**Contest Code 01**

**2023 SAN ANTONIO CLASSICAL SOCIETY**

**TSJCL AREA B ACADEMIC OLYMPICS**

**ELEMENTARY GRAMMAR TEST**

Part A- Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1. Hic vir erat \_\_\_\_\_.

A) cōnsul B) cōnsulis C) cōnsulī D) cōnsule

2. Ille rēx ingentem rēgnum **reget**.

A)will rule B) rules C) ruled D)will be ruled

3. Epistulam longam ad filium meum **scrībō**.

A) I will write B) I am writing C) I was writing D) I have written

4. Nēmō sine \_\_\_\_\_\_ diū vīvere potest.

A) aquae B) aquā C) aqua D) aquam

5. Salvēte,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, et audīte fābulam novam.

A) discipule B) discipulus C) discipulōs D) discipulī

6. **Nōs** heri in foro vidīstis.

A) they B) we C) you D) us

7. A modest student does not praise **himself**.

A)eundem B)eum C)quem D)sē

8. **Nōnne** nostrae magistrae **grātiās agitis**?

A) Surely you thank…don’t you? B) Don’t thank…!

C) You don’t thank…do you? D) Why not thank…?

9. Anna et Iulia erunt \_\_\_\_\_.

A) amīca B) amīcās C) amīcae D) amīcārum

10. Helena tamen erat uxor **rēgis** Spartae.

A)to the kings B) of the king C) by the kings D) for the king

11. **Quibus** Marcus cibum dedit?

A) Who B) Whose C) To whom D) With whom

12. Pīrātae ad īnsulam **nāvibus** nāvigābant.

A) by ships B) near ships C) about ships D) of ships

13. Did you hear **them** whispering in the cellar?

A) eos B)ea C)eum D) eam

14. Servī **huius hominis** brevī tempore vēndentur.

A) this man B) to this man C) of this man D) by this man

15. Cornēlia iuvenem laudāvit **quod** librum bene lēgit.

A) because B) whom C) which D) whose

16. Amici, nōs Rōmam mox \_\_\_\_\_.

A) vīsitābit B) vīsitābitis C) vīsitābimus D) vīsitābunt

17. Eurydice **ā serpente** necāta est.

A) because of a serpent B) away from a serpent

C) towards a serpent D) by a serpent

18. Paucī liberī nobiscum ad urbem **eunt**.

A) are moving B) are going C) are wishing D) are able

19. Magnum flūmen **per** campōs Italiae fluit.

A)towards B) near C) through D) by

20. Fēmina, \_\_\_\_\_ amphoram dedit, mēcum oppidum ambulāvit.

A) quae B) quārum C) cui D) quam

21. Discipulī librum **magistrae** in vīllā vīdērunt.

A) by the teacher B) from the teacher C) the teacher's D) with the teacher

22. Troiānī Graecōs **non crēdidērunt**.

A) are not trusting B) did not trust

C) would not trust D) will not trust

23. **Brevī tempore** ex urbe discēdēmus.

A) For a short time B) A short time ago

C) In a short time D) Of a short time

24. **Aut** disce **aut** discēde!

A) Both...and B) Either...or C) If only...then D) Whether...or

25. **Nōlī** lacrimāre; tē mēcum manēre volō!

A) You did not want B) I did not want C) Don’t D) to wish not

26. **Quam** pulchrae sunt uxorēs consulum!

A) Whom B) How C) When D)Which

27. Fīliī imperātōris **fortiter** in bellō pugnāvērunt.

A)bravely B) brave C) braver D)very bravely

28 Virī et puerī **poterant** manēre.

A)had been able B) will be able C) will have been able D) were able

29.**Vīsne**  tuum amicum adiuvāre?

A) Did you wish B) Will you wish C) Were you wishing D) Do you wish

30. **Placetne tibi hoc**?

A)Is this pleasing to you? B) Is this necessary for you?

C) Was this permitted to you? D) Will you be allowed to do this?

31. Nōlīte \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ad mē!

A)clāmātis B) clāmā C) clāmānt D) clāmāre

32. Dīc mihi, **Vergilī**, nōmen amicī tuī.

A) to Vergilius B) Vergilius C) of Vergilius D) by Vergilius

33. Mīlitēs catapultum prae \_\_\_\_\_ mōvērunt.

A) pontī B) ponte C) pontem D) pontis

34. Quinte, dā mihi plus \_\_\_\_\_\_

A) vīnum B) vīnī C) vinō D) vīna

35. Narcissus **sē** in aquā diūtissimē spectābat.

A) himself B) their C) his D) themselves

36. Nōn licet \_\_\_\_\_ manēre.

A) senex B) senī C) senis D) sene

37. Our girlfriends, **whom** you see waiting here, are extremely angry.

A) quae B) quārum C) quās D) quibus

38. Pīrātae, \_\_\_\_\_, nostrum nāvem rapiunt.

A) virī scelestī B) virōs scelestōs C) virum scelestum D) virīs scelestīs

39. Nostrae copiae **ā nōbīs** iam agentur.

A) towards us B) near us C) by us D) down from

40. Optimī poetae ab amīcīs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ semper voluērunt.

A) laudāre B) laudārī C) laudavisse D) laudant

41. Iuvenis ā puellā **laudātus est**.

A) is being praised B) is praising C) was praised D) had been praised

42. **Cuius nātiōnis** Pyrrhus est dux?

