

Agency finds sinking at Gold Hill Mesa, calls for more testing

By Conrad Swanson conrad.swanson@gazette.com Sep 22, 2019 Updated 1 hr ago

1 of 2



Homes in Gold Hill Mesa, a housing development in Colorado Springs.

Katie Klann, The Gazette

Portions of Gold Hill Mesa sank more than 3 inches over a six-year period, state geologists reported to Colorado Springs planners this April.

That land movement, tracked by stacking more than 150 satellite images captured during that time, is enough to crack homes and buildings atop the century-old mine tailings pile, wrote Jonathan Lovekin, a senior engineering geologist at the Colorado Geological Survey in a report to city staff.

Lovekin filed his report at the request of city planners who asked that he examine a planned expansion of 32 homes at Gold Hill Mesa. The report was reviewed and approved by the survey's director, Karen Berry, and sent on her letterhead.

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Citing evidence of significant sinking — or subsidence — of the land under homes elsewhere at Gold Hill Mesa and the lack of sufficient data characterizing land under the planned expansion (dubbed Filing 11), “CGS cannot recommend approval of Filing No. 11 until” further testing is completed to resolve unanswered questions, Lovekin wrote.

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1801 19th Street
Golden, Colorado 80401



Karen Berry
State Geologist

April 19, 2019

Hanna Van Nimwegen
Planning and Community Development
City of Colorado Springs
30 S. Nevada Ave, Suite 105
Colorado Springs, CO 80901

Location:
SW ¼ of NE ¼ of Section 14,
T14S, R67W of the 6th PM
38.8333°, -104.8581°

Subject: Gold Hill Mesa Filing No. 11,
Final Plat-AR FP 19-00201; and Development Plan-AR DP 19-00198;
City of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, CO; CGS Unique No. FP-19-0132

Hanna:

As requested, we have reviewed the submittal consisting of: application (3.26.19), drainage report (Terra Nova, 1.19), development plan drawings (NES, 3.14.19), final plat drawings (Barron Land, 3.13.19), and geologic hazard report (CTL, 3.14.19). The applicant plans to develop 32 lots on 3.755 acres. We offer the following comments and observations.

Mill Tailings: Gold Hill Mesa is a tailings pile resulting from the processing of gold and silver ore by mills that operated south of Old Colorado City from the 1890's to the late 1940's. Ore rock was brought to the location from Cripple Creek and Victor by rail. The mills were located here due to ready access to local coal deposits for the coking part of the milling process. The milling process resulted in a slurry of water and pulverized rock varying in size from sand to fine silt and clay. These materials were conveyed from the mill into the tailings impoundment via a tailings pipe. The coarser tailings (sand) settle near the spigot while the finer silt and clay particles remain suspended in the slurry that settles out in the pond (referred to as a decant pond) forming within the impoundment. The tailing fines are often referred to as slimes.

No recorded borings have drilled through the deepest portions of the tailings, estimated to be 130 feet deep. Both sand and slimes are located within Gold Hill Mesa. The volume of slimes in the sands, or their stratigraphy (vertical and horizontal layering) are unknown.

Settlement: Mill tailings resulting from gold ore processing, such as at Gold Hill Mesa, are known to have significant differential settlement issues. Concerns about long term settlement have been expressed by geotechnical engineers and the Colorado Geological Survey (CGS) in the history of the recent residential development of Gold Hill Mesa. A settlement study at one location on the tailings was conducted by CTL in the early phases of development of Gold Hill Mesa.

In 2015 the City of Colorado Springs asked CGS to visit a newly constructed residence with visible settlement problems. We were provided with reports by Mike West and Associates. The reports discuss the history of subsurface investigations at Gold Hill Mesa and the subsequent site characterization and conclusions about settlement that led to the construction of the home in question. The reports demonstrate that the overall subsurface characterization of the mill-tailings was insufficient to support the conclusions about long-term settlement used in the construction of the home and the Gold Hill Mesa development in general. Specifically, the tailings vary in consistency (fines versus sands) and water content and therefore engineering properties and settlement potential. CGS recommends that the City provide the applicant and their consultants with the two

NEW_FP-19-0132 Gold Hill Mesa Filing No. 11
5:43 PM, 04/19/2019

An exploratory study submitted by the developer is incomplete, and neither the developer nor city planners fully understand soils throughout the site, Lovekin wrote. In addition, a nearby development long held as a beacon of stability is no longer an acceptable model for what might happen at Gold Hill Mesa, he said.

