

Native Plant List by Family

Parsley Family (*Apiaceae*)

- *Eryngium yuccifolium* – Rattlesnake Master
- *Zizia* species – Golden Alexanders
- *Thaspium* species – Parsnips

Aster Family (*Asteraceae*)

- *Rudbeckia* species – Susans, Coneflowers
- *Helianthus* species – Sunflowers
- *Heliopsis helianthoides* – False Sunflower
- *Helenium* species – Sneezeweeds (annuals and perennials)
- *Coreopsis* species – Tickseeds
 - perennial that needs deadheading for long bloom period
- *Silphium* species – Rosinweeds
- *Packera* species – Ragworts
- *Stokesia laevis* – Stokes Aster
- *Cirsium* species – Thistles
- *Vernonia* species – Ironweeds
- *Liatris* species – Blazing-stars
- *Eutrochium* species – Joe-pye-weeds
- *Eupatorium* species – Bonesets
- *Conoclinium coelestinum* – Mistflower
- *Antennaria* species – Pussytoes
- *Erigeron* species – Fleabanes
- *Symphyotrichum* species – various common names (includes the GA Aster)
- *Solidago* species – Goldenrods
- *Chrysogonum* species – Green-and-golds
- *Echinacea* species – Purple Coneflowers
 - perennials, reseed easily, goldfinches like the seeds
- *Achillea* species – Yarrow
 - Perennials with short bloom time
- *Gaillardia pulchella* – Blanket flower
 - Perennials that need deadheading for long bloom period
- *Marshallia* species – Barbara's Buttons

Mint Family (*Lamiaceae*)

- *Callicarpa americana* – Beautyberry
 - Not to be confused with non-native species often found in stores
 - Beautiful purple berries are great food for wildlife
- *Trichostema* species – Blue Curls
- *Scutellaria* species – Skullcaps
- *Agastache* species – Hyssops
 - perennial that attracts many types of insects
- *Physostegia* species – Obedient-plant

- *Salvia* species – Lyreleaf sage, Nettleleaf sage, Azure sage
- *Monarda* species – Beebalm
- *Pycnanthemum* species – Mountain mints
 - One of the top pollinator plants in our area! Perennial that attracts wide variety of pollinators
 - Aggressive native

Milkweed Family (*Apocynaceae*)

- *Amsonia tabernaemontana* – Eastern Bluestar
- *Asclepias incarnata* – Swamp Milkweed
- *Asclepias perennis* - Aquatic Milkweed
- *Asclepias verticillata* – Whorled Milkweed
- *Asclepias tuberosa* - Butterfly Milkweed

Trumpet Vine Family (*Bignoniaceae*)

- *Bignonia capreolata* – Crossvine
- *Campsis radicans* – Trumpet Vine
- *Catalpa* species – Catalpa Tree

Campanulaceae Family

- *Lobelia cardinalis* – Cardinal Flower
- *Lobelia siphilitica* – Great Blue Lobelia

Honeysuckle Family (*Caprifoliaceae*)

- *Lonicera sempervirens* – Coral Honeysuckle
 - Great for hummingbirds and butterflies
 - Evergreen vine that blooms almost year-round
- *Viburnum* species

Pink Family (*Caryophyllaceae*)

- *Stellaria pubera* – Giant Chickweed
- *Silene virginica* – Fire-pink
- *Silene regia* – Royal Catchfly
- *Silene catesbyi* – Eastern Fringed Campion

Spiderwort Family (*Commelinaceae*)

- *Commelina virginica* – Virginia Dayflower
 - Not to be confused with the Asiatic species
- *Commelina erecta* – Erect Dayflower
 - Not to be confused with the Asiatic species
- *Tradescantia* species – Spiderworts

Sedge Family (*Cyperaceae*)

- *Carex* species – great alternative to Monkeygrass (*Liriope*)

Blueberry Family (*Ericaceae*)

- *Rhododendron* species – Azaleas and Rhododendrons
- *Kalmia latifolia* – Mountain Laurel
- *Oxydendrum arboretum* – Sourwood Tree
- *Vaccinium* species – Sparkleberry, Blueberries

Legume Family (*Fabaceae*)

- *Mimosa* species – Sensitive Briars
 - Not to include invasive Mimosa Tree
- *Cercis canadensis* – Eastern Redbud
- *Senna* species – Wild Senna

- *Chamaecrista fasciculata* – Partridge Pea
- *Baptisia* species – Indigos
- *Amorpha* species – Leadplants
- *Wisteria frutescens* – American Wisteria
 - Not to be confused with invasive Asiatic species
- *Apios americana* – American Groundnut
 - Can be aggressive

Jessamine Family (*Gelsemiaceae*)

- *Gelsemium sempervirens* – Carolina Jessamine

St. John's Wort Family (*Hypericaceae*)

- *Hypericum* species – St. John's Wort

Iris Family (*Iridaceae*)

- *Sisyrinchium* species – Blue-eyed Grasses (annual and perennial)
- *Iris* species – Irises
 - DO NOT plant the Yellow Flag (*Iris pseudacorus*) it is highly invasive

Sweetspire Family (*Iteaceae*)

- *Itea virginica* – Virginia Sweetspire
 - Shrub that does well in wet areas. Will colonize.

