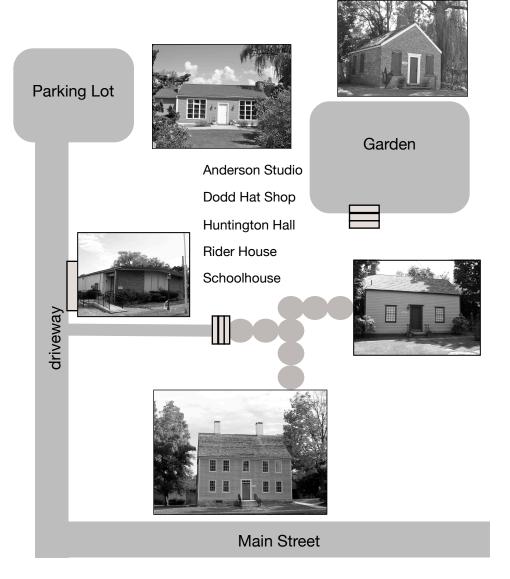
Danbury Museum Map

Label the map of the Danbury Museum by drawing a line from each building to its correct name:



What do you know about

Danbury, Connecticut?

A Book of Historical Activities



from the Friends of the

Danbury Museum & Historical Society

The Friends of the Danbury Museum would like to thank the many volunteers, members, and donors who help to keep Danbury's history alive.

Answers to Puzzles

People Match

Marian Anderson - First African American to sing at the Metropolitan Opera

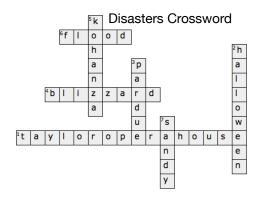
Enoch Crosby - Revolutionary War Spy

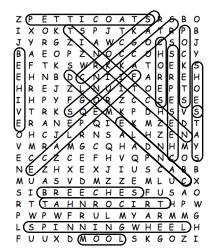
Charles Ives - Pulitzer Price winning composer

Rose Wilder Lane - Author and journalist

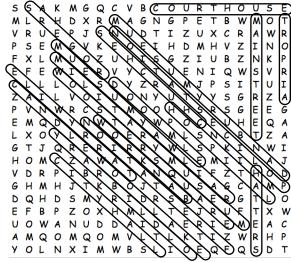
John Leahey - Owned and guided the Danbury Fair to become the Great Danbury State Fair

Sybil Ludington - Rode her horse to gather the militia to help Danbury during the Revolutionary War





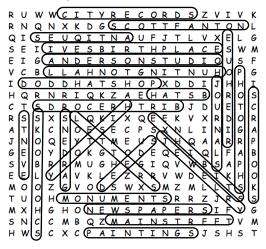
Landmarks Word Search



18th century Life Word Search

Answers to Puzzles

Danbury Museum Word Search



Founding Families Streets

Benedict

Franklin

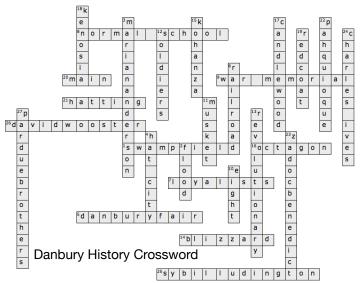
Gregory

Hoyt

Taylor

Waterways Answers:

1.Candlewood Lake 2.Lake Kenosia 3.East Lake 4.Still River 5.Oil Mill Pond 6.Miry Brook 7.Parks Pond 8.Tarrywile Lake 9.Mercers Pond 10.Turtle Pond



What do you know about

Danbury, Connecticut?

A Book of Historical Activities

Read about Danbury's fascinating history and try all the puzzles and word games.