Reports of sinking, heaving and flooding are scattered throughout the development of about 200 acres south of U.S. 24 and east of 21st Street, according to accounts from some residents, public documents, claims made in three lawsuits by residents, and inspection reports.

Representatives of the developer, Gold Hill Mesa, and others flatly deny that there has been an inordinate amount of sinking or subsidence of land there, and they attribute any reported cracking and damage to homes to construction defects.

Bill Hoffmann, the senior principal engineer for CTL Thompson, an engineering firm hired by the developer, said the land at Gold Hill Mesa is stable and safe. The site has been

tested multiple times by “a number of skilled and qualified geotechnical firms,” including CTL Thompson, since 2004, he wrote in an email to The Gazette.

“Conditions found were considered to be suitable for a residential development,” he wrote.

Despite pushback from Hoffmann and Gold Hill Mesa, state geologists are holding firm. Lovekin reiterated his call for additional testing in August and rebutted Hoffmann’s response to the survey’s first report in April. City planners are now awaiting another response from Hoffmann.

But one veteran home inspector with experience in the neighborhood, Walter Clemens, says much of the reported damage is symptomatic of sinking and heaving soils. In two homes there, Clemens said he found cracked and sinking concrete and evidence of land movement.

In light of the impasse between state geologists and the developer, Colorado Springs planners and engineers have, for now, prevented work from beginning on the newest phase (Filing 11) of the development. Construction continues for the already approved phases.



City halts new building phase at Gold Hill Mesa, as further soil testing is considered
by conrad swanson conrad.swanson@gazette.com

Lovekin has said state geologists didn’t voice their concerns on those past phases because city planners didn’t ask for their input. A city ordinance enacted in 2017 requires city planners and engineers to consult with the Geological Survey before approving development, and that is why Filing 11 has been reviewed by CGS.

The delay endangers the successful redevelopment of the site, wrote Stephanie Edwards, executive vice president of the developer, to city planners.

Nearly 500 homes sit atop the site, and Lovekin acknowledged in another report that the development is largely built out. But still he wrote, “We contend that this is not a reason to expose additional homes and the public to largely unknown risks from ground subsidence.”

Without new tests to ensure the land is safe and stable, Lovekin said, he can’t condone more construction, especially considering the sinking elsewhere in the Gold Mesa neighborhood tracked by satellite images.

The new proposed expansion should be tested for settlement risks, he said. And the entire site should be tested for its potential for liquefaction, destabilization that could be set off by seismic activity from nearby faults.

Independent geological experts from the Colorado School of Mines, the University of Northern Colorado and the New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources that the Gazette asked to review the CGS report stand behind Lovekin's recommendations and push them a step further. The recorded sinking should prompt more settlement tests throughout the developed portions of Gold Hill Mesa, they say.

Reports of damage might be sporadic now, but more problems might show up in the future, those experts say.

Satellite analysis

Already, at least three lawsuits alleging structural problems at the site have been settled out of court.

To investigate the concerns at Gold Hill Mesa, Lovekin said the Colorado Geological Survey commissioned an independent analysis of satellite images to determine whether the land was moving and, if so, by how much.

The satellite study was performed by experts at the University of Rome in Italy, which offered the potentially expensive analysis for free, Lovekin said. It stacked 162 images of Gold Hill Mesa captured by satellite cameras between June 2011 and October 2017, tracking the movement of buildings and infrastructure.

They found that portions of the site sank more than 3 inches, Lovekin wrote.

