

## Welcome to Something To Root About

Below you will find the name of the plant you recently purchased and its care.

PS if plant is pet safe. Thank you for your purchase!

Plant Name	Plant Care
<b>Alocasia</b>	consistently moist but not soggy. Maintain a warm
<b>Aluminum Plant</b>	PS/Bright light, moderate moisture
<b>Aquamarine Pilea</b>	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
<b>Baby Variegated Rubber</b>	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain variegation, and allow the topsoil to dry out between waterings to prevent overwatering and root rot. Keep the plant in a warm room with temperatures between 65-75°F
<b>Batik Croton</b>	Bright, indirect light for several hours daily to maintain vibrant colors, but avoid harsh direct sun. Water weekly, more often in summer
<b>Begonia</b>	Provide bright indirect light and consistently moist.
<b>Bonsai Juniper (Dream Pot)</b>	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
<b>Bonsai Juniper (small blue)</b>	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.

<b>Bonsai Juniper (small ivory)</b>	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
<b>Bonsai Juniper (tall)</b>	Outdoors year-round in a sunny location with plenty of direct sunlight. Water thoroughly when the topsoil feels dry, ensuring complete moisture and good drainage to prevent root rot. Provide humidity by misting or using a humidity tray. Fertilize during the growing season with a suitable bonsai fertilizer.
<b>Bonsai Jade Ficus</b>	Indoors-Provide bright indirect sunlight, keep the soil consistently moist but not soggy. Mist leaves daily.
<b>Caladium</b>	Indirect light-humid, water frequently, less in Fall to encourage dormancy (yellow leaves ok)
<b>Callisia</b>	Bright, indirect light and water only when the top inch of soil is dry, allowing for good drainage
<b>Coleus</b>	Adequate light-partial shade to full sun (afternoon sun). Consistent watering.
<b>Copper Pilea</b>	Bright light avoid bright sun, moderate to high humidity.
<b>Cottoneaster</b>	Outdoors in full sun to encourage flowering and vigorous growth, or indoors in bright, indirect light. Keep the soil consistently moist but not waterlogged, and increase humidity with a tray of water.
<b>Crown Snake</b>	Provide it with indirect light, well-draining soil, and a pot with drainage holes to prevent root rot.
<b>Diefenbaccia</b>	Provide bright, indirect light, water when the top inch of soil is dry, and maintain normal room temperatures of 65-75°F in a humid environment
<b>Dracanea (double tree)</b>	Provide it with bright, indirect light, and water only when the top two inches of soil are dry, using filtered or distilled water to prevent brown leaf tips from fluoride

<b>Dracanea Lemon Lime</b>	Medium, indirect light, and water only when the top 1-2 inches of soil are dry, using filtered water to avoid brown leaf tips. Maintain temperatures between 60-75°F (15-24°C) and fertilize monthly during spring and summer with a liquid indoor plant fertilizer
<b>Dracanea Terracotta</b>	Provide it with bright, indirect light, and water only when the top two inches of soil are dry, using filtered or distilled water to prevent brown leaf tips from fluoride
<b>English Ivy</b>	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain its colorful patterns. Water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensuring the soil is moist but not soggy to prevent root rot
<b>Florida Pilodendron Ghost</b>	Provide bright indirect light. Soil to be dry between waterings.
<b>Green Micro Pilea</b>	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
<b>Green Nerve Plant (Fittonia)</b>	PS/Bright indirect light, consistently moist, high humidity.
<b>Jade Snake</b>	Provide bright, indirect light and keep temperatures between 65-75°F
<b>Kalanchoe Tomentosa</b>	Bright scattered light. Water once a week or every 10 days.
<b>Large Green Pilea</b>	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
<b>Limifolia</b>	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
<b>Micro Pilea</b>	PS/Bright Indirect Light/Consistent watering
<b>Mini Arboricola</b>	Bright, indirect light and water when the top one to two inches of soil are dry. Maintain a consistent room temperature between 60–75°F
<b>Money Tree</b>	PS/Bright indirect light, let soil dry between watering.
<b>Mostera</b>	Bright indirect light/Consistent Watering
<b>Monstera Thai Constellation</b>	Bright, indirect light, water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensure high humidity, use a well-draining, airy soil, fertilize sparingly during the growing season

<b>Mugo Pine</b>	PS/Full sun, water thoroughly when the soil feels dry but ensure excellent drainage to prevent root rot, and fertilize monthly during the growing season with a diluted evergreen fertilizer. Keep the bonsai outdoors, providing root protection from extreme heat and cold
<b>Peace Lilly</b>	Bright, indirect light and keep the soil consistently moist but not soggy. Maintain high humidity by misting
<b>Philodendron Billietiae</b>	Bright indirect light, let dry
<b>Philodendron Tiger Tooth (Jungle Boogie)</b>	Bright indirect light, let dry
<b>Plectranthus</b>	PS/Provide it with bright, indirect light and well-draining soil, watering it thoroughly when the top inch of soil feels dry. Pinching the tips encourages a bushier plant, and pruning helps maintain shape and promotes air circulation.
<b>Pothos Marble Large</b>	Thrive in bright, indirect light, prefer slightly moist soil, and benefit from occasional misting to increase humidity.
<b>Rubber Tree Ficus</b>	Bright, indirect light and water thoroughly only when the top few inches of soil are dry, ensuring the pot drains well. Use well-draining soil with perlite, keep the plant in a warm environment between 65-85°F
<b>Ruellia</b>	PS/Thrive in full sun but tolerate partial shade, prefer consistently moist, well-drained soil but are drought-tolerant once established
<b>Schefflera Golden</b>	Bright, indirect light and water when the top one to two inches of soil are dry. Maintain a consistent room temperature between 60–75°F
<b>Silver Pothos</b>	Bright, indirect light and water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, thoroughly soaking the soil until it drains from the pot's bottom
<b>Skyscraper Senecio</b>	Full sun to light shade, water sparingly (drought-tolerant)

<b>Snake Plant</b>	Provide it with indirect light, well-draining soil, and a pot with drainage holes to prevent root rot.
<b>Variegated Ivy</b>	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain its colorful patterns. Water when the top inch or two of soil is dry, ensuring the soil is moist but not soggy to prevent root rot
<b>Watermelon Pilea</b>	PS/Bright, indirect light, a well-draining, peat-based potting mix, and water it when the top inch of soil feels dry
<b>White Princess Philodendron</b>	Provide bright, indirect light to maintain vibrant variegation, water when the top few inches of soil are dry using well-draining soil, and maintain average to high humidity by misting or using a humidifier
<b>Yucca Plant</b>	Bright, indirect light and water only when the soil is completely dry, as they are drought-tolerant and prone to root rot. Yuccas thrive in typical home temperatures and don't need high humidity
<b>ZZ Plant</b>	Provide bright, indirect light and allow the soil to dry completely between waterings