Planting and Care of Herbs and Native Plants

- 1. Dig a hole as deep as the pot but at least twice as wide.
- 2. Toss in some organic fertilizer.
- Gently remove the plant (gently squeeze sides of pot and lift plant out by base of stem) - (or see if it will tip out into your hand and you can cradle the root ball.
- 4. Place the plant in the hole so that the base of the stem is level with the ground. You may have to make the hole a little shallower—just push some the dirt back into to raise the bottom.



- 5. Gently pack the dirt you dug out back around your plant.
- 6. Gently water in (I like to use a watering can), and I recommend you add a liquid seaweed/kelp fertilizer to the water. Herbs and natives shouldn't need any fertilizer after initial planting.
- 7. A new plant needs a little TLC until it's established, so keep an eye on it, and water it well, at least once a week (unless we get a good rain (1/2" or more), then you can skip it).
- 8. Notes on natives: You may need to water native plants the first couple of years until they're established. After that they should be great on their own unless we have a severe drought. For most natives, you won't need to worry about freeze protection in the winter; remember they evolved to survive in this area; but for new or little plants you can pile up mulch over them in a hard freeze, then brush or kick the mulch to the side after the freeze.