

**2006 SAN ANTONIO CLASSICAL SOCIETY  
TSJCL AREA B ACADEMIC OLYMPICS  
ADVANCED GRAMMAR**

1. Cicero Caesari ipsi haec dīxit.  
 a) his own                    b) himself                    c) him                    d) his very

2. Vestālēs semper in Rome habitābant.  
 a) Rōmae                    b) Rōmā                    c) Rōmam                    d) Rōmārum

3. Puer saepe ad mātrem cucurrit.  
 a) ran                        b) will run                    c) was running            d) used to run

4. Nōlī mihi ista dīcere!  
 a) I do not                b) I did not                c) don't                    d) to wish not

5. Pastorēs iam in \_\_\_\_\_ sedēbant.  
 a) campum                    b) campōs                    c) campī                    d) campō

6. Caupō ēbrius iterum nimis \_\_\_\_\_ bibit.  
 a) vīnō                      b) vīnī                      c) vīna                      d) vīnum

7. Rēge visō, quisque eum laudāvit.  
 a)whoever                    b)each one                  c)someone                  d)who

8. Hic puer sōlum \_\_\_\_\_ causā labōrat.  
 a)praemia                    b)praemiīs                  c)praemiōrum            d)praemium

9. Sacerdōs dōna virīs dantibus grātiās agit.  
 a)giving                      b)having given            c)about to give            d)givers

10. Caesare \_\_\_\_\_ rapiente, populī Rōmānī lībertātem nōn habent.  
 a)imperium                    b)imperiō                    c)imperiī                    d)imperiōrum

11. We were about to go to the beach.  
 a)ībāmus                      b)erāmus itūrī            c)ierīmus                    d)īrēmus

12. Cui dōnum dedistī?  
 a)whom                        b)whose                        c)to whom                    d)what

13. Parēs cum paribus facillimē congregantur.  
 a)more easily                b)easier                        c)easily                      d)very easily

14. Tandem imperātor celeriter cum exercitū ad urbēm vēnit.  
 a)is coming                    b)was coming                c)came                        d)will come.

15. Deinde iuvenis patri īrātō omnia dīxit.  
 a)of his angry father      b)to his angry father    c)the angry fathers      d)by his angry father

16. Etiam agricolae \_\_\_\_\_ in agrīs magnā cum patientiā labōrant.  
 a)fessae                      b)fessas                        c)fessīs                      d)fessī

17. Whom did you see in the forum?  
 a)quis                        b)quem                        c)quī                            d)cui

18. Dēhinc nūntium magnopere cognōscere cupiēbat.  
 a)sincerely                    b)hastily                      c)furiously                    d)greatly

19. Licetne eīs hīc cēnāre?  
 a)should they                b)is it necessary for them    c)may they                    d)is it proper for them

20. Quā dē causā haec cladēs accidit?  
 a>when                        b>why                            c>how                            d>where

## CONTEST CODE: 02

21. Scisne num hodie **aliquid** in hōc angulō inventum sit.  
 a)a certain thing      b)whatever      c)what      d)something
22. Nesciō **num** hodiē aliquid in angulō illō inventum sit.  
 a)when      b)whether      c)however      d)if
23. **I would like** to help you.  
 a)velim      b)volam      c)voluerim      d)volerō
24. **Festinēmus** nunc ad Forum.  
 a)we will hurry      b)we are hurrying      c)we might hurry      d)let us hurry
25. Nunc \_\_\_\_\_ serviēmus.  
 a)rege      b)regī      c)regem      d)regis
26. **Cum** uxorem invēnisset, tamen tristissimus erat.  
 a)because      b)when      c)since      d)although
27. Cicerō erat ḫrātor **maximō ingenio**  
 a)for the greatest ability      b)by the greatest ability  
 c)showing the greatest ability      d)of the greatest ability
28. The charioteer asked when the race **would begin**.  
 a)inciperet      b)incipiēbat      c)incēpit      d)incipiat
29. **Be** good children and help mother!  
 a)sint      b)estōte      c)essent      d)estō
30. Erant seni multae culpae.  
 a)The old men have many faults      b)There were old men with many a fault  
 c)The old man has many faults      d)The old man had many faults
31. Cras ibimus domum **inventum** auxilium.  
 a)having found      b)found      c)finding      d)to find
32. Pastōrēs **to another man** ovēs dedērunt.  
 a)aliī      b)alium      c)aliōs      d)aliō
33. Līberī diu **to Padua** iter facere volēbant.  
 a)Paduae      b)Paduā      c)Padua      d)Paduam
34. Hospitēs plūs \_\_\_\_\_ dēsiderant.  
 a)cibum      b)cibus      c)cibī      d)cibō
35. Oportet \_\_\_\_\_ exīre.  
 a)ego      b)meī      c)mihi      d)mē
36. Quis \_\_\_\_\_ monitus est?  
 a)ancillam      b)ancillā      c)ab ancillā      d)ad ancillam
37. Marcus says that **he** (Marcus) wants to see his mother.  
 a)eum      b)illum      c)se      d)eumque
38. Philosophi dixerunt regem nos **interfecturum esse**.  
 a>has been killed      b>had killed      c>would kill      d>is about to kill
39. Veniam **dummodo** iuves.  
 a>since      b>provided that      c>in order to      d>although
40. Fatēmur eum \_\_\_\_\_ fruī.  
 a>vitā      b>vita      c>vitae      d>vitam
41. **Flammīsque extīnc̄tis**, omnēs ex oppidō fugient.  
 a) When the flames had been extinguished      b) In order to extinguish the flames  
 c) After the flames have been extinguished      d) If we should extinguish the flames

