

MORNING EDITION · 08:00 IST

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Saturday, 11 July 2026

PART II · ENVIRONMENT TO DIRECT HIT TRACKER

TODAY'S SECTIONS

- \$1 Environment & Ecology
- \$2 Places in News
- \$3 Ethics & Integrity
- \$4 Prelims MCQs (15 Qs)
- \$5 Mains Questions (6 Qs)
- \$6 Value Addition
- \$7 AKADEMIA Direct Hit Tracker
- \$8 Proof of Precision

GS3 Human-Wildlife Conflict · Agriculture Insurance · PMFBY

July 2026 · Source: Down To Earth / MoA

Animal-Related Crop Losses Included in PMFBY under Kharif 2026; Western Ghats Farmers Set to Benefit

Why in News: The Centre has, effective Kharif 2026, formally included animal-related crop damage (wild boar, peafowl, elephants, nilgai) within the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) cover — a long-demanded reform as a 2026 Western Ghats study found that 90% of farmers named wildlife conflict as their primary production risk, with 50–60% of crops damaged annually.

Background: Human-wildlife conflict (HWC) is a multi-dimensional governance challenge: it pits biodiversity conservation goals (Schedule I species protection under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972) against farmer livelihood rights. PMFBY previously covered natural calamities like floods, drought and hailstorms but excluded wildlife-induced damage, leaving farmers with no legal compensation mechanism and creating perverse incentives for crop-raiding species to be harmed.

⚡ KEY FACTS

- ▶ PMFBY (2016): premium-based crop insurance; Centre and State share premium subsidy; implemented by empanelled insurance companies
- ▶ States with highest HWC: Odisha, Chhattisgarh, Kerala, Karnataka, Maharashtra — all have Schedule I wildlife overlapping farmland
- ▶ Wildlife Protection Act 1972 Schedule I species (elephant, tiger, nilgai*): harming these triggers strict penalties; yet they are major crop raiders (*nilgai and wild boar are Schedule III)
- ▶ UPSC angle: PMFBY + WPA + HWC + Compensatory Afforestation = convergence point for GS3 environment + economy

💡 TEACHING HOOK

The HWC paradox: stronger wildlife protection laws → more crop-raiding animals → more farmer resentment → poaching. PMFBY inclusion breaks this cycle by providing economic compensation without requiring harm to animals. This is the "policy correction" angle UPSC tests in Mains: "How can conservation and livelihood goals be reconciled?" Answer: through insurance, ecotourism, buffer zone compensation, community forest rights.

📖 PYQ LINKAGE

GS3 2021: Discuss the challenges of human-wildlife conflict in India and the measures needed to achieve coexistence.

GS3

PMFBY

Human-Wildlife Conflict

WPA 1972

Western Ghats

Kharif 2026

PYQ 2021

GS3 Static Species · IUCN · Himalayan Biodiversity

Static Profile · Source: IUCN Red List / WWF India / animalia.bio

Red Panda (*Ailurus fulgens*) — IUCN Endangered; India's Himalayan Sentinel Under Threat

Why in News: Red Panda remains one of India's most UPSC-tested endangered species — a Schedule I animal under WPA 1972 and CITES Appendix I listed species, whose global population has declined by 50% over three generations due to habitat fragmentation and bamboo die-off in the Himalayan belt.

Background: The red panda (*Ailurus fulgens*) is the only living member of the family Ailuridae — not closely related to the Giant Panda (*Ailuropoda melanoleuca* of family Ursidae). India holds approximately 2,500–3,000 individuals (nearly 40% of the world population), primarily in Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh and Darjeeling district of West Bengal. Singalila National Park (Darjeeling) has shown population stabilisation due to strict trekking regulations and habitat restoration.

