

# **Technical / Economic Analysis of Bamboo Fiber in Pulp and Paper Manufacture**

## **Part 2 - Economic Potential for Bamboo Utilization in an Uncoated Freesheet Mill**

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# What must you believe to become interested in Bamboo Utilization in an Uncoated Freesheet Mill?

- 1. Bamboo species tested are better than or equal to mixed southern hardwoods**
  - *Bamboo fibers can substitute for a significant portion of hardwood fibers with equal or better fiber and paper properties*
- 2. Bamboo chips at \$70-80 per BDT are generally lower cost than the highest cost hardwood chips to the digester**
- 3. Mill performance in USA is largely unknown and remains to be tested**
  - *Prove pulp Yield and bleachability superiority*
  - *Prove retention of bamboo fines released in pulping are retained in final product*

# Outline

- **Pulping and Fiber Properties**
- **Bleaching**
- **Handsheet properties**
- **Economic application scenarios**

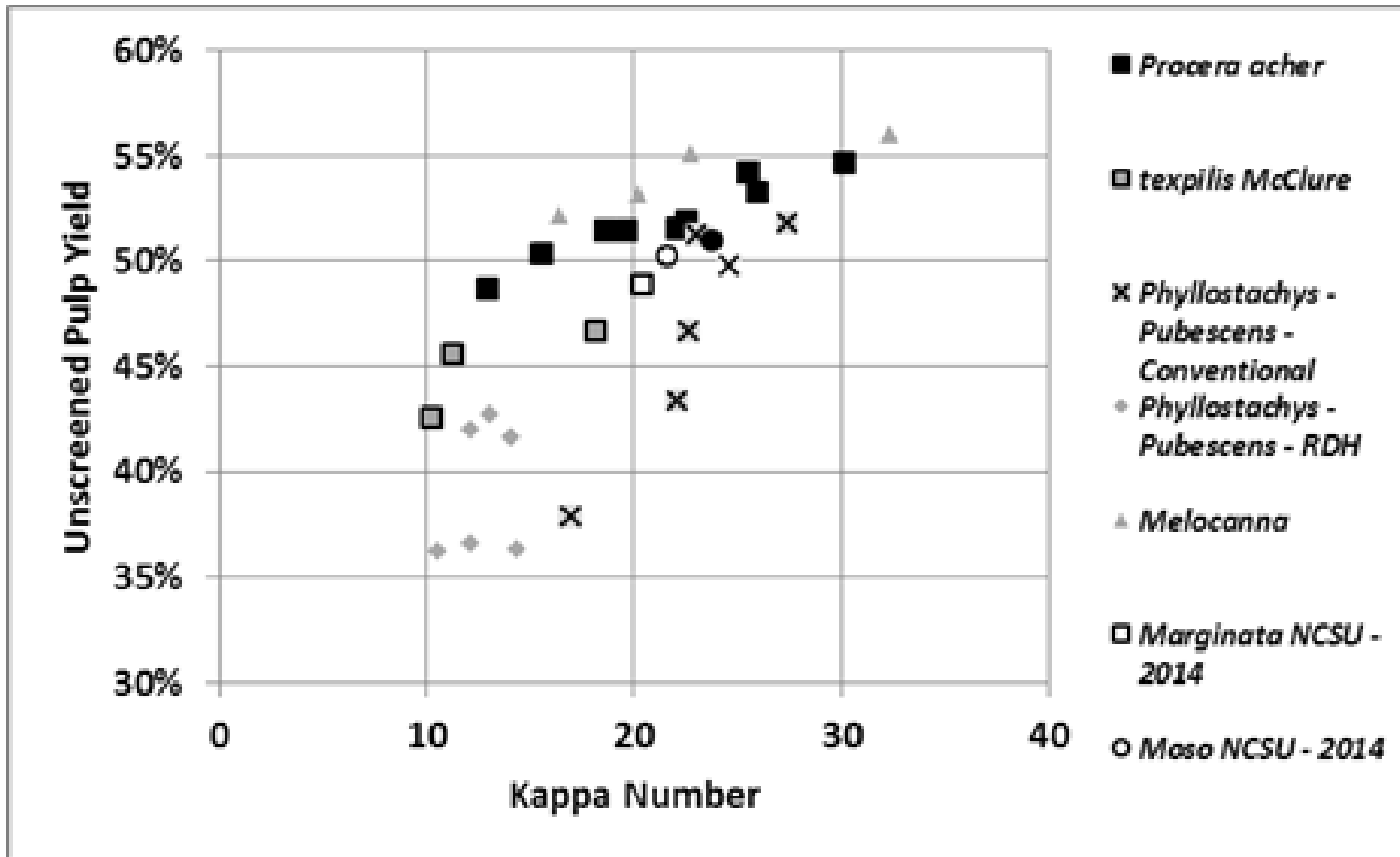
# **Pulping and Fiber Properties**

**Yield  $\geq$  than mixed southern hardwood**

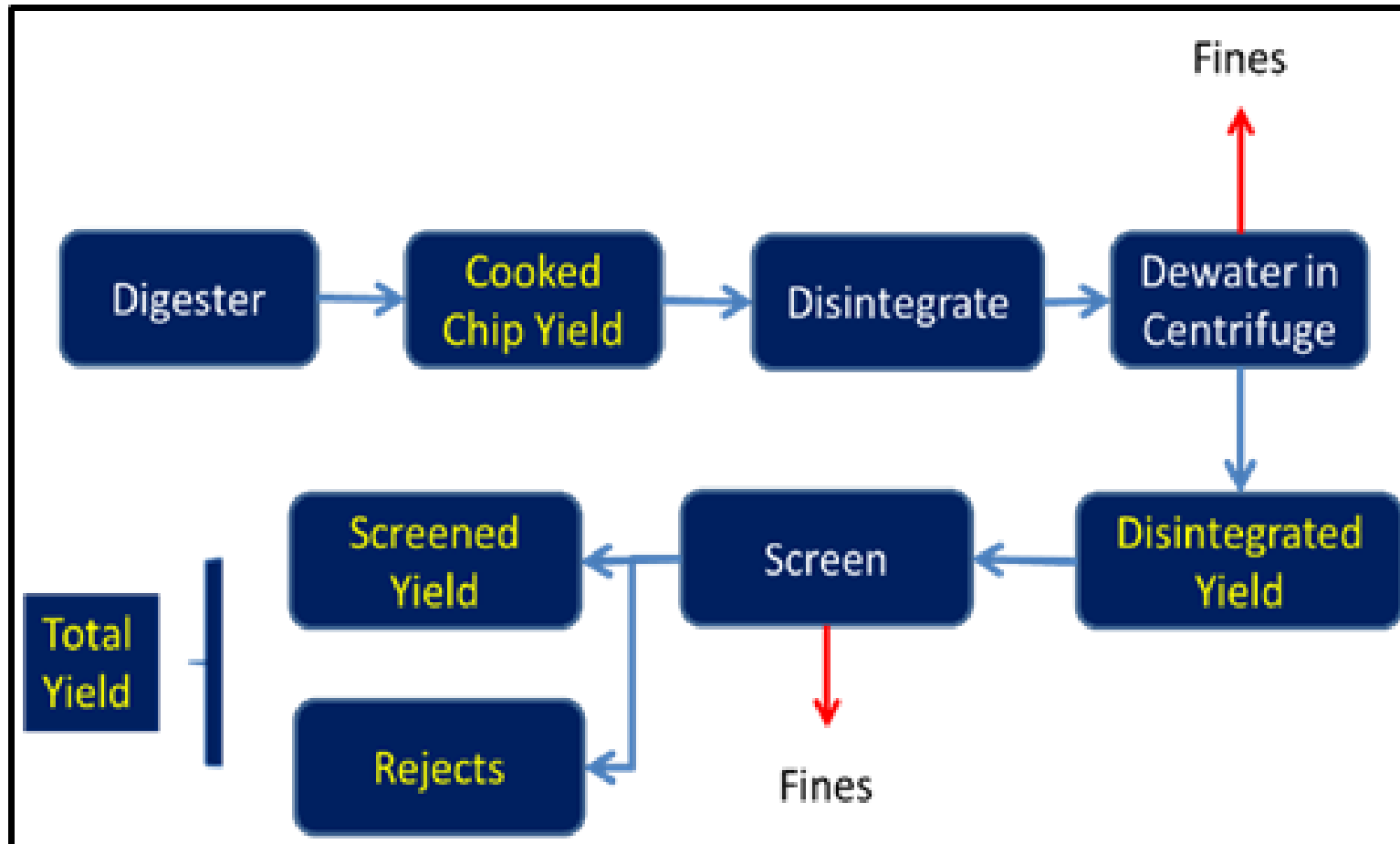
**Fiber properties between hardwood and softwood**

**Very low coarseness**

# Literature pulp yield is all over the map

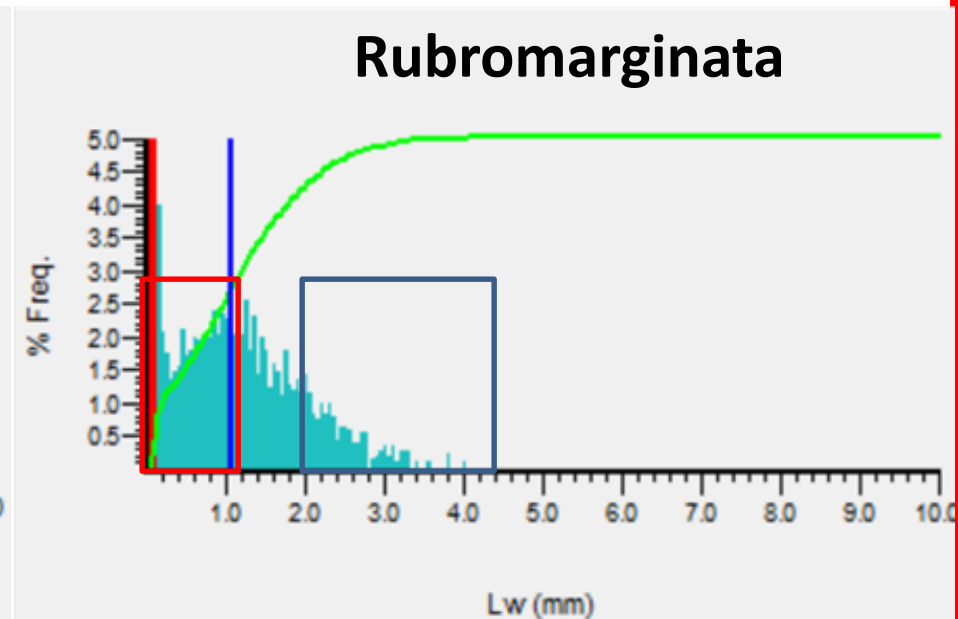
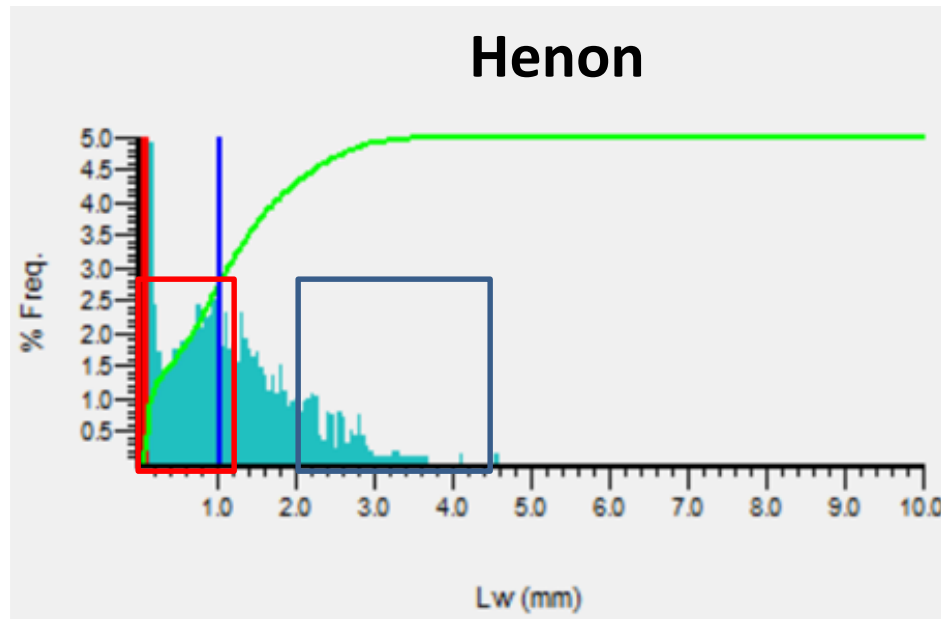


