1040	21.	00
22. Farm income or (loss) from U.S. Form 1040	22.	00
23. Net business income/farm loss, combine lines 21 and 22 (must be less than zero)	23.	00
PART 3: NET ROYALTY/RENT LOSS Taxpayers that had a net loss from royalty or rent on MI-1040CR line 17, MI-1040CR-2 line 16, MI-104	10CR-7 line 22.	
24. Rental, Real Estate, Royalty Loss from U.S. Form 1040 (must be less than zero)	24.	00
PART 4: NET OPERATING LOSS. If you do not have a federal NOL deduction, SKIP to line 33.		
25. Federal NOL deduction. Enter as a positive number	25.	00
26. Reported 2023 AGI without current NOL deduction	26.	00
27. Adjustments to AGI		
a. Taxable Social Security benefits and IRA deductions (see instructions)	27a	00
b. Capital losses in excess of capital gains (\$3,000 maximum)	27b.	00
28. Modified federal AGI. Add lines 26, 27a and 27b.	28.	00
29. Itemized Deductions or Standard Deduction. If you did not itemize, SKIP to line 29g.		
a. Medical and Dental Expenses	29a.	00
b. Taxes You Paid	29b.	00
c. Interest You Paid	29c.	00
d. Gifts to Charity	29d.	00
e. Casualty and Theft Losses		00
f. Other Itemized Deductions	29f.	00
g. If you did not itemize, enter the standard deduction	29a	00
30. Enter the total of lines 29a through 29f if you itemized, or the standard deduction from line 29g if you did not itemize		00
31. FMTI. Subtract line 30 from line 28. If line 30 is greater than line 28, enter "0"		00
32. Allowable Net Operating Loss Deduction. Enter the lesser of line 25 or line 31 as a negative number.		00
	02. [100
33. Total Loss Adjustment. Combine lines 23, 24 and 32. Carry to line 9, page 1 (must be less than zero)	33.	00

2023 MICHIGAN Home Heating Credit Claim MI-1040CR-7Issued under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, as amended.

Issued	I under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, (postmark) your claim by Septe	as amended.						Ar	mended Re	eturn 🔲
	er's First Name	M.I.	Last Name			JOK IIIK.	2. Filer's Full Social Security No. (Example: 123-45-6789)			
If a J	oint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name							
Hom	e Address (Number, Street, or P.O. Box)		<u></u>				3. Spous	e's Full Social Securi	ty No. (Example	e: 123-45-6789)
Hom	e Address (Number, Street, or F.O. Box)									
City	or Town		State	ZIP Code			4. Count	y Code (see instruction	ons)	
5. Cit	tizenship Status						6. Heat F	Provider Name Code	(see instructions	5)
а.	Filer is a U.S. citizen or qualified alien		oouse is a U.S qualified alien				7. Heat	Type Code (see instru	uctions)	
8.	2023 FILING STATUS:			CY STATUS	3:	*If you o	checked b	oox "c," enter dates of	Michigan reside	ency in 2023.
	Check one.	Ched	ck all that ap	oply.		Enter da		M-DD-YYYY (Examp		DUSE
a.	Single	а	Resident		FDOM			2023		2023
b.	Married filing jointly	b	Nonreside		FROM:			2023		
C.	Married filing separately (Include Form 5049)	с] Part-Year	Resident*	TO:			2023		
10.	Check the box if your heating costs rent (see instructions))	your spo	tions. Enter the no buse, or your depe see instructions if y	ndents and c	omplete line 17
11.	Check the box if you want to be reassistance programs for which yo					F	Persona You and yo	al Exemption our spouse only)		a
12.	Check the box if you or your spor Supplemental Security Income (\$					[Deaf, D	isabled or Blind		b
			Filer	Spouse	-			d Disabled Veter		C
13.	ENTER YOUR AGE if you are ag	ge 60 or olde	er			ſ	Ages	r of children living 2 and under	g with you:	d
14.	Amount you were billed for heat between 11/1/2022 and 10/3	31/2023			00	•	Ages	3-5		e
15.	If you lived in one of these CARE complex) for all of 2023, check the	E facilities (n	ot a senior STOP here	apartment , see instru	ctions.		• Ages 6-18 f.			
	a. Nursing Home			ılt Foster C		ne y	Depend your sp	lent adults, other ouse, who live wi	than ith you	g
	c. Licensed Home for the A	\ged •	d. Sub	stance Abu	ıse Cen	iter /	Add line	es 16a through 16	6g	h.
17.	You MUST enter below the name, You MUST also check each box to							S. citizen or qualifi	ed alien.	
	A. Household Member's Name	B S	ocial Security	v Number	C Ac	ge in Ye	pare	D. Enter "	X" for all that	apply or qualified alien
	74 Household Member & Haine		Join Goodin	y Italiiboi	0.748	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	or quantion unon
					ļ					
							T			
LIf	you have more than four (4) hou	sehold mem	nbers, com	plete Home	Heatin	g Cred	dit Clain	n <i>MI-1040CR-7</i> S	upplementa	/ (Form 4976).
		18.	You m	ust check t	this box	k to re	ceive a	refund from yo	our heat pro	vider for