Rush Family (*Juncaceae*)

- *Juncus effusus* – Soft Rush
 - Great for wet areas, rain gardens, etc.

Loganiaceae

- *Spigelia marilandica* – Indian-pink

Mallow Family (*Malvaceae*)

- *Hibiscus* species
 - Excluding Rose-of-Sharon and tropical non-natives

Primrose Family (*Onagraceae*)

- *Oenothera* species – Primroses

Poppy Family (*Papaveraceae*)

- *Sanguinaria canadensis* – Bloodroot

Passionflower Family (*Passifloraceae*)

- *Passiflora incarnata* – Purple Passionflower
- *Passiflora lutea* – Yellow Passionflower

Pokeweed Family (*Phytolaccaceae*)

- *Phytolacca americana* – Pokeweed

Plantain Family (*Plantaginaceae*)

- *Penstemon* species - Beardtongues

Grass Family (*Poaceae*)

- *Arundinaria* species – Native Canes
- *Chasmanthium* species – Wood and River Oats
- *Eragrostis spectabilis* – Purple Lovegrass
- *Elymus* species – Wild-ryes
- *Muhlenbergia capillaris* – Pink Muhlygrass

Phlox Family (*Polemoniaceae*)

- *Phlox* species

Buttercup Family (*Ranunculaceae*)

- *Aquilegia canadensis* – Eastern Columbine
- *Delphinium* species – Larkspurs
- *Clematis* species – Leatherflower
 - Not to be confused with non-native species sold in many stores

Rose Family (*Rosaceae*)

- *Fragaria* species – Wild Strawberries
- *Rubus* species – Blackberries
- *Crataegus* species – Hawthorns
- *Prunus* species – Wild Plums, Wild Cherries

Lizard's Tail Family (*Saururaceae*)

- *Saururus cernuus* – Lizard's Tail
 - *Wet areas*

Trillium Family (*Trilliaceae*)

- *Trillium* species

Nettle Family (*Urticaceae*)

- *Boehmeria cylindrica* – False Nettle

Violet Family (*Violaceae*)

- *Viola* species - Violets

Grape Family (*Vitaceae*)

- *Parthenocissus quinquefolia* – Virginia Creeper
- *Muscadinia* species – Muscadine
- *Nekemias arborea* - Peppervine

Host Plants

- Milkweeds- Monarch
- Eastern Bluestar – Coral Hairstreak
- American Groundnut (vine) – Silver-spotted Skipper
- Passionflower (vine) - Gulf Fritillary
- Wild petunia- Common Buckeye
- Thistle - Painted Lady
- Golden Alexanders and Parsnips - Black swallowtail
- Narrowleaf Sunflower - Checkerspot
- *Baptisia* – Wild Indigo Duskywing, various Skipper and Sulfurs
- Crossvine - Gray Hairstreak, Rustic Sphinx Moth
- Beautyberry – Spring Azure, Snowberry Moth
- Catalpa – Catalpa Sphinx and Torsa Sphinx Moths
- Redbud – Henry's Elfin
- Partridge Pea – Sulfurs
- Chasmanthium species – Pearly Eyes and Skipper species
- Purple Coneflower – Silvery Checkerspot
- Joe-Pye-Weed – Three-lined Flower Moth, Ruby Tiger Moth
- False Sunflower – American Lady
- Scarlet Rosemallow – Gray Hairstreak, Painted Lady
- *Hypericum* species – Gray Half Spot Moths, CommonPug, Wavy-lined Emerald Moths
- *Liatris* species – Flower Moths (*Schinia* species)
- Coral Honeysuckle - Spring Azure butterfly, Snowberry clearwing moth

- *Penstemon digitalis* – Chalcedon and Edith’s Checkerspot
- *Penstemon laevigatus* – Common Buckeye
- Wild Cherry Tree - Eastern Tiger Swallowtail, Cherry Gall Azure, Viceroy, Columbia Silkmoth, Promethea Moth, Small-eyed Sphinx Moth, Wild Cherry Sphinx Moth, Banded Tussock Moth, Band-edged Prominent, Spotted Apatelodes
- Black-eyed Susan - Gorgone Checkerspot, Bordered Patch butterfly
- Bloodroot - Southern Armyworm and Tufted Apple Bud Moth
- *Senna* species – Sulfurs
- *Solidago* species – Checkerspots
- Georgia Aster - Confused Eusarca (*Eusarca confusaria*), Little Yellow (*Pyrisitia lisa*)
- Ironweed species – American Lady
- Violets – Fritillary species
- Peppervine – 10+ species of butterfly/moths
- Oak species – numerous species
- Sweetgum – Luna moths and 30+ others
- Elms - Question Mark, Eastern Comma, Hackberry Butterfly, Tawny Emperor, and Mourning Cloak
- *Salix nigra* (Willow) - Striped Hairstreak, Compton Tortoise Shell, Northern Pearly Eye, Cecropia Moth, Mourning Cloak, Red-spotted Purple, and Viceroy butterflies
- *Celtis occidentalis* (Hackberry) - Question Mark, Mourning Cloak, Hackberry Emperor, Tawny Emperor and the darling American Snout
- Serviceberry – Red-spotted Purple and Viceroy
- Paw Paw – Zebra Swallowtail