

## Part 2 - SHRUBS:\*

### Preferred deciduous shrubs (shed leaves each fall)

Elderberry (*Sambucus canadensis*) low poison severity  
6-13 feet tall

Common witchhazel (*Hamamelis virginiana*) 15-30 feet tall

Highbush cranberry (*Viburnum trilobum*) 8-12 feet tall

Shrub dogwoods (*Cornus* spp.)

Northern spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*) 6-12 feet tall

### Small shrubs

New Jersey Tea (*Ceanothus americanus*) 3 feet x 3 feet tall

Buttonbush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*) 5 to 6 feet tall

### Native Michigan shrubs

Blackhaw viburnum (*Viburnum prunifolium*) 12 to 15 feet tall

Common Ninebark (*Physocarpus opulifolius*) 6 to 9 feet tall

Michigan holly (*Ilex verticillata*) 6 to 10 feet tall

Red chokeberry (*Aronia arbutifolia*) 6 to 8 feet tall

Shrubby cinquefoil (*Potentilla fruticosa*) 3 feet tall

### Non-preferred deciduous invasive shrubs

Autumn Olive (*Elaeagnus umbellata*)

Black Jetbead (*Rhodotypos scandens*)

Burning Bush (*Euonymus alatus*)

ALL Honeysuckle (*Lonicera*)

Buckthorn (*Rhamnus cathartica*)

Forsythia (*Forsythia* spp.)

Glossy Buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula*)

Japanese Barberry (*Berberis thunbergii*)

Multiflora Rose (*Rosa multiflora*)

Privet (*Ligustrum vulgare*)

## Part 3 - VINES:\*

### Non-preferred deciduous invasive vines

Oriental Bittersweet (*Celastrus*)

Japanese Honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*)

Kudzu (*Pueraria lobata*)

Wild Grapevine (*Vitis*) when endanger host trees

### Excerpt from “Native plants for Michigan landscapes”

Native plants naturally occur in a particular region, ecosystem or habitat without human intervention. These plants were present at the time Europeans arrived in North America. Some people have a very narrow geographic focus for their definition of “native” while some are content as long as the plant is native to North America. Regardless of your definition, there are many plants to choose from. In fact, gardeners may be surprised to discover that some popular trees and shrubs (i.e. honey locust/thornless, Kentucky coffee tree, Juneberry, potentilla, ninebark, and several viburnums) are actually native to Michigan.

### Panel:

This proposal would be to encourage the planting of native trees, and therefore good stewards of the Village ecosystem. A recommendation is made for the consideration of removal of invasive/non-desirable trees, shrubs and vines without fine or penalty in an effort to encourage stewardship, and especially preserve the native Michigan tree species.

Submitted by Nancy Thill, Meribeth Wulff 4/16/2022.

### \*Sources

MSU College of Agriculture & Natural Resources:

[https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/native\\_plants\\_for\\_michigan\\_landscapes\\_part\\_1\\_trees](https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/native_plants_for_michigan_landscapes_part_1_trees)

[https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/native\\_plants\\_for\\_michigan\\_landscapes\\_shrubs](https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/native_plants_for_michigan_landscapes_shrubs)

[https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/choosing\\_native\\_trees\\_and\\_shrubs\\_for\\_your\\_michigan\\_landscape](https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/choosing_native_trees_and_shrubs_for_your_michigan_landscape)

<https://mnfi.anr.msu.edu/invasive-species/InvasivePlantsFieldGuide.pdf>

[https://www.michigan.gov/invasives/0,5664,7-324-68002\\_71240\\_73851---.00.html](https://www.michigan.gov/invasives/0,5664,7-324-68002_71240_73851---.00.html)