Danbury Museum Word Search

RUWWCITYREC RNQNXKDGSCOTTFA QI S E U Q I T N A U F J T L V X E L IIVESBIRTHPL ANDERSONSTUDIOUS LLAHNOTGNITNUHOP ODDHATSHOPXDDIJHHI HQRNRIQKZAEHAT SDROCERHTRI S S X S L Q K I X Q E E K V X R D A T K C N O E S E C P S X N L I N I G A J N O Q E Y T T M E U S J H Q A A R R P OYDOKGTODEQEIQLFAB R R M U G H E G I Q V W B S A P Y A V K L E Z R R V W D E OZGVODSWXSMZM TUOHMONUMENTSRRZJ MX H G H O N E W S P A P E R S I F Y G SNCC MB Q Z M A I N S T R E E T V M HWSCXCPAINTINGS J S H S T

Locate all the items that can be found at the Danbury Museum in the puzzle above.

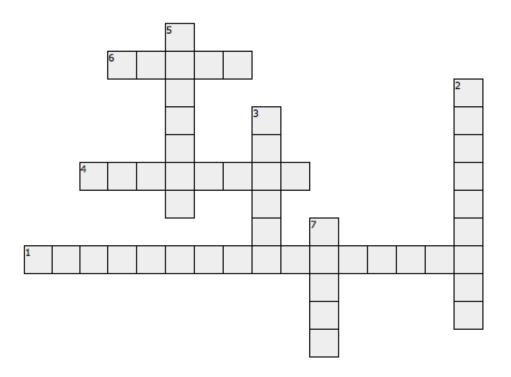
AndersonStudio Newspapers Hats **Antiques** History **Paintings BirthRecords** HuntingtonHall **Photographs IvesBirthPlace** RiderHouse CityRecords Deeds Jewelry SchoolBooks DoddHatShop Journals SchoolHouse ScottFanton **Events** Letters MainStreet Scrapbooks **Exhibits** Gardens Monuments

Waterways Anagrams

Unscramble these letters to identify lakes, rivers,

reservoirs, and ponds of Danbury.
1.dwcodonlea keal
2.eakl seoikna
3.stae ekal
4.lilts vrrie
5. loi llmi dopn
6.yimr krobo
7.sarpk nopd
8. wtiarelrh kael
9. srecrem pdno
10. letutr nopd

Disasters Crossword



Across:

- in 1922
- 4. Snow in 1888
- 6. Lots of water in 1955

Down:

- 1. Fire ended the opera 2. Holiday snow storm in 2012
 - 3. Bank Robber Brothers in 1970
 - 5. Reservoir breaks in 1869
 - 7. Hurricane in 2012

Danbury Museum

The **Scott-Fanton** Museum was the first museum in Danbury. The museum housed a collection of items John Fanton and Laura Scott-Fanton had found in their travels. around the world. In 1947, the Scott-Fanton Museum and the Danbury Historical Society joined together at the John Rider House on Main Street.

In the 1950s and 1960s, the Charles Ives Birthplace, the John Dodd Hat Shop, Little Red **Schoolhouse** and **Huntington Hall** became part of the museum. In 2004 the Marian Anderson Studio was added to the museum campus.

In 2008, the Scott-Fanton Museum merged with the City of Danbury to become the Danbury Museum. It's mission is to acquire, preserve, and interpret Danbury's History.

Today, you can find many interesting historical items in the **archives** of the museum that help to tell our history. Antiques, birth records, city records, deeds, hats, jewelry, journals, letters, newspapers, paintings, photographs, school books, and scrapbooks are some of the fascinating objects that can be found at the museum. The story of our city **monuments** can be found there too.

The museum offers many events, exhibits, and programs to help our citizens learn about the city of Danbury. You can also visit our beautiful gardens.

Founding of Danbury Puzzle

The following are streets in Danbury. Circle the ones that are named for one of the founding families:

Abbott Avenue Kennedy

Barnum Avenue Marcus

Bebe Main Street

Benedict Street Morris Street

Boughton Street Osborne Street

Bushnell Park Avenue

Franklin Street Rider

Garamella Rose Street

Avenue George Stephens Street

Street Gregory Taylor

Street Hoyt White Street

Street Ives Street Wooster Street

Danbury Landmarks

Visitors to Danbury have many interesting landmarks from which to choose to visit. Museums include the **Danbury Museum**, the **Railway Museum**, and the **Military Museum**.



