# FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



12700 SW 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

# **CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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# 2021-2022 FINANCIAL REPORT

**TERM EXPIRES** 

December 31, 2022

Jake Young, Mayor	December 31, 2022
Marcus Lowry	December 31, 2024
Allen Freeman	December 31, 2024
Michael Young	December 31, 2022

**CITY COUNCIL** 

Ralph Johannessen

Louise Barton December 31, 2024

Andrew Mather December 31, 2022

All council members receive mail at the address shown below.

# **ADMINISTRATION**

Janelle Evans, City Administrator/Recorder 250 N Main St. Canyonville, Oregon 97419

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# PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

12700 SW 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

Mayor and City Council City of Canyonville Canyonville, Oregon July 13, 2023

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Canyonville as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Canyonville, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Canyonville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting**

As discussed in Note 1, the City of Canyonville prepares its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified in respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canyonville's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Canyonville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Canyonville's financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information, as listed in the table of contents, and the listing of board members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated July 13, 2023, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Municipal Auditor

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of City of Canyonville ("the City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The city's total net position increased by \$712 thousand. The increase is attributed to the City receiving money from the federal American Rescue Plan.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,159,699.00, an increase of \$375,489.00 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, \$1,780,219.00 of the total amount constitutes an unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$700,079.00.
- The City's total long-term debt is \$7,832,796.00. The sewer plant has been completed in the fiscal year 2021-2022 and now we must make yearly loan payments to USDA Rural Development and Business Oregon: Infrastructure Finance Authority.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused time off).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. Business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater.

**Fund financial statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 12 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the street fund, both considered to be major funds. Data from the other 10 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and street fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

*Proprietary funds*. The City has two proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water and wastewater.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

*Fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other information.

The budgetary information for the non-major funds and the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$5,851,960.00) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's net position increased by \$712 thousand during the fiscal year. The increase is attributed to the City wastewater treatment plant upgrade reimbursements for payout to construction expenditures coming in the next fiscal year.

### City of Canyonville's Net Position

2022 Summary

	Governmental Activities		Business-	Type Activities		Total
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
Current and other assets	1,784,210	2,159,699	4,900,682	5,237,866	6,684,892	7,397,565
Capital assets						
Total assets	1,784,210	2,159,699	4,900,682	5,237,866	6,684,892	7,397,565
Restricted	424,459	379,480	408,473	292,136	832,932	671,616
Unrestricted	1,359,751	1,780,219	4,492,209	4,945,730	5,851,960	6,725,949
Total Net position	1,784,210	2,159,699	4,900,682	5,237,866	6,684,892	7,397,565
:						

Governmental Business. Changes in net position are as follows:

# City of Canyonville's Net Position

	Govern	imental	Busine	ss-Type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	To	tal
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	40,156	23,533	1,410,471	1,388,228	1,450,627	1,411,761
Operating grants						
/contributions	49,997	230,941			49,997	230,941
Capital grants						
and contributions	2,612				2,612	
General revenues:						
Property taxes	323,263	324,910			323,263	324,910
Other taxes	137,822	161,754			137,822	161,754
Intergovernmental	210,724	206,110			210,724	206,110
Other Revenue	9,696	25,766			9,696	25,766
Debt Proceeds			10,528,526	676,699	10,528,526	676,699
Investment Income	9,089	10,072	34,152	23,378	43,241	33,450
Total revenues	783,359	983,086	11,973,149	2,088,305	12,756,508	3,071,391
Expenses:						
General government	470,315	519,560			470,315	519,560
Public safety	470,313 15,626	9,448			15,626	9,448
Highways and streets	50,712	60,322			50,712	60,322
Culture and recreation	13,358	13,193			13,358	13,193
Community Development	9600	206			9600	206
Capital Outlay	71,612	42,046			71,612	42,046
Long Term Debt Payments	71,012	44,822			71,012	44,822
Water		44,022	415,839	327,839	415,839	327,839
Wastewater			10,961,659	1,341,282	10,961,659	1,341,282
Total expenses	631,223	689,597	11,377,498	1,669,121	12,008,721	2,358,718
Transfers	30,000	82,000	-30,000	-82,000	0	0
Change in net position	182,136	375,489	565,651	337,184	747,787	712,673
Beginning net position	1,602,074	1,784,210	4,335,031	4,900,682	5,937,105	6.684.892
Ending net position	1,784,210	2,159,699	4,900,682	5,237,866	6,684,892	7,397,565

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,159,699.00, an increase of \$375,489.00 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$1,780,219.00 of the total amount constitutes an unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance reached \$700,079.00, all of which is unreserved.

• The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$200,466.00 during the current fiscal year, key factor in this increase is money the city received from the federal American Rescue Plan.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City of Canyonville is not in compression, so the General Fund is relatively stable. The City is extremely conservative with the money spent from the General Fund and has managed to build a little reserve. This year's budget included a contingency of approximately \$186,586.00 which was not spent. The City actually received \$152,217.00 more in revenue than estimated.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the city had a total debt of \$7,986,120.00. This debt consists of the Sewer Plant upgrade loans through USDA Rural Development and Business Oregon: Infrastructure Finance Authority. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found on page 24 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates.

