Preparing For a Successful School Year

Brittany Cephas, LCPC, NCC



Greetings!

Brittany Cephas is a Licensed Psychotherapist located in Columbia, Maryland. She offers mental health services to children and adolescents who are having a difficult time coping with social and emotional related issues. Brittany has over 10 years of mental health experience, and she is a Professional School Counselor. She loves helping children thrive using mindfulness, motivational interviewing, social skills training, and creative expression. Brittany is a Believer, a wife and a mother; she brings much care and compassion into any area.

Today...

- To inform parents of children and adolescents about the signs and symptoms of social and emotional issues that may have a negative impact on academic success.
- To provide parents of children and adolescents with tools and helpful tips for addressing social and emotional issues at home, as well as in the school setting.

What is Anxiety?

A reaction to stress; a persistent feeling of worry or apprehension.

And, in severe cases anxiety can escalate into to a mental health disorder.

Triggers of Stress and Anxiety

Child Development Family Disruption

Academic Pressures Parental Stress

Over-Stuffed Schedules Media and Social Media

Bullying Chronic Illness

Signs your child may be experiencing issues with anxiety:

What should you be looking for?

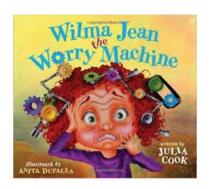
- Eating Habits
- Sleeping Habits
- School Performance
- Changes in Behavior
- Mood
- Somatic Complaints

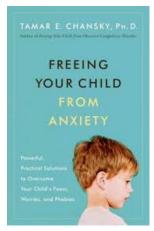
Here's what you can do to support your child:

- Talk about it.
- 1. I've noticed _____. How have you been feeling lately?
- 2. I have seen that _____. Has anything changed recently?
- 3. I just wanted to check in with you because a little different lately. How's everything going with you (at school)?

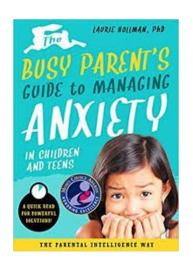
- Teach them positive self-talk.
- Mighter App or Migther.com
- Practice breathing exercises.
- Front Loading/stay organized.
- Yoga/Massage/Acupuncture/Herbs & Vitamins
- Contact your child's Pediatrician.
- Contact your child's School Counselor.
- Seek professional mental health services.

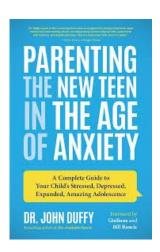
Book Recommendations











What is Anger?

It is a temporary emotion that impacts one's physical and emotional state.

Anger is not bad!

Healthy Anger: happens when the intensity of anger matches the activating event, and the anger is managed appropriately.

Causes of Anger in Children

Stressors Learning Differences Trauma

Changes in Family Temperament Grief

Mood Disorders ADHD Sensory Integration

Social Skills Deficits Language-Processing

What does Anger look like?

- Clenched fists
- Tightness or tenseness in the body
- Verbal outbursts
- A particular facial expression
- Physical aggression (ex: hitting)

Signs your child my need help with Anger

- They can't control their aggressive impulses.
- Severe/frequent tantrums.
- Frequent outbursts of anger.
- Defiant on a regular basis.
- Have a hard time solving problems or taking responsibility for their actions.

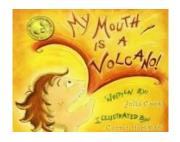
- They frequently lose friends or always in a conflict (even with adults).
- They are preoccupied with seeking revenge.
- They threaten to hurt themselves.
- They damage property.
- They repeatedly express dislike towards themselves or someone else.

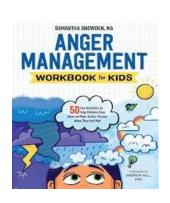
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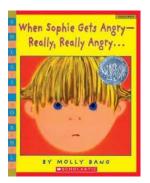
- Be patient.
- Be calm.
- Work together to figure out what triggered the anger.
- Work together to come up with calming strategies.
- When you notice anger is coming, give gentle reminders of what you are noticing, and the calming strategies that you both came up with.

- Use/give positive feedback.
- Set limits with love.
- Consult with your child's pediatrician.
- Request a meeting with your child's School Counselor.
- Seek mental health services.

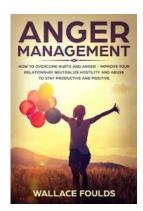
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- Self-Esteem is: feeling good about yourself.
- Self-Image is: ideas you have about yourself (ex. abilities, appearance, etc.)

It is essential for children to feel good about themselves because it: gives them confidence in trying new things, makes them feel proud, helps them cope better with mistakes they make, and they do better at home, school, and with friends.

What causes low self-esteem in children:

- Ongoing or chronic stressful life events.
- Issues in the family.
- Tragic events in the news/media.
- Poor academic performance.
- Poor social skills.
- Bullying.
- Child abuse.

<u>Children with</u> <u>Self-Esteem</u>

- Feel liked and accepted.
- Feel confident.
- Think good things about themselves.

Self-Esteem/Self-Image

<u>Children with Low</u> <u>Self-Esteem</u>

- Lack confidence.
- Compare themselves to their peers.
- They are hard on themselves.

How Self-Esteem develops in children

As kids grow, self-esteem can grow too!

This happens when children:

- Make progress towards a goal
- Learn a new skill
- Feel understood and accepted
- Help, give, or be kind

Here's what you can do to support your child:

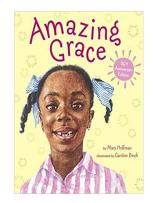
Every child is different! But, every child's self-esteem can be raised.

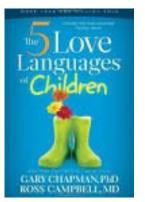
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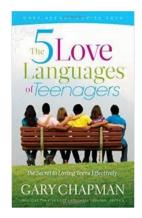
- Help your child learn to do things.
- Teach your child how to do new things.
- Praise your child

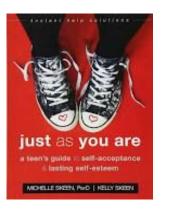
- Focus on your child's strengths.
- Set a good example.
- Limit and management internet access.
- Help them explore the things they like.
- Let your child help and/or support a good cause.
- Contact your child's School Counselor.
- Seek professional mental health services.

Book Recommendations













Suggestions

- Attend back to school night.
- Come with lots of questions, and ask them!
- Request for child's teacher/school counselor's email/contact.
- Give your child's teacher/school counselor your contact information, and invite them to contact you when you are available.
- Ask your child's teacher to share classroom expectations, grading systems, rewards and consequences.

Suggestions

- If your child comes to you with concern, take it serious and handle it with care.
- Ask how can you help.
- Spend special time with them when you can.
- Contact your child's school counselor for assistance.
- Request meetings with school staff.
- Building a network with other parents in the school.

Let's Chat!

Brittany Cephas, M.Ed., LCPC, NCC, Board Approved Supervisor

Phone: 301-679-0722

Email:

bcephas@grow-minds.com

Website:

www.grow-minds.com