⚡ KEY FACTS

- ▶ IUCN Status: Endangered (assessed 2008, last reviewed 2015); global population: fewer than 10,000; trend: decreasing
- ▶ Family: Ailuridae (monotypic); two subspecies: *Ailurus fulgens fulgens* (Himalayan) and *A. f. styani* (Chinese)
- ▶ India's distribution: Sikkim (highest density, ~800–1,000), Arunachal Pradesh, Darjeeling-Kalimpong (WB)
- ▶ Key threats: bamboo die-off after flowering (primary food source), poaching for fur, habitat loss from jhum cultivation, climate change pushing bamboo upward in altitude

🔦 TEACHING HOOK

Prelims trap: Red Panda is NOT related to Giant Panda — different families, different orders. Red Panda = Ailuridae (carnivore order); Giant Panda = Ursidae (bear family). Also remember: Red Panda is the State Animal of Sikkim. UPSC often asks which state claims which species as its state animal — Sikkim = Red Panda is a direct hit.

📖 PYQ LINKAGE

GS3 2016: Which of the following animals is the State Animal of Sikkim? (Red Panda — direct Prelims question type)

GS3

Red Panda

Ailurus fulgens

IUCN Endangered

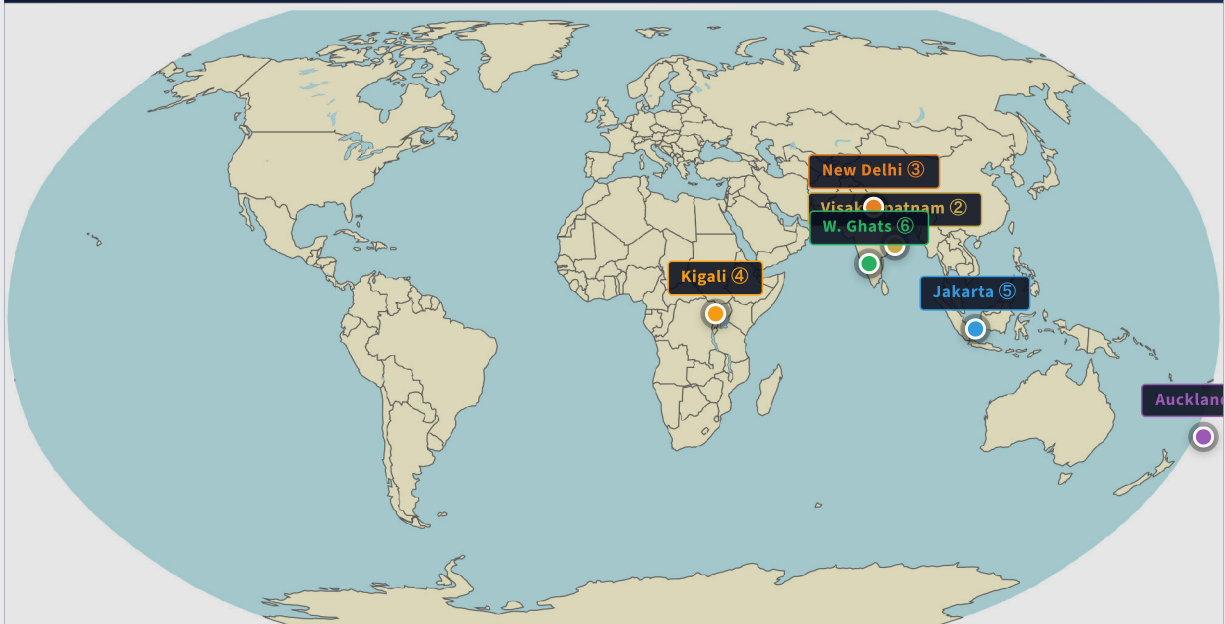
Sikkim

Ailuridae

PYQ 2016

📍 §2 — PLACES IN NEWS

📍 PLACES IN NEWS — 11 JULY 2026 | ANTIM ASSURED 100+



① Auckland (India-NZ FTA, PM Modi visit) ② Visakhapatnam (INS Mahendragiri commissioned)

③ New Delhi (AITIGA 13th JC + ECI by-elections) ④ Kigali, Rwanda (India-Rwanda 2nd JDCC)