Sites and buildings on Main

Street include the Bankers Row,
Library, Soldiers Monument, Hull
Building, the old Courthouse, the
Old Library, War Memorial and
Wooster Square.

Important city services include the airport, city hall, police station, library, fire station, and the hospital. Danbury's public schools includes 17 buildings and the city has several private schools as well. There are also many beautiful churches in our city.

Danbury has many places to play and exercise. Our parks include **Elmwood** Park, **Rogers** Park, **Tarrywile** Park, **Hatters** Park, and **Candlewood Lake**.

Visitors are welcome to walk down Main Street and Deer Hill Avenue to view and read the **Museum in the Streets**, chronicling the history of Danbury.

Landmarks Word Search

S S A K M G Q C V B C O U R T H O U S E MLRHDXR MAGNGPETBWMOT V R U E P J S N U D T I Z U X C R A W R S E M G V K E O E I H D M H V Z I N O X L M U O Z U H I S G Z I U B Z N K P E W I E R V Y C T U E N I Q W S V R LOLSDYZRAMJPSITUI ZAILVOIUONYUTYYSGR V N W R C S T M O O H H S R S G E E G MQDYNWTAYWPOCEUHEQA LXOYLROOERAMLSNCBTZA G T J Q R E R I R R Y W L S P K I N W I HOMCZAWATKSMLEMIILAJ V D R P I B R O T A N Q U I F Z T H O D G H M H J T K B O J T A U S A G C A M P D Q H D S M Y R I D R S B A E R G T L O E F B P Z O X H M L L T E J R U F T X W U O W A N U D D A I D A E R I E M E A C A M Q O M Q O M V L T L K T I Z W R H P Y O L N X I M W B S L I O E Q F Q S D T

Airport BankRow

CandlewoodLake

Churches CityHall

Courthouse

DanburyMuseum

Elmwood FireStation Hatters Hospital

Hospital

MainStreet

MilitaryMuseum

OldLibrary

PoliceStation

RailwayMuseum

Rogers

Tarrywile

Founding of Danbury

Before the land was called Danbury, the Pahquioque Indians called it Paquiack. The name meant "open or cleared land." The Pahquioques were an Algonquin-speaking tribe.

Eight families came from the Norwalk and Stamford, Connecticut area to found a new town. The founders settled this town in 1684 in an area near the Still River. The main street was called Towne Hill but the name was later changed to Main Street.

The settlers wanted to call the new town Swampfield, but the court of the colony of Connecticut ordered that the town would be named Danbury, after a city in England. Beantown was an early nickname used for Danbury.

Many of our streets today are named for these founding fathers. If your last name is **Hoyt**, **Gregory**, **Benedict**, Beebe, **Taylor**, **Barnum**, or Bushnell, you may be a descendant of these original settlers.

Danbury, like the rest of America, was part of the British Empire until the Revolutionary War gave this new country its independence.

Word Search 18th Century Life



Beehive candle mold candle cheesepress chores

crocks

fireplace loom petticoats pockets rocking chair shoes spinningwheel stays stockings tin kitchen tricorn hat



The Danbury Fair began as an agricultural fair in 1821. People would bring their goods such as vegetables, hats, boots, saddles, and wagons to the fair to be sold. There were also contests to see who won for the largest vegetables, the tastiest pies, and the most perfect chickens, calves, and pigs. It cost twenty-five cents to buy a ticket.

By 1869, the fair was quite an event. It was only open for the first two weeks in October each year. School children got a day off of school and a free ticket to the fair. They rode carnival rides and ate fair food such as cotton candy, calzones, and hot apple pie.

There were many entertainments too. A live stage show included dancers, singers, and bands. A polka band played and drove around the midway. At different times in the fair's history, the race arena was home to horse racing, boat races, and stock car racing.

By 1945, John Leahy was the major

owner of the fair. He made many improvements and thousands of people attended the fair each year. After his death, the fair closed. October 12, 1981 was the very last day of the fair. Today, the Danbury Fair Mall occupies the old fairgrounds.

