

2004 TSJCL AREA B GREEK DERIVATIVES TEST

Section I Prefixes

Choose the best meaning of the following prefixes

1. ANTI-
A. before B. against C. up D. not
2. A-/AN-
A. up B. down C. not D. with
3. DIA-
A. bad B. through C. difficult D. around
4. EU-
A. good B. word C. outside D. into
5. PERI-
A. across B. over C. beside D. around
6. HYPER-
A. below B. against C. active D. over
7. META-
A. mother B. after C. middle D. blood
8. CATA-
A. universal B. down C. hide D. tube
9. EXO-
A. in B. outside C. good D. six
10. SYN-
A. together B. bad C. same D. from

Section II Bases

Mark the letter that best defines each of the following Greek bases

11. LOG-
A. good B. word C. long D. trunk
12. CHROM-
A. time B. film C. color D. shiny
13. DEKA-
A. deck B. rot C. ten D. skin

14. BALLEIN

A. dance B. tree C. wage war D. throw

15. EIDOS

A. image B. idiot C. form D. self

16. GLOSSA

A. shiny B. glory C. globe D. tongue

17. TEKHNE

A. skill B. build C. draw D. weave

18. TOPOS

A. top B. turn C. blow D. place

19. DEMOS

A. evil B. people C. show D. ten

20. PSEUD-

A. false B. sweet C. persuade D. mind

21. ONYM-

A. same B. hymn C. once D. name

22. POLIS

A. polite B. city C. shiny D. pole

23. PAIS

A. pain B. child C. foot D. paisley

24. AGON

A. emblem B. pain C. struggle D. against

25. PHEREIN

A. carry B. form C. mind D. suffer

Section III

Choose the English word that is not derived from the same Greek element as the rest

26. A. disastrous B. aster C. astern D. astrology

27. A. pantomime B. anatomy C. atom D. epitome

28. A. across B. acrostic C. acronym D. acrobat

29. A. atheist B. apotheosis C. Theodore D. theory

30. A. maternal B. material C. metrodom D. matron

31. A. dosage B. anecdote C. antidote D. dote
32. A. episode B. periodic C. ode D. method
33. A. ephemeral B. leukemia C. hematology D. anemia
34. A. nausea B. nautical C. naught D. argonaut
35. A. pentagon B. agonic C. antagonist D. trigonometry

Section IV

Choose the response that best completes the following

36. Lithography is a printing process that uses this for making ink impressions
A. lasers B. a stone C. a flexible pen D. light
37. A xenophobe would be someone who
A. loves wood B. loves strangers C. fears wood D. fears strangers
38. A necromancer is someone who believes he or she can
A. talk with dead people B. talk to horses C. travel to the underworld and back
D. bring dead people back to life
39. According to the Greek root, the Energizer Bunny
A. has rhythm B. works a lot C. has lots of nerve D. is pink
40. A hygrophyte is a type of plant that thrives in
A. the dark B. moist soil C. high places D. dry soil
41. The first cameras were so named because they were
A. shape like a box B. bulky C. covered with cloth D. uses slates
42. According to the Greek root, a woman will use cosmetics in order to
A. get a date B. be treated nicely C. put her face in order D. get a job
43. Someone suffering from osteoporosis has
A. nice skin B. weak bones C. big pores in their skin D. weak muscles
44. According to the Greek root, the word economy has to do with
A. saving money B. politics C. managing a household D. business mergers
45. There is a town in Indiana named Oolitic because near it there are stones in the shape of a(n)
A. octagon B. box C. egg D. owl
46. A heliotrope is a plant that
A. turns away from the sun B. has seeds shaped like helicopter blades
C. has seed that resemble parachutes D. turns toward the sun
47. Something that is anthropomorphic is something that
A. changes shape B. is human shaped C. becomes human D. throbs with pain

48. A person accused of being an idolater is someone who
 A. worships idols B. has fancy ideals C. is an idiot D. sits idly in class
49. The Petrified Forest is so called because the trees there
 A. turned to rock B. terrified pioneers C. have drawings on them D. are as big as rocks
50. The chef made a gastronomical feast that was sure to
 A. fill the stomach B. be expensive C. taste good D. make any king happy

Section V

Identify the given phobias

51. ergophobia is the fear of
 A. one's self B. conclusions C. work D. fun
52. topophobia is the fear of
 A. hats B. shirts C. turning D. places
53. claustrophobia is the fear of
 A. clothes B. tight spaces C. heights D. breaking things
54. agoraphobia is the fear of
 A. cats B. history C. anchors D. open areas
55. arachnophobia is the fear of
 A. sharp things B. tight things C. heights D. spiders

Section VI

Identify the given manias

56. kleptomania is a passion for
 A. eye glasses B. golf clubs C. theft D. cutting
57. dipsomania is a madness over
 A. swimming B. craziness C. dancing D. thirst
58. bibliomania is a madness for
 A. bibs B. books C. the Bible D. pierced ears
59. pyromania is a madness for
 A. pus B. fire C. pure things D. pies
60. monomania is a madness for
 A. one ideal B. moms C. the moon D. names

Section VII

Identify the following phile words

61. necrophilia is the love of
 A. necks B. newborns C. dead things D. new crops

- ## Part VIII
- ### Identify the following –logy words

- TIE BREAKERS.** Place your answers in the spaces for #96-100 on your scantron

96. A prodrome is
A. a horse B. racetrack C. early symptom of illness D. first name
97. Which of the following words does not come from the same root as the rest?
A. telephone B. phoney C. phonics D. phoneme
98. Which of the following words does not come from the same root as the rest?
A. helicopter B. pterodactyl C. orthoptera D. coopt
99. A misogynist is someone who
A. hates women B. hates marriage C. is a woman D. sends people cards
100. A theophany is
A. a religious book B. sleepy sand in the eye
C. the disbelief in a supreme being D. an appearance of a god to humans