"Three-inches of movement can result in cracking of walls, floors, and hard finishes such as tile or rock," Lovekin wrote. "Doors and windows can stop operating properly and floors can become uneven."

The satellites were unable to track movement in plots without surfaces like buildings or infrastructure on which they could focus, Lovekin wrote, which is why settlement wasn't measured in Filing 11. But developed portions of Gold Hill Mesa showed a trend of subsidence.

That area with the most subsidence matches the "deep, largely uncharacterized mill-tailing slime pit," which was the focus of one lawsuit, Lovekin wrote.

"Differential ground movement in Gold Hill is clearly indicated," he wrote.

Hoffmann, the developer's engineer, took issue with those findings, saying they're based on an emerging and unreliable technology.

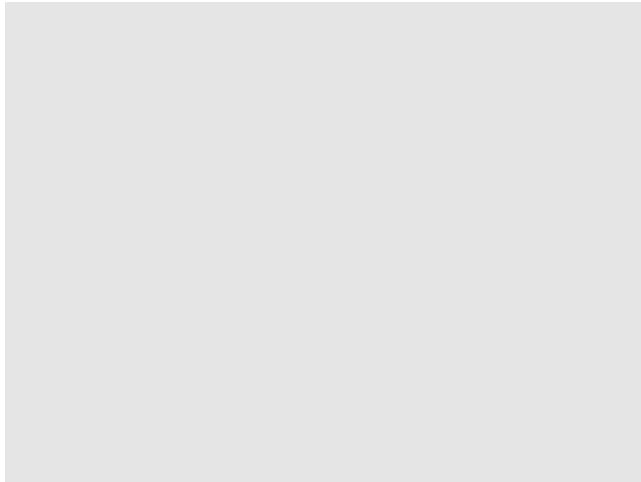
"The data does not consider site grading, landscaping or other manmade activities," Hoffmann wrote. "It is important to note the areas measured were in an area of newly constructed homes and landscaping activities were likely ongoing affecting the measurements."

Lovekin shot back that Colorado Springs relied on such satellite technology to map and track separate, slow-moving landslides on the city's west side, which began damaging homes in 2015.

In addition, the technology is used by the Colorado Department of Transportation and other organizations throughout the United States and Europe, he said.

But Hoffmann still argued that the data falls short.

"I have not seen evidence of excessive settlement of structures, roadway improvements or utilities, or been advised by city officials that excessive settlement has occurred at Gold Hill Mesa," he later wrote to The Gazette.



(Displacement is measured in mm. ~70mm ~3-inches)

Credit

Conventional "on-the-ground surveys conducted at the site" suggest a normal amount of land movement for a residential development, Hoffmann said.

The survey data, provided to The Gazette by Gold Hill Mesa, tracked movement at different points in the development. Although he cited the data, Hoffmann did not reply when asked whether the ground surveys disproved the satellite analysis. Nor did he reply when asked whether the conventional data points are representative of the entire development.

Instead, Hoffmann directed additional questions about the ground survey to the Woodland Park company behind the work, Rampart Surveys, representatives of which did not respond to a request for comment.

Lovekin encouraged city staff to compare the two data sets.

Questions remain about the satellite analysis, said Wendy Zhou, dean of graduate studies and professor of geology and geological engineering at the Colorado School of Mines. Extraneous details such as grass or snow could have affected the results, she said.

But, Zhou said, the Italian experts behind that analysis could have already accounted for those details.

Indeed, those experts do try to account for such details, Lovekin said. In addition, outliers in the data are generally quite visible and can be discounted.

“Grass and snow and landscaping could impact results, but these guys are looking at the corners of rooftops and other hard targets,” Lovekin told The Gazette. “If a building’s being built, it’d show really aggressive movement and it’s off the charts, it’s an anomaly.”

What’s left, Lovekin said, is a pattern of subsidence that appears to coincide with the mill tailings pile under the development.”