⑤ Jakarta, Indonesia (AITIGA ASEAN lead member) ⑥ Western Ghats (HWC + PMFBY animal loss inclusion)

① Auckland, New Zealand

India-NZ Strategic Partnership 2030 Roadmap; PM Modi's first NZ visit in 40 years; India-NZ FTA celebrated

Largest city, NZ; located on North Island at Waitemata Harbour; Indian diaspora: 220,000+; NZ is Pacific Island's largest economy; Wellington is capital (not Auckland)

② Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh

INS Mahendragiri (6th Project 17A frigate) commissioned by Defence Minister Rajnath Singh, July 11

Eastern Naval Command HQ; located on Bay of Bengal; India's only natural deep-water harbour on east coast; also hosts INS Dega (Naval Air Station), submarine base INS Satsahyadri; city also called "Vizag"

③ New Delhi, India

13th AITIGA Joint Committee meeting (July 6–10) at Vanijya Bhawan;
ECI by-poll announcement (July 30 for Bankipur, Datia, Manjalpur)

Vanijya Bhawan = Department of Commerce HQ; ECI HQ at Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road; India-ASEAN diplomatic hub; India-ASEAN trade: \$128B in FY26

④ Kigali, Rwanda

India-Rwanda 2nd JDCC meeting outcomes (July 7, held in New Delhi)
— Kigali is Rwanda's capital and diplomatic seat

Capital of Rwanda; East Africa; member of EAC (East African Community) + Commonwealth + Francophonie; known as "Land of a Thousand Hills" (Mille Collines); host of 2022 Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting (CHOGM)

⑤ Jakarta, Indonesia

Indonesia is ASEAN's largest economy and largest delegation at AITIGA
13th JC; Indonesian capital being shifted to Nusantara in East Kalimantan

Current capital of Indonesia (Nusantara being developed as new capital); Java island; ASEAN Secretariat is also in Jakarta; Indonesia = world's largest archipelago (17,000+ islands); ASEAN founding member (1967)

⑥ Western Ghats, India

Study on Human-Wildlife Conflict (2026): 90% of Tamil Nadu Western Ghats farmers face primary risk from wildlife; PMFBY now covers animal damage

UNESCO World Heritage Site (2012); one of eight "hottest hotspots" of biodiversity globally; stretches 1,600 km across Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu; home to Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve, Silent Valley NP, Anaimalai TR

§3 — ETHICS & INTEGRITY CASES

GS4 Case 1: The Defence Procurement Integrity Test

You are a procurement officer at MDL (Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders). A small indigenous MSME has submitted the lowest technically qualifying bid for a component in the next Project 17A ship. However, your superior informally asks you to favour a larger firm that recently hosted the Ministry's annual technical review visit. The MSME has more than adequate technical credentials. What are your ethical obligations and how do you proceed?

GS4 Case 2: The Trade Negotiator's Conflict

You are a senior officer on India's AITIGA review delegation. A major industry lobby group offers you a lucrative post-retirement consulting role contingent on "understanding their interests" in the Rules of Origin sub-committee negotiations. You are aware India's position on some thresholds has been flexible in informal discussions. How do you handle this conflict of interest?

GS4 Case 3: The Election Official's Dilemma

As a Returning Officer for one of the three by-election constituencies, you receive a call from a senior state official asking you to prioritise scrutiny of one candidate's nomination papers (belonging to the opposition) citing "procedural irregularities." You find no genuine irregularity. The official implies future administrative postings may be affected. What values guide your decision?

GS4 Case 4: Wildlife Corridor vs. Tribal Rights

A wildlife ranger in the Western Ghats discovers that an approved resettlement plan for a critical elephant corridor would displace 300 tribal families under the Forest Rights Act, yet not implementing the corridor will lead to increased human-elephant conflict and crop damage in five surrounding villages. Your supervisor asks for a report recommending one action over the other. How do you frame your recommendation, balancing rights, ecology and the new PMFBY coverage?

