LGBTQ-INCLUSIVE LANGUAGE DOs and DON'Ts

AVOID SAYING	SAY INSTEAD	MH/3.	EXAMPLE
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"Intersex"	Hermaphrodite is a stigmatizing, inaccurate word with a negative medical history.	"What are the best practices for the medical care of intersex infants?"
"Gay"	"Homosexual" often connotes a medical diagnosis, or a discomfort with gay/lesbian people.	"We want to do a better job of being inclusive of our gay employees."
"Assigned female/male at birth"	"Assigned" language accurately depicts the situation of what happens at birth	"Max was assigned female at birth, then he transitioned in high school."
	"-bodied" language is often interpreted as as pressure to medically transition, or invalidation of one's gender identity	
"A gay/transgender person"	Gay and transgender are adjectives that describe a person/group	"We had a transgender athlete in our league this year. "
"Transgender people and cisgender people"	Saying "normal" implies "abnormal," which is a stigmatizing way to refer to a person.	"This group is open to both transgender and cisgender people."
"All genders"	"Both" implies there are only two; "Opposite" reinforces antagonism amongst genders	"Video games aren't just a boy thing kids of all genders play them."
"Everyone," "Folks," "Honored guests," etc	Moving away from binary language is more inclusive of people of all genders	"Good morning everyone, next stop Picadilly Station."
"Mail clerk," "Firefighter," "Police officer," etc.	People of all genders do these jobs	"I actually saw a firefighter rescue a cat from a tree."
"They"	"It" is for referring to things, not people.	"You know, I am not sure how they identify."
	"Assigned female/male at birth" "A gay/transgender person" "Transgender people and cisgender people" "All genders" "Everyone," "Folks," "Honored guests," etc "Mail clerk," "Firefighter," "Police officer," etc.	"Intersex" inaccurate word with a negative medical history. "Homosexual" often connotes a medical diagnosis, or a discomfort with gay/lesbian people. "Assigned" language accurately depicts the situation of what happens at birth "-bodied" language is often interpreted as as pressure to medically transition, or invalidation of one's gender identity "A gay/transgender person" Gay and transgender are adjectives that describe a person/group "Transgender people and cisgender people" Saying "normal" implies "abnormal," which is a stigmatizing way to refer to a person. "Both" implies there are only two; "Opposite" reinforces antagonism amongst genders "Everyone," "Folks," "Opposite" reinforces antagonism amongst genders Moving away from binary language is more inclusive of people of all genders "Mail clerk," "Police officer," etc. "They" "It" is for referring to things, not