BioSuma[™] T Advanced complexed broad-range insect biocontrol (category: insecticide)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Biosuma T is formulated with rosemary oil, a botanical extract. Biosuma T's proprietary formulation stabilizes the rosemary oil, reducing its volatility, improving contact time with plant surfaces, and improving efficacy to repel, deter or impact unwanted insects. The product is for insect induced damage control on ornamental plants, turf, and other crops.

Biosuma T is formulated with a proprietary blend of select botanical oils that have a proven basis for efficacy against target soft-bellied pest insects, including spider mites, aphids, thrips, etc. The blend of oil will contain one or more of rosemary oil, thyme oil, geranium oil and lemongrass oil. Biosuma T's proprietary formulation technologies stabilize the botanical oils, controlling their volatility, improving contact time with plant surfaces, and improving efficacy to repel, deter or impact unwanted insects. The product is for insect control on ornamental plants, turf, and other crops. Biosuma T applied to actively growing plants (see DIRECTIONS FOR USE) will reduce or control incidence of insect induced damage and improve plant health. Plant health benefits often result in greater yields and improved crop quality at harvest, especially when crops are stressed by insect pressures or environmental conditions. Use Biosuma T as a preventive, protective application before disease is present and when conditions favor development of an infestation - though it may also be used as a knock-down application when insects are present. Apply prior to insect infestation to protect growing plants. See specific information for diseases controlled and use rates onornamental plants, turf, and edible crops.

MODES OF ACTION

Botanical oils have demonstrated efficacy as powerful insect repelling agents. These extracts, when applied to growing crops, will repel insects either through sensory perception or through physical interaction. Biosuma T is an improved efficacy formulation using proprietary activation technologies that allow for persistent activity during the growing season. These stabilizing and surfactant technologies act to emulsify the formulation, achieve even and complete surface application, polymerize it to the plant surface for durability, and resist volatilization and leeching. These technologies collectively increase and sustain the contact time with target insects to reduce or control insect induced damage.

Repeat foliar applications at 7-14 day intervals to maintain insect control and to protect new plant growth.

MIXING AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

-- SHAKE WELL PRIOR TO USE --

Biosuma T is an emulsified concentrate containing oil extracted from Salvia rosmarinus. Use 100-mesh nozzle screens or larger.

See CHEMIGATION section for chemigation use directions. See PRE-PLANT DIP section for pre-plant dip use directions. See SEED TREATMENT section for seed treatment use directions. See SOIL TREATMENT section for soil application use directions.

Use higher water volumes with larger sized crops and extensive foliage to secure thorough coverage.

Biosuma T alone: Add ¹/₂ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the Biosuma T to the mix tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the Biosuma T has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been applied.

Biosuma T + tank-mixtures: Add 1/2 ³/4 of the required amount of waterto the mix tank. Start the agitation before adding any tank mix partners. In general, tank-mix partners should be added in this order: wettable powders, dry flowable formulations, liquid flowable formulations, and emulsifiable formulations such as Biosuma T. Always allow each tank-mix partner to become completely dispersed before adding the next component. Maintain continuous agitation until all components have been dispersed and throughout the application process. After all components are completely dispersed add the remainder of the water. Biosuma T cannot be mixed with another product with a prohibition against mixing. Useof the tank mix must be in accordance with the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. Do not pre-mix Biosuma T with any other tank mix component prior to adding to the spray tank.

Compatibility: Do not combine Biosuma T in the spray tank with strongly anionic chemicals or pesticides, adjuvants, or fertilizers if there has been no previous experience or use of the combination to show it is physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious under your use conditions.

Biosuma T is compatible with many commonly used pesticides, fertilizers, adjuvants, and surfactants, but has not been evaluated with all potential combinations. To ensure compatibility of the tank mix combinations, evaluate prior to use as follows: Using a suitable container, add the proportional amounts of product to water. Add wettable powders first, then water dispersible granules, then liquid flowables, and lastly, emulsifiableconcentrates. Mix thoroughly and let stand for at least five minutes. If the combination stays mixed or can be remixed, it is physically compatible. Test the mix on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of the application.

Application Method	Product Use Rate per Application(per	Product Use Rateper Application(per	Application
	1,000 sq. ft.)	Acre)	Instructions
Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water 3.2% v/v dilution), applied at a rate of 1 gallon of spray solutionper 1,000 square feet of turf, sod, or ornamental turf.	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water 3.2% v/v dilution). Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff – generally 15- 50 gallons per acre.	Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every7-14 days.