The City thought that the water and sewer fund would be impacted by two of our largest utility users having financial problems due mostly to the Covid 19 pandemic. One large user closed their doors and the other is struggling to even pay for services. Both utility users were able to sell to buyers that are financially able to pay for the services. The City wastewater treatment plant has been completed and have started paying the loan payments to USDA Rural Development and Business Oregon: Infrastructure Finance Authority.

At the end of the fiscal year the following had accumulated for future needs:

Capital Reserve Water Fund 26	\$ 630,374.00
Water SDC Fund 20	\$ 236,693.00
Water Plant	\$ 867,067.00
Capital Reserve Sewer Fund 27	\$2,519,530.00
Wastewater SDC Fund 21	\$ 606,831.00
Sewer Plant	\$3,126,361.00
Bikeway/Footpath Fund 17	\$ 22,790.00
Equipment Replacement fund 08	\$ 248,786.00
Facility Reserve Fund 30	\$ 606,046.00

# **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Canyonville's finances for all or those interested in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Manager.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS June 30, 2022

ASSETS	GOV	ERNMENTAL	 BUSINESS TYPE	TOTAL			
Cash and Investments	\$	2,159,699	\$ 5,237,866	\$	7,397,565		
Total Assets		2,159,699	 5,237,866		7,397,565		
NET POSITION							
Restricted for Debt Covenant Restricted for Other Purposes Unrestricted		52,663 326,817 1,780,219	292,136 - 4,945,730		344,799 326,817 6,725,949		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,159,699	\$ 5,237,866	\$	7,397,565		

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Cash Receipts							
					Operating		Capital			
			Charges		Grants and		Grants and			
	D	isbursements	F	or Services	Co	ntributions	Contributions			
Functions/Programs										
Governmental Activities										
General Governmental	\$	519,560	\$	7,599	\$	226,288	\$ -			
Public Safety/Municpal Court		9,448		14,384		-	-			
Highways and Streets		60,322		400		-	-			
Culture and Recreation		13,193		1,150		_	-			
Community Development		206		-		4,653	-			
Capital Outlay		42,046		-		_	-			
Long Term Debt Payments		44,822		-		-	-			
Total Governmental				_						
Activities		689,597		23,533		230,941				
Business-Type Activities										
Water		327,839		431,864		-	-			
Sewer		1,341,282		956,364						
Total Business Activities		1,669,121		1,388,228						
Totals	\$	2,358,718	\$	1,411,761	\$	230,941	\$ -			

# General Receipts

Taxes:

Property Taxes
Levied for General Purpose
Franchise and other Taxes
Intergovernmental
Interest Income
Miscellaneous
Debt Proceeds
Transfers

Total General Receipts and Transfers

Change in Cash Basis Net Position

Beginning Cash Basis Net Position

**Ending Cash Basis Net Position** 

Net Receipts (Disbursements) and
Changes in Net Position

Governmer Activities		usiness-Type Activities	 Total
\$ (285,6 4,9 (59,9 (12,0 4,4 (42,0 (44,8) (435,1	36 (22) (43) (47) (46) (22)	- - - - - - -	\$ (285,673) 4,936 (59,922) (12,043) 4,447 (42,046) (44,822) (435,123)
_	- - -	104,025 (384,918) (280,893)	104,025 (384,918) (280,893)
\$ (435,1	23) \$	(280,893)	\$ (716,016)
324,9 161,7 206,1 10,0 25,7	754 10 772 766	23,378 - 676,699 (82,000)	324,910 161,754 206,110 33,450 25,766 676,699
810,6	512	618,077	1,428,689
375,4	89	337,184	712,673
1,784,2	10	4,900,682	 6,684,892
\$ 2,159,6	99 \$	5,237,866	\$ 7,397,565

# BALANCE SHEET - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND		STATE STREET FUND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		 TOTAL	
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	700,079	\$	293,849	\$	1,165,771	\$ 2,159,699	
Total Assets	\$	700,079	\$	293,849	\$	1,165,771	\$ 2,159,699	
LIABILITIES AND CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES								
Cash Basis Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
Streets	\$	-	\$	293,849	\$	_	\$ 293,849	
Bikeway and Footpath		-		-		22,790	22,790	
CDBG		-		-		10,178	10,178	
Debt Service		-		-		52,663	52,663	
Committed								
Equipment Replacement		-		-		248,786	248,786	
South County Community Center		-		-		17,569	17,569	
Facilities		-		-		606,046	606,046	
Streets		_		-		210,546	210,546	
Unassigned		700,079		-		(2,807)	 697,272	
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances		700,079		293,849		1,165,771	 2,159,699	
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances	\$	700,079	\$	293,849	\$	1,165,771	\$ 2,159,699	