THEIAS AKADEMIA All four cases today reflect the intersection of constitutional values, administrative discretion and environmental law — the exact structure UPSC uses for GS4 Case Study questions. Our **EMP (Ethics & Moral Philosophy)** programme trains answer writing for such multi-value conflicts. theiasakademia.com

✓ §4 — PRELIMS MCQS (15 QUESTIONS)

Q1.

Consider the following statements about Project 17A (Nilgiri-class) frigates:

1. They are built exclusively by Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Ltd (MDL).
2. They are equipped with both BrahMos surface-to-surface missiles and Barak-8 surface-to-air missiles.
3. They use CODOG (Combined Diesel Or Gas) propulsion systems.

Which of the above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only ✓**
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: (b) — Project 17A ships are built by BOTH MDL and GRSE (Garden Reach Shipbuilders). Statements 2 and 3 are correct.

Q2.

With reference to the India-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement (2026), which of the following is correct?

- a) New Zealand agrees to eliminate tariffs on 95% of Indian goods by value
- b) India agrees to eliminate tariffs on 100% of New Zealand goods immediately
- c) The agreement grants 5,000 Temporary Employment Entry visas annually to Indian workers
- d) New Zealand has agreed to allow preferential access for Indian dairy products

- a) New Zealand — 95% of goods
- b) India — 100% immediately
- c) 5,000 TEE visas annually ✓**
- d) Indian dairy access

Answer: (c) — NZ removes 100% tariffs (not 95%) on Indian goods; India liberalizes 95% by value; dairy was EXCLUDED from concessions; TEE visas = 5,000 for Indian workers.

Q3.

AITIGA (ASEAN-India Trade in Goods Agreement) was first signed in:

- a) 2003
 - b) 2007
 - c) 2009
 - d) 2012
- a) 2003
 - b) 2007
 - c) 2009 ✓**
 - d) 2012

Answer: (c) — AITIGA was signed in 2009 and came into force in 2010. India's trade deficit with ASEAN has been a recurring concern since.

Q4.

Under the Indian Constitution, by-elections to State Legislative Assemblies need NOT be held if the remainder of the term of the House is less than:

- a) 6 months
 - b) 1 year
 - c) 2 years
 - d) 3 years
- a) 6 months
 - b) 1 year ✓**

c) 2 years

d) 3 years

Answer: (b) — Article 151 of the Constitution provides that ECI shall not hold a by-election to fill a casual vacancy if the remainder of the term is less than one year.

Q5.

The Red Panda (*Ailurus fulgens*) is classified under which animal family?

a) Ursidae

b) Procyonidae

c) Ailuropodidae

d) Ailuridae

a) Ursidae

b) Procyonidae

c) Ailuropodidae

d) Ailuridae ✓

Answer: (d) — Red Panda belongs to family Ailuridae and is its only living member. Giant Panda belongs to Ursidae. Red Panda is State Animal of Sikkim.

Q6.

GISAT-1A (EOS-05) will be placed in which type of orbit?

a) Low Earth Orbit (LEO) at 400 km

b) Sun-Synchronous Orbit (SSO) at 500 km

c) Geostationary Orbit (GEO) at 36,000 km

d) Medium Earth Orbit (MEO) at 20,000 km

a) LEO — 400 km

b) SSO — 500 km

c) GEO — 36,000 km ✓

d) MEO — 20,000 km

Answer: (c) — GISAT is India's dedicated Geostationary Earth Observation Satellite. Its GEO position enables continuous imaging of the Indian subcontinent every 30 minutes.

Q7.

INS Mahendragiri is named after a peak in which mountain range?

a) Western Ghats

b) Vindhya Range

c) Eastern Ghats

d) Aravalli Range

a) Western Ghats

b) Vindhya Range

c) Eastern Ghats ✓

d) Aravalli Range

Answer: (c) — Mahendragiri is the highest peak of the Eastern Ghats, located in Odisha. The ship was commissioned at Visakhapatnam on July 11, 2026.

Q8.