Biosuma T has a pre-harvest interval (PHI) of 0 days.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 0 hours.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

CHEMIGATION

Apply Biosuma T at 1 gallon per acre according to the instructions belowunless specified differently in the SELECTED CROPS section.

General Requirements -

- 1. Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, flood (basin), furrow, border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other typeof irrigation system.
- 2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide labelprescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- I. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and thetop or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the insidediameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic,quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward theinjection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluidfrom being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution isadversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capableof being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intendedfor treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- I. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valveand low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic,quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward theinjection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection

pump and connected to the system interlock to preventfluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

- 3. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 4. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressuredecreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 5. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capableof being filled with a system interlock.
- 6. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Flood (Basin), Furrow and BorderChemigation -

- 1. Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstreamof a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- 2. The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
- a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake sideof the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 6. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the waterpressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 7. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- I. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valveand low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic,quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward theinjection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to preventfluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressuredecreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- **6.** Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capableof being fitted with a system interlock.

Application Instructions for All Types of Chemigation -

- I. Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from thechemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may causeproduct to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2. Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions. Product can be applied continuously or atany time during the water application.
- 3. Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required.

PRE-PLANT DIP USE DIRECTIONS

Biosuma T can be applied as a pre-plant dip for improved plant health and suppression of certain soil-borne diseases. Apply Biosuma T at (32-64 ounces) (1-2 quarts) product per 10 gallons of water as a pre-plant dipimmediately prior to transplanting, unless specified differently in theSELECTED CROPS section.

SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS

Biosuma T can be applied by soil drench, in-furrow spray, or soil injection toimprove plant health and to protect against certain soil-borne diseases.

In general, Biosuma T can be applied by the following methods, unless specified differently in the SELECTED CROPS section:

Soil Drench Applications: Apply Biosuma T at a concentration of 3 gallons per 100 gallons of water, and at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application of Biosuma T during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.

Shanked-In and Injected Applications: Biosuma T can be shanked-in or injected into the soil alone, or with most types of liquid nutrients.

In-Furrow Applications: At planting, apply Biosuma T as an in-furrow spray at the rate of 1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1000 feet of row according to the chart below. Apply Biosuma T in 5-15 gallons of water so as the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

Data	In-Furrow Application Rates Product per Acre (fl. oz.)							
Kate	30″ Rows	32″ Rows	34″ Rows	36″ Rows	38″ Rows	40″ Rows		
8.8 fl. oz. per I,000 ft. row	153.2	144.0	135.2	128.0	121.2	114.8		

30" = 17,424 row ft./acre, 32" = 16,315 row ft./acre, 34" = 15,374 row ft./acre, 36" = 14,520 row ft./acre, 38" = 13,754 row ft./acre, 40" = 13,068 row ft./acre.

APPLICATION RATES FOR SELECTED CROPS

Biosuma T used as specified will improve plant health and reduce or control incidence of the bacterial and fungal diseases listed below.

Biosuma T is exempt from tolerances and may be applied as directed to any food or non-food crop up to and including the day of harvest at a rate not exceeding 240 fl. oz. (7.2 oz. active ingredient) per acre per application.

The use rate for Biosuma T applied alone, tank mixed, or as an alternate spray is 1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution of Biosuma T) applied at a spray volume of 100 gallons per acre. Use higher water volumes with larger sized crops and extensive foliage in order to secure thorough coverage. See specific application instructions pertaining to each crop for additional details.

For greenhouse application on the crops and diseases listed, the use rate for Biosuma T applied alone, tank mixed, or as an alternate spray is 1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution of Biosuma T) sprayed until just before point of runoff. Repeat at 7-14 day intervals as needed. See specific application instructions for each crop for additional details.

