

Discuss

- According to your DISC assessment, what are your biggest strengths?
- What are your areas of opportunity in terms potentially modifying your style?
- What are your key stressors?
- Whare are some productive responses?

Observe and Adapt to Others' Styles

- D Style (Direct, Decisive): Keep conversations brief and focused on results. Avoid too much detail or emotion.
- I Style (Enthusiastic, Social): Engage in friendly conversation before diving into tasks. Show enthusiasm and acknowledge their ideas.
- S Style (Supportive, Patient): Be calm and reassuring. Give them time to process changes and avoid pressuring them.
- C Style (Analytical, Detail-Oriented): Provide clear, detailed explanations. Stick to facts and logic rather than emotions.

Practice "Reading the Room"

- Pay attention to pace and energy:
- Fast-paced? Likely a D or I.
- Slower, more methodical? Likely an S or C. Watch for communication preferences:
- Does the person ask for details (C, S) or jump to action (D, I)?
- Do they focus on people (I, S) or tasks (D, C)?

Adjust Your Communication Style

- With a D: Be direct and efficient—get to the point.
- With an I: Be engaging and positive—build rapport.
- With an S: Be patient and supportive—give reassurance.
- With a C: Be detailed and logical—explain thoroughly.

Client Communication

- D clients want quick, no-nonsense answers about their pet's care.
- I clients appreciate friendly interaction and excitement about their pet.
- S clients need reassurance and time to make decisions.
- C clients want data, research, and detailed explanations.

Practice Small Adjustments Daily

- Start meetings by considering DISC styles—who needs efficiency vs. relationship-building?
- Before a tough conversation, think about how the other person prefers communication.
- Adjust tone, speed, and content to better connect with others.





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Unproductive Responses Stressors

Productive Responses

Lack of urgency

- Wasting time, indecision
- Goal being blocked
- Not being in control
- Overly talkative people
- Social rejection
- Not feeling valued
- Negativity, pessimism
- Not being listened to
- Cold or critical people
- Overwhelmed with tasks
- Change, loss of stability
- Time pressure, being pushed
- Unpredictable futures
- Argumentative people
- Insufficient Information
- Criticism of their work
- Mistakes, low standards
- Non-compliance
- Emotional People

- Fight
- Impatient
- Arrogant
- Aggressive
- Confrontational
- Flight
- Emotional
- Disorganized
- Overly talkative
- Pout and gossip
- Toleration
- Possessive
- · Withdrawn, shuts down
- Hesitant, slow to respond
- Stubborn, holds grudges

- •Take a breath, relax
- Ask questions to understand
- •Include others in decisions
- Listen fully
- •Give clear reasons for actions
- Be interested in others' views
- Minimize the talking, listen
- Discuss issues directly
- Ask for what you need
- Reduce emotion, think logically
- Don't overcommit
- Speak up, share your ideas
- Move at a quicker pace
- Learn to say no or renegotiate
- Confront issues right away

Avoidance

- Complains, overly critical
- Fearful, worried, concerned
- Analysis paralysis
- Defensive when criticized

- Be more personable, sociable
- Look for the good & right
- Lower your expectation bar
- Be less of a perfectionist
- Be open to feedback

- What are your key stressors?
- What are some productive responses?
- What conversations should you have with others on the team?
- Can you keep an EQ Journal to chart your learning?