With reference to PMFBY (Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana), which statement is correct?

a) It covers only natural calamities like floods and drought, and wildlife damage is permanently excluded

b) The premium is entirely borne by the Central Government

- c) As of Kharif 2026, animal-related crop damage has been included in the scheme's coverage
- d) PMFBY was launched in 2010 to replace the National Agricultural Insurance Scheme
- a) Wildlife damage permanently excluded
- b) Premium entirely by Centre
- c) Animal damage included Kharif 2026 ✓**
- d) Launched in 2010

Answer: (c) — PMFBY was launched in 2016 (not 2010); premium is shared between Centre and States; animal damage is NOW included under Kharif 2026 reform.

Q9.

The Barak-8 missile system, now installed on Project 17A frigates, is a jointly developed missile by:

- a) India and Russia
- b) India and France
- c) India and Israel
- d) India and USA
- a) India and Russia
- b) India and France
- c) India and Israel ✓**
- d) India and USA

Answer: (c) — Barak-8 (Medium Range Surface-to-Air Missile / MRSAM) is jointly developed by Israel Aerospace Industries (IAI) and DRDO/India. It is now a core air defence asset on Indian frigates.

Q10.

The UDAN scheme's Viability Gap Funding (VGF) mechanism operates as:

- a) Airline operator pays full route cost; government refunds 50% after one year
- b) Government subsidises airlines to operate loss-making routes through a shared Centre-State VGF pool
- c) Airports collect a cess from passengers which funds VGF directly
- d) VGF is provided only from the Air India disinvestment proceeds
- a) Airline pays, government refunds 50%
- b) Centre-State VGF shared subsidy ✓**
- c) Passenger cess funds VGF
- d) Air India disinvestment

Answer: (b) — Under UDAN, Centre and State governments jointly fund VGF to make unviable routes commercially viable; airlines cap fares at ₹2,500 per hour of flight.

Q11.

Which of the following is a characteristic of El Niño?

- a) Warming of sea surface temperatures in the Western Pacific
- b) Warming of sea surface temperatures in the Central and Eastern Tropical Pacific
- c) Strengthening of the Walker Circulation and easterly trade winds
- d) Enhanced monsoon rainfall over the Indian subcontinent
- a) Western Pacific warming
- b) Central and Eastern Tropical Pacific warming ✓**
- c) Stronger Walker Circulation
- d) Enhanced monsoon

Answer: (b) — El Niño = warming of Central/Eastern Tropical Pacific → weakens Walker Circulation → suppresses Indian monsoon → La Niña is the opposite (cooling). NOAA declared El Niño in June 2026.

Q12.

The capital of Rwanda, Kigali, is also known for hosting which major Commonwealth meeting in 2022?

- a) Commonwealth Parliamentary Association Annual Conference
- b) Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting (CHOGM)
- c) Commonwealth Finance Ministers Meeting (CFMM)
- d) Commonwealth Games 2022

a) CPA Annual Conference

b) CHOGM 2022 ✓

c) CFMM

d) Commonwealth Games 2022

Answer: (b) — CHOGM 2022 was held in Kigali, Rwanda. It was the first CHOGM held in Africa in 20 years. PM Modi attended and Rwanda joined several India-Africa initiatives.

Q13.

In which of the following states is Singalila National Park located, which has shown red panda population stabilization due to trekking restrictions?

- a) Sikkim
- b) Arunachal Pradesh
- c) Uttarakhand
- d) West Bengal

a) Sikkim

b) Arunachal Pradesh

c) Uttarakhand

d) West Bengal ✓

Answer: (d) — Singalila National Park is in Darjeeling district, West Bengal (not Sikkim, though it is adjacent). Sikkim has the highest red panda density (800–1,000 individuals).

Q14.

The ASEAN Secretariat is headquartered in:

- a) Singapore
- b) Manila
- c) Kuala Lumpur
- d) Jakarta

a) Singapore

b) Manila

c) Kuala Lumpur

d) Jakarta ✓

Answer: (d) — The ASEAN Secretariat has been headquartered in Jakarta, Indonesia since 1976. Indonesia is ASEAN's founding member and largest economy. Note: Indonesia's capital is being shifted to Nusantara.

