

### REFLEX™ Nitinol Implants

Dynamic discs and staples



### REFLEX™ Nitinol Staples



**Curved bridge design** for even compression across the fusion site



**Reinforced shoulders** improve strength in highest strain area



Ultra-low profile wide bridge (4.0 mm and 5.0 mm) for enhanced stability and minimal prominence



|                    | REFLEX™ Mini                         | REFLEX™ Max  | REFLEX™ Ultra            |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Size offering      | 8 x 8 mm<br>10 x 10 mm<br>12 x 12 mm | 15 x 15 mm<br>15 x 18 mm<br>18 x 18 mm<br>18 x 20 mm<br>20 x 20 mm | 20 x 20 mm<br>25 x 20 mm |  |  |
| Pre-drill diameter | Ø2.0 mm                              | Ø3.0 mm  | 20 x 20 mm               |  |  |
| Bridge thickness   | 1.2 mm                               | 1.4–1.5 mm<br>(transitional profile)                               |                          |  |  |
| Bridge width       | 1.5 mm                               | 4.0 mm   | 5.0 mm                   |  |  |

### REFLEX™ Instruments

**2.5 mm Akin stepped saw blade** allows for easy, reproducible osteotomies





## Discover compression without compromise

While nitinol staples have steadily risen in popularity, static plates and screws are widely used in conjunction with staples to provide added fixation and stability. A key disadvantage of such hybrid constructs is the inherent neutralization of compression caused by the addition of static devices such as locking plates and cannulated screws.

### Common constructs incorporating Nitinol



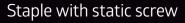
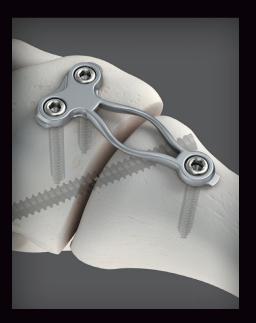




Plate with staple



Nitinol plate with static screw

Fortunately, Nitinol technology is evolving, leading the way to new possibilities for internal fixation. The REFLEX™ portfolio represents a major step forward in continuous compression implants by harnessing nitinol's superelastic and shape memory properties and applying them to novel implants and fully dynamic hybrid fixation constructs.

### REFLEX™ Nitinol Dynamic Disc

# A novel concept for screw dynamization

REFLEX Nitinol Dynamic Disc is an innovative implant that transforms a traditional static lag screw\* into a dynamic construct. REFLEX disc provides continuous compression and gap recovery up to 4.0 mm to address bone resorption occurring during the post-operative healing phase.<sup>1</sup>



### Compressive force and gap recovery (in vitro)

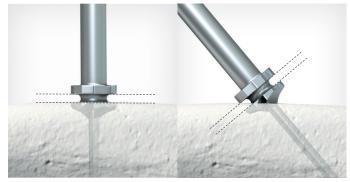
| Screw and<br>Nitinol Disc Size     | Max<br>Compressive<br>Force | Max Gap<br>Recovery | Compressive Force (N) at Various Gap Distances (mm) |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                    |                             |                     | 0.5 mm  | 1.0 mm | 1.5 mm | 2.0 mm | 2.5 mm | 3.0 mm | 3.5 mm | 4.0 mm |
| Ø4.0 mm with REFLEX disc           | 196 N                       | 2.5 mm              | 26 N  | 16 N   | 12 N   | 4 N    | <1 N   |        |        |        |
| Ø4.5 mm with REFLEX disc           | 347 N                       | 3.0 mm              | 58 N  | 43 N   | 23 N   | 9 N    | 2 N    | <1 N   |        |        |
| Ø5.5 mm with REFLEX disc           | 508 N                       | 3.0 mm              | 173 N   | 86 N   | 46 N   | 27 N   | 3 N    | <1 N   |        |        |
| Ø7.0 mm with REFLEX disc           | 503 N                       | 4.0 mm              | 168 N   | 140 N  | 94 N   | 67 N   | 56 N   | 47 N   | 24 N   | <1 N   |
| Ø7.0 mm with traditional washer    | 570 N                       | 0.4 mm              |   |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| Ø7.0 mm without traditional washer | 531 N                       | <1.0 mm             | 5 N   |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |

### Clinical applications



# How the dynamic disc works

### Countersinking

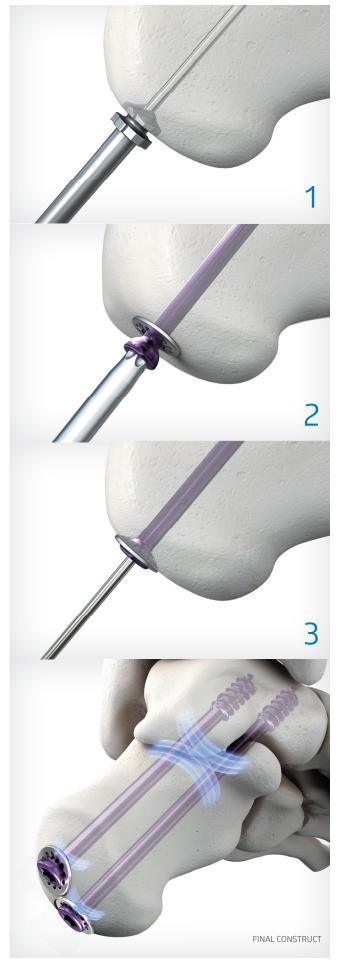


PERPENDICULAR PLACEMENT

OBLIQUE PLACEMENT

- 1 Following wire placement, measurement and drilling, a specially designed countersink is used to create a pocket in the cortex to accommodate the disc
- The disc is loaded onto the screw, with the **convex** side directly against the screw head, and inserted in typical fashion. Upon final seating and tightening, the screw head deforms the dynamic disc
- The disc is engineered to resist deformation by exploiting the superelastic and shape memory properties of the nitinol, and the effect leads to continuous compression at the joint

Used in conjunction with one another, REFLEX nitinol staples and dynamic discs provide a fully dynamic hybrid construct while providing robust fixation and stability



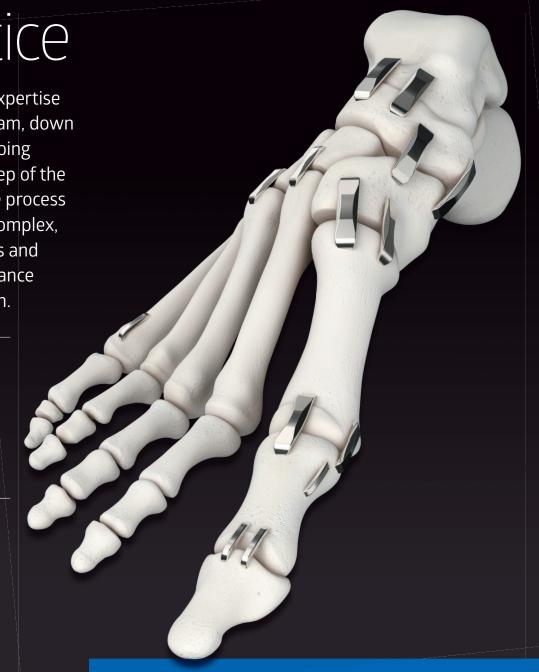
Expertise in practice

UNITE is guided by the expertise of our surgeon design team, down to the finest details. Ongoing collaboration at every step of the way is at the heart of the process in order to address the complex, unmet needs of surgeons and advance clinical performance through intelligent design.

### **REFLEX surgeon design team**

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1. staple | 2. dynamic disc



Have questions about continuous dynamic compression? Contact your Medline UNITE Representative or visit medlineunite.com.



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