A) For what nation B) With what nation

C) Of what nation D) By what nation

43. Hic consul magnās rēs **cōnfēcisse** dīcitur.

A) to be accomplished B) to have accomplished

C) had accomplished D) going to accomplish

44. **Iter brevissimum** ad Galliam fēcimus.

A) a short journey B) the shortest journey

C) a rather short journey D) the shorter journey

45. Discipulī interdum **dīligentius** student.

A) very diligently B) so diligent C) most diligent D) too diligently

46. Mīles amīcum **vulnerātum** ē proeliō portāvit.

A) wounded B) about to wound C) wound D) wounding

47. Nūntius audīvit exercitum **iter facere** ad urbem.

A) to march B) was marching C) has marched D) is marching

48. Marcus, amīcus Iūliī, exclāmat, “Tē **duās hōrās** exspectābam!”

A) at the second hour B) after two hours C) for two hours D) in two hours

49. Magistra superba dīxit discipulōs omnia **scītūrōs esse**.

A) will know B) have known C) were known D) would know

50. Ā duōbus magistrīs **doctī erimus**.

A) We will have been taught B) We are taught

C) We will be taught D) We will teach

Part B: Select the word which does NOT belong because of grammar.

51. A) fēcerat B) poterat C) ēgerat D) ierat

52. A) unius B) nullius C) tertius D) solius

53. A) exercitum B) pontum C) agrum D) poetam

54. A) marī B) rege C) puellā D) canī

55. A) sua B) sibi C) se D) sui

56. A) dic B) fac C) fer D) dux

57. A) nullus B) nihil C) plus D) multum

58. A) vult B) volābam C) voluistī D) volam

59. A) vīs B) virēs C) viīs D) vī

60. A) laudā B) duce C) monē D) dormī

**Part C** - Choose the best answer to fill each blank and complete the story.

**Deucalion & Pyrrha**

 **61**  ante quod hominēs  **62**  erant, Iuppiter ipse māximā īrā commovēbātur et illōs  **63**  cōnstituit. Deucaliōnem autem et Pyrrham  **64** ēius servāre māgnopere cupiēbat quod  **65**  erant. Pater deōrum  **\_\_\_66\_\_** terram plūrimā aquā circumdare et tergere (*and cover*) iūssit. Hic, potentissimus deus  **67**  , id fēcit, etsī Deucaliōn et uxōr benīgnissima monitī erant et  **68** servāre potuērunt. Ille māximam nāvem aedificāverat et in eā cum uxōre cārissima  **69**  mānsit. Posteā etsī omnia aquīs dēlēta sunt,  **70**  deōrum plūrimī virī et fēminae in terrā iterum vīvēbant.

61. A) Multum annum B) Multōs annōs C) Multī annī D) Multīs annīs

62. A) pessimōs B) pessimī C) pessimīs D) pessimus

63. A) dēlēvit B) dēlērī C) dēlēre D) dēlet

64. A) uxor B) uxōrī C) uxōrem D) uxōris

65. A) optimī B) optimōs C) optimum D) optimīs

66. A) Neptūnum B) Neptūnī C) Neptūnus D) Neptūnō

67. A) mare B) marī C) marium D) maris

68. A) sē B) eōs C) eum D) sibi

69. A) multam mensem B) multōs mensēs C) multī mensēs D) multīs mensibus

70. A) cōnsiliō B) cōnsilium C) cōnsiliī D) cōnsilia

**Tiebreakers**: Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

96. Hoc vinum est melior \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A) illud B) illī C) illō D) illius

97. Scelestus fur statuam in templō **erat rapturus**.

 A) had stolen B) had been stolen C) was stealing D) was intending to steal

98. Librī, quōs vidēs, **nob**ī**s** legendī sunt.

 A) by us B) of us C) us D) to us

99. The teacher is asking why the students are leaving.

 A) discēderent B) discēdant C) discēdunt D) discēdent

100. Consul \_\_\_\_\_\_ maluit.

 A) pacī B) pax C)pacis D) pacem