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND		STATE STREET FUND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL
Receipts							
Taxes	\$	324,910	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 324,910
Interest		2,624		2,012		5,436	10,072
Intergovernmental		61,689		144,821		-	206,510
Grants		226,288		_		4,653	230,941
Fees, Permits, and Rents		168,353		_		-	168,353
Fines		14,384		-		-	14,384
Miscellaneous		9,625		3,962		14,329	 27,916
Total Receipts		807,873		150,795		24,418	 983,086
Disbursements							
Current							
General Governmental		519,560		_		-	519,560
Public Safety/Municpal Court		9,448		-		-	9,448
Highways and Streets		-		60,322		-	60,322
Culture and Recreation		13,193		-		-	13,193
Community Development		206		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>	206
Capital Outlay		-		730		41,316	42,046
Debt Service						44,822	 44,822
Total Disbursements		542,407		61,052		86,138	 689,597
Excess of Receipts Over,							
-Under Disbursements		265,466		89,743		(61,720)	293,489
Other Financing Sources, -Uses							
Transfers In		-		_		293,378	293,378
Transfers Out		(65,000)		(146,378)		<u>-</u>	 (211,378)
Total Other Financing Sources,							
-Uses		(65,000)		(146,378)		293,378	82,000
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		200,466		(56,635)		231,658	375,489
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		499,613		350,484		934,113	 1,784,210
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	700,079	\$	293,849	\$	1,165,771	\$ 2,159,699

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

ASSETS	WATER FUND		SEWER FUND		TOTAL	
Cash and Investments	\$	1,350,751	\$	3,887,115	\$	5,237,866
Total Assets	\$	1,350,751	\$	3,887,115	\$	5,237,866
Net Position						
Restricted Unrestricted	\$	- 1,350,751	\$	292,136 3,594,979	\$	292,136 4,945,730
Total Net Position	\$	1,350,751	\$	3,887,115	\$	5,237,866

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 WATER FUND	SEWER FUND	TOTAL
Operating Receipts			
Charges for Services	\$ 431,864	\$ 951,047	\$ 1,382,911
Miscellaneous	 	 5,317	 5,317
Total Operating Receipts	 431,864	 956,364	 1,388,228
Operating Disbursements			
Personal Services	199,281	230,948	430,229
Other Operating Disbursments	126,573	273,045	399,618
Capital Outlay	1,985	611,501	613,486
Debt Service	 	 225,788	225,788
Total Operating Disbursements	 327,839	1,341,282	 1,669,121
Operating Income (Loss)	 104,025	 (384,918)	 (280,893)
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)			
Loan Proceeds	_	676,699	676,699
Interest Income	5,998	17,380	23,378
Transfers In	108,000	744,555	852,555
Transfers Out	(128,000)	 (806,555)	 (934,555)
Total Non-Operating Receipts			
(Disbursements)	 (14,002)	632,079	618,077
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	90,023	247,161	337,184
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	 1,260,728	 3,639,954	 4,900,682
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ 1,350,751	\$ 3,887,115	\$ 5,237,866

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# WATER AND SEWER DEPOSITS

Assets

Cash \$ 41,769

Total Assets \$ 41,769

**Net Position** 

Restricted for:

Customer Deposits \$ 41,769

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# WATER AND SEWER DEPOSITS

Additions Deposits Collected	\$ 594
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	594
<b>Net Position Beginning</b>	41,175
<b>Net Position Ending</b>	\$ 41,769

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the cash basis of accounting. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Canyonville is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member governing council (council). The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The City has no component units.

The City operates under a charter enacted in 1901. Under the charter, the City is governed by a mayor and six council members who comprise the City Council.

### B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City follows the cash basis of accounting. Under the cash basis of accounting, receipts are recorded when received and disbursements are recorded as paid in cash or by check. This basis of accounting is applied to both the government-wide financial statements, and the governmental type fund financial statements uniformly.

This basis of accounting is not equivalent to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis of accounting. Under GAAP the fund financial statements require that revenues be recorded as they become susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become measurable and available) and expenditures recorded as goods and services received. For the government-wide statements GAAP requires that the accrual basis of accounting be applied. Under the accrual basis of accounting the cost of capital assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, debt is recorded as incurred, revenues are recorded when earned irrespective of the collection of cash, and disbursements, including depreciation, are recorded when incurred. Management believes the cash basis of accounting is preferable for the City due to the City's small size and the necessity of assessing available cash resources. The cash basis of accounting is allowed under Oregon Local Budget Law.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

The City reports the following major funds:

# **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources and disbursements of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Its main sources of receipts are local property taxes, intergovernmental receipts, utility franchise fees, and permits.

#### STATE STREET FUND

This fund accounts for monies disbursed for maintenance and improvement of the City's roads and streets.

#### **WATER FUND**

The Water Fund is used to document receipts and disbursed for maintenance and operation of the City's water utility system. The primary receipt source is "user fees" paid by customers of the utility for water consumed.

#### **SEWER FUND**

The Sewer Fund is used to document receipts and disbursements for maintenance, operation, and debt service of the City's sanitary sewer system. The primary receipt source is "user fees" paid by customers of the utility.

The City also reports a custodial fiduciary fund to report customer utility billing deposits.

#### D. BUDGET

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the cash basis of accounting in the main program categories required by the Oregon Local Budget Law. The City begins its budget process early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption, however, budgeted disbursements for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

Disbursement budgets are appropriated at the following levels for each fund: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Operating Contingency, and Interfund Transactions. Disbursements cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Budget amounts shown in the Basic Financial Statements reflect the original budget and appropriation adjustments. Disbursements of the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except for the Wastewater Treatment Upgrade Fund transfers out exceeded appropriations by \$101,886 and the Rural Development Fund capital outlay exceeded appropriations by \$607,669.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **E. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City has adopted the principles of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34), as they are applicable to cash basis financial statements. The Statement requires that the City present both government-wide and fund financial statements, and reconcile the two types of statements, if necessary. The government-wide financial reports information on the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function or segments are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

### F. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property taxes receivable is disclosed to indicate the amount of uncollected taxes that the City can expect to receive in the future. Real and personal property are assessed and property taxes become a lien against the property as of July 1 of each year. Property taxes are payable in three installments, following the lien date on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Taxes not received by May 15<sup>th</sup> are considered delinquent. As required by law, Douglas County manages tax collections for the City. Substantially all taxes receivable are considered collectible through liens on the underlying property.

