

Official Standard of the Cavalier King Charles Spaniel

General Appearance: The Cavalier King Charles Spaniel is an active, graceful, well-balanced toy spaniel, very gay and free in action; fearless and sporting in character, yet at the same time gentle and affectionate. It is this typical gay temperament, combined with true elegance and royal appearance which are of paramount importance in the breed. Natural appearance with no trimming, sculpting or artificial alteration is essential to breed type.

Size, Proportion, Substance:

Size - Height 12 to 13 inches at the withers; weight proportionate to height, between 13 and 18 pounds. A small, well balanced dog within these weights is desirable, but these are ideal heights and weights and slight variations are permissible.

Proportion - The body approaches squareness, yet if measured from point of shoulder to point of buttock, is slightly longer than the height at the withers. The height from the withers to the elbow is approximately equal to the height from the elbow to the ground.

Substance - Bone moderate in proportion to size. Weedy and coarse specimens are to be equally penalized.

Head: Proportionate to size of dog, appearing neither too large nor too small for the body. *Expression* - The sweet, gentle, melting expression is an important breed characteristic. *Eyes* - Large, round, but not prominent and set well apart; color either a very dark brown; giving a lustrous, limpid look or a warm golden amber color. Rims either dark or lighter. There should be cushioning under the eyes which contributes to the soft expression. Faults- small, almond-shaped, prominent, or any misalignment of the eyes, where one eye deviates noticeably from the other, resulting in an inconsistent or off-centered gaze.

Ears - Set high, but not close, on top of head. Leather long with plenty of feathering and wide enough so that when the dog is alert, the ears fan slightly forward to frame the face.

Skull - Slightly rounded, but without dome or peak; it should appear flat because of the high placement of the ears. Stop is moderate, neither filled nor deep.

Muzzle - Full muzzle slightly tapered. Length from base of stop to tip of nose about 1½ inches. Face well filled below eyes. Any tendency towards snipiness undesirable. Nose pigment uniformly black or liver colored without flesh marks and nostrils well developed. Lips well developed but not pendulous giving a clean finish. **Faults** - Sharp or pointed muzzles. *Bite* - A perfect, regular and complete scissors bite is preferred, i.e. the upper teeth closely overlapping the lower teeth and set square into the jaws. **Faults** - undershot bite, weak or crooked teeth, crooked jaws. **Neck, Topline, Body:** Neck- Fairly long, without throatiness, well enough muscle to form a slight arch at the crest. Set smoothly into nicely sloping shoulders to give an elegant look. *Topline* - Level both when moving and standing.

Body - Short-coupled with ribs well sprung but not barrelled. Chest moderately deep, extending to elbows allowing ample heart room. Slightly less body at the flank than at the last rib, but with no tucked-up appearance.

Tail - Well set on, carried happily but never much above the level of the back, and in constant characteristic motion when the dog is in action. Docking is optional. If docked, no more than one third is to be removed.

Forequarters: Shoulders well laid back. Forelegs straight and well under the dog with elbows close to the sides. Pasterns strong and feet compact with well-cushioned pads. Dewclaws may be removed.

Hindquarters: The hindquarters construction should come down from a good broad pelvis, moderately muscled; stifles well turned and hocks well let down. The hindlegs when viewed from the rear should parallel each other from hock to heel. Faults- Cow or sickle hocks.

Coat: Of moderate length, silky, free from curl. Slight wave permissible. Feathering on ears, chest, legs and tails should be long, and the feathering on the feet is a feature of the breed. No trimming of the dog is permitted. Specimens where the coat has been altered by trimming, clipping, or by artificial means shall be so severely penalized as to be effectively eliminated from competition. Hair growing between the pads on the underside of the feet may be trimmed.

Color: Outside of the standard four colors, there are six non-standard or alternate chocolate colors for the Cavalier: Chocolate Blenheim, Chocolate Ruby, Chocolate Tri, Chocolate & Tan, Solid Chocolate, and Chocolate & White. Additionally, there are two black colors: Solid Black and Black & White.

- Chocolate Blenheim- Rich chestnut markings well broken up on a clear, pearly white ground. The ears must be chestnut and the color evenly spaced on the head and surrounding both eyes, with a white blaze between the eyes and ears, in the center of which may be the lozenge or "Blenheim spot." The lozenge is a unique and desirable, though not essential, characteristic of the Chocolate Blenheim.
- *Chocolate Tri Color* Chocolate brown markings well broken up on a clear, pearly white ground. The ears must be chocolate and the color evenly spaced on the head and surrounding both eyes, with a white blaze between the eyes. Rich tan markings over the eyes, on cheeks, inside ears and on the underside of tail.
- Chocolate Ruby Wholecolored rich red.
- *Chocolate and Tan* Chocolate brown with rich, bright tan markings over eyes, on cheeks, inside ears, on chest, legs, and on underside of the tail.

- Solid Chocolate Uniform, deep chocolate brown color without any other markings or colors present. The coat should be consistent in color throughout, with no white or tan spots.
- *Chocolate and White* Clear, pearly white ground with chocolate brown markings. The color should be well-distributed, with evenly spaced chocolate patches on the body and head, often with a white blaze on the face.
- *Solid Black* Pure black coat without any other markings or colors. The coat should be consistent in color throughout, with no white or tan spots.
- *Black and White* Clear, pearly white ground with black markings. The black patches should be well-distributed and evenly spaced on the body and head, often with a white blaze on the face.

Faults- Heavy ticking on Blenheims or Tricolors, white marks on Rubies or Black and Tans. Dogs not of an allowed color shall be disqualified.

Gait: Free moving and elegant in action, with good reach in front and sound, driving rear action. When viewed from the side, the movement exhibits a good length of stride, and viewed from front and rear it is straight and true, resulting from straight-boned fronts and properly made and muscled hindquarters.

Temperament: Gay, friendly, non-aggressive with no tendency towards nervousness or shyness. Bad temper, shyness, and meanness are not to be tolerated and are to be severely penalized as to effectively remove the specimen from competition.

Disqualifications: Merle. Sable

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