Crop	Target Disease	Application Method	Product Use Rateper Application	Application Instructions
Artichoke	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum)(Leveillula taurica) Ramularia Leaf Spot (Ramularia cynarae)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first diseasesymptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product throughdrip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Asparagus	Botrytis Blight (Botrytis cinerea) Rust (Puccinia aspargi)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Bushberries and Caneberries Blueberry Blackberry (all varieties) Cranberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Juneberry Ligonberry Loganberry Raspberry (red and black) Salal (and other berry crops)	Mummy Berry (Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi) Alternaria Fruit Rot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose Fruit Rot (Colletotrichum acutatum) Bacterial Canker (Pseudomonas syringae) Botrytis Blight (Botrytis cinerea) Leaf Rust (Pucciniastrum vaccinii) Leaf Spot and Blotch (Mycosphaerella spp.) (Septoria spp.) Phomopsis Leaf Spot, Twig Blight, and Fruit Rot (Phomopsi spp.) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera alni) Spur Blight (Didymella spp.) (Phoma spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first diseasesymptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days. Mummy Berry – Initiate application at bud break stage of development. Apply this product preventatively and repeaton a 7-10- day interval or as needed. For best performance,tank mix this product with other registered fungicides for Mummy Berry control. Botrytis Blight – Apply this product preventatively when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every7-14 days. Bacterial Canker – Apply this product prior to Fall rains and repeat applications during dormancy before Spring growth. This product can be tank mixed with another registered fungicide for improved control of bacterial canker. Anthracnose Fruit Rot and Alternaria Fruit Rot on blueberries – Initiate application at green tip and continue applications on a 7- 10 day.

Bulb Vegetables Onion (Bulb and Green) Garlic Leek Shallot (and other bulb vegetable crops)	Botrytis Leaf Blight (Botrytis squamosa) Botrytis Neck Rot (Botrytis spp.) Downy Mildew (Peronospora spp.) Onion Downy Mildew (Peronospora destructor) Onion Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia porri) Stemphyllium Leaf Blight (Stemphyllium vesicarium) Eucarium con Puthium con	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every7-14 days.
	Rhizoctonia spp.	Soil Drench	3.3 gallons per 100 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For soil drench applications, apply this product a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application of this product during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.
(continued)		In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in-furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water so as the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
Bulb Vegetables Onion (Bulb and Green) Garlic		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product throughdrip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Leek Shallot (and other bulb vegetable crops)		Plant Dip	42 oz. per 10 gallons water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
Cereal Grains Barley Buckwheat Grain Amaranth Milo	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Bacterial Blight and Streak (Xanthomonas spp.) Brown Rot, Leaf Spots & Smuts (Ceratobasidium spp.) (Cercospora spp.) (Cochliobolus spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications to optimize disease control and to maximize yields, apply this product in 15-40 gallons of water per acre. It is important to apply this product at the flag leaf stage to maximize yield. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms appear. Repeat applications in 7-14 day intervals depending upon crop growth and disease pressure. When the plants are under high disease pressure, tank mix this product with another functions for more effective control.
Oat Millets Rice Sorghum Triticale Wheat (and other cereal grain crops)	(Drechslera spp.) Rice Blast (Pyricularia grisea) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Septoria Leaf Spot (Septoria spp.) Sheath Spot and Blight (Rhizoctonia oryzae) (Thanatephorus cucumeris) Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae) Smut (Tillatia barelayana)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	Fordact with another indicate for more effective control. For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons water per acre. It is important to apply this product at the flag leaf stage to maximize yield. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms appear. Repeat applications in 7-14 day intervals depending upon crop growth and disease pressure. When the plants are under high disease pressure, tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.
Citrus Crops Orange Grapefruit Lemon	Bacterial Canker (Xanthomonas spp.) Alternaria Brown Spot (Alternaria alternata) Bacterial Blast (Pseudomonas syringae)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications, apply this product preventatively in 50- 150 gallons of water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals. Avoid excessive amounts of water that result in the runoff of spray material.
Tangelo Tangerine Pummelo (and other citrus crops)	Black Spot (Guignardia citricarpa) (Phyllosticta citricarpa) Greasy Spot (Mycosphaerella citri)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals

	Melanose (Diaporthe citri) Postbloom Fruit Drop (Colletotrichum acutatum) Scab (Elsinoe australis) (Elsinoe fawcetti)			
Cole Crops (Brassicas) Broccoli Broccoli Rabe Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Chinese Broccoli Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy)	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe cruciferarum)(Erysiphe polygoni) Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Downy Mildew (Peronospora parasitica) Pin Rot Complex (Alternaria/Xanthomonas) Xanthomonas Leaf Spot (Xanthomonas campestris)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Chinese Cabbage (Napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy) Cauliflower Cavalo Collards Kale Kohlrabi Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Turnip		Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
Corn Sweet Corn Field Corn Popcorn Silozo Corn	Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola) Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae) Gray leafspot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) Rusts (Puccinia spp.)Northern	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications to optimize disease control andto maximize yields, apply this product preventatively in1540 gallons of water per acre prior to disease development using sufficient volume for thorough coverage. Consult your local Extension Specialist or Crop Consultantregarding the optimum timing of fungicide applications.
Silage Corn Seed Corn (and other corn crops, including crops grown for seed)	Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum) Northern Leaf Spot (Cochiliobus carbonum) Southern Leaf Blight (Cochliobolus heterostrophus)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Boll Rot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose, Boll Rot (Glomeria spp.) Ascochyta Blight, Boll Rot (Ascochyta spp.) Cercospora Blight and LeafSpot (Cercospora spp.) Diplodia Boll Rot (Diplodia spp.) Hard Lock, Boll Rot (Fusarium spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications for foliar and Boll Rot diseasecontrol, apply this product preventatively in 15 gallonsof water per acre prior to disease development using sufficient volume for thorough coverage. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
Cotton	Leaf Spot (Corynespora cassicola) Phoma Blight, Boll Rot (Phoma spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) (Phykopsora spp.) Stemphyllium Leaf Spot (Stemphyllium spp.)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1,000 feetof row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just beforethe seeds are covered.

Cucurbits Includes all typesand hybrids of: Chayote Chinese waxgourd Cucumber Citron melon Gherkin Pumpkin Watermelon	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum)(Sphaerotheca fuliginea) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum lagenarium) Alternaria Blight (Alternaria cucumerina) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora citrulina)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Edible Gourd: Chinese okra Cucuzza Hyotan Mormordica spp.: Balsam apple Balsam pear Bitter melon Chinese cucumber Muskmelon: Cantaloupe Casaba Crenshaw melon Goldon parchaw	Damping-off (Fusarium spp.) (Pythium spp.) (Phytophthora sp.) (Rhizoctonia solani) Downy Mildew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis) Gummy Stem Blight (Didymella bryoniae) Phytophthora Blight (Phytophthora capsici)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
melon Honeydew melon Honey balls Mango melon Persian melon Pineapple melon Santa Claus melon		Soil Drench	3.3 gallons per 100 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For soil drench applications, apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application of this product duringor shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multipledrench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.
Summer Squash: Crookneck squash Scallop squash Straightneck squash Vegetable marrow Zucchini	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
Winter Squash: Acorn squash Butternut squash Calabaza	Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip	42 oz. per 10 gallons water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
Hubbard squash Spaghetti squash (and other cucurbit crops)		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product throughdrip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Fruiting Vegetables Tomato	Bacterial Blight (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Bacterial Spot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.)			For ground applications, apply this product preventatively in 25-100 gallons of water per acre. Increasewater volume as plant size increases.
Pepper Eggplant Ground Cherry Okra	Bacterial Speck (Pseudomonas syringae) Black Mold (Alternaria alternata) Damping-off (Fusariumspp.) (Pythium spp.) (Rhizoctonia solani)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Tank mix this product with other registered fungicides for improved disease control under heavy pressure.
Tomatillo (and other fruiting vegetable crops)				Phytophthora Blight – Apply this product in combination with labeled rates of a copper fungicide or with another fungicide labeled for Phytophthora Blight control.
	Early Blight (Alternaria solani) Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea)		1 gallon per	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 10 gallons of water per acre.
	Late Blight (Phytophthora infestans) Phytophthora Blight (Phytophthora capsici) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphespp.)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Tank mix this product with other registered fungicidesfor improved disease control under heavy pressure. Phytophthora Blight – Apply this product in combination with
	(Leveillula taurica) (Oidopsis taurica) (Sphaerotheca spp.) Target Spot (Corynespora cassiicola)			iabeled rates of a copper fungicide.