# Likely because fines have great potential for loss in lab process



High Fines content requires careful pulping and bleaching lab technique`

# Unusual Fiber Length Distribution



**Both long fiber (blue box) and fines (red) are higher than mixed southern hardwoods**

# Fiber Properties

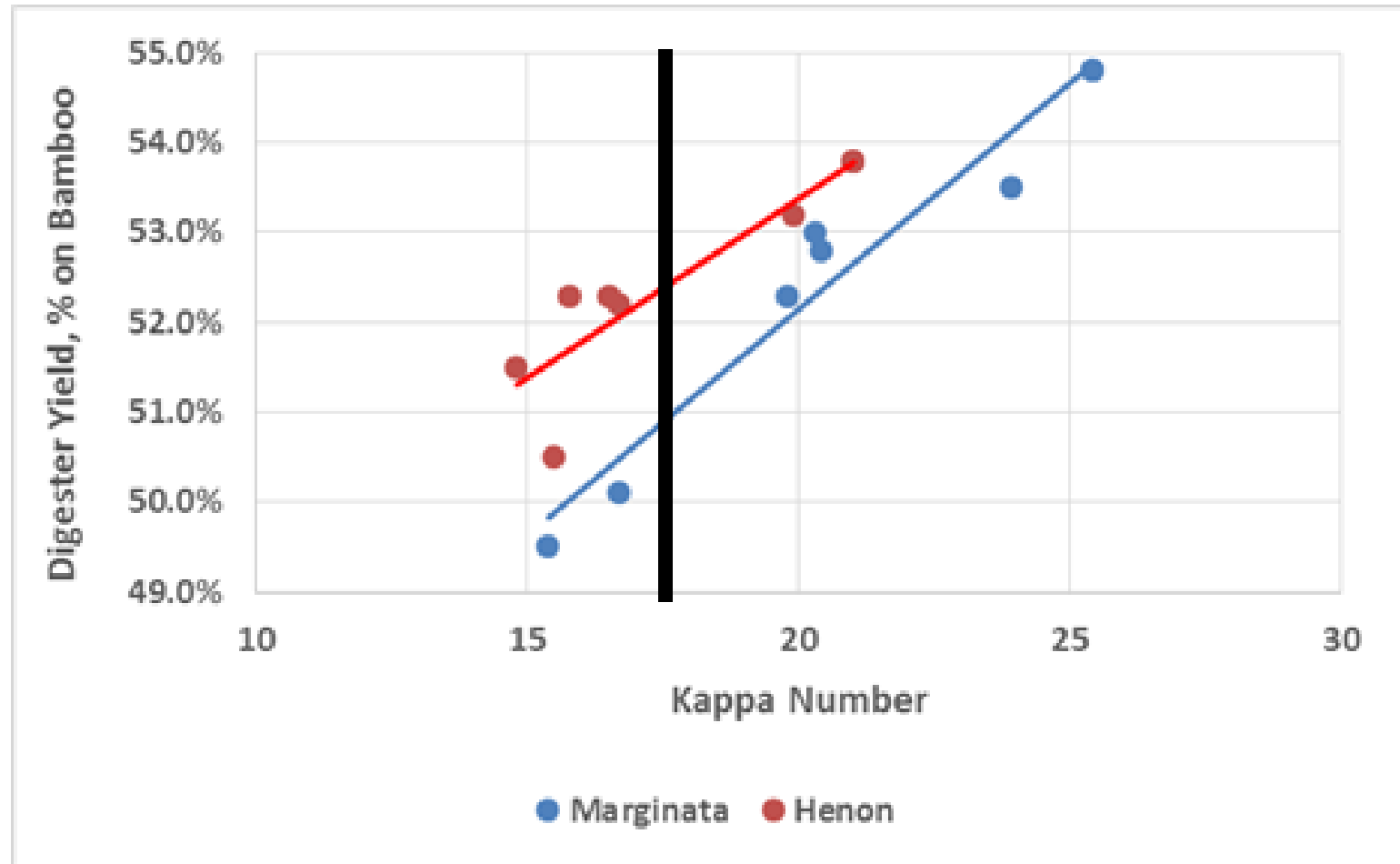
Equal or better for fine papers than BHKP/BEK

World of Market Pulp [2]					
	NBSK Black Spruce	SBSK Loblolly Pine	SBHK,	BEK Globulus	Bamboo Blue Meana
Fiber Length <sub>w</sub> , mm	2.3	2.45	.978	0.719	1.1
Length – Weighted fines, %	3.34	4.41	13.7	5.25	20.5
Coarseness, mg per 100m	14.3	23.8	10.2	7.45	9.32
This Study					
	Henon	Rubro-Marginata			
Fiber Length <sub>w</sub> , mm	1.246	1.198			
Length – Weighted fines, %	12.61	14.74			
Coarseness, mg per 100m	4.5	5.1			

- **Weight-Average Fiber less than SBSK but greater than SBHK and BEK**
- **Fines content in our study ~ SBHK**
- **Coarseness lower than comparisons**