### G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Non-expendable equipment purchased is usually recorded as a capital outlay disbursement in the governmental and proprietary funds. The original historical cost of such assets has been estimated or tracked and is recorded by the City, but, under the cash basis of accounting the cost of capital assets of the City are not required to be displayed in the financial statements. The costs of significant betterments to capital assets are similarly recorded as disbursements and not capitalized. Depreciation is not recorded. When assets are donated, the estimated value is used to increase the balances of the capital assets. No receipts or disbursements are recorded since no cash was received or used when assets are donated. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to disbursements as capital outlay or as materials and services. When property is retired or sold, any related proceeds are recorded in a governmental or proprietary fund.

#### H. DEBT

Although the cash basis of accounting does not require that debt be displayed, the City believes that presentation of this information is important. Accordingly, the details of debt are presented in these notes to the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# I. RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all of the City's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. GASB Statements 68 and 71 have been implemented as of July 1, 2014. City employees are participants in Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Contributions to PERS are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged to expenditures as funded.

#### J. NET POSITION

Net position comprise the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital and is classified in the following hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of resources reported in government funds:

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding net position categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for expenditures.

#### K. FUND BALANCE

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Non-spendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The governing body has given this authority to the City Manager.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes govern the City's cash management policies, because the City does not have an official investment policy. Statutes authorize the City to invest in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

#### Investments

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2022. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it materially approximates fair value and since the entity uses the cash basis of accounting. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized

The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2022, the fair value of the position in LGIP is 98.98% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Pool are not required to be collateralized.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Investments or amounts Due to/from Other Funds. Cash and Investments (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

Petty Cash	\$ 400
Demand Deposits	1,366,328
Investments	6,072,606
Total	\$ 7,439,334

The City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (months)			
Investment Type	Fair Value		Less Than 3		More Than 3	
State Treasurers Investment Pool	\$	6,072,606	\$	6,072,606	_\$	
Total	\$	6,072,606	\$	6,072,606	\$	

#### Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 19 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. The City does not have any investments that have a maturity date.

#### Credit Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the City's bank balance was \$1,406,314, of which \$250,000 is covered by FDIC insurance. Any deposits not covered by federal depository insurance are collateralized by the State of Oregon.

#### 3. PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension** (Chapter 238). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. **Pension Benefits**. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
  - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
  - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
  - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
  - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii. Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement**. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. **Pension Benefits**. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
- iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

<u>Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2021. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$66,801, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

Since the City's financial statements are reported on the cash basis, no amounts are reported on the balance sheet for pension related assets, deferred outflows, liabilities or deferred inflows. Had the City's financial statements been reported in accordance with GAAP, it would have reported a net pension liability of \$278,769 at June 30, 2022 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the City's proportion was .002 percent and .003 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$2,995.

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2022 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 20.88%
- (2) OPSRP general services 14.84%

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 25, 2022. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation date	December 31, 2019
Experience Study Report	2018, Published July 24, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.40 percent (reduced from 2.50 percent)
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent (reduced from 7.20 percent)
Discount rate	6.90 percent (reduced from 7.20 percent)
Projected salary increase	3.40 percent (reduced from 3.50 percent)
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
Mortality	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2018 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2019.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation:**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternatives Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2021 PERS ACFR; p. 104)

# **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	<b>Compound Annual</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

(Source: June 30, 2021 PERS ACFR; p. 74)

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan, a reduction approved by the Board from 7.20 percent in the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

	1%		Discount			1%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase	
	(	(5.90%)	(	(6.90%)	(	7.90%)
Proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	547,435	\$	278,769	\$	53,992

#### **Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date**

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

#### **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

#### Plan Description:

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

#### Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### Contributions:

Employees of the City pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. Effective July 1, 2020, currently employed Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP members earning \$2,500 or more per month (increased to \$2,535 per month on January 1, 2021) will have a portion of their 6 percent monthly IAP contributions redirected to an Employee Pension Stability Account. The Employee Pension Stability Account will be used to pay part of the member's future benefit. Of the 6 percent monthly IAP contribution, Tier 1/Tier 2 will have 2.5 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account and OPSRP will have 0.75 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account, with the remaining going to the member's existing IAP account. Members may voluntarily choose to make additional after-tax contributions into their IAP account to make a full 6 percent contribution to the IAP. The City did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

# 3. PENSION PLAN (CONT.)

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan – (RHIA)

#### **Plan Description:**

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

### **Funding Policy:**

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the City currently contributes 0.53% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.45% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2022. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The City's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2021 and 2022 were \$240, \$2,363 and \$44, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2022, the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements because they are cash basis.