(continued) Fruiting Vegetables Tomato Pepper	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp.	Soil Drench	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing mediaand root zone. Make an initial application of this productduring or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil- borne diseases and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a10-14 day interval.
Eggplant Ground Cherry Okra Tomatillo	Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ouncesper 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just beforethe seeds are covered.
vegetable crops)		Plant Dip	1-2 quarts (3264 oz.) per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as apre-plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product throughdrip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Grape	Powdery Mildew (Uncinula necator) Angular Leaf Spot (Mycosphaerella angulata) Anthracnose (Elsinoe ampelina) Botrytis Bunch Rot (Botrytis cinerea) Black Rot (Guignardia bidwellii) Downy Mildew (Plasmopara viticola) Eutypa (Eutypa lata) Leaf Blight (Pseudocercospora vitis) Phomopsis Fruit Rot (Phomopsis viticola) Ripe Rot (Colletotrichum gloeosporioides) Sour Rot (Alternaria tenuis) (Aspergillus spp.) (Botrytis cinerea) (Cladosporium herbarum) (Penicillium spp.) (Rhizopus arrhizus)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallonsper acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first diseasesymptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	Phytophthora spp. Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip	(3264 oz.) per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth andsuppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
Grass Seed	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) (Oidium spp.) (Podosphaera spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallonsper acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first diseasesymptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	(<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
Hemp	Downy Mildew (Peronospora spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia menthae)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.

Hops	Downy Mildew (Pseudoperonospora humuli) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply this product preventatively when disease symptoms are first visible or when environmental conditionsare conducive to rapid disease development. Continuesprays at 7 day intervals or as needed. Minimum spray volumes for hop growth stages areas follows: Emergence to Training: Apply this product using a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre. Coverage will vary with the size of the vines and the type of sprayequipment. Apply adequate spray volume to achieve complete spray coverage. Training to Wire-Touch: Apply this product using a minimum spray volume of 50 gallons per acre. Coverage will vary with the size of the vines and the type of sprayequipment. Apply adequate spray volume to achieve complete spray coverage. Wire-Touch through Harvest: Apply this product using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Higher water volumes may be necessary to achieve thoroughcoverage after side arms develop. Apply adequate spray volume to achieve complete spray coverage. Usethe higher rates when moderate to high disease pressure is present or expected.
Leafy Vegetable Crops Arugula Beet Celery Chervil Cilantro Corn Salad Cress Dandelion	Downy Mildew (Bremia lactuca) (Peronospora spp.) Bacterial Blight/Rot (Xanthomonas spp.) Cercospora leafspot(Cercospora	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Dock Edible Chrysanthemum Endive Fennel Garden PeasHead LettuceLeaf Lettuce Parsley Purslane Radicchio Rhubarb Spinach Swiss Chard Watercress (and other leafy vegetable crops)	Late Blight (Septoria apiicola) Pink Rot (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum) Sclerotinia Head and LeafDrop (Sclerotinia minor) (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum) White Rust (Albugo occidentalis)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
Legumes/ Vegetables (not including soybeans and peanuts)Chick Peas Dry Beans Garbanzo Beans Green Beans Lentils Lima Beans Peas Shell Beans Snap Beans Split Peas (and other legume crops,	Bacterial Blight (Xanthomonas campestris) Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea) Pythium (aerial blight phase) (Pythium spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) (Uromyces appendiculatus) White Mold (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days. For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in-
including those grown for seed oroil production)	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ouncesper 1,000 feet of row.	furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before he seeds are covered.
Mint and Other Herbs/Spices Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Chamomile Catnip	Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) Rust (<i>Puccinia</i>	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.

Chervil Chive	menthae)			Ē
Clary Coriander				
Costmary				
Cilantro Curry				
Dillweed				
Horehound				
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l avender				
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Lemongrass				
Mariaram				
Naturtiure				
Nasturtium Develasi (del ed)				
Parsley (dried)				
Peppermint				
Rosemary Sage				
Savory (summer				
and winter) Sweet				
Bay Tansy				
Tarragon				
Rosemary				
Wintergreen				
Woodruff				
Wormwood				
(and other				
herbs/spices)				
	Bacterial Pustule			
	(Yanthomonas spn.)			
Oil Seed Crops	(Xunthonionus spp.)			Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage
(not including	Bacterial Speck (Pseudomonas	Foliar	1 gallon per	to the point of runoff – generally 15-50 gallons per acre.
cotton peaput or	syringe pv. glycinea)	(Ground)	30 gallons of	Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms
coubean)	Brown Croot		water (3.2%	are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Canala	Brown Spot		v/v dilution)	
Califora	(Septoria glycines)			
Elay	Cercospora Leaf Spot			
Flax	(Cercospora spp.)			
Industrial Hemp			1 gallon per	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5
Rapeseed	Downy Mildew	Foliar	10 gallons of	gallons water per acre.
Sattlower Sesame	(Peronospora mansherica)	(Aerial)	water	For improved performance use this product in a tank mixor
Sunflower	Pod and Stem Blight (Diaporthe		(9.1% v/v	rotational program with other registered fungicides
(and other oilseedcrops)	nhaseolorum var soige)		dilution)	Peneat applications at 7-14 day intervals
	(Phomonsis longicola)			repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	White Mold/Sclerotinia StemBot			
	(Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)			
				For ground applications, apply this product preventativelyin 50-150
				gallons of water per acre.
Olive	Olive Knot		1 gallon per	For improved performance was this product in a table privat
Unve	(Pseudomonas savastanoi)	Foliar	30 gallons of	For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor
			water (3.2%	rotational program with other registered fungicides.
			v/v dilution)	Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
				Avoid excessive amounts of water that result in therunoff of spray
				material.

