San Antonio Classical Society and Junior Classical League Area B 2004 Mottoes, Phrases, Abbreviations, and Quotations Test

Part I: Select the abbreviation for each of the following.

1. from the founding of the a) S.C.U.	e the city: b) a.c.	c) o.u.	d) a.u.c.
2. that is: a) l.c.	b) i.e.	c) et al.	d) id.
 for the time being: a) pro. tem. 	b) ex lib.	c) q.v.	d) stat.
4. compare: a) ad val.	b) cf.	c) et seq.	d) I.s.
5. note well: a) N.B.	b) B.D.	c) D.V.	d) no.
6. in the work quoted: a) q.s.	b) viz.	c) s.s.s.	d) op. cit.
7. in the same place: a) ibid.	b) e.g.	c) ca.	d) sc.
8. every day: a) q.d.	b) p.c.	c) o.d.	d) d.s.p.
9. it does not follow: a) inv.	b) n.r.	c) ad fin.	d) non seq.
10. on the following pages a) p.c.	s: b) Q.	c) ff.	d) aet.
11. through the mouth: a) a.u.c.	b) gt.	c) s.i.d.	d) p.o.
12. God willing: a) t.i.d.	b) Q.E.D.	c) D.V.	d) ad lib.
13. for example: a) e.g.	b) et al.	c) fec.	d) i.e.
14. that is to say: a) seq.	b) s.c.	c) vs.	d) ad int.

15. namely:			
a) viz.	b) s.c.	c) i.e.	d) p.s.

Part II: Choose the best translation or interpretation of the following phrases.

16. caveat emptor:	a) let the buyer beware c) guardian of morals	b) things to be correctedd) the end justifies the means
17. ex libris:	a) according to law c) to one's taste	b) advisor from the sided) from the book collection of
18. lapsus linguae:	a) the course of one's life c) the written law	b) a slip of the tonuge d) the rest are missing
19. prima facie:	a) from day to day c) first among equals	b) on first sight d) unanimously
20. viva voce:	a) by word of mouth c) without words	b) word for word d) with a sweet voice
21. de gustibus nor	a est disputandum: a) of one's own kind c) everyone to his own taste	b) a necessary condition d) master of taste
22. ad hoc:	a) on his own authority c) to the same degree	b) otherwise called d) for this purpose
23. ex post facto:	a) of a different kind c) into the middle of things	b) from behind d) retroactive
24. ex tempore:	a) make haste slowly c) on the spur of the moment	b) into perpetuity d) for the time being
25. bona fide:	a) genuine c) the highest good	b) a great work d) wonderful to say
26. in medias res:	a) of a different kind c) into the middle of things	b) from behind d) retroactive
27. vade mecum:	a) something for somethingc) something carried at all times	b) on first sight d) a method of working
28. modus vivendi:	a) a great work c) without limit	b) a method of livingd) a method of working

Part III: Choose which of the following phrases or abbreviations would <u>NOT</u> be used in the same situation as the others.

2	9. Which could <u>not</u> be us a) q.v.	ed in a b) p.c		c) b.i.d.	d) gt.
3	0. Which would <u>not</u> be us a) q.s.	sed in l b) m.o		c) pro. tem.	d) et ux.
3	1. Which is <u>not</u> associate a) m.s.p.	ed with b) s.n		c) o.b.	d) h.s.
3	2. Which is <u>not</u> associate a) sine lege c) in loco parentis			egantiae	
 33. Which is <u>not</u> associated with school or education? a) curriculum vitae b) Q.E.D. c) per an. d) alma mater 					
3	4. Which could <u>not</u> be us a) a.c.	ed in a b) o.l.	• •	c) p.r.n.	d) s.p.
 35. Which would <u>not</u> be used in law? a) corpus delicti b) subpoena c) persona non grata d) non compos mentis 					
Part IV: Select the correct answer to these questions about mottoes.					
36. "Lux et lex" is the motto of: a) University of North Dakota c) Harvard University		b) Yale College d) University of Wa	shington		
37. "Terras irradient" is the motto of:a) Brown Universityc) Hunter College		b) Amherst College d) University of Oregon			
38. "Esse quam videri" is the motto of:a) University of South Carolinac) North Carolina		b) South Dakota d) Mississippi			
39. "Urbs in horto" is the motto of: a) San Antonio c) Florence		b) Venice d) Chicago			
40. "Mind moves the mass" is the translation of the motto of the University of					