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **5. DEBT**

#### **Long-Term Debt**

#### 2021 USDA Sewer Revenue Bonds

\$7,040,000 of Sewer Revenue Bonds (\$6,540,000 No. 1 and \$500,000 No. 2) were issued to the City on March 25, 2021 to fund construction of a new sewer plant. The interest rate is 1.25%. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. Repayments are made out of the General Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund. Bonds mature March 2061. The City has a debt service reserve fund balance of \$297,640 and a facilities reserve fund balance of \$606,831 in satisfaction of reserve requirements in the Letter of Conditions between the City and USDA.

#### **Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement**

The City has a direct borrowing with Business Oregon on an IFA loan as part of the wastewater treatment plant upgrade. The loan is \$920,957 at 1.36% and matures in December of 2045. In the event of default, the lender may pursue any remedies available at law or in equity to collect amounts due or to become due.

In 2017 the City entered into an agreement for a note payable with KS State Bank to finance the purchase of a street sweeper. The note has a term of 7 years with an interest rate of 2.39% and matures in February of 2024.

In the event of default, the balance on the note may become immediately due or the obligee may require the obligor to return the equipment to the obligee.

Changes in Long-Term Obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

6 6 6	•	,			June 30, 2022
					Due Within
	July 1, 2021	Payments	Additions	Total	one year
Long-Term Debt					
2021 Revenue Bond No. 1	\$ 6,540,000	\$127,073	\$ -	\$ 6,412,927	\$ 128,661
2021 Revenue Bond No. 2	500,000	9,715	-	490,285	9,836
Direct Borrowing					
2021 IFA Loan	920,957	8,389	-	912,568	32,411
2017 Note	25,163	8,147		17,016	8,385
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 7,986,120	\$153,324	\$ -	\$ 7,832,796	\$ 179,293

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 5. DEBT (CONTINUED)

Future maturities of notes payable are as follows:

					2021 Sewer R	eve			nue						
	Swe	eper	Loa	n	No	o. 1			Bond	No. 2		I	FA Lo	an 2	.021
	Princip	oal	Inte	erest	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	Inte	erest	Princ	ipal	I	nterest
2022-23	8,3	385		499	128,661		80,162		9,836		6,129	32	2,411		12,411
2023-24	8,0	531		253	130,270		78,553		9,959		6,006	32	2,852		11,970
2024-25		-		-	131,898		76,925		10,084		5,881	33	3,298		11,523
2025-26		-		-	133,547		75,276		10,210		5,755	33	3,751		11,071
2026-27		-		-	135,216		73,607		10,338		5,627	34	1,210		10,611
2027-32		-		-	701,860		342,255		53,659	2	26,166	178	3,159		45,951
2032-37		-		-	746,837		297,278		57,097	2	22,728	190	),607		33,502
2037-42		-		-	794,696		249,419		60,756	1	9,069	203	3,926		20,183
2042-47		-		-	845,622		198,493		64,650	1	5,175	173	3,354		5,934
2047-52		-		-	899,811		144,304		68,792	1	1,033		-		-
2052-57		-		-	957,473		86,642		73,201		6,624		-		-
2057-62					807,036		25,322		61,703		1,936				
	\$ 17,0	016	\$	752	\$ 6,412,927	\$	1,728,236	\$	490,285	\$ 13	32,129	\$ 912	2,568	\$	163,156

#### 6. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon imposes a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The State further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997.

This reduction is accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following interfund transfers occurred during fiscal year 2021-2022 (all transfers are normal operating transfers):

	Tra	ansfers In	Transfers Out			
Governmental Funds						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	65,000		
State Street Fund		-		146,378		
Non Major		293,378		-		
Business Type Funds						
Water Fund		108,000		128,000		
Sewer Fund		744,555		806,555		
Total	\$	1,145,933	\$	1,145,933		

#### 8. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

On August 19, 1981, the City of Canyonville entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Douglas County to construct, maintain and operate a joint water impoundment project on the West Fork of Canyon Creek.

The City has taken title to all the assets and improvements and has in return indemnified the County against all claims, liens, demands, encumbrances or litigation related to the impound facilities and operations.

Through the year 2027, the City will pay the County an amount equal to \$1 for each resident within the area served by the City's water system and 50 percent of each new user fee or \$200 per new connect, whichever is greater.

#### 9. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The CDBG Grant Fund reported an ending deficit fund balance of \$727 on page 31 of the financial statements. This was due to expenditures exceeded revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City plans to eliminate the negative balance through future budgeted transfers.

The IFA Loan Fund reported an ending deficit fund balance of \$2,080 on page 33 of the financial statements. This was due to the timing of the receipt of grant revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City plans to receive grant revenues in 2022 to cover the deficit fund balance.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Combining, Individual Fund, And Other Financial Statements