Ornamentals Herbaceous Ornamentals Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Bedding Plants Woody Ornamentals Broadleaves Shrubs Trees Conifers	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Bacteria (Erwinia spp.) (Pseudomonas spp.) (Xanthomonas spp.) Black Spot of Rose(Diplocarpon rosae) Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.) Downy Mildew (Peronospora spp.) (Plasmopara viburni) Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea) Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) (Cercospora spp.) (Entomosporium spp.) (Myrothecium spp.) (Septoria spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) (Oidium spp.) (Podosphaera spp.) (Sphaerotheca spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Scab (Venturia spp.)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-150 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days. Begin applications preventatively (before disease symptoms become visible) at the 4 -6 leaf stage and treat at7-14 day intervals as needed prior to sale or harvest. Spray until just before point of runoff. This product may be used to control certain diseases container, bench, flat, plug, bed, or field-grown ornamentals in greenhouses, shade-houses, outdoornurseries, retail nurseries, and other landscape areas.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp.	Soil Drench	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application of this product duringor shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multipledrench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.
	Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip	1-2 quarts (32- 64oz.) per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product throughdrip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Peanut	Aspergillus Crown Rot (Aspergillus niger) Damping-off (Aspergillus flavus) (Fusarium spp.) (Pythium spp.) (Rhizoctonia spp.) Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora arachidicola) Late Leaf Spot (Cerosporidium personatum) Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight,Peg, and Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani) White Mold (Sclerotium rolfsii)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	Aspergillus Crown Rot (Aspergillus niger) Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp.	Soil Drench	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application of this product duringor shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multipledrench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.
	Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp. White Mold (Sclerotium rolfsii)	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ouncesper 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

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		Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera leucotricha)			
		Alternaria Blotch (Alternaria mali)			
		Apple Scab (Venturia inaequalis)			
		Bitter Rot (Colletotrichum spp.)			
		Black Rot/Frogeye Leaf Spot (Botryosphaeria obtusa)			
	Pome Fruits	Bot Rot (Botryosphaeria dothidea)		1 gallon per	For ground applications, apply this product preventatively in 50-100 gallons of water per acre.
	Apple Crabapple	Brooks Spot (Mycosphaerella pomi)	Foliar	30 gallons of water (3.2%	For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides.
	Loquat Oriental Pear Pear	Bull's Eye Rot (<i>Neofabraea</i> spp.)		v, v anatony	Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals. Avoid excessive amounts of water that result in therunoff of
	Quince Mayhaw (and other pome	Cedar-Apple Rust (Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae)			spray material.
	fruit crops)	Fire Blight (Erwinia amylovora)			
		Flyspeck (Zygophiala jamaicensis)			
		Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)			
		Sooty Blotch (Geastrumia polystigmati) (Leptodontium elatius) (Peltaster fructicola)			
		White Rot (Botryosphaeria dothidea)			
		Phytophthora spp.	Plant Dip	1-2 quarts (3264 oz.) per	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and
		Pythium spp.	(bare root)	10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
-		Bacterial Leaf Blight (Xanthomonas campestris)			
	Root, Tuber	Black Root Rot / Black Crown Rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)			
	and Corm Crops Potato	Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre.
	Beet Carrot	Early Blight (Alternaria solani)	1 Olidi	water (3.2%	Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease
	Cassava Ginger	Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)Late Blight		v v ulution)	symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	Ginseng Horseradish Radish Sweet	(Phytophthora infestans) Powdery Mildew (Frysinhe spn.)			
	Potato Turnip (and other root	White Mold (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)			
	crops, including those forseed production)	Clubroot (Plasmodiophora brassicae)			Apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growingmedia and root zone. Make an initial application of this
		Common Scab (Streptomyces scabies) Fusarium spp.	Soil Drench	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2%	product during or shortly after transplant to reducetransplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10-14 day
		Priytophinora spp. Pythium spp.		v/v dilution)	Interval.
		Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.			