Complete the Sentence about the Danbury Fair

Read the article about the Danbury Fair to find the words to complete the sentences:

1. The Danbu	ry Fair was started as a	an fa
•	ered contests to see w	ho had the best livestoc
3. Mr	was the last	owner of the fair.
		got a free ticket to th
	ay off from	
	e stage ncing, and	
	had diff	
7 .The the beg	ginning, it cost	to buy a ticket.
8.A	band drove aroui	nd the
	nbury Fair was on	
·		
	-	is now locate
on the old f	fairgrounds.	

Life for the Rider Family in the 18th Century

Think about the Rider family in 1785 and how their life was different from yours today. Mr. Rider was a **carpenter** and worked very hard. Mrs. Rider spent her day cooking, cleaning, and making clothing.

Mrs. Rider used a **spinning wheel** to spin yarn to use for knitting socks and sweaters. She had a **loom** to weave cloth for clothing. She used a **tin kitchen** to cook meat in front of the **fireplace**. A **cheese press** was used to make cheese and and a **candle mold** to make candles. Food was salted and stored in large **crocks**. She used the **beehive oven** to bake bread and pies. She had to feed 9 children!

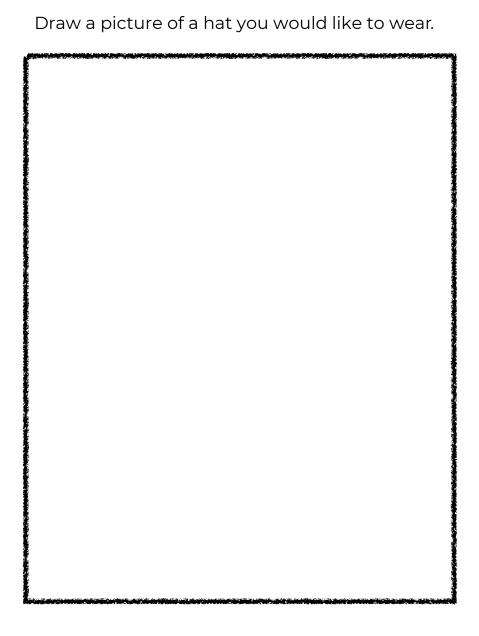
The children had many **chores**, such as cutting and hauling firewood, carrying water from the well, feeding farm animals, and helping in the kitchen. Children went to **school** until about age 14 if they were lucky.

Men and boys wore a **tricorn hat**, **breeches** (short pants), **stockings** (socks), and a **kerchief** around their neck.

Women and girls wore **mobcap** on their head and **stays** around their waist, **petticoats**, and stockings under their dresses. Girls **pockets** were worn on the outside of their dress. **Shoes** fit both feet as they had no right or left shoe.

The family used the fireplace for heat and cooking. **Candles** were used for light at night. A **rocking chair** was a comfortable place to sit by the fire. In the evenings, the family would sit together to read, sing, play music, or games. Everyone went to bed early to save on candles and because they were tired from all that work!

Design a Hat



People of Danbury

The Revolutionary War made heroes of ordinary people who tried their best to help the colonies become a free and independent country. General **David Wooster** fought for the Colonial Army and died fighting against the British. **Enoch Crosby** was a rebel spy during the Revolutionary War and worked to collect information that helped the patriot cause. **Sybil Ludington** rode her horse Star around the area to gather the colonial militia to fight the British.

Danbury has long been known for its love of music and the arts. **Charles Ives**, Danbury's most famous native son, was a musician and Pulitzer Prize winning composer. **Marian Anderson** was an opera singer. She was the first African-American to sing at the Metropolitan Opera in 1955. She lived in Danbury for 50 years.

Rose Wilder Lane, daughter of Laura Ingalls Wilder, was also an author. She was a well-known journalist, travel writer, and novelist. She moved to Danbury in 1938 and spent the rest of her life here.

John Leahy was the last owner of the Danbury Fair, and was responsible for making it one of the largest and most entertaining fairs in the country.

Danbury has always been a home to people from many countries and our citizens speak many languages. Like most of America, Danbury was settled by families looking for a better way of life.