Gold Hill Mesa sits on the former site of the Golden Cycle Mill, which refined ores mined in Cripple Creek from the early 1900s to 1949. Portions of the development sit atop an old decant pond full of tailings leftover from that refining process. That old pond reaches 130 feet deep in places, many estimate. Instability has been a chief concern for the site since its inception. Mine tailings are notorious for their instability and settlement potential.



Rich history of gold mining left problems for Colorado Springs
By CONRAD SWANSON conrad.swanson@gazette.com

At least 35 images are needed for such a study, said Zhou, who was the keynote speaker at the 4th International Conference on GIS and Remote Sensing last year in Berlin. The study of Gold Hill Mesa used more than four times that number.

“I trust CGS,” Zhou said. “They’re very thorough.”

The findings should be enough to launch a review of the development, Zhou said. Tracking pre-existing damage could be difficult, but the data still indicate a “defamation” or “landslide movement,” she said. And it raises concerns for the future of homes there.

“If I were CGS or any party involved, I would strongly recommend to verify (the study) by a totally different method... and also even go through the houses to see if there are observations of subsidence,” Zhou said. “I always believe you have to prove with multiple methods.”

Three inches of settlement is substantial, said William Hoyt, a certified professional geologist and recently retired professor of geography and oceanography at the University of Northern Colorado. And that much movement in six years is quite fast, he said.

Risk for damage is most pronounced in areas where the ground is heaving or sinking at uneven rates, Hoyt said. This is called differential settlement — “That is those zones where you’ve got 3 inches down and maybe an inch up” he said.

Those descriptions and others, “show all the telltale signs of foundation problems and differential settlement,” Hoyt said.

Homes near areas with detected sinking and heaving should be examined first, Zhou said.

Indeed, other areas in Colorado Springs have land movement, Lovekin told The Gazette.

About the same time that damage was reported in Gold Hill Mesa homes, slow-moving landslides fractured dozens of other homes on the city’s west side.

But outside those two areas, movement elsewhere in town would be relatively minor, Lovekin said.

“If we did a satellite study of the entire city of Colorado Springs, I’m not sure what it would look like because we’ve got mining subsidence and poor fill, but that’s nothing like the bull’s-eye at Gold Hill Mesa or in the landslide areas,” he said.

Recorded damage

Peering through bifocals, Walter Clemens thumbs through an inspection report he penned three years ago for a home on Eclipse Drive, in Gold Hill Mesa.

That report, obtained by The Gazette, contains an itemized list of nearly 50 problems that Clemens, lead inspector for Encompass Home Warranty Inspections, discovered in the home. They include sinking concrete pads, cracked pillars, door and window problems and water damage.

Clemens’ inspection was not related to lawsuits filed by residents at Gold Hill Mesa.

Clemens said he has inspected thousands of homes in El Paso, Douglas, Jefferson and Arapahoe counties as well as in California and Kansas. He said he has also worked as a code enforcement officer in Kansas and inspected properties for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Not only was the damage substantial in that Eclipse Drive home, but also areas showed evidence of previous repairs, indicating the builder was aware of several problems, Clemens said.

“Something’s shifting here,” he said. “Everything points to one thing: shifting, cracking. I mean everything. The windows, the doors... even the porches, the concrete. It’s a big problem.”

In his home inspection report, Clemens warned that the sinking

areas should be monitored.

“I’m trying to tell the homeowner that it’s going to move more,” he said. “This sucker was moving.”

Clemens said he found no foundation problems at another house on Eclipse Drive but noticed movement in the yard. A fence gate didn’t open properly, he said.

“This shows shifting of the fencing” he said. “When they installed it, the gate worked. It opened and closed. So the ground now settled or heaved.”

Evidence of builder errors — unrelated to ground movement — was also found in each inspection, Clemens said. Several obvious problems were apparently missed by regional building inspectors, he said.

Reports of failed perimeter drains throughout the development could also indicate ground movement, Clemens said. Often such movement can break or disconnect piping.

“(Developers and builders) have got to know that the PVC piping around there is moving or breaking,” he said. “And it’s backing up the water. And then if you get more runoff from other areas, that causes a lot of blockages.”