any overpayment to your heat account, if eligible (see instructions).

2023 N	II-1040CR-7, Page 2 of 2	Filer's Full Social Secu	urity Numl	her				
TOT	AL HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES. If filing a		•		n hoth snow	1000	If married filing	
	rately, you must include Form 5049 ava	-			n both spou	ises.	ii married illing	
_	Wages, salaries, tips, sick, strike and SUB pay, etc	00	26. S	Social Security ailroad retirem		26.		00
20.	All interest and dividend income (including nontaxable interest) 20.	00	27. C	Child support a parent paymen	ind foster			00
21.	Net business income (including net farm income). If negative, enter "0" 21.	00	28. U	Jnemployment compensation.	t			00
22.	Net royalty or rent income. If negative, enter "0"	00	29. G	Gifts received on your be	or expenses			00
23.	Retirement pension, annuity, and IRA benefits	00	30. C	Other nontaxab Describe:	ole income.	30.		00
24.	Capital gains less capital losses (see instructions)	00	31. V	Vorkers'/veteran	s' disability			00
25.	Alimony and other taxable income. Describe: 25.	00	32. F	IP and other M Do not include fo	IDHHS benefit	S		00
33.	Add lines 19 through 32			<u></u>	SUBTOTAL			00
34.	Other adjustments. Describe:			34	00)		
25	Madical incomes or LIMO pressiones waid			25	0.0			
	Medical insurance or HMO premiums paid Add lines 34 and 35			35	[00	<u>り</u> 36.		00
37.	Subtract line 36 from line 33	TOTA	L HOU	SEHOLD RE	SOURCES	. 37.		00
Stan	dard and Alternate Home Heating Credi	t Computations						
	STANDARD CREDIT. Standard allowance fro			38.	100	וֹס		
	Multiply line 37 by 3.5% (0.035) (if negative, er				00	_		
	Subtract line 39 from line 38 for standard cred greater than line 38, enter "0"	lit amount. If line 39	9 is		00	1		
41.	If you checked the box on line 10, multiply the and on line 46. (If approved, the final amount a	amount on line 40	by 50%	6 (0.50). Enter		- 41.		00
42.	ALTERNATE CREDIT. Total heating costs from line 14 or \$3,500 (whichever is less)	m		42.	00			
43.	Multiply line 37 by 11% (0.11) (if negative, ente			43.	00			
44.	Subtract line 43 from line 42. If line 43 is great	er than line 42, ent	ter "0".	44.	00)		
45.	Multiply line 44 by 70% (0.70) for alternate cre				00)		
46.	If you completed line 41 enter that amount her	e. Otherwise enter	the lar	ger of lines 40	or 45 here	46.		00
47	HOME HEATING CREDIT. Multiply line 46 by	, 56% (0.56)				47.		00
Dece	pased Taxpayer. If Filer and/or Spouse died after Decen ER DATE OF DEATH ONLY. Example: 04-15-2023 (MM-D	mber 31, 2022, enter date		Preparer Certi	ification. I decla	are unde	I er penalty of perjury that th I have any knowledge.	
Filer	— Spouse	— —	7	Preparer's PTIN				
	payer Certification. I declare under penalty of perjury ttachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge		his return	Preparer's Name	(print or type)			
	Signature	Date		Preparer's Signa	ture			
Spous	se's Signature	Date		Preparer's Busine	ess Name. Addre	ss and T	Felephone Number	
Ĺ				,	_,		,	
	By checking this box, I authorize Treasury to discuss	my return with my p	reparer.					

Mail your claim to: Michigan Department of Treasury Lansing, MI 48956

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The information in this publication is available, upon request, in an alternative, accessible format.