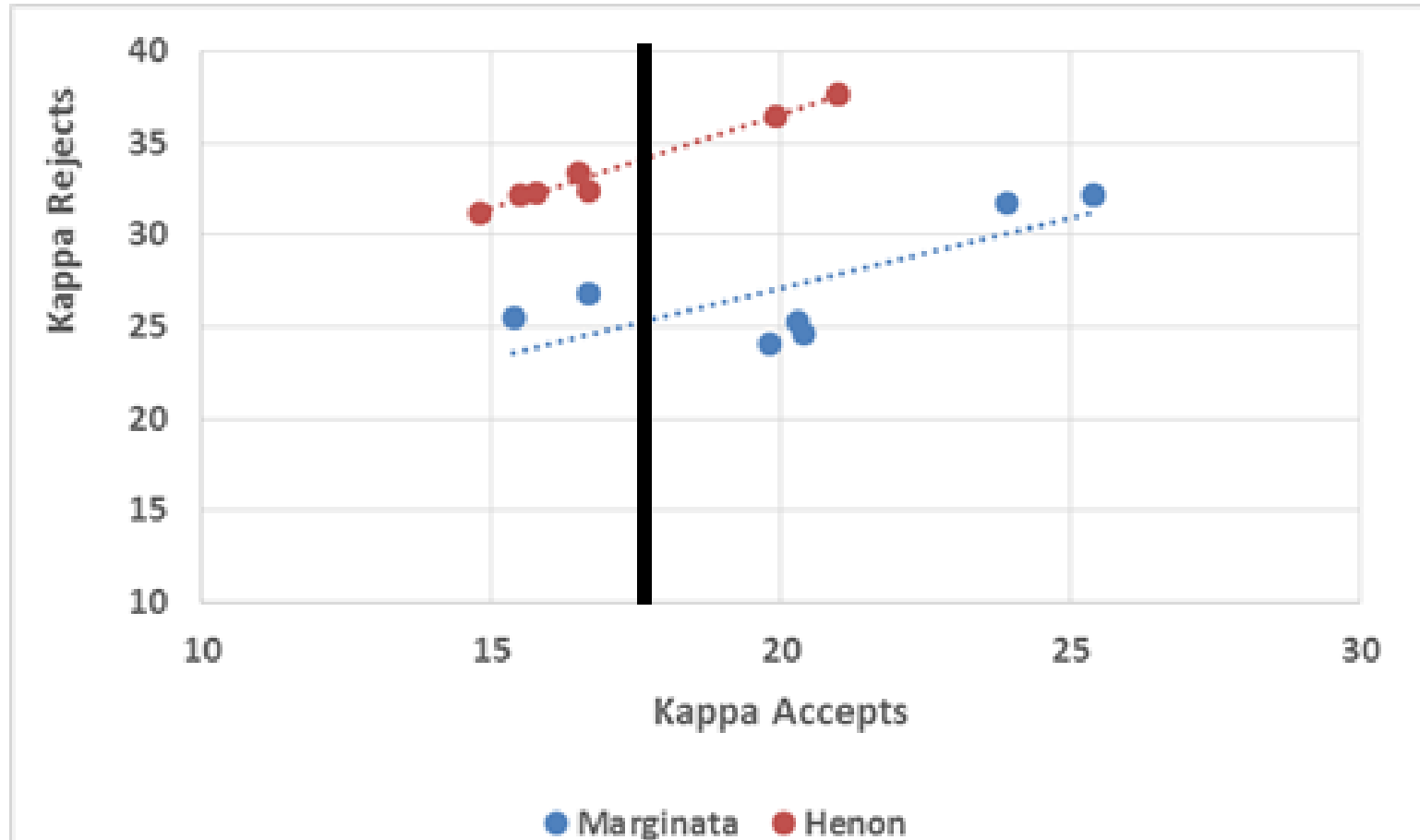


# Digester Yield vs Kappa Number



- Yield is “Cooked Chip Yield” in flowchart

# “Rejects” are not really “rejects”



- Rejects are after British Disintegrator but can be broken up by hand to fibers
- Visualize simple refiner before screening