- a) Oregon c) Washington

b) Missouri d) Texas

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 41. "Mens et manus" is the motto of: a) University of California at Berkeley b) Massachusetts Institute of Technology c) University of Victoria, British Columbia d) Texas A & M 				
42. "Nemo me impune lacessit" is the motto of:a) Parisb) Scotland		Newfoundland		
 43. Which is <u>not</u> a motto of a military organization? a) Fidei defensor b) Per angusta ad augusta c) Horror ubique d) Semper fidelis 				
 44. Which university does <u>not</u> use "scientia" in its motto? a) Delaware College b) University of Michigan c) Tulane University d) University of Chicago 				
 45. Which university does <u>not</u> use "lux" in its motto? a) Yale College b) University of Washington c) University of New Mexico d) University of the South 				
 46. Which motto encourages hard work and excellence? a) New York University b) Trinity College c) University of Missouri d) University of Texas 				
 47. In which university's motto does the Latin word for "arts" appear? a) University of Nebraska b) Fordham University c) Yale College d) Harvard University 				
48. Which state's motto translates as "Mountai a) Coloradob) West Virginia	•			
 49. Which state's motto translates as "Let the arms yield to the toga?" a) Kansas b) New York c) Massachusetts d) Wyoming 				
50. Which state's motto translates as "The peo a) Mississippi b) California	ple rule?" c) lowa	d) Arkansas		
51. Which state's motto is "Dirigo?" a) Arizona b) Illinois	c) Rhode Island	d) Maine		
52. Which state's motto is "Sic semper tyrannis?" a) Connecticut b) New Jersey c) Virginia d) Delaware				
53. Which state's motto is "Labor omnia vincit? a) Oklahoma b) Louisiana	" c) Michigan	d) Alabama		
 54. Which university does <u>not</u> use "veritas" in its motto? a) University of Michigan b) University of Mississippi c) Johns Hopkins University d) Harvard University 				

55. Which university's motto translates a	as "The voice of one crying in the wilderness?"
a) Dartmouth College	b) University of Vermont
c) Brown University	 d) College of William and Mary

56. "Nemo malus felix." a) Catullus	b) Vergil	c) Juvenal	d) Cicero
57. "Nullum magnum inge a) Seneca	nium sine mixtura de b) Caesar	ementiae fuit." c) Terence	d) Ovid
58. "Cum tacent clamant.' a) Horace		er c) Vergil	d) Cicero
59. "Illi par mi esse deo vi a) Ovid	detur." b) Catullus	c) Tacitus	d) Livy
60. "Bella detesta matribu a) Horace		c) Juvenal	d) Terence
61. "Quot homines tot ser a) Livy	itentiae." b) Cicero	c) Seneca	d) Terence
62. "Tantae molis erat Ro a) Vergil	manam condere gen b) Tacitus	tem." c) Caesar	d) Juvenal
63. "Timendi causa est ne a) Seneca		c) Livy	d) Cicero
64. "Rident stolidi verba L a) Ovid	atina." b) Catullus	c) Vergil	d) Propertius
65. "Ab ovo usque ad mal a) Plautus		c) Suetonius	d) Horace
66. "Da mihi basia mille." a) Propertius	b) Seneca	c) Catullus	d) Ovid
67. "Libenter homines id o a) Vergil	quod volunt credunt." b) Caesar	c) Juvenal	d) Ennius
68. "Mens sana in corpore a) Pliny the Younge		c) Cicero	d) Plautus
69. "Perfer et obdura; dolo a) Propertius	or hic tibi proderit olin b) Vergil	n." c) Ovid	d) Catullus
70. "Diligentia maximum e a) Seneca	etiam mediocris inger b) Livy	ni subsidium." c) Cicero	d) Terence

Part V: Select the author of each of the following quotations.

Tie-Breakers: These questions will be used only to determine a tie. Please note that they are numbered 96-100.

96. What is something that you cannot l	ive without?
a) quid pro quo	b) sine qua non
c) status quo	d) ne plus ultra
97. Which of the following would you <u>no</u>	<u>t</u> see on any American money?
a) annuit coeptis	b) novus ordo seclorum
c) semper fidelis	d) e pluribus unum
98. "Brutum fulmen" is equivalent to: a) empty threats c) a sudden storm	b) a unique item d) a bully
99. "de mortuis nil nisi": a) malum b) bonum	c) pessimum d) optimum
100. Which of the following would not be	e used in drama/theater?
a) deus ex machina	b) exeunt
c) dramatis personae	d) mobile vulgus