**2019 SAN ANTONIO CLASSICAL SOCIETY**

**TSJCL AREA B ACADEMIC OLYMPICS**

**ROMAN LIFE**

1. Which of these Roman magistrates would have overseen bath complexes?

a. consul b. aedile c. censor d. quaestor

2. How often were consuls elected?

a. every six months b. every year c. every five years d. every ten years

3. By which of these things was the circus bisected?

a. meta b. calx c. spina d. murus

4. This slave was tasked with knowing the names of important people for his master.

a. ostiarius b. vilicus c. ianitor d. nomenclator

5. Whose temple preserved a sacred fire?

a. Mars b. Hephaestus c. Vesta d. Jupiter

6. How many hours were in a Roman day?

a. 12 b. 14 c. 18 d. 24

7. On the Campus Martius, the temple of Isis was next to the temple of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. Serapis b. Osiris c. Apis d. Anubis

8. Which emperor constructed the *Hadrianeum*?

a. Marcus Aurelius b. Antoninus Pius c. Trajan d. Pertinax

9. A roman woman wearing a dress was wearing a garment called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. toga b. paenula c. stola d. chlamys

10. *Impluvium est in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

a. tricilinio b. cubiculo c. atrio d. peristylo

11. The Romans enjoyed their condiments, including a sauce made of fermented fish known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. mulsum b. amurca c. piscilibatio d. garum

12. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were the spirits of those who had died.

a. Lares b. Penates c. Manes d. Lemures

13. In which room of the house did the family’s household gods stand?

a. cubiculum b. atrium c. tablinum d. peristylum

14. From which area was the worship of the goddess Cybele imported?

a. Egypt b. Persia c. Greece d. Asia

15. Which of these things was not used in making and maintaining clothing?

a. urine b. shellfish c. plants d. alcohol

16. Mock naval battles were known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. naucleri b. navigationes c. nautae d. naumachiae

17. The peach was called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the Romans.

a. *malum Indicum b. malum Gallicum c. malum Persicum d. malum Syricum*

18. What was the name of the furnace which heated the Roman baths?

a. hypocaust b. tepidarium c. calidarium d. thermae

19. Which of these was *not* one of the Roman chariot team colors?

a. black b. white c. red d. blue

20. Where was the Roman Curia located?

a. Forum Augusti b. Forum Boarium c. Forum Romanum d. Forum Traiani

21. What are *bracae*?

a. shoes b. jackets c. pants d. vests

22. Under whose reign was Rome’s first public library built?

a. Augustus b. Tiberius c. Caligula d. Claudius

23. Two *denarii* = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ *sestertii*.

a. 1 b. 4 c. 8 d. 16

24. An *essedarius* would have been chiefly concerned with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. food b. animals c. chariots d. clothes

25. *Cera* was a substance obtained from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. bees b. plants c. cows d. goats

26. Which of these places was a chief supplier of grain for the Romans?

a. Egypt b. Syria c. Bithynia d. Cyrene

27. The *sistrum* was a rattle associated with the worship of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. Cybele b. Isis c. Vesta d. Juno

28. Which road led from Rome to Brundisium?

a. Via Aemilia b. Via Appia c. Via Aurelia d. Via Flaminia

29. What was the name of the chief priest of Jupiter?

a. Pontifex Maximus b. Sacerdos Iovis c. Flamen Dialis d. Rex Sacrorum

30. Which office was not part of the traditional *cursus honorum*?

a. praetor b. consul c. aedile d. tribune

31. How many men were in a standard legion?

a. 3,000 b. 4,000 c. 5,000 d. 6,000

32. A *tonsor* would have been primarily concerned with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. hair b. music c. money d. exercise

33. After the Romans thwarted a siege of the Gauls by throwing bread at them, they dedicated a temple to Jupiter\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

a. Stator b. Propugnator c. Pistor d. Poeninus

34. How would the Roman name *Gaius* have been abbreviated?

a. G. b. Ga. c. C. d. Ca.