(continued) Root, Tuber and Corm Crops Potato Beet Carrot	Clubroot	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
Cassava Ginger Ginseng Horseradish Radish Sweet Potato	(Plasmodiophora brassicae) Common Scab (Streptomyces scabies) Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp.	Seed Piece Dip	42 oz. per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	For seed piece dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre-plant dip to transplants or seed pieces immediately prior to transplanting.
Turnip (and other root crops, including those forseed production)	Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product through drip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
	Aerial Web Blight (Rhizoctonia solani) Alternaria Leafspot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Soybean	(Colletotrichum truncatum) Asian Soybean Rust (Phakopsora pachyrhizi) Brown Spot (Septoria glycines) Cercospora Blight			
(Cercospora bigit (Cercospora kikuch Frog-eyed Leaf Spc (Cercospora sojina) Pod and Stem Bligh spp.) Septoria Brown Spc	(Cercospora kikuchii) Frog-eyed Leaf Spot (Cercospora sojina) Pod and Stem Blight (Diaporthe spp.) Septoria Brown Spot	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	(Septoria glycines) White Mold (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)			
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ounces per 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in- furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
Stone Fruits Apricot Cherry (sweet and tart) Nectarine Peach Plum Plumcot Prune (and other stone fruit crops)	Alternaria Spot/Fruit Rot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Bacterial Canker (Pseudomonas spp.) Bacterial Spot (Xanthomonas pruni) Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia laxa) Brown Rot Fruit Rot (Monilinia fruticola) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora Spp.) Cherry Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.) Cherry Leaf Spot (Blumeriella jaapii) Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera spp.) (Sphaerotheca pannosa) Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Rusty Spot (Podosphaera leucotricha) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications, apply this product preventatively in 50-150 gallons of water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals. Avoid excessive amounts of water that result in the runoff of spray material.

	Anthracnose (<i>Collectotrichum</i> spp.)Suppression only Botrytis (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella fragariae</i>) Phomopsis Leaf Blight (Phomopsis obscurans) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first diseasesymptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Strawberry	Black Root Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.) (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) (<i>Cylindrocarpon</i> spp.) Colletotrichum Crown Rot (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Phytophthora Root Rotand Crown Rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Verticillium Wilt (<i>Verticillium</i> spp.) <i>Fusarium</i> spp. <i>Pythium</i> spp. <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp. <i>Verticillium</i> spp.	Plant Dip	42 oz. per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8%v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a preplant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
		Soil Drench	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply this product at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growingmedia and root zone. Make an initial application of this product during or shortly after transplant to reducetransplant shock, suppress soil-borne diseases and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10-14 day interval.
		Chemigation	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For chemigation applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product through drip irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14 day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Sugar Beets (includes crop forseed production)	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe betae) (Erysiphe polygoni) Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola) Ramularia (Ramularia spp.)Rust (Uromyces betae)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
Sugarcane	Brown Rust (Puccinia melanocephela) Orange Rust (Puccinia kuehnii)	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-25 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
		Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp.	In-Furrow	1 gallon per acre or 8.8 fluid ouncesper 1,000 feet of row.	For in-furrow applications, at planting apply this product as an in-furrow spray at the rate according to the chart in the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS section. Apply this product in 5-15 gallons of water soas the spray is directed into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