## CONTEST CODE: 02

42. Mox Caesar \_\_\_\_\_ fīet.  
 a)dictātor      b)dictātōrem      c)dictātōrī      d)dictātōre
43. Sī **videam** scriptōrem praeclārum, dē librō eum rogem.  
 a)I were seeing      b)I should see      c)I might see      d)I would have seen
44. Mātrēs Rōmānae, infantēs \_\_\_\_\_ ferentēs, eās sacerdotī, ostendērunt.  
 a)manūi      b)manib⁹s      c)manūs      d)manuum
45. Cicero spoke **rather bitterly** to the conspirators.  
 a)ācrius      b)ācrior      c)ācerimē      d)ācriter
46. Frātres erant simillimī \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a)patre      b)patrem      c)patris      d)patrī
47. Illa verba **by us** audienda sunt.  
 a)prope nōs      b)ā nōb⁹s      c)nōb⁹s      d)nostrī
48. We have come **to see the king**.  
 a)ad rēgem videndum b)rēge visō      c)videntem rēgem      d)ut rēgem videt
49. Sī grātiās ageret, laetī **essēmus**.  
 a)we were      b)we may be      c)we have been      d)we would be
50. Nōlīte \_\_\_\_\_ hoc!  
 a)patī      b)patere      c)passī      d)patīminī

### CHOOSE THE CORRECT FORM TO FILL IN THE BLANKS FOR THE FOLLOWING TWO PASSAGES.

Ego 51 hortor 52 amīcitiam omnibus rēbus 53 antepōnātis. Sentiō equidem, 54 sapientiā, nihil melius hominī ā deīs immortālibus 55. 56 aliī antepōnunt; aliī, salūtem; aliī, potestātem; aliī, honōrēs; multī, etiam voluptātēs. Illa autem 57 sunt, posita nōn tam in cōnsiliīs nostrīs quam in 58 vicissitūdinibus. Quī autem in virtūte summum bonum pōnunt, bene 59 quidem faciunt; sed ex ipsā virtūte 60 nāscitur nec sine virtūte amīcitia esse potest.

51. a)vōbis      b)vestrum      c)vestrī      d)vōs
52. a)utinam      b)ut      c)quod      d)vel
53. a)hūmānīs      b)hūmānī      c)hūmānōrum      d)hūmānōs
54. a)exceptīs      b)exceptā      c)excepta      d)exceptam
55. a)datum esse      b)dedisse      c)daturum esse      d)dare
56. a) dīvitiae      b)dīvitiārum      c) dīvitiās      d) dīvitiīs
57. a)incerta      b)incertī      c)incertīs      d)incertum
58. a)fortūna      b)fortunam      c)fortūnā      d)fortūnae
59. a)illius      b)illum      c)illa      d)illī
60. a)amicītiām      b)amicītia      c)amicītiae      d)amicītiā

## CONTEST CODE: 02

ō 61, quandō 62 aspiciam? Quando 63 licēbit nunc librīs veterum auctōrum, nunc 64 ūtī sine cūrīs sollicitae vītae? Ō noctēs cēnaeque deōrum! Sermō oritur nōn dē vīllīs et domibus 65; sed id quaerimus quod magis ad nōs pertinet et 66 malum est: utrum dīvitīs 67 virtūte hominēs fiant 68; quid nos ad amīcitiam 69, ūsus an rēctum; et quae 70 nātūra bonī et quid 70\* summum bonum.

- |               |                 |                 |                 |                   |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 61. <u>  </u> | a)rūs           | b)rūre          | c)rūris         | d)rūrī            |
| 62. <u>  </u> | a)tū            | b)tibi          | c)tuī           | d)tē              |
| 63. <u>  </u> | a)mē            | b)mihi          | c)mihi          | d)meī             |
| 64. <u>  </u> | a)somnī et ūtiī | b)somnō et ūtiō | c)somni et ūtia | d)somnum et otium |
| 65. <u>  </u> | a)aliēnīs       | b)aliēnī        | c)aliēna        | d)aliēnas         |
| 66. <u>  </u> | a)nescimus      | b)nescēmus      | c)nescīre       | d)nescīrī         |
| 67. <u>  </u> | a)quod          | b)etsī          | c)aut           | d)an              |
| 68. <u>  </u> | a)beātī         | b)beāta         | c)beātōs        | d)beatum          |
| 69. <u>  </u> | a)trahat        | b)trahimus      | c)traherēmus    | d)trahit          |
| 70. <u>  </u> | a)esset         | b)fuerit        | c)est           | d)sit             |

\*Yes, there are two #70s. They both have the same word in the blank.

**TIE BREAKERS: These questions will only be used in the event of a tie. (BE SURE TO MARK #96-100 on your scantron answer document.)**

96. Filium mīsit quī uxori veritatem dīceret.

- a)purpose clause      b)concessive clause      c)indirect question      d)relative clause

97. Mēntēs cīvium **metū** erant insānae.

- a)abl. of means      b)abl. of cause      c)abl. of origin      d)abl. of description

98. Centuriōnēs hostē mutārunt.

- a)punish      b)punished      c)may punish      d)might punish

99. Marcō \_\_\_\_\_ vīsurō, parentēs discēdunt.

- a)sene      b)senī      c)senem      d)senis

100. Which of the following is grammatically incorrect?

- a)Ducem verētur.      b)Dolōrem patitur.  
c)Uxōrem complectitur      d)Vīllam potitur.