# **Bleaching**

**Bleachability  $\geq$  mixed southern  
hardwoods**

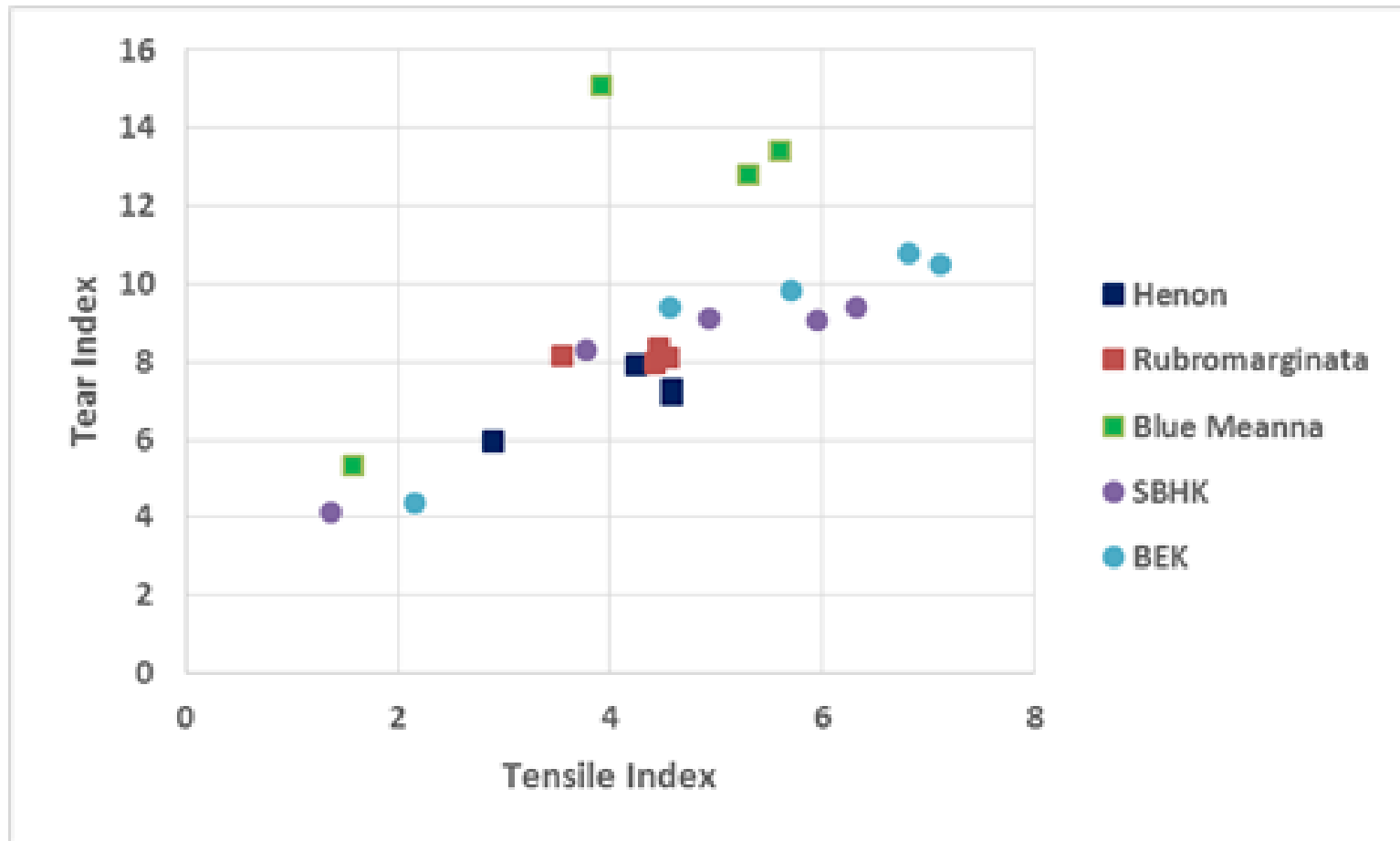
# Bleachability

<b>Henon</b>	
<b>Oxygen Delignification:</b>	<b>2% NaOH-10% Cons-100 psig-100C-60 min</b>
<i>Henon-14.3% AA-25% S-H1200-152C-17.8K</i>	
<b>Oxy Pulp Yield%-94.8</b>	<b>Kappa number-8.3</b>
<b>Bleaching</b>	
<b>Do stage: 0.22kf (0.69% ClO<sub>2</sub>), 70C, 10% cons., 1 hr.</b>	
Final pH	3.4
Residual gpl	0.02
<b>EoP stage: 0.91% NaOH, 0.5% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, 70C, 10% cons., 1 hr. O<sub>2</sub>-70 psig</b>	
Final pH	10.9
P#	1.0
% Iso-brightness	74.0
<b>D1 stage: 0.75% ClO<sub>2</sub>, 0.3% NaOH, 70C, 10% cons., 3 hrs.</b>	
Final pH	3.5
% Iso-brightness	<b>88.1</b>
Residual gpl	0.02

