# PART 2.2 DAMP AND WEATHERPROOFING

# Explanatory information:

# **OBJECTIVE**

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The Objective is to-

- (a) safeguard occupants from illness or injury and protect the building from damage caused by—
  - (i) surface water, and
  - (ii) external moisture entering a building; and
  - (iii) the accumulation of internal moisture in a building; and
  - (iv) discharge of swimming pool waste water, and
- (b) protect other property from damage caused by-
  - (i) redirected surface water; and
  - (ii) the discharge of swimming pool waste water.

# FUNCTIONAL STATEMENTS

# F2.2.1 Surface water

A building including any associated *sitework* is to be constructed in a way that protects people and *other property* from the adverse effects of redirected *surface water*.

# F2.2.2 Weatherproofing and dampness

A building is to be constructed to provide resistance to moisture from the outside and moisture rising from the ground.

### Limitation:

F2.2.2 does not apply to a Class 10 building except where its construction contributes to the weatherproofing of the Class 1 building.

# F2.2.3 Drainage from swimming pools

Adequate means for the disposal of swimming pool water and drainage is to be provided to a swimming pool.

# PFRFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

#### P2.2.1 Surface water

(a) Surface water, resulting from a storm having an average recurrence interval of 20 years and which is collected or concentrated by a building or sitework, must be disposed of in a way that avoids the likelihood of damage or nuisance to any other property. (b) Surface water, resulting from a storm having an average recurrence interval of 100 years must not enter the building.

#### Limitation:

P2.2.1(b) does not apply to a Class 10 building where in the particular case there is no necessity for compliance.

- (c) A drainage system for the disposal of surface water resulting from a storm having an average recurrence interval of—
  - 20 years must—
    - (A) convey surface water to an appropriate outfall; and
    - (B) avoid surface water damaging the building; and
  - (ii) 100 years must avoid the entry of surface water into a building.

# P2.2.2 Weatherproofing

A roof and external wall (including openings around windows and doors) must prevent the penetration of water that could cause—

- (a) unhealthy or dangerous conditions, or loss of amenity for occupants; and
- (b) undue dampness or deterioration of building elements.

# Limitation:

P2.2.2(a) does not apply to a Class 10 building except where its construction contributes to the weatherproofing of the Class 1 building.

# P2.2.3 Dampness

Moisture from the ground must be prevented from causing-

- (a) unhealthy or dangerous conditions, or loss of amenity for occupants; and
- undue dampness or deterioration of building elements.

# Limitation:

P2.2.3 does not apply to a Class 10 building where in the particular case there is no necessity for compliance.

# STATE AND TERRITORY VARIATIONS

# P2.2.3 has been replaced in South Australia as follows:

### P2.2.3 Dampness

- (a) Moisture from the ground must be prevented from causing—
  - undue dampness or deterioration of building elements; and
  - (ii) unhealthy or dangerous conditions, or loss of amenity for occupants.
- (b) Barriers installed to prevent transfer of moisture from the ground must have
  - high resistance to moisture penetration; and