Q15.

Which Article of the Constitution specifically grants the Election Commission of India the power of superintendence, direction and control over elections?

- a) Article 325
- b) Article 326
- c) Article 324
- d) Article 323

a) Article 325

b) Article 326

c) Article 324 ✓

d) Article 323

Answer: (c) — Article 324 vests in ECI the superintendence, direction and control of preparation of electoral rolls and conduct of all elections to Parliament and State Legislatures and the offices of President and VP.

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§5 — MAINS QUESTIONS

GS2 — International Relations

1. "The India–New Zealand FTA and Strategic Partnership 2030 represent a qualitative shift in India's Pacific engagement." Critically examine the significance of this bilateral turn for India's Indo–Pacific strategy. (250 words)

Hint: Cover FTA terms (NZ tariff concessions vs India's phased liberalisation), diaspora leverage, maritime security angle, compare with India–Australia + India–ASEAN = full Indo-Pacific arc.

GS3 — Indian Economy / Trade

2. "India's persistent trade deficit with ASEAN post-AITIGA reveals the limits of goods-only trade agreements." Examine the structural issues with AITIGA and assess what the ongoing review must achieve. (250 words)

Hint: Inverted duty structure, RoO misuse (tariff arbitrage via ASEAN), lack of services coverage, supply chain gaps, what the three sub-committees are reviewing.

GS3 — Defence / Technology

3. Discuss the significance of INS Mahendragiri's commissioning for India's naval indigenisation and the role of MDL and GRSE in Project 17A. How does this reflect Atmanirbhar Bharat in defence? (250 words)

Hint: 75%+ indigenous content, CODOG propulsion, MSME supply chain, defence export implications, compare with Project 15B (destroyers) and Project 75I (submarines).

GS3 — Space Technology

4. Explain how geostationary earth observation satellites like GISAT-1A (EOS-05) differ from polar-orbiting satellites, and discuss their applications in India's disaster management and agricultural monitoring. (150 words)

Hint: GEO (continuous region view, 30-min revisit) vs LEO SSO (global coverage, 1–2 day revisit); applications: cyclone, flood, kharif crop health; compare Cartosat/ResourceSat vs GISAT.

GS3 — Environment

5. Human-wildlife conflict in India has emerged as a major governance challenge at the intersection of conservation law and farmer livelihood rights. Discuss the causes, impacts and policy responses including the recent PMFBY reform. (250 words)

Hint: WPA 1972 Schedule I protection vs crop damage, state compensation schemes before PMFBY reform, community monitoring, elephant corridors, critique of "fortress conservation."

GS4 — Ethics

6. An election official faces political pressure to expedite scrutiny for one candidate while delaying for another in a by-election. Explain the ethical values at stake and how the official should respond using constitutional and service conduct frameworks. (250 words)

Hint: Impartiality, constitutional oath, Article 324, RPA 1951 S.36, Rule 16 CCS Conduct Rules (political neutrality), model code framework, remedies — reporting to ECI, documentary protection.

💎 \$6 — ANSWER WRITING VALUE ADDITION

📌 Key Quotes for Today

PM Modi on India-NZ FTA (July 11, 2026): "The way all of New Zealand united to bring the FTA to fruition in such a short time — perhaps a global first for such a swift success — is remarkable." (Use in IR answer opening)

On INS Mahendragiri: India's defence exports reached ₹38,424 crore in FY2025-26, crossing 80 countries — INS Mahendragiri symbolises that same indigenisation ambition extended to the navy. (Use in defence indigenisation answer)

📊 Data Points to Remember

India-ASEAN trade: **\$128 billion** (FY26) | India-NZ trade target: **\$5 billion by 2030** | Red Panda in India: **2,500–3,000** (40% of world population) | INS Mahendragiri indigenous content: **75%+** | GISAT revisit time: **30 minutes** (full India coverage) | India defence exports FY26: **₹38,424 crore** to 80+ countries

🔗 Inter-linkages for Mains

Today's edition presents a **"Maritime-Diplomatic-Ecological"** triangle: INS Mahendragiri (maritime power) + India-NZ/Rwanda bilaterals (diplomatic reach) + HWC/Red Panda (ecological accountability). UPSC rewards answers that show these convergences — an answer on India's Indo-Pacific strategy can incorporate naval indigenisation; an answer on biodiversity loss can reference PMFBY as a governance innovation.

