Shabatz Legal Services

Model Active Citizen Template 2021

By the Clergy at:

The Zionst Temple of 1875 for Orphans and Widows

The Zion Church of the Evangelical Association



SHABATZ LEGAL SERVICES IS A SUBSIDIARY OF THE ZION CHURCH OF THE EVANGELICAL ASSOC.

Introduction

Shabatz Legal Services is subsidiary of the Zion Church of the Evangelical Association (also known as the Zionst Temple of 1875) and specializes in assisting clients protect their religious rights during the covid era and a time of mandatory vaccinations. As of date, October 2021, some schools and employers are implementing mandatory vaccinations.

Each state is operating individually, but according to Massachusetts, 197 U.S. 11 (1905) (a United States Supreme Court case) in which the Court upheld the authority of states to enforce compulsory vaccination laws. The Court's decision articulated the view that individual liberty is not absolute and is subject to the police power of the state.

Based on the current climate, Shabatz Legal Services has developed a strategic plan designed to "get ahead" of the possible future requirements of "mandatory vaccinations".

TheZionChurch.org website details the *Five Point Plan* we developed to help protect your legal rights during the Covid Era:

- 1. Religious or Health Proclamation
- 2. Vaccination or Health Exemption Affidavit
- 3. Covid Health and Nutrition Plan Affidavit
 - 4. Publish Documents on Public Record
- 5. Execute *Model Active Citizen* Template

Learn more at www.thezionchurch.org/legal-office

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A. The Model Active Citizen

It is the position of Shabatz Legal Services, that the Model Active Citizen is the type of citizen that one should imitate, particularly in 2021 during the *covid era*, as well as the *data collection artificial intelligence era*.

For the purposes of this document, we will discuss the actions of the best type of citizen, an 'Active Citizen', a "*Model Active Citizen*". In this instance, the term "model" means - a system or thing used as an example to follow or imitate.

According to the Blacks Law Dictionary, 5th Edition:

A **Citizen** is, one who under the Constitution and laws of the United States, or of a particular state, is a member of the political community, owing allegiance and being entitled to the enjoyment of full civil rights. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the state wherein they reside.

United States Constitution, 14th amendment

Civil means all or relating to the state or its citizenry. Relating to private rights and remedies sought by civil actions as contrasted with criminal proceedings. The word is derived from the Latin *civilis*, a citizen. Originally, pertaining or appropriate to a member of a *civitas* or free political community; natural or proper to a citizen. Also, relating to the community, or to the policy and government of the citizens and subjects of a state.

Civic means pertaining to a city or citizen or to citizenship.

The younger one starts the actions and behaviors of a **Model Active Citizen**, the better. Encouraging young people to be active in their community is important for promoting life-long civic participation.

Civic engagement or civic participation is any individual or group activity addressing issues of public concern. Civic engagement includes communities working together or individuals working alone in both political and non-political actions to protect public values or make a change in a community. Volunteering is a common form of civic participation that can yield health benefits.

Civic participation encompasses a wide range of formal and informal activities. Examples include voting, participating in the electoral process, volunteering, participating in group activities, and community gardening.

Some U.S. civic expectations:

- Obeying the law. Every U.S. citizen is expected to obey federal, state and local laws, and pay the penalties that can be incurred when a law is broken.
- Paying taxes
- Serving on a jury when summoned.
- Registering with the Selective Service (military service after being drafted)

B. Levels of Government

Local, County, State, and Federal Government

Here we will review four levels of government. At each level of government, there are "officials", some elected some not, that are paid tax dollars to represent and work for "the people" collectively.

The **United States Constitution** is the supreme law of the land. Local, county, and state governments may create laws, but those law cannot override or disagree with the United States Constitution.

Constitution of the United States

Written in 1787, ratified in 1788, and in operation since 1789, the United States Constitution is considered by some as the world's longest surviving written charter of government. Its first three words – "We The People" – affirm that the government of the United States exists to serve its citizens. The supremacy of the people through their elected representatives is recognized in Article I, which creates a Congress consisting of a Senate and a House of Representatives. The positioning of Congress at the beginning of the Constitution affirms its status as the "First Branch" of the federal government.