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		<u>GENER</u>	AL I	<u>FUND</u>				****	
		RIGINAL		FINAL			. CTILLI	TO FINA	IANCE L BUDGET
D	В	UDGET		BUDGET			ACTUAL	POSITIVE/(	NEGATIVE)
Receipts	Ф	270.000	Φ	250.000		Ф	216.706	Ф	66.706
Taxes, Current	\$	250,000	\$	250,000		\$	316,706	\$	66,706
Taxes, Prior		5,000		5,000			8,204		3,204
Interest		4,000		4,000			2,624		(1,376)
Intergovernmental		47,500		47,500			61,689		14,189
Fees, Licenses, and Permits		134,600		134,600			168,353		33,753
Fines		9,500		9,500			14,384		4,884
Grants		201,000		201,000			226,288		25,288
Miscellaneous		4,056		4,056	_		9,625		5,569
Total Receipts		655,656		655,656	_		807,873		152,217
Disbursements									
Administration		604,556		604,556	(	1)	377,456		227,100
City/County Library		4,075		4,075	(	1)	3,776		299
Pioneer Park		20,200		20,200	(	1)	9,237		10,963
Community Projects		1,200		1,200	(	1)	180		1,020
Public Officials		2,225		2,225	(	1)	1,526		699
Municipal Court		9,500		9,500	(	1)	9,448		52
Planning and Community Development		12,500		12,500	(	1)	206		12,294
Auxilary/ Support Services		306,400		306,400	(	1)	140,578		165,822
Total Disbursements		960,656		960,656	_		542,407		418,249
Excess of Receipts Over, -Under Disbursements		(305,000)		(305,000)			265,466		570,466
Other Financing Sources, -Uses									
Transfers Out		(65,000)		(65,000)	(	1)	(65,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses		(65,000)		(65,000)	_		(65,000)		
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(370,000)		(370,000)			200,466		570,466
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		370,000		370,000	_		499,613		74,709
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$		\$	-	_	\$	700,079	\$	645,175

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### STATE STREET FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Receipts					
Interest	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$		\$ 1,012
Intergovernmental	110,000	110,000		144,821	34,821
Miscellaneous	1,100	1,100	_	3,962	2,862
Total Receipts	112,100	112,100		150,795	38,695
Disbursements					
Personal Services	49,600	49,600	(1)	36,186	13,414
Materials and Services	64,763	64,763	(1)	24,136	40,627
Capital Outlay	1,000	1,000	(1)	730	270
Contingency	110,359	110,359	(1)	-	110,359
Total Disbursements	225,722	225,722	_	61,052	164,670
Excess of Receipts Over					
-Under Disbursements	(113,622)	(113,622)		89,743	203,365
Other Financing Sources, -Uses					
Transfers Out	(146,378)	(146,378)	(1)_	(146,378)	
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(260,000)	(260,000)		(56,635)	203,365
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	260,000	260,000	_	350,484	90,484
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	293,849	\$ 293,849

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -CASH BASIS June 30, 2022

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS											
	FO Ri	EWAY & OTPATH ESERVE FUND	2013	CDBG 3 GRANT UND	CANYON CREEK RESTORATION FUND		IFA LOAN FUND			IFA DEBT FUND			
ASSETS													
Cash and Investments	\$	22,790	\$	(727)	\$		\$	(2,080)	\$	10,178			
Total Assets		22,790		(727)			_	(2,080)	\$	10,178			
FUND BALANCE Restricted Committed Unassigned		22,790		- - (727)		- - -		(2,080)		10,178			
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances	\$	22,790	\$	(727)	\$		\$	(2,080)	\$	10,178			

	CAP	ITAL PROJ	ECTS	FUNDS						
QUIPMENT PLACEMENT FUND				FACILITY STREET CAPITAL RESERVE RESERVE FUND FUND			DAM INT	ONVILLE BOND & TEREST TUND	_	TOTAL
\$ 248,786	\$	17,569	\$	606,046	\$	210,546	\$	52,663	\$	1,165,771
 248,786		17,569		606,046	: <u></u>	210,546		52,663		1,165,771
 248,786 -		- 17,569 -		- 606,046 -		210,546		52,663		85,631 1,082,947 (2,807)
\$ 248,786	\$	17,569	\$	606,046	\$	210,546	\$	52,663	\$	1,165,771

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -CASH BASIS - ALL NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	FOO RE	BIKEWAY & FOOTPATH RESERVE FUND		CDBG 2013 GRANT FUND		CANYON CREEK RESTORATION FUND		IFA LOAN FUND	IFA LOAN DEBT FUND		
Receipts			•		•		Φ.	4 6 5 0			
Grants Interest	\$	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,653	-		
Miscellaneous		-				_					
Total Receipts		100						4,653			
Disbursements											
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	-		
Debt Service									44,822		
Total Disbursements									44,822		
Excess of Receipts Over,											
-Under Disbursements		100		-		-		4,653	(44,822)		
Other Financing Sources, -Uses											
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-	-		
Transfers In		1,378							55,000		
Total Other Financing Sources,											
-Uses		1,378				-			55,000		
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		1,478		-		-		4,653	10,178		
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		21,312		(727)				(6,733)			
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	22,790	\$	(727)	\$		\$	(2,080)	\$ 10,178		

	CA	PITAL PI	ROJECTS F	UNDS	S					
REPLA	IPMENT ACEMENT UND	COM	COUNTY MUNITY ER FUND	STREET CAPITAL RESERVE FUND			ACILITY ESERVE FUND	CANYONVILLE DAM BOND & INTEREST FUND		 TOTAL
\$	1,337 14,329	\$	- - -	\$	1,003	\$	- 2,996 -	\$	- - -	\$ 4,653 5,436 14,329
	15,666				1,003		2,996			 24,418
	29,720		- -		11,596		- -		- -	 41,316 44,822
	29,720				11,596					 86,138
	(14,054)		-		(10,593)		2,996		-	(61,720)
	67,000		<u>-</u>		110,000		60,000		- -	293,378
	67,000				110,000		60,000			293,378
	52,946		-		99,407		62,996		-	231,658
	195,840		17,569		111,139		543,050		52,663	934,113
\$	248,786	\$	17,569	\$	210,546	\$	606,046	\$	52,663	\$ 1,165,771