35. Romans may have reclined on a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. sella b. mensa c. lectica d. lectus

36. Which of these was not used for hair care?

a. calamistrum b. garum c. forfex d. sapo

37. What was the purpose of a *tabula defixionis*?

a. medical records b. repair receipts c. curses d. legal briefs

38. What was the name of the hat typically worn by *flamines*?

a. petasus b. apex c. galea d. pilleus

39. Someone feeling sleepy in the mid afternoon might take a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. meriditatio b. ergastulum c. arbustum d. lectica

40. How was the name *Gnaeus* abbreviated?

a. Gn. b. Cn. C. G. d. C.

41. A Roman slave born into a family was called a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. alumnus b. libertus c. verna d. vilicus

42. The last and biggest of the imperial Roman fora was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. Forum Nervae b. Forum Transitorium c. Forum Traiani d. Forum Pacis

43. What was the name of the speaker’s platform in the forum?

a. bema b. podium c. laterna d. rostra

44. Which of these was *not* a Roman meal?

a. rogatio b. cena c. ientaculum d. prandium

45. The dark dregs of the first olive pressing were called:

a. mustum b. amurca c. mulsum d. oleum

46. The adress *patres conscripti* would be directed toward \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. senators b. jurors c. soldiers d. patrons

47. A small gift of food or money given by a patron to his clients was called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. sportula b. confarreatio c. peculium d. donatio

48. A gladiator fighting in the coliseum would have stood upon which of these substances?

a. lapides b. caementum c. harena d. pellis

49. *Cardines* were a part of what household objects?

a. beds b. doors c. tables d. windows

50. During what war did the Romans import the worship of Cybele?

a. First Punic War b. Jugurthine War c. Second Punic War d. Second Macedonian War

51. All of the following are types of gladiators *except*

a. hoplomachus b. retiarius c. secutor d. auriga

52. The sacred bird of Mars was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. ibis b. eagle c. goose d. woodpecker

53. Rome’s most famous bath complex was built by

a. Augustus b. Caracalla c. Constantine d. Vespasian

54. The haruspex divined the will of the gods by consulting

a. eagles b. Sybilline Books c. the stars d. entrails

55. A Roman stepmother was a/an

a. noverca b. avia c. proavia d. matertera

56. Which class of Roman society typically engaged in big business?

a. patricians b. equites c. plebeians d. slaves

57. *Sub hasta venire* was a phrase which applied to

a. slaves b. soldiers c. children d. senators

58. A mixture of wine and honey was

a. passum b. merum c. mulsum d. cerivisia

59. Which of these did the Romans dislike to drink?

a. passum b. merum c. mulsum d. cerivisia

60. Who built the first stone theater in Rome?

a. Cicero b. Pompey c. Augstus d. Caesar

61. Which of these words does not belong?

a. atrium b. oppidum c. cubiculum d. peristylum

62. In the name *Publius Cornelius Scipio Africanus*, the name *Africanus* is a/an

a. praenomen b. nomen c. cognomen d. agnomen

63. In which month did the Lupercalia take place?

a. January b. February c. October d. December

64. The battering ram used by the Romans was the

a. aries b. catapulta c. ballista d. onager

65. Which group of Romans carried the fasces?

a. lictors b. censors c. praetors d. quaestors

66. Which of the following are not associated with the home?

a. Penates b. Lares c. Vesta d. Manes

67. From what material was the toga made?

a. linen b. silk c. wool d. cotton

68. On which hill was a wealthy Roman most likely to have a home?

a. Capitoline b. Palatine c. Esquiline d. Aventine

69. In whose honor were the *Ludi Megalenses* celebrated?

a. Cybele b. Juno c. Ops d. Ceres

70. The divine will of a god was known as its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. anima b. umbra c. numen d. spiritus

**TIE-BREAKERS ON THE NEXT PAGE**

**TIE-BREAKERS**

96. A Latin baker was a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. decoctor b. pistor c. coquus d. pictor

97. Which of these was most similar to a *paludamentum*?

a. pallium b. bracae c. pilleus d. toga

98. What was the term of a Vestal Virgin’s service?

a. 1 year b. 5 years c. 20 years D. 30 years

99. Where were elections held during the Republic?

a. Forum b. Ovile c. ager Vaticanus d. Curia

100. Which emperor instituted the office of the *procurator aquarum?*

a. Augustus b. Tiberius c. Caligula d. Claudius