

**2007 SAN ANTONIO CLASSICAL SOCIETY
AREA B TSJCL ACADEMIC OLYMPICS
LATIN LITERATURE TEST**

Choose the author or work that does not belong with the rest:

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|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. a. <i>Comentarii de Bello Gallico</i> | b. <i>De Bello Alexandrino</i> | | |
| c. <i>Bellum Civile</i> | d. <i>De Bello Africo</i> | | |
| 2. a. Plautus | b. Terence | c. Caecilius Statius | d. Accius |
| 3. a. Seneca | b. Pacuvius | c. Lucan | d. Naevius |
| 4. a. <i>Culex</i> | b. <i>Aeneius</i> | c. <i>Eclogues</i> | d. <i>Ars Poetica</i> |
| 5. a. <i>Fasti</i> | b. <i>Ars Amatoria</i> | c. <i>Odes</i> | d. <i>Medicamina Faciei Feminae</i> |
| 6. a. Cornelius Gallus | b. Propertius | c. Tibullus | d. Aulus Gellius |
| 7. a. Apuleius | b. Boethius | c. Augustine | d. Jerome |
| 8. a. Sappho | b. Lesbia | c. Cynthia | d. Nemesis |
| 9. a. <i>De Rerum Natura</i> | b. <i>De Re Publica</i> | c. <i>De Natura Deorum</i> | d. <i>De Oratore</i> |
| 10. a. Livy | b. Ammianus Marcellinus | c. Vitruvius | d. Sallust |
| 11. a. elegiac couplet | b. hendecasyllabic | c. dactylic hexameter | d. neoteric pentameter |
| 12. a. <i>Apocolocyntosis</i> | b. <i>Hercules Furens</i> | c. <i>Medea</i> | d. <i>Controversiae</i> |
| 13. a. Maecenas | b. Messala | c. Livius Andronicus | d. Scipio |
| 14. a. Cornelius Nepos | b. Tacitus | c. Pliny the Elder | d. Suetonius |
| 15. a. <i>Persa</i> | b. <i>Phormia</i> | c. <i>Pseudolus</i> | d. <i>Poenulus</i> |

Fill in the blank with the correct choice:

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 16. _____ Julius Caesar | a. Marcus | b. Titus | c. Gaius | d. Lucius |
| 17. Gaius Suetonius _____ | a. Crispus | b. Tranquillus | c. Orbilius | d. Cornelius |
| 18. Marcus _____ Cicero | a. Tullius | b. Horatius | c. Lollius | d. Menenius |
| 19. Eusebius Sophronius _____ | a. Gellius | b. Apollinaris | c. Hieronymus | d. Cerialis |
| 20. _____ Donatus | a. Aelius | b. Publius | c. Cornelius | d. Lucius |

Identify the author or the work of the following quotes

21. "timeo danaos et dona ferentes"

- a. *Metamorphoses* b. *Eclogues* c. *Aeneid* d. *Bellum Civile*

22. "panem et circenses"

- a. Martial b. Juvenal c. Lucilius d. Jovian

23. "O tempora! O mores!"

- a. Cicero b. Caesar c. Catullus d. Quintillian

24. "Cynthia, prima suis miseram me cepit ocellis"

- a. Tibullus b. Catullus c. Propertius d. Horace

25. "Passer, meae deliciae"

- a. *Carmina* b. *Ars Poetica* c. *Xenia* d. *Odes*

Answer the following questions with the most-correct answer:

26. What author of epigrams was also known for his adoration of the emperor Domitian?

- a. Juvenal b. Martial c. Catullus d. Seneca the Younger

27. Who is known as the father of Latin Literature?

- a. Livius Andronicus b. Ennius c. Naevius d. Cato the Elder

28. The genre of literature written by Tibullus, Propertius, Catullus and Cornelius Gallus is considered

- a. epic b. didactic c. lyric d. satire

29. Catullus' love Lesbia is considered to be what Roman matron?

- a. Terentia b. Clodia c. Aurelia d. Julia

30. The age of literature considered to encompass the years AD 14- AD 138 is

- a. Golden Age b. Augustan Age c. Silver Age d. Age of New Speech

31. The second half of Vergil's *Aeneid* recalls what earlier work?

- a. *Iliad* b. *Annales* c. *Odyssey* d. *Metamorphoses*

32. What playwright supported himself as a carpenter or mill worker before making it big?

- a. Terence b. Statius c. Naevius d. Plautus

33. The literary patron of Horace, Propertius et. al. was

- a. Messala b. Augustus c. Maecenas d. Asinius Pollio

CONTEST CODE: 12

34. _____ wrote a treatise on the education of an orator and was a tutor to such authors as Pliny the Younger and Tactius.
a. Cicero b. Seneca the Elder c. Quintillian d. Seneca the Younger
35. Who is considered the Roman Aesop?
a. Juvenal b. Petronius c. Sallust d. Phaedrus
36. The biographer _____ was the author of *De Vita Caesarum*?
a. Cornelius Nepos b. Sallust c. Suetonius d. Tacitus
37. Apuleius' *Golden Ass* is also commonly known as
a. *Fasti* b. *Tristia* c. *Ibis* d. *Metamorphoses*
38. The comedian Terence came from what region of the classical world?
a. Carthage b. Gaul c. Hispania d. Asia Minor
39. What famous Roman brought Ennius to Rome?
a. Scipio Africanus b. Scipio Aemilianus c. Cato Maior d. Sempronius
40. Who wrote on the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius and the death of his Uncle?
a. Pliny the Younger b. Seneca the Younger c. Tacitus d. Lucan
41. Cicero prosecuted what corrupt Sicilian governor in 70 BC?
a. Cataline b. Archias c. Verres d. Aelius
42. Seneca wrote on the “pumpkinification” of what emperor?
a. Caligula b. Claudius c. Nero d. Domitian
43. Lucretius wrote a six book work on Epicurean philosophy entitled
a. *De Natura Deorum* b. *Philosophiae Epicureani*
c. *De Rerum Natura* d. *De finibus*
44. Who was the nephew of Ennius famous for his tragedies and artwork?
a. Naevius b. Pacuvius c. Accius d. Livius Andronicus
45. Who wrote the Vulgate?
a. St. Augustine b. St. Jerome c. St. Gregory d. St. Thomas Aquinas
46. Tacitus wrote what work on the career of his father-in-law and the battle Mons Graupius?
a. *Germania* b. *Annales* c. *Historiae* d. *Agricola*
47. Who wrote the *Carmen Saeculare*?
a. Catullus b. Antonius Pius c. Horace d. Vergil

48. An epithalamium is a poem about
 a. marriage b. funerals c. divorces d. birth ceremonies
49. What subject is NOT included in Cato's *De Re Rustica*?
 a. a recipe for *Vinum Graecum* b. a disturbing affection for cabbage
 c. discussion of cattle grazing for profit d. the art of pruning vines
50. Ovid's _____ was left unfinished due to his exile to Tomi.
 a. *Metamorphoses* b. *Fasti* c. *Amores* d. *Heroides*
51. Out of _____ books of Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita*, _____ are extant.
 a. 135/42 b. 142/37 c. 142/35 d. 135/37
52. Who is commonly known as the philosopher emperor because of his stoic-writings?
 a. Hadrian b. Antoninus Pius c. Marcus Aurelius d. Trajan
53. Who wrote a work regarding astrology?
 a. Pomponius Mela b. Manilius c. Pompeius Trogus d. Curtius Rufus
54. *De Architectura* was written by what golden age author?
 a. Boethius b. Fronto c. Frontinus d. Vitruvius
55. Who wrote a commentary on Vergil's Aeneid in the late fourth century?
 a. Donatus b. Servius c. Macrobius d. Eutropius
56. What author fled at the battle of Philippi?
 a. Cato the Younger b. Vergil c. Horace d. Pollio
57. Who wrote a ten book biography of Alexander the Great?
 a. Sallust b. Curtius Rufus c. Suetonius d. Cornelius Nepos
58. _____ wrote a work entitled *De Re Rustica* in the first century AD.
 a. Columella b. Varro c. Cato the Elder d. Celsus
59. Who wrote the first Latin Novel?
 a. Varro b. Apuleius c. Petronius d. Cicero
60. He wrote *Suasoriae* and *Controversiae* for his progeny?
 a. Seneca the Elder b. Cicero c. Catullus d. Pliny the Elder
61. Which does not belong because of birthplace?
 a. Lucan b. Seneca the Elder c. Juvenal d. Martial
62. Who wrote the eight and final book of *De Bello Gallico*?
 a. Aulus Hirtius b. Labienus c. Valerius d. Varius & Tucca

CONTEST CODE: 12

63. He wrote *Argonautica*, a continuation of Appollonius of Rhodes' work on the voyage of the Argonauts.

- a. Vergil b. Silius Italicus c. Valerius Flaccus d. Aulus Gellius

64. This poet claimed to have *tria corda*

- a. Naevius b. Ennius c. Livius Andronicus d. Vergil

65. This poet claim he was going to write an epic but cupid stole a foot.

- a. Ovid b. Catullus c. Horace d. Cornelius Gallus

66. Who wrote *De Raptu Proserpina?*

- a. Ammianus Marcellinus b. Macrobius
c. Claudius Claudianus d. Maxentius

67. He wrote a medicinal encyclopedia?

- a. Varro b. Columella c. Pliny the Elder d. Celsus

68. Who wrote *de nuptiis de Philologiae*, an allegory regarding the marriage of Mercury and Learning?

- a. Martianus Capella b. Paulus Silentarius c. Macrobius d. Julius Classicianus

69. Grattius Faliscus, a contemporary of Ovid, wrote 540 extant hexameters regarding hunting and especially the management of dogs entitled

- a. *De Canibus* b. *Cynegetica* c. *Venator* d. *Diana*

70. What Christian Apologist was the tutor of Constantine's son Crispus?

- a. Florus b. Tertullian c. Boethius d. Lactantius

Tie Breakers: N.B. Please mark the following questions #96-100 on your scantron.

They will only be scored in the event of a tie.

96. This emperor wrote a history of the Etruscan people

- a. Augustus b. Tiberius c. Caligula d. Claudius

97. How many dactyls are in the following line of dactylic hexameter?

Improbè Amor, quid non mortalia pectora cogis!

- a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4

98. What work of Cicero was Cato Maior the main interlocuter?

- a. *De Amicitia* b. *De Senectute* c. *De Finibus* d. *Tusculan Disputations*

99. What play of Plautus was about a rope?

- a. *Mostellaria* b. *Aulularia* c. *Rudens* d. *Casina*

100. Who built the first library in Rome?

- a. Scipio Aemilianus b. Augustus c. Asinius Pollio d. Scipio Africanus