🎯 \$7 — AKADEMIA DIRECT HIT TRACKER

India-NZ FTA + Strategic Partnership

GS2

FTA terms: NZ = 100% tariff cut; India = 95% by value; 5,000 TEE visas; dairy excluded; 2030 Roadmap

★★★★★ High probability Prelims + Mains 2027

INS Mahendragiri / Project 17A

GS3

6th Nilgiri-class; MDL; BrahMos + Barak-8; CODOG; 75%+ indigenous; commissioned July 11, 2026

★★★★★ Prelims hot topic — UPSC tested P17A in 2021 and 2023

AITIGA Review — India-ASEAN Trade

GS3

\$128B trade FY26; inverted duty structure; RoO sub-committee; 10 ASEAN nations; signed 2009

★★★★★ Core FTA topic; appears in economy + IR questions

Red Panda — Ailurus fulgens

GS3

IUCN Endangered; Ailuridae family; Sikkim state animal; India: 2,500–3,000 (40% of world pop)

★★★★★ Classic Prelims species; Singalila NP in West Bengal (trap!)

GISAT-1A / EOS-05 — GSLV-F18

GS3

Geostationary EOS; 36,000 km; 30-min revisit India; SWIR+TIR imaging; NET July 31

★★★★★ ISRO missions always tested; GEO vs LEO distinction is key

Viksit UDAN — Regional Aviation

GS3

PM July 4; 1,000 routes target; 50 aerodromes; VGF Centre+State; NABH Nirman; SAF mandate

★★★★★ UDAN appears in every Prelims cycle — Viksit UDAN updates the answer

ECI By-elections — Article 151

GS2

Bankipur, Datia, Manjalpur; July 30 poll; Art 324 (ECI powers); Art 151 (1-year bar)

★★★ Election law fundamentals; Article 151 is a precise Prelims target

PMFBY + Human-Wildlife Conflict

GS3

Animal damage now in PMFBY Kharif 2026; Western Ghats 90% farmers HWC risk; WPA S.I protection

★★★★ Convergence topic: insurance policy + biodiversity law + farmer rights

India-Rwanda JDCC

GS2

2nd JDCC; New Delhi July 7; defence training + capacity building; India-Africa Defence Dialogue

★★★ India-Africa security; JDCC definition; IADD context

Barak-8 / MRSAM

GS3

India-Israel jointly developed; Surface-to-Air; medium range; now on P17A frigates + IAF

★★★ Defence systems often tested alongside platforms that carry them

El Niño — Kharif 2026 Impact

GS3

NOAA declared June 2026; 200 districts flagged; 12 states; PMO review July 7; Central Tropical Pacific warming

★★★★ ENSO concepts perennial Prelims theme; links to agriculture + food security

Mahendragiri Peak — Eastern Ghats

GS1

Highest peak of Eastern Ghats; located in Odisha; ship named after this peak — Geography + Defence crossover

★★★ GS1 Geography hook: Eastern Ghats peaks, difference from Western Ghats

★ THEIAS AKADEMIA — PROOF OF PRECISION

UPSC CSE Prelims 2026 Results

In what critics called the most unpredictable Prelims paper in a decade —

48

QUESTIONS FROM
ANTIM ASSURED 100+

7

QUESTIONS FROM
A SINGLE DOCUMENT

6

QUESTIONS FROM
A SINGLE CLASS

Our students had seen 48 questions before the paper was opened.

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