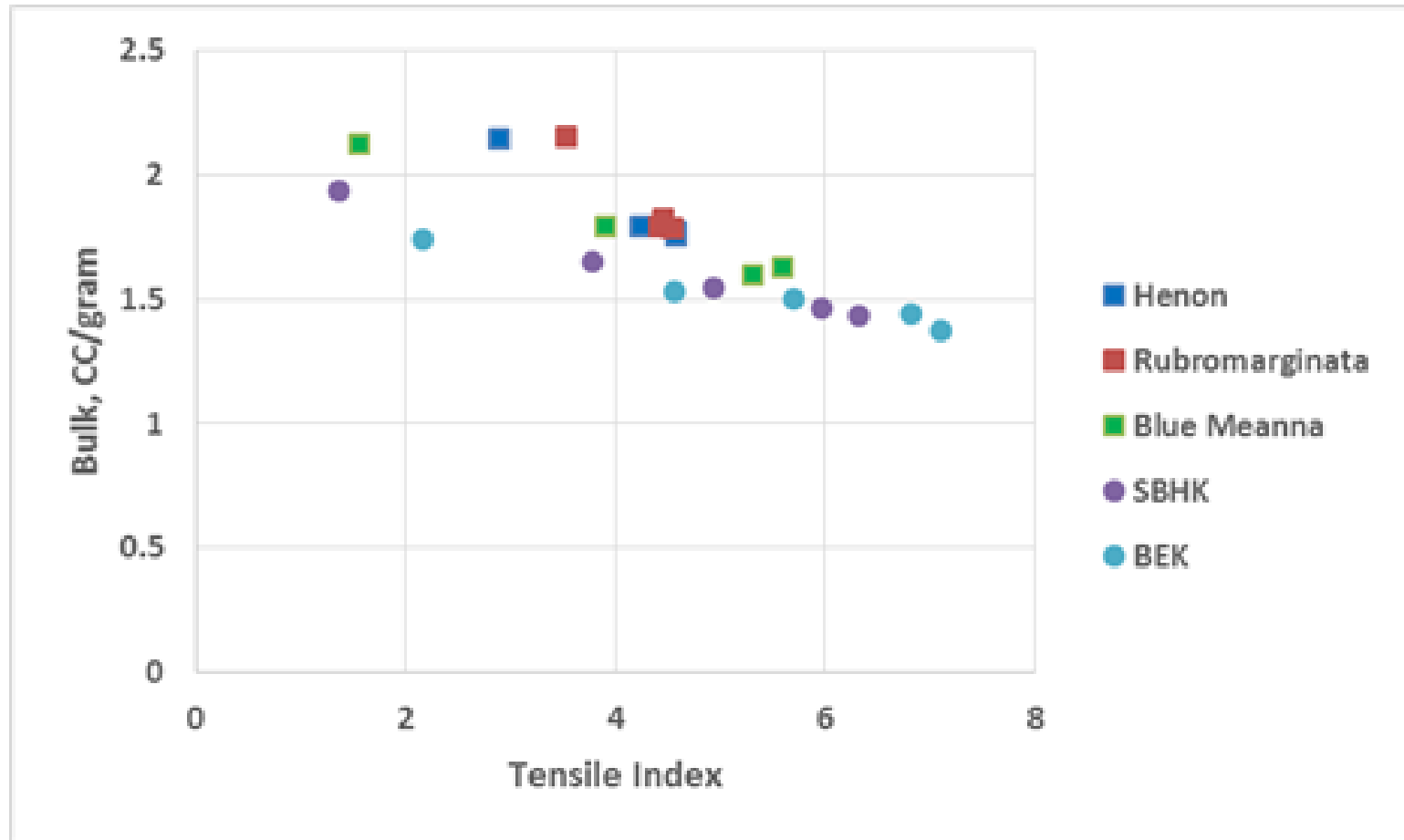
# Paper Properties

**>= Mixed southern hardwood**

# Paper properties => than mixed southern hardwood and BEK



# Bulk => NBHK and BEK



# **Fiber Cost**

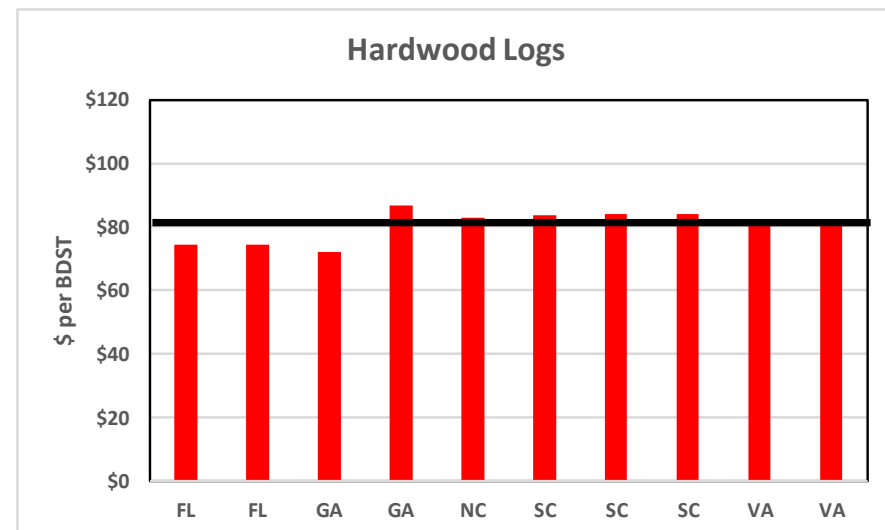
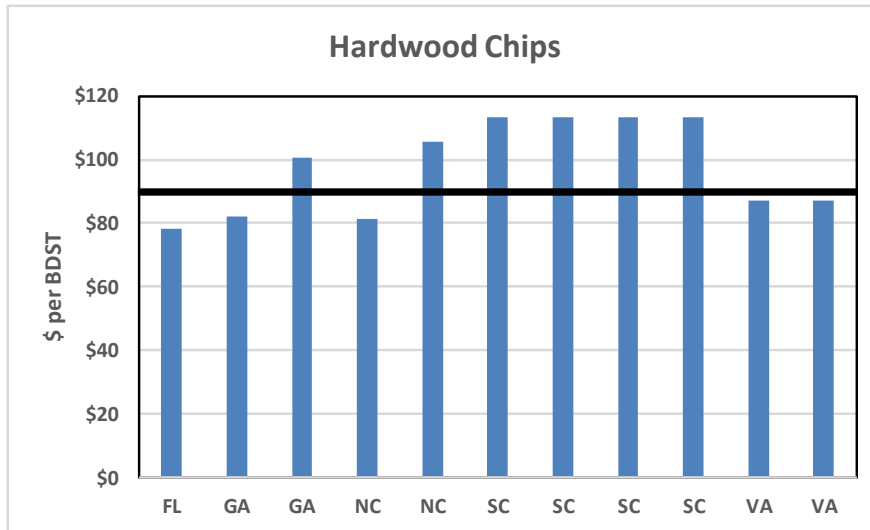
**In the real world there are two fiber costs:**

- 1. Weight Average Fiber Cost for all tons purchased**
- 2. Incremental fiber cost as function of distance of forest from the mill**