An Old Colorado City engineering firm that also inspected the first home on Eclipse Drive declined to comment. A representative said, “That would be like a doctor going against the hospital.”

But Clemens rejected that analogy.

“I work for the homeowner,” he said.

Hoffmann wrote in an email that home inspectors are unqualified to assess structural damage unless they are also registered professional engineers with structural backgrounds. All buildings and foundations move, he wrote.

“I am unaware of any verifiable, structural damage to any existing home at Gold Hill Mesa or any other reports that assert that claim,” he wrote.

When asked about reports of sinking concrete, cracked pillars, porches and foundations and water damage, Hoffmann replied: “Cosmetic damage (drywall cracking) can occur due to a number of factors unrelated to excessive foundation movement.”



“Architectural and framing details can contribute to cosmetic cracking,” Hoffmann continued. “Cosmetic cracking does not imply structural damage.”

The bellwether

Peace of mind at Gold Hill Mesa lies in considering the experience of the Villa de Mesa development, just a stone’s throw away, Hoffmann has repeatedly said, in person and in his reports.

The homes at Villa de Mesa have stood strong for decades and indicate that no problems should be expected at Gold Hill Mesa, Hoffman said.

But nothing indicates that Villa de Mesa sits atop the same type of materials as Gold Hill Mesa, Lovekin told The Gazette.

“What (past engineers) did was: they drilled to bedrock, they burned holes” in Villa de Mesa, Lovekin said. “They didn’t sample, they didn’t test, they didn’t do blow counts. There’s no way to know what type of material that is.”

It’s unclear why Villa de Mesa hasn’t settled and portions of Gold Hill Mesa have, Lovekin wrote to city planners.

“We no longer accept (Villa de Mesa) as a valid substitution for sampling, testing for settlement or collapse, calculating estimates of long-term settlement, or as a reason to approve development where such an investigation and evaluation has not taken place,” he wrote.

When asked by The Gazette, Hoffmann did not respond to Lovekin’s statement about Villa de Mesa.

Geologists call for more testing

Sinking and heaving in Gold Hill Mesa is likely to continue, said Hoyt, the certified professional geologist, after he reviewed Lovekin’s report on the satellite analysis.

“For how long, that’s another geological engineering question,” he said. “We have to know a lot more than we currently know to get that level of confidence.”

That’s true, said Virginia McLemore, principal senior economic geologist at the New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, who was also asked by the Gazette to review the state geologists’ report. She called for more testing for settlement or liquefaction potential throughout the site after also reviewing Lovekin’s report.

Water shifting in the soil at Gold Hill Mesa likely is causing the sinking and heaving, she hypothesized.

The tailings pile under the development is estimated to be 130 feet deep in places.

“I suspect the solutions are that you’ve got to control water getting in,” McLemore said. “You don’t want any more water getting into that pile, and you don’t want any water getting out of it.”

Weather also comes into play, however, Hoyt said.

“We’re always going through these cycles of wet and dry. We’re in a wet period now, and that would make me even more nervous to (continue construction) without additional borings to show what’s going on down there,” he said.”

But the developer and many Gold Hill Mesa residents push back strongly against the notion that sinking has occurred in the area.

“Common sense suggests that if there were issues with the community itself, one would expect challenges with homes to become apparent over entire areas, such that neighboring homes would exhibit similar symptoms,” Stephanie Edwards, executive vice president of the corporation, wrote to residents in response to coverage by The Gazette.

“In this case, however, a handful of distinct homes, separated geographically out of a community of more nearly 500 homes, with occurrences spanning over a decade, confirms that these were isolated cases of construction challenges — and not any inherent issues with the land itself,” she wrote.

Editor's note: On Aug. 29, Gold Hill Mesa released this statement to its residents in response to Gazette reporting on the development.

