

LATIN DERIVATIVES (CONTEST CODE: 04)
AREA B JCL CONVENTION—2005

I. WHERE DID THAT COME FROM? Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

1. RETAIN: A) retarius B) tantus C) tenere D) trahere
2. INDEPENDENCE: A) inde B) pendere C) deponere D) epistula
3. AMIABLE: A) amare B) ambulare C) amens D) migrare
4. ALTITUDE: A) alter B) altus C) alius D) titulus
5. PRESERVATION: A) servire B) praesidere C) praestare D) servare
6. ERUPTION: A) rumpere B) errare C) rupis D) erigere
7. AFFILIATE: A) filum B) adfinitas C) adflatus D) filius
8. SEDENTARY: A) sed B) sedere C) dens D) intrare
9. ABSENT: A) abesse B) sentire C) abscindere D) abigere
10. DEMENTIA: A) mensis B) mensa C) mens D) mentum
11. VENTILATION: A) venire B) venter C) ventus D) venustas
12. TERRITORY: A) terra B) terrere C) tertius D) terminus
13. IMBIBE: A) imber B) improbus C) bibere D) bis
14. ADHESIVE: A) heri B) haerere C) heres D) adhibere
15. ANNIHILATE: A) annus B) antequam C) hilaritas D) nihil

II. WHAT DID THAT PRODUCE? Choose the English word that is derived from the given Latin word.

16. AMBULARE: A) ambiguous B) ambidextrous C) ambulance D) amplitude
17. MONERE: A) admonish B) mountain C) monarchy D) month
18. LATUS: A) bilateral B) latent C) late D) palatial
19. AGERE: A) aggregate B) agriculture C) germane D) activist
20. MANERE: A) mane B) permanent C) manuscript D) omen
21. BELLUM: A) bellowing B) belly C) rebel D) belt
22. CLAUDERE: A) laudable B) clavicle C) cleanser D) closure
23. FUNDERE: A) fusion B) undulation C) fluidity D) thunder
24. VINCERE: A) vintage B) victorious C) vicarious D) violation
25. IUNGERE: A) disjunctive B) jurisdiction C) rejuvenate D) junior
26. VERERI: A) veritable B) verdant C) reverence D) revert
27. MORI: A) moratorium B) mortuary C) morality D) morsal
28. SENTIRE: A) sensation B) seniority C) sentinel D) send
29. FINGERE: A) finger B) finial C) figurine D) fiction
30. SAL: A) salient B) salary C) saliva D) salute

III. WHAT DOES THAT ROOT MEAN? Choose the best meaning for the **LATIN ROOT** in each given English word.

31. INTRODUCTION: A) lead B) enter C) meet D) begin
32. CADENCE: A) sing B) shout C) fall D) cloak
33. LAPSE: A) slip B) leg C) thought D) tongue
34. COPIOUS: A) repetition B) cheat C) dutiful D) abundance
35. OSTENSIBLE: A) arrogant B) show C) buy D) hold
36. SYLVAN: A) silver B) luck C) forest D) education
37. STUDENT: A) learn B) be obedient C) be eager D) read
38. QUALIFY: A) enter B) how much C) what if D) what sort of
39. VIVACIOUS: A) living B) loud C) energetic D) evil
40. PARTICLE: A) part B) small C) grain D) celebration
41. APERTURE: A) divide B) destroy C) open D) critique

42. INSULATION: A) heat B) island C) barrier D) limit
43. CONCURRENT: A) simultaneous B) drive C) river D) run
44. MORATORIUM: A) death B) delay C) fear D) rodent
45. VERBAL: A) word B) mouth C) action D) speak

IV. WHICH ONE JUST DOESN'T BELONG? Choose the word that is **NOT** derived from the same Latin root.

46. A) CAP B) CAPTURE C) DECAPITATE D) CAPITAL
47. A) PHENOMENON B) DENOMINATION C) NAME D) NOMENCLATURE
48. A) ENDURE B) PROCEDURE C) DURABLE D) DURING
49. A) VIABLE B) VIADUCT C) VITALITY D) VITAMIN
50. A) SPIRE B) INSPIRE C) SPIRITUAL D) PERSPIRATION
51. A) REPRIMAND B) MANDATE C) EMANCIPATION D) MANUSCRIPT
52. A) RETAIN B) DETENTION C) DETECTION D) TENET
53. A) PATERNAL B) PATRICIDE C) PATENT D) PATRIARCH
54. A) CIVIC B) DEVICE C) CITY D) CIVILIAN
55. A) CONCOCT B) COOK C) COCKLE D) COCTILE
56. A) REFER B) TRANSLATION C) FERMENT D) RELATIVITY
57. A) CONSECUTIVE B) SECTIONAL C) OBSEQUIOUS D) SEQUENTIAL
58. A) RELINQUISH B) LINGUISTICS C) BILINGUALISM D) LANGUAGE
59. A) MALIGNANT B) MALLEABLE C) MALEVOLENT D) MALICIOUS
60. A) CONTROVERSIAL B) INVERT C) REVERBERATE D) REVERSAL

V. DEFINE THAT DERIVATIVE! Choose the word or phrase that best defines the underlined word.

61. The towering **edifice** touched the clouds that morning.
A) cliff B) tree C) volcano D) building
62. His **effeminate** qualities made him perfect for the part.
A) delicate B) courageous C) violent D) intellectual
63. Although normally stubborn, the child was also **docile**, at times.
A) belligerent B) teachable C) sweet D) frustrated
64. The death of Caesar led to **lachrymation** in the forum.
A) crying B) cremation C) rioting D) celebration
65. The priest's new **vestment** drew much attention from the parishioners.
A) sermon B) attitude C) robe D) requirement
66. The **tempestuous** weather made for an uncomfortable journey.
A) extremely hot B) extremely cold C) stormy D) tepid
67. Everyone closely watched the **culpable** superstar.
A) extremely talented B) blameworthy C) rude D) charismatic
68. The **feral** cat scurried across the fence.
A) wild B) friendly C) hungry D) quick
69. The official's **noxious** behavior was a source of concern for everyone.
A) uncontrollable B) disrespectful C) impetuous D) harmful
70. Due to the **arid** climate, the family decided to find a new home.
A) wet B) cold C) unpredictable D) dry

TIE BREAKERS: Be sure to mark your answers to the following questions as **numbers 96-100** on your scantron.

Choose the best meaning for the Latin root in each of the following words.

96. REPLICATE: A) fold B) appease C) flow D) bind
97. REPLETE: A) fill B) empty C) cut D) straighten
98. REVOLUTION: A) fight B) resist C) roll D) throw
99. OBJECTION: A) shout B) throw C) speak D) send
100. IGNITION: A) beginning B) knowledge C) struggle D) fire