

Welcome to Something To Root About

Below you will find the name of the plant you recently purchased and its care.

PS if plant is pet safe. Thank you for your purchase!

Plant Name	Plant Care
Alocasia	Provide it with bright, indirect light and keep its soil consistently moist but not soggy. Maintain a warm environment (60-85°F) with high humidity.
Aluminum Plant	PS/Bright light, moderate moisture
Aquamarine Pilea	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
Baby Variegated Rubber	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain variegation, and allow the topsoil to dry out between waterings to prevent overwatering and root rot. Keep the plant in a warm room with temperatures between 65-75°F
Batik Croton	Bright, indirect light for several hours daily to maintain vibrant colors, but avoid harsh direct sun. Water weekly, more often in summer
Begonia	Provide bright indirect light and consistently moist.
Bonsai Juniper (Dream Pot)	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
Bonsai Juniper (small blue)	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.

Bonsai Juniper (small ivory)	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
Bonsai Juniper (tall)	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
Bonsai Jade Ficus	Indoors-Provide bright indirect sunlight, keep the soil consistently moist but not soggy. Mist leaves daily.
Caladium	Indirect light-humid, water frequently, less in Fall to encourage dormancy (yellow leaves ok)
Callisia	Bright, indirect light and water only when the top inch of soil is dry, allowing for good drainage
Coleus	Adequate light-partial shade to full sun (afternoon sun). Consistent watering.
Copper Pilea	Bright light avoid bright sun, moderate to high humidity.
Cottoneaster	Outdoors in full sun to encourage flowering and vigorous growth, or indoors in bright, indirect light. Keep the soil consistently moist but not waterlogged, and increase humidity with a tray of water.
Crown Snake	Provide it with indirect light, well-draining soil, and a pot with drainage holes to prevent root rot.
Cuphea Mexican Heather	PS/At least 6 hours of direct sun daily/Moderate watering
Diefenbaccia	Provide bright, indirect light, water when the top inch of soil is dry, and maintain normal room temperatures of 65-75°F in a humid environment

Dracanea (double tree)	Provide it with bright, indirect light, and water only when the top two inches of soil are dry, using filtered or distilled water to prevent brown leaf tips from fluoride
Dracanea Lemon Lime	Medium, indirect light, and water only when the top 1-2 inches of soil are dry, using filtered water to avoid brown leaf tips. Maintain temperatures between 60-75°F (15-24°C) and fertilize monthly during spring and summer with a liquid indoor plant fertilizer
Dracanea Terracotta	Provide it with bright, indirect light, and water only when the top two inches of soil are dry, using filtered or distilled water to prevent brown leaf tips from fluoride
English Ivy	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain its colorful patterns. Water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensuring the soil is moist but not soggy to prevent root rot
Evolvulus	PS/Thrives in full sun/Consistent watering
Florida Pilodendron Ghost	Provide bright indirect light. Soil to be dry between waterings.
Green Micro Pilea	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
Green Nerve Plant (Fittonia)	PS/Bright indirect light, consistently moist, high humidity.
Jade Snake	Provide bright, indirect light and keep temperatures between 65-75°F
Kalanchoe Tomentosa	Bright scattered light. Water once a week or every 10 days.
Large Green Pilea	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
Limifolia	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
Micro Pilea	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
Mini Arboricola	Bright, indirect light and water when the top one to two inches of soil are dry. Maintain a consistent room temperature between 60–75°F
Money Tree	PS/Bright indirect light, let soil dry between watering.
Mostera	Bright indirect light/Consistent Watering

Monstera Thai Constellation	Bright, indirect light, water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensure high humidity, use a well-draining, airy soil, fertilize sparingly during the growing season
Mugo Pine	PS/Full sun, water thoroughly when the soil feels dry but ensure excellent drainage to prevent root rot, and fertilize monthly during the growing season with a diluted evergreen fertilizer. Keep the bonsai outdoors, providing root protection from extreme heat and cold
Peace Lilly	Bright, indirect light and keep the soil consistently moist but not soggy. Maintain high humidity by misting
Philodendron Billietiae	Bright indirect light, let soil dry before watering
Philodendron Tiger Tooth (Jungle Boogie)	Bright indirect light, let soil dry before watering
Plectranthus	PS/Provide it with bright, indirect light and well-draining soil, watering it thoroughly when the top inch of soil feels dry. Pinching the tips encourages a bushier plant, and pruning helps maintain shape and promotes air circulation.
Pothos Marble Large	Thrive in bright, indirect light, prefer slightly moist soil, and benefit from occasional misting to increase humidity.
Rubber Tree Ficus	Bright, indirect light and water thoroughly only when the top few inches of soil are dry, ensuring the pot drains well. Use well-draining soil with perlite, keep the plant in a warm environment between 65-85°F
Ruellia	PS/Thrive in full sun but tolerate partial shade, prefer consistently moist, well-drained soil but are drought-tolerant once established
Schefflera Golden	Bright, indirect light and water when the top one to two inches of soil are dry. Maintain a consistent room temperature between 60–75°F

Silver Pothos	Bright, indirect light and water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, thoroughly soaking the soil until it drains from the pot's bottom
Skyscraper Senecio	Full sun to light shade, water sparingly (drought-tolerant)
Snake Plant	Provide it with indirect light, well-draining soil, and a pot with drainage holes to prevent root rot.
Variegated Ivy	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain its colorful patterns. Water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensuring the soil is moist but not soggy to prevent root rot
Watermelon Pilea	PS/Bright, indirect light, a well-draining, peat-based potting mix, and water it when the top inch of soil feels dry
White Princess Philodendron	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain vibrant variegation, water when the top few inches of soil are dry using well-draining soil, and maintain average to high humidity by misting or using a humidifier
Yucca Plant	Bright, indirect light and water only when the soil is completely dry, as they are drought-tolerant and prone to root rot. Yuccas thrive in typical home temperatures and don't need high humidity
ZZ Plant	Provide bright, indirect light and allow the soil to dry completely between waterings