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### BIKEWAY & FOOTPATH RESERVE FUND

Danista	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Receipts Interest	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 100	\$ (50)
Total Receipts	150	150	100	(50)
Disbursements Capital Outlay	22,828	22,828 (	1)	22,828
Total Disbursements	22,828	22,828		22,828
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements	(22,678)	(22,678)	100	22,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	1,378	1,378	1,378	
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(21,300)	(21,300)	1,478	22,778
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	21,300	21,300	21,312	12
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,790	\$ 22,790

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CDBG 2013 GRANT FUND

Descripto	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL UDGET		ACT	ΓUAL	TO BU PO:	RIANCE FINAL JDGET SITIVE GATIVE
Receipts CDBG Grant	\$ 	\$ 		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Total Receipts	 	 					
Disbursements Materials and Services	 		(1)				
Total Disbursements	 	 					
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	-	-			-		-
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance			•		(727)		(727)
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ 	:	\$	(727)	\$	(727)

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CANYON CREEK RESTORATION FUND

	ORIG BUD		FINA BUDO		AC	ΓUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Receipts	¢		¢.		¢		¢
Grants	\$		<b>D</b>		\$		\$ -
Total Receipts							
Disbursements Materials and Services				(	(1)		
Total Disbursements							
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		-		-		-	-
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance							
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### IFA LOAN FUND

Receipts	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
IFA Loan	220,250	220,250	4,653	(215,597)
Total Receipts	220,250	220,250	4,653	(215,597)
Disbursements Materials and Services	220,607	220,607 (1)	<u>-</u>	220,607
Total Disbursements	220,607	220,607	<u>-</u>	220,607
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements	(357)	(357)	4,653	(436,204)
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(357)	(357)	4,653	5,010
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	357	357	(6,733)	(7,090)
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,080)	\$ (2,080)

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### IFA LOAN DEBT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Receipts IFA Loan			_		
Total Receipts			-		
Disbursements Debt Service	55,000	55,000	(1)	44,822	10,178
Total Disbursements	55,000	55,000	. <u> </u>	44,822	10,178
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements	(55,000)	(55,000)		(44,822)	(10,178)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES Transfers In	55,000	55,000	(1)	55,000	
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	55,000	55,000		55,000	-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	-	-		10,178	10,178
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance					
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	10,178	\$ 10,178

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Receipts	<b>_</b>	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 1,337 14,329	\$ (1,663) 14,329
Miscenancous		-	14,327	17,327
Total Receipts	3,000	3,000	15,666	12,666
Disbursements				
Capital Outlay	260,617	260,617	(1) 29,720	230,897
Total Disbursements	260,617	260,617	29,720	230,897
Excess of Receipts Over				
-Under Disbursements	(257,617)	(257,617)	(14,054)	243,563
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-	-	_
Transfers In	67,000	67,000	67,000	
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(190,617)	(190,617)	52,946	243,563
-				
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	190,617	190,617	195,840	5,223
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,786	\$ 248,786

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### SOUTH COUNTY COMMUNITY CENTER FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Disbursements				
Capital Outlay	17,568	17,568 (1)	-	17,568
Total Disbursements	17,568	17,568		17,568
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements	(17,568)	(17,568)	-	17,568
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	17,568	17,568	17,569	1
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,569	\$ 17,569

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### STREET CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

D		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	] I	ARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE
Receipts Interest	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,003	\$	3
Grants	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	(100,000)
Total Receipts		101,000		101,000		1,003		(99,997)
Disbursements								
Capital Outlay		322,000		322,000	(1)	11,596		310,404
Total Disbursements		322,000		322,000		11,596		310,404
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements		(221,000)		(221,000)		(10,593)		210,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		110,000		110,000	_	110,000		
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(111,000)		(111,000)		99,407		210,407
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		111,000		111,000		111,139		139
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$		\$	_	\$	210,546	\$	210,546

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### FACILITY RESERVE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	A(	CTUAL	TO I BUI POS	IANCE FINAL DGET ITIVE ATIVE
Receipts Interest	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$	2,996	\$	1 006
interest	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	Φ	2,990	Φ	1,996
Total Receipts	1,000	1,000		2,996		1,996
Disbursements						
Materials and Services	5,000	5,000 (1	1)	-		5,000
Capital Outlay	599,121	599,121 (1	ĺ)			599,121
Total Disbursements	604,121	604,121				604,121
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements	(603,121)	(603,121)		2,996		606,117
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	60,000	60,000		60,000		-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(543,121)	(543,121)		62,996		606,117
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	543,121	543,121		543,050		(71)
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	606,046	\$	606,046

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CANYONVILLE DAM BOND & INTEREST FUND

Receipts Interest	GINAL DGET -	INAL IDGET -		ACTUAL -	TO I BUI POS	IANCE FINAL DGET ITIVE ATIVE
Total Receipts		 -	_			
Disbursements Debt Service Principal Interest	-	-		-		-
Total Disbursements	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(1)			
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	-	-		-		-
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	 52,663	52,663		52,663		
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ 52,663	\$ 52,663	\$	52,663	\$	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS - CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2022

