

Listening

- Auditory Discrimination
- Comprehension

Listening is the process of learning through grammar, cultivating a child's ability to distinguish sounds, understand meaning, and evaluate speech.

It uses auditory perception to discern the world.

Speaking

- Pronunciation Accuracy
- Pronunciation Fluency

Speaking is the core of oral communication training, playing a crucial role in developing a child's listening, speaking, reading, and writing abilities.

It involves using language correctly and effectively organising speech and expressions to convey meaning. Additionally, it includes the use of posture, facial expressions, and gestures to enhance linguistic expression.

Writing

- Phonics
- Spelling
- Pronunciation & Word Sense
- Vocabulary
- Grammar
- Notion of Context

Writing is the integration of life experiences, imaginative thinking, and language application. It is a manifestation of a child's comprehensive abilities, a form of expression that substitutes speech with a pen, a "spoken" expression through writing.

It encompasses the ability to convey information and express emotions using written language, as well as to objectively reflect on things.

Reading

- Picture Comprehension
- Text Comprehension
- Integrated Picture & Text Comprehension
- Reading Skills
- Cultural Background

Modern teaching prioritizes scientific, efficient methods for reading instruction. This encompasses visual literacy, text comprehension sans aids, image-based comprehension, enhanced reading skills, and cultural knowledge development.

It involves being able to independently engage in reading activities, including recognition, comprehension, and a certain level of speed reading ability.