The Constitution assigned to Congress responsibility for organizing the executive and judicial branches, raising revenue, declaring war, and making all laws necessary for executing these powers. The president is permitted to veto specific legislative acts, but Congress has the authority to override presidential vetoes by two-thirds majorities of both houses. The Constitution also provides that the Senate advise and consent on key executive and judicial appointments and on the approval for ratification of treaties.

Your **local government** may be your city, municipality, township, village, or possibly your county government. Your local government may include a Mayor and City Councilpersons or a similar form. Your local government may provide services such as:

- Education.
- Zoning regulations.
- police/fire protection.
- public utilities.
- transportation.
- social services.
- recreation.
- public maintenance.

Your *county government* may also be your local government. **County governments** serve a larger geographical area than cities and towns, but a smaller area than states. They are created by the state government and typically operate under provisions set out in the state constitution and they are essentially administrative units of the state.

County government is typically an elected commission, which generally consists of a small number of commissioners, serves as the governing body within the county, performing all legislative and executive functions including adopting a budget, passing county resolutions, and hiring and firing county officials. There is more than one way that county government is structured.

Although the tasks they perform can vary from state to state, most counties have a courthouse that houses county officials, such as the *sheriff, the county clerk, the assessor, the treasurer, the coroner, and the engineer*. These officials carry out a variety of important functions and oversee the responsibilities of running a county government. For instance, the county coroner investigates the cause of death when suspicious circumstances are present. The *county clerk* oversees the registration of voters and also certifies election results for the county. In addition, this officeholder typically keeps the *official birth, death, and marriage records*. The *county treasurer* oversees the collection and distribution of funds within the county, while the *county assessor* conducts *property tax* evaluations and informs individual citizens or business owners of their right to contest the appraised value of their property.

Finally, a *county engineer* will oversee the maintenance and construction of county infrastructure. In short, counties help to maintain roads and bridges, courthouses and jails, parks and pools, and public libraries, hospitals, and clinics. In provide these services, county governments typically rely on property tax revenue, a portion of sales tax receipts, and funds from intergovernmental transfers by way of federal or state grants.

The State

A state, and its government may be considered a sovereign political entity, an organization of society, a <u>body politic</u>, the institutions of <u>government</u>. The state is a form of human association distinguished from other social groups by its purpose, the <u>establishment of order and security</u>; its methods, the laws and their enforcement; its territory, the area of jurisdiction or geographic boundaries; and finally by its <u>sovereignty</u>.

A **state government** is a unit of government that specifically makes and enforces laws for a state. The United States of America is said to be made up of 50 states, yet in actuality the states may be better termed 'nation-states'. Several modern nations, such as the United States, Australia, and India, utilize state governments to administer to the local needs of an area. In modern nations, state governments have certain **reserved powers**, specific powers and responsibilities that the national government does not have.

Typically, state governments are responsible for administering to the local needs and problems of a particular state or region. The powers and responsibilities of state governments are usually laid out in a **state constitution**. In the United States, each of the fifty states has a state constitution that spells out who has power, how the power is shared, how policy can be made, what rights the citizens of the state have, and how elections are conducted.

In general, state governments are responsible for regulating trade within state borders and for establishing regulations for local corporations. State governments also administer to the needs of the many smaller local governments by establishing charters for county and city government. State governments play a strong role in regulating the educational system of their states and establishing licensing rules for professionals who practice in the state.

The Federal Government

The United States government is a federal system in which the federal and state governments share power, and the United States Constitution outlines the responsibilities of the federal government.

The Federal Government is responsible for the conduct of national affairs. The Federal Government is also involved, mainly through funding, in many things largely carried out by the States, such as health, education, environmental issues, industrial relations, etc.

Only the federal government can regulate interstate and foreign commerce, declare war and set taxing, spending and other national policies.