People Match

Draw a line between the person and why we remember each one:

Marian Anderson	Pulitzer Price winning composer	
Enoch Crosby	Revolutionary War General and hero	
	Author and journalist	
Charles Ives	Rode her horse to gather the militia to help Danbury during the Revolutionary War	
Rose Wilder Lane		
	Revolutionary War Spy	
John Leahey Sybil Ludington	First African American to sing at the Metropolitan Opera	
, ,	Owned and guided the	
David Wooster	Danbury Fair to become the Great Danbury State Fair	

Hatting in Danbury

Danbury is known as Hat City because for over 100 years hatting was its main industry and millions of hats were made here each year. Danbury hats were shipped all over the world and worn by people in many countries.

Some common hats made in Danbury were the fedora, bowler, and the top hat. In the summer, most men wore straw hats. Until the 1960's, men always wore a hat when they went outside.

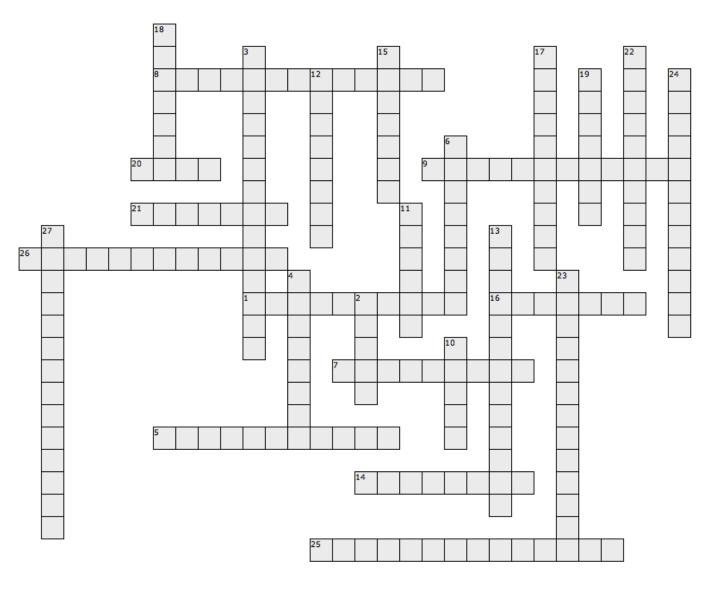
Danbury had factories that made the machines to make hats, the felt for hats, the silk linings, and the actual hats. Almost everyone in town either worked in a hat factory, was related to someone who worked in a hat factory, or was friends with a hatter.

Danbury made men's felt hats. The felt was made from animal fur such as beaver, rabbit, or nutria. It was a hot, smelly, dangerous process to make hats. At one time, mercury was used in the process and over time it made the workers sick. The term, "mad as a hatter" came from the effects of mercury on the hatting workers.

The hat factories caused a lot of pollution. They dumped chemicals like mercury and dyes into the Still River. Danburians could always tell what color of hats were being made that day by the color of the Still River.

But over time, styles changed and better transportation made it unnecessary to wear a hat to keep warm. Today there are no hat factories left in Danbury.

Danbury History Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 1. One of Danbury's first nicknames
- 5. Yearly agricultural fair
- 7. Were loyal to Great Britain and the King
- 8. Teachers College
- 9. Community Center to honor veterans
- 14. 1888 disaster
- 16. Eight sided house
- 20. Once known as Towne Street
- 21. Once Danbury's largest industry
- 25. Rode to gather the militia against the British
- 26. Danbury Revolutionary War General

Down:

- 2. 1955 disaster
- 3. Opera singer
- 4. Danbury's "business" nickname
- 6. Used to transport hats around the world
- 10. Number of founding families
- 11. Guns used by colonists
- 12. Monument to honor Civil War Veterans
- 13. War for Independence
- 15. Reservoir disaster in 1869
- 17. Man made lake
- 18. Amusement Park
- 19. British soldier
- 22. Danbury's Native Americans
- 23. Danbury's first documented hatter
- 24. Pulitzer winning composer
- 27. Bank robbers in 1970