Торассо	Blue Mold (Peronospora tabacina)	Foliar	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-40 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip	42 oz. per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8%v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
Tree Nut Crops Walnut (Black and English) Almond Beech nut Brazil nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert Hickory nut Macadamia nut Pecan Pistachio (and other tree nut crops)	Walnut Blight (Xanthomonas campestris) Alternaria Late Blight, Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Collectotrichum spp.) (Gnomonia leptostyla) Bacterial Canker	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	For ground applications, apply this product preventatively in 50-150 gallons of water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals. Avoid excessive amounts of water that result in therunoff of spray material.
	(Erwinia nigrifluens) (Pseudomonas syringae) Botryosphaeria Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea) Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.) Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala) Green Fruit Rot (Botrytis cinerea) Leaf Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) (Sphaceloma perseae) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimumof 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip (bare root)	1-2 quarts (3264 oz.) per 10 gallons water (2.44.8% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.
Tropical Fruits Avocado Banana Kiwi Mango Papaya Plantain Pineapple Pomegranateand other tropical fruit crops	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum gloeosporioides) Bacterial Blight (Pseudomonas syringae) (Pseudomonas viridiflava) Bacterial Canker	Foliar (Ground)	1 gallon per 30 gallons of water (3.2% v/v dilution)	Apply at a spray volume sufficient to ensure thoroughcoverage to the point of runoff – generally 15-150 gallons per acre. Apply this product preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7-14 days.
	(Xanthomonas campestris) Botrytis Fruit Rot (Botrytis cinerea) Scab (Elsinoe mangiferae) Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella fijiensis)	Foliar (Aerial)	1 gallon per 10 gallons of water (9.1% v/v dilution)	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons water per acre. For improved performance, use this product in a tank mixor rotational program with other registered fungicides. Repeat applications at 7-14 day intervals.
	Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.	Plant Dip	1-2 quarts (3264oz.) per 10 gallons water (2.4-4.8% v/v dilution)	For plant dip applications for improved plant growth and suppression of soil-borne diseases, apply this product as a pre- plant dip immediately prior to transplanting.

Сгор	Target Disease			
Turfgrass Bluegrass Bentgrass Bermudagrass Dichondra Fescue Orchardgrass <i>Poa annua</i> Ryegrass St. Augustine Zovria	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola) Bentgrass /Bermudagrass Dead Spot (Ophiosphaerella EP #1stis) Bermudagrass Decline (Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis) Brown patch (Rhizoctonia solani) Copper Spot (Gloeocercospora sorghi)Dichondra Rust (Puccinia dichondorae) Dollar Spot (Lanzia spp.) (Moellerodiscus spp. formerly Sclerotinia homeocarpa) Fusarium Patch (Fusarium nivale) Gray Leaf Spot (Pyricularia grisea) Melting Out Leaf Spot (Bipolaris spp.) (Drechslera spp.) Necrotic Ring Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae)			
mixtures and other grasses	Pink Patch (Limonomyces roseipellis) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Pythium Blight Pythium Root Rot (Pythium aphanidermatum) (Pythium spp.) Red Thread (Laetisaria fuciformis) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Rhizoctonia Large Patch (Rhizoctonia solani) Snowmold, Gray (Typhula spp.) Snowmold, Pink (Microdochium nivale) Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) Spring			
Ornamental Grasses	Dead Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae) (Leptosphaeria narmari) (Ophiosphaerella herpotricha) (Gaeumannomyces graminis) Stripe Smut (Ustilago striiformis) (Urocystis EP #1pyri) Summer Bentgrass Decline Summer Patch Poa Patch (Magnaporthe poae) Take-All Patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis) Yellow Patch (Rhizoctonia cerealis) Yellow Tuft/Downy Mildew (Sclerophthora macrospora) Zoysia Patch (Rhizoctonia solani)			

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT (IPM)

Many conventional fungicides have been tested in an IPM regime with Biosuma T with very satisfactory results. One of the major objectives of IPM hasbeen to reduce the probability of disease resistance development to a particular active ingredient.

The alternate use of (1-2 sprays) followed by a conventional, registered fungicide (1-2 sprays) has been successfully used in many crops. In addition, theuse of tank mixes with a conventional fungicide has also been successful.

Follow label instructions of the particular registered product: Do not exceed amounts or treatment intervals on the label.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannotbe avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

Container Handling (under 5 gallons): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¹/₄ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Donot burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

Container Handling (over 5 gallons): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container Triple rinse as follows: Emptythe remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at leastone complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on itsend and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container overonto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of ina sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed bystate and local ordinances.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimerof Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed tobe adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, plant injury, other property damage, as well as other unintended consequences may result because of factors beyond the control of BioSafe Systems, LLC. Those factors include, but are not limited to, weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with appli-cable law, BioSafe Systems, LLC. makes no other warranties, express orimplied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, BioSafe Systems, LLC. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid, or at Lidan Inc's election, the replacement of product.

Katana Agriscience Corp.

Always read and follow label directions. For additional information on Biosuma T, call us toll-free at 1.888.XXX.XXXX or visit www.katana-ag.com. Made in the U.S.A.

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