These actions often start with legislation from Congress, made up of the 435-member House of Representatives and the 100-member U.S. Senate. Each of the 50 states receives two senators regardless of its population size. The number of representatives each state receives depends on the state's population. Bills that Congress approves then go to the president to sign <u>into law</u> or reject with a veto.

The president serves as commander-in-chief of the United States Armed Forces, directs how military weapons will be used, where to deploy troops and where ships are sent. The military's generals and admirals take their direction from the president.

The United States Constitution

Article I

- Section 8
 - Clause 1
 - The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties,
 Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common
 Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties,
 Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States

Active Citizens are active participants in the political process of the community they live in. They are, or seek to be, informed on local, county, state, and federal issues, especially those that directly affect their family.

Active Citizens vote for their interests and communicate with their elected officials of "what their position is" regarding the wide array of issues that affect their community.

Active Citizens:

- o are active participants at their child's school, parent teacher association and assists the teacher and principal in hosting parent meetings
- o attend neighborhood association meetings to share information, concerns, and issues that relate to the well-being of their community/ neighborhood. They also attend to listen to their neighbors. If they don't have a local neighborhood association, they work with neighbors to help to start one.
- attends city commission, county commission meetings (elected officials)
- stay abreast of news, current events, interests, issues, and concerns in the community
- attends events of people who are running for elected office
- o active Citizens are informed voters, that practice their voting rights.
- o active Citizens have issues, problems, or concerns about their community, they share with their elected officials, local, county, or state officials.

C.

How to communicate with all levels of government

Instructions for using your Religious Proclamation, Vaccination Exemption Affidavit, Covid Health and Nutrition Plan Affidavit, and Public Record Publications.

- 1. Use your home address to do an internet search your elected officials on all governmental levels. Make a list of names, mailing address, phone number, and email.
- 2. Mail a letter to each elected officials on the local, county, state, and federal levels. Each elected official is voted into office to represent your interest. They will not know what your interests are unless you tell them. If they do not support your interests, then in the next election support another candidate. Elected Official include county representatives, school board members, State Representatives, Senators and Congressman.
- 3. You may also want to send this letter (or a similar one) to your employer, your children's school, the school district superintendent, or anyone else that may need to be notified of your legal and public position.

You want to let them know the- *who*, *what*, *when*, *where*, *and why* - of everything involving you, your family, and your most pressing issues (including vaccinations). If appropriate, you can share the online link or location of documents you may have on public record (such as your religious proclamation).

D.

Sample Letter to Elected Officials/ Sample Model Active Citizen Letter

Elected Official/ Employer/ School Address

Date	
Your name	
Address	
Phone or Email	
Dear elected official, school, and or emp	loyer,
My name is in the state of	_ and I live in the county of I am a citizen/national in
the city of active citizen and inform my elected offi most pressing issues in my community. I representing the interests of the citizens,	. I am taking time out of my day to be an cials and others on my position on the
economy, healthcare, Supreme Court apprior violent crime, foreign policy, gun policy economic inequality, climate change, an	, race and ethnic inequality, immigration,

In the matter of vaccinations, I have chosen to proclaim my religious rights and choose not to take any vaccinations. I have registered my documents with a religious government, and they can be found on public record at www.thelunarvisitor.com/public-record. My documents are Registration #XYXZ123 for your review, and include the following documents:

- 1. Religious Proclamation
- 2. Affidavit of Fact: Vaccination Exemption
- 3. Covid Health and Nutrition Plan
- 4. Where my documents can be on Public Record https://thelunarvisitor.com/public-record

In the future, I hope that you will support community members that

Give list of Interests:

Example: choose not to be vaccinated. It is the right of each individual to choose whether they want to take vaccinations or not.

Thank you,

Sign Name

Write Name

E. Sample List of Elected Officials

(Collect name, mailing address, phone number, email)

School Board President/ Superintendent
County Commissioners
Mayor/ City Commissioners
State Governor
State Representative
Senator
Congressman

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References

Study.com

Brittannica.com

Blacks Law Dictionary





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