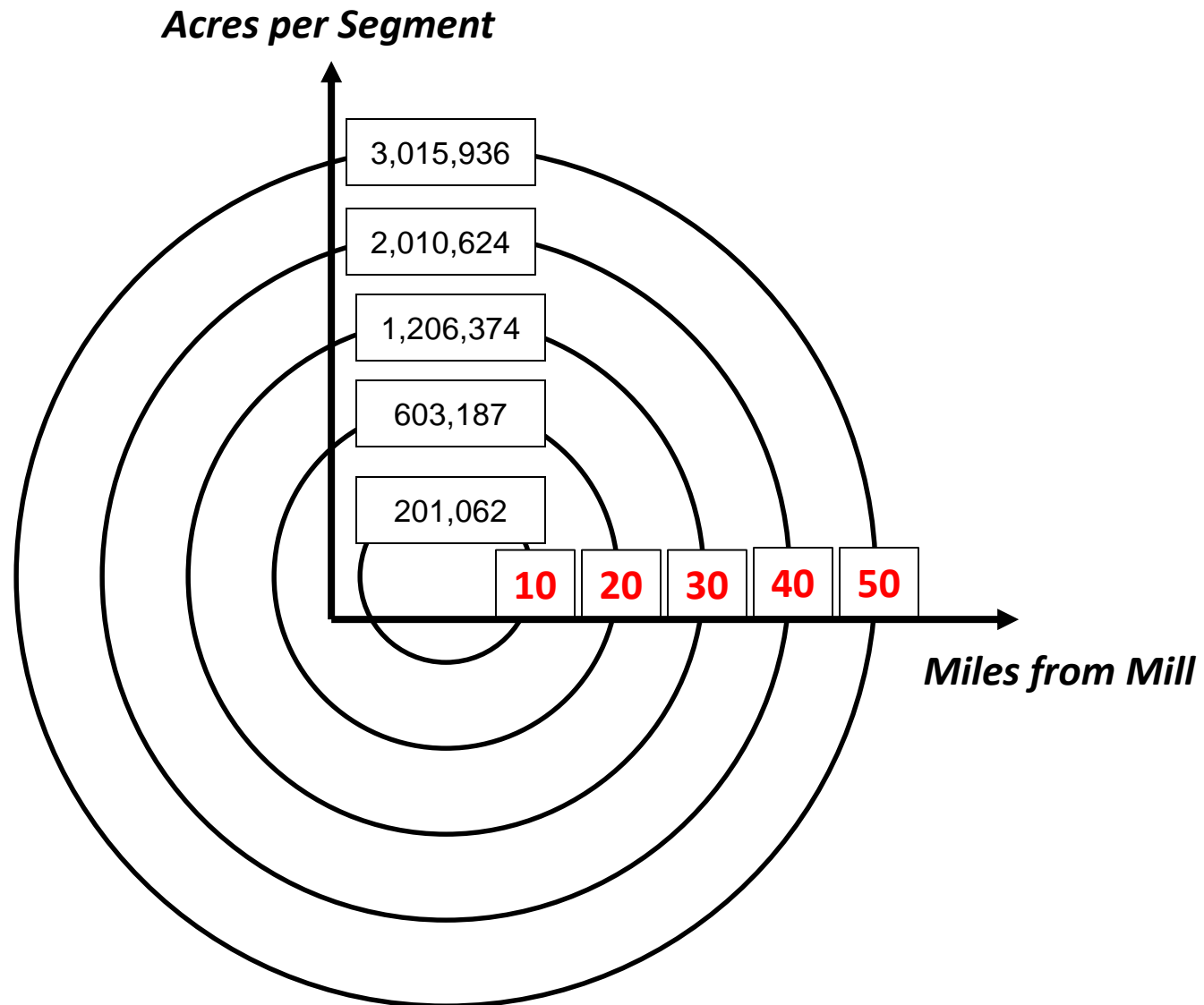
# SE Atlantic USA Hardwood Costs

## Weight Average

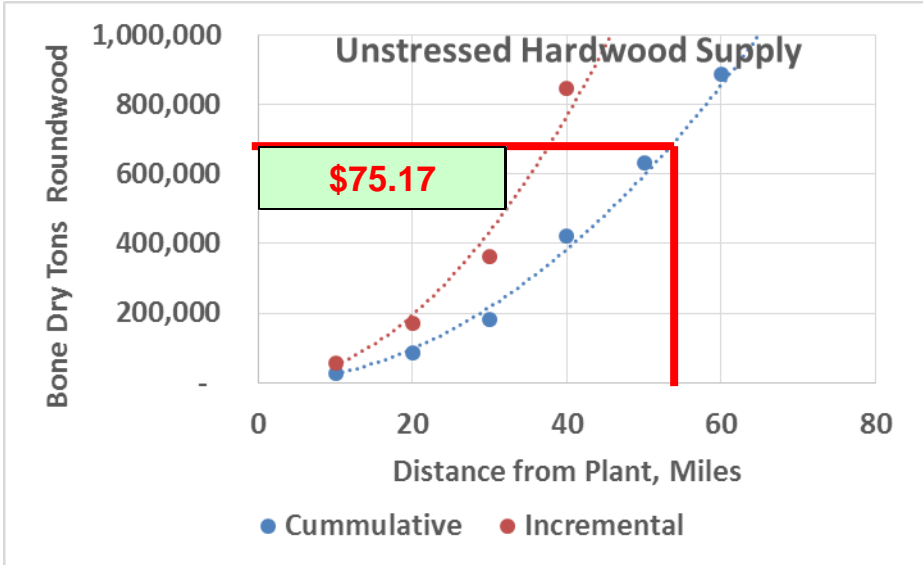
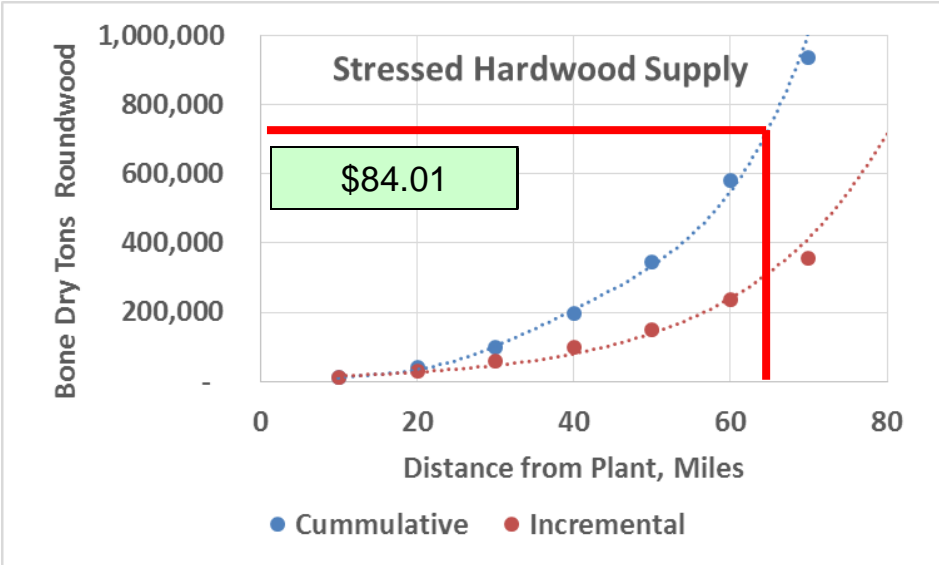


- Hardwood Chip prices highly variable and depend on the proximity of a sawmill to the pulp mill (and to other pulp mills)
- Hardwood Roundwood prices depend on forest density surrounding mill, sustainable harvest rates, local contractor costs and distance to the mill

# Acreege in 10 Mile radial sectors



# Hardwood Roundwood Supply Curve



## Southeast Atlantic Region

Median Price  
Per BDST, Coastal  
Southeastern USA

(FisherSolve)

**\$74.46**

High Price  
Per BDST, Coastal  
Southeastern USA

**\$84.01 (South Carolina)**

# **Mill Model Results**

- 1. “Stressed” Base Case vs “Unstressed Base Case**
- 2. Impact of Bamboo substitution for 100% of Hardwood on PM1 (offset roll production)**

# Carolina Pulp and Paper Company

- A Technical / Economic Model developed over past 10 years for teaching undergraduates about cost and investment strategy in pulp and paper mills
- Basic model is generic, but can be converted to any of eight pulp and paper products, any of four different fiber species, up to four paper machines
- Costs and product pricing assumptions updated annually
- Forest model embedded in pulp and paper mill model
- For this study, two uncoated freesheet mill models were created, identical in every respect except for hardwood cost
  - *“Stressed” drain area is slower growing, less forest cover than “Unstressed” drain area*
  - *Leads to one mill with median USA-Southeast hardwood cost (“Unstressed”) and one with the highest hardwood cost (“Stressed”)*

# For this study we created two forest and one Uncoated Freesheet Mill Model

- Mills are identical in every respect except wood cost

Base Assumptions – 2020	
<b>Machines</b>	PM1 (1991 Startup) – 334,000 Finished Tons per Year Offset Rolls PM2 (1996 Startup) – 262,000 FT per Year Cutsheet sheets
<b>Pulp Mill</b>	Hardwood Line – 308,000 BDT per Year Bleached Pulp Softwood Line – 128,000 BDT per Year Bleached Pulp
<b>Recovery</b>	Two Low Odor boilers – production limiting at 4,360,00 Tons Black Liquor Solids per Year

# Base Case vs Base Case – 100% Roundwood

	Stressed	Unstressed
Average Cost per BDT	\$84.02	\$75.17
Miles to last increment	60	40
Cost of fiber in last increment	\$87.84	\$78.43
Volume of fiber in last increment	349,665	162,476
Total Hardwood , BDT per Year	756,104	756,104
Hardwood Cost, \$ per Year	\$63,528,486	\$56,836,134