 [Download PDF](#)



Gold Hill Mesa Statement on Gazette article

As many of you have seen or heard by now, the Gazette published a long article on Gold Hill Mesa in Sunday's newspaper. Because of the history of this property, Gold Hill Mesa has always been highly visible and subjected to scrutiny. Every few years, renewed interest and intrigue arises about the property and its history. As the Colorado Springs population has increased, and Gold Hill Mesa has grown to nearly 500 homes, media and public interest in Gold Hill Mesa has become relevant once again.

Gold Hill Mesa welcomes and encourages oversight. For example, we accepted the Gazette's request for an interview for this story and facilitated photographs around Gold Hill Mesa. We have always strived to do what is right and implement best practices and compliance to the highest standards, and that includes transparency and working closely with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, the City of Colorado Springs, all other governing regulatory agencies, our residents and neighboring communities.

Gold Hill Mesa appreciates the Gazette's interest in this site and development. However, there are significant inaccuracies and misrepresentations in Sunday's story, and Gold Hill Mesa reserves any and all rights that it has under Colorado law to defend itself against any inaccuracies or misleading statements in the recent Gazette articles and any future articles. There are many misrepresentations in the article; here are corrections to the most significant inaccuracies, with facts and clarification following:

- A. **Health and Safety:** Gold Hill Mesa adheres to the strictest health and safety standards through the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment.
- B. **Sinking and Heaving:** We are not aware of unusual settlement in Gold Hill Mesa.
- C. **Development is in Progress:** Gold Hill Mesa's Development is NOT halted.
- D. **Filing 11 Review:** Gold Hill Mesa's Filing 11 is currently in the normal review process and Colorado Geological Survey's concerns are being addressed.
- E. **"Independent" Report:** The Gazette based much of its story on an engineering report commissioned by one side in a dispute that occurred several years ago, while referring to this report as being "independent".

About Gold Hill Mesa: Gold Hill Mesa is the site of the former Golden Cycle Mill. Long undeveloped and a blight on the westside of Colorado Springs, the property has been developed over the past 15 years as a traditional neighborhood development, with careful attention given to both the aesthetic and functional appeal of the community, as well as the particular considerations of constructing at a site with this unique history.

Senior Principal Engineer Hoffman's response to CGS' satellite data echoed that sentiment: "If that degree of movement was occurring over the wide area depicted in the figure in the CGS letter, we would expect numerous litigation proceedings in progress that the geotechnical community within Colorado Springs would be well aware. No such information is known," he wrote.

Pushback from area residents is natural and understandable, agreed Zhou, Hoyt and McLemore.

"Most people don't want to know what's going on... they don't want to know because it's going to impact the value of the houses," Zhou said.

But the information is essential, McLemore said, so residents can mitigate risks if a larger problem is found and homebuilders can move forward safely.

"There may be things that homeowners can do," she said. "Simple things that are inconvenient but alleviate the situation so you can continue living there."

But without sufficient testing, it's unclear what settlement and liquefaction potential exists and whether those extra steps are needed," McLemore said.

Seismic activity has been recorded relatively recently in and around Colorado Springs. And Lovekin said understanding the liquefaction risk is pertinent for current and future residents.

The image shows a scanned document from the Colorado Geological Survey. At the top, it says 'COLORADO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY' and 'GOLD HILL MESA FILING NO. 11'. Below this, there is a section for 'Notice of Intent to File a Lien'. The document is dated 10/10/2010 and is filed by the Colorado Geological Survey. It includes a list of items to be filed, including a 'Notice of Intent to File a Lien' and a 'Notice of Intent to File a Lien'. The document is signed by the Colorado Geological Survey and has a 'FILED' stamp from the Colorado Geological Survey. The document is also dated 10/10/2010.