# Yield Inputs to Model

## Raw Material

### Bamboo

### Pine

### Mixed Southern Hardwoods

Bleaching Yield, %

98.0%

95.0%

97.0%

Screening Yield, %

100.0%

98.9%

99.0%

Oxygen Yield, %

94.8%

98.5%

98.5%

Pulping Yield, %

51.5%

45.3%

50.0%

Overall Yield, %

47.9%

41.9%

47.3%

Woodyard Yield, %

95.0%

85.0%

83.0%

Purchased Fiber,  
BDT per BD BT

2.20

2.81

2.55



# Model Results – Stressed with Bamboo at \$70 per BDT

	Base Case - Stressed			Bamboo - \$70 per BDT - Stressed		
Fiber	\$162.01	\$156.76	\$159.70	\$128.34	\$145.65	\$135.94
Chemicals	\$153.20	\$166.15	\$158.89	\$142.31	\$165.36	\$152.43
Energy	\$64.93	\$68.29	\$66.41	\$71.13	\$74.92	\$72.79
% EBITDA Margin	19%	14%	17%	23%	15%	19%
% Profit Margin	10%	6%	8%	13%	6%	10%
<b>EBITDA</b>			\$45,047,980			\$56,895,064

- Significant reduction in fiber cost on both machines due to reduction of fiber cost to the digester (bamboo and hardwood)
- Modest Reduction in chemical cost due to lower bleaching cost
- Energy penalty for lower black liquor and loss of bark fuel credit

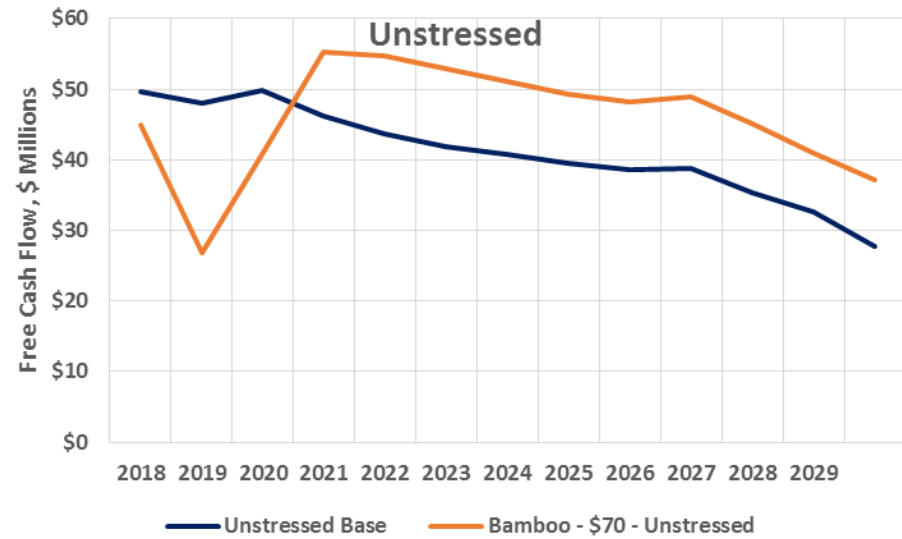
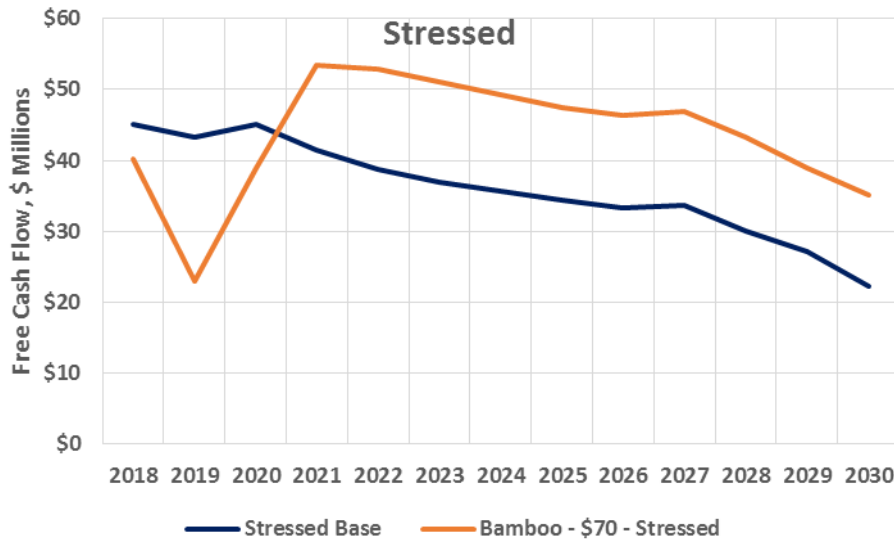
# Model Results – Unstressed with Bamboo at \$70 per BDT

	Base Case - Unstressed			Bamboo - \$70 per BDT - Unstressed		
Fiber	\$149.02	\$145.80	\$147.61	\$128.94	\$141.63	\$134.51
Chemicals	\$153.20	\$166.15	\$158.89	\$140.08	\$166.46	\$151.26
Energy	\$64.93	\$68.29	\$66.41	\$70.04	\$73.67	\$71.63
% EBITDA Margin	21%	16%	19%	23%	16%	20%
% Profit Margin	11%	7%	9%	13%	7%	10%
<b>EBITDA</b>			\$49,787,248.73			\$57,785,976

- Significant reduction in fiber cost on both machines due to reduction of fiber cost to the digester (bamboo and hardwood)
- Modest Reduction in chemical cost due to lower bleaching cost
- Energy penalty for lower black liquor and loss of bark fuel credit

# Free Cash Flow improvement due to Bamboo

## (Capex at \$41 Million)



## NPV @15% and Internal Rate of Return on \$41 Million Capital Investment

	Financial Parameters for Stressed Case			Financial Parameters for Unstressed Case			
Bamboo Price, \$ per BDT	\$70	\$75	\$80	Bamboo Price, \$ per BDT	\$70	\$75	\$80
NPV at 15%	\$52,228,352	\$40,693,296	\$29,158,241	NPV at 15%	\$26,614,207	\$14,975,202	\$3,336,198
IRR, %	34%	30%	26%	IRR, %	25%	21%	16%

# Conclusions

- **Bamboo at \$70 per BDT displacing highest cost hardwood has significant economic potential**
  - *\$8-12 Million improvement in EBITDA*
- **Compared to Mixed Southern Hardwood:**
  - *Pulp Yield equal or better*
    - Assuming fines are retained on papermachine
  - *Fiber properties between hardwood and softwood but less coarseness than even BEK*
  - *Paper strength equal or better*
  - *Bulk equal or better*
- **Questions remain, but study suggests they are well worth additional work to answer**

# Acknowledgement

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