Gold Hill Mesa ground survey
Courtesy of Gold Hill Mesa Updated 20 hrs ago

GOLD HILL MESA CONTROL POINT MONITORING - AUGUST 2019									
ORIGINAL CONTROL DATA 2007-2012		CONTROL DATA FROM JULY 2015		DIFFERENCE FROM 2015		CONTROL DATA FROM AUGUST 2019		DIFFERENCE FROM 2019	
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157	157.100000	157	157.100000	0.00	0.00	157	157.100000	0.00	0.00
158	158.100000	158	158.100000	0.00	0.00	158	158.100000	0.00	0.00
159	159.100000	159	159.100000	0.00	0.00	159	159.100000	0.00	0.00
160	160.100000	160	160.100000	0.00	0.00	160	160.100000	0.00	0.00
161	161.100000	161	161.100000	0.00	0.00	161	161.100000	0.00	0.00
162	162.100000	162	162.100000	0.00	0.00	162	162.100000	0.00	0.00
163	163.100000	163	163.100000	0.00	0.00	163	163.100000	0.00	0.00
164	164.100000	164	164.100000	0.00	0.00	164	164.100000	0.00	0.00
165	165.100000	165	165.100000	0.00	0.00	165	165.100000	0.00	0.00
166	166.100000	166	166.100000	0.00	0.00	166	166.100000	0.00	0.00
167	167.100000	167	167.100000	0.00	0.00	167	167.100000	0.00	0.00
168	168.100000	168	168.100000	0.00	0.00	168	168.100000	0.00	0.00
169	169.100000	169	169.100000	0.00	0.00	169	169.100000	0.00	0.00
170	170.100000	170	170.100000	0.00	0.00	170	170.100000	0.00	0.00
171	171.100000	171	171.100000	0.00	0.00	171	171.100000	0.00	0.00
172	172.100000	172	172.100000	0.00	0.00	172	172.100000	0.00	0.00
173	173.100000	173	173.100000	0.00	0.00	173	173.100000	0.00	0.00
174	174.100000	174	174.100000	0.00	0.00	174	174.100000	0.00	0.00
175	175.100000	175	175.100000	0.00	0.00	175	175.100000	0.00	0.00
176	176.100000	176	176.100000	0.00	0.00	176	176.100000	0.00	0.00
177	177.100000	177	177.100000	0.00	0.00	177	177.100000	0.00	0.00
178	178.100000	178	178.100000	0.00	0.00	178	178.100000	0.00	0.00
179	179.100000	179	179.100000	0.00	0.00	179	179.100000	0.00	0.00
180	180.100000	180	180.100000	0.00	0.00	180	180.100000	0.00	0.00
181	181.100000	181	181.100000	0.00	0.00	181	181.100000	0.00	0.00
182	182.100000	182	182.100000	0.00	0.00	182	182.100000	0.00	0.00
183	183.100000	183	183.100000	0.00	0.00	183	183.100000	0.00	0.00
184	184.100000	184	184.100000	0.00	0.00	184	184.100000	0.00	0.00
185	185.100000	185	185.100000	0.00	0.00	185	185.100000	0.00	0.00
186	186.100000	186	186.100000	0.00	0.00	186	186.100000	0.00	0.00
187	187.100000	187	187.100000	0.00	0.00	187	187.100000	0.00	0.00
188	188.100000	188	188.100000	0.00	0.00	188	188.100000	0.00	0.00
189	189.100000	189	189.100000	0.00	0.00	189	189.100000	0.00	0.00
190	190.100000	190	190.100000	0.00	0.00	190	190.100000	0.00	0.00
191	191.100000	191	191.100000	0.00	0.00	191	191.100000	0.00	0.00
192	192.100000	192	192.100000	0.00	0.00	192	192.100000	0.00	0.00
193	193.100000	193	193.100000	0.00	0.00	193	193.100000	0.00	0.00
194	194.100000	194	194.100000	0.00	0.00	194	194.100000	0.00	0.00
195	195.100000	195	195.100000	0.00	0.00	195	195.100000	0.00	0.00
196	196.100000	196	196.100000	0.00	0.00	196	196.100000	0.00	0.00
197	197.100000	197	197.100000	0.00	0.00	197	197.100000	0.00	0.00
198	198.100000	198	198.100000	0.00	0.00	198	198.100000	0.00	0.00

Conrad Swanson

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