	 WATER									
	 WATER FUND		CAPITAL RESERVE WATER FUND	O'SHEA CREEK TIMBER FUND						
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$ 362,399	\$ 236,693	\$ 630,374	\$ 121,285						
Total Assets	 362,399	236,693	630,374	121,285						
FUND BALANCE Restricted for Debt Covenants Unreserved	 362,399	236,693	630,374	121,285						
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances	\$ 362,399	\$ 236,693	\$ 630,374	\$ 121,285						

				SEW	ER							
	WASTEWATER SYSTEM SEWER DEVELOPMENT FUND FUND		WASTEWATER CAPITAL TREATMENT RESERVE UPGRADE FUND SEWER FUND		RURAL DEVELOPMENT FUND		WASTEWATER UPGRADE DEBT FUND		NONMAJOR TOTAL			
\$	461,547 461,547	\$	606,831	\$ -	\$	2,519,530 2,519,530	\$	1,567 1,567	\$	297,640 297,640	\$	5,237,866 5,237,866
<del></del>	67,348 394,199 461,547	<del></del>	606,831	- - - \$ -	<u> </u>	2,519,530 2,519,530	<u> </u>	1,567 1,567	<u> </u>	224,788 72,852 297,640	<u> </u>	292,136 4,945,730 5,237,866

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ALL NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			W	ATER	
	WATE FUNI	R DE	ATER SYSTEM EVELOPMENT FUND	CAPITAL RESERVE WATER FUND	O'SHEA CREEK TIMBER FUND
Receipts					
Charges for Services		,080 \$	15,784	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	1,	,337	1,003	2,989	669
Other Receipts					
Total Receipts	417	,417	16,787	2,989	669
Disbursements					
Personal Services	199	.281	_	_	_
Materials and Services	126		-	-	-
Capital Outlay	1,	,985	-	-	-
Debt Service					
Total Disbursements	327.	,839			
Excess of Receipts Over,					
-Under Disbursements	89	,578	16,787	2,989	669
Other Financing Sources, -Uses					
Loan Proceeds		-	-	-	-
Transfers In		-	-	108,000	-
Transfers Out	(128)	(000,	-		
Total Other Financing Sources,					
-Uses	(128	(000,	-	108,000	
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(38,	,422)	16,787	110,989	669
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	400	,821	219,906	519,385	120,616
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ 362,	,399 \$	236,693	\$ 630,374	\$ 121,285

#### **SEWER**

 SEWER FUND	ASTEWATER SYSTEM VELOPMENT FUND	TRE	FEWATER ATMENT ADE FUND	S	CAPITAL RESERVE EWER FUND	D:	RURAL EVELOPMENT FUND	WASTEWATER UPGRADE DEBT FUND		 NONMAJOR TOTAL
\$ 924,077 334 5,317	\$ 26,970 2,809	\$	- - -	\$	- 14,237 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,382,911 23,378 5,317
 929,728	 29,779				14,237					1,411,606
230,948 212,420 3,832	- - - -		- - - -		- - -		60,625 607,669		- - - 225,788	430,229 399,618 613,486 225,788
 447,200	 				-		668,294		225,788	 1,669,121
482,528	29,779		-		14,237		(668,294)		(225,788)	(257,515)
(439,000)	 - - -		- - (101,686)		744,555		676,699 - -		(265,869)	676,699 852,555 (934,555)
 (439,000)	 		(101,686)		744,555		676,699		(265,869)	 (82,000)
43,528	29,779		(101,686)		758,792		8,405		(491,657)	337,184
418,019	577,052		101,686		1,760,738		(6,838)		789,297	4,900,682
\$ 461,547	\$ 606,831	\$		\$	2,519,530	\$	1,567	\$	297,640	\$ 5,237,866

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### WATER FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	TC BI PC	RIANCE FINAL JDGET SITIVE GATIVE	
Receipts							
Interest	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$	1,337	\$	(263)	
Charges for Services	600	600		2 400		1 000	
New Service Connections	600	600		2,400		1,800	
Utility Services	350,100	350,100		404,668		54,568	
Miscellaneous Water Fees	6,200	6,200		9,012		2,812	
Miscellaneous	200	200		<u> </u>		(200)	
Total Receipts	358,700	358,700		417,417	·	58,717	
Disbursements							
Personal Services	230,650	230,650	(1)	199,281		31,369	
Materials and Services	190,144	190,144	(1)	126,573		63,571	
Capital Outlay	21,985	21,985	(1)	1,985		20,000	
Debt Service	2,000	2,000	(1)			2,000	
Contingency	55,921	55,921	(1)	_		55,921	
Contingency		33,921	. (1)			33,321	
Total Disbursements	500,700	500,700		327,839		172,861	
Excess of Receipts Over							
-Under Disbursements	(142,000)	(142,000)		89,578		231,578	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers Out	(128,000)	(128,000)	(1)	(128,000)			
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(270,000)	(270,000)		(38,422)		231,578	
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	270,000	270,000	_	400,821		130,821	
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	362,399	\$	362,399	

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

<u>WATE</u>	<u>R SYST</u>	<u>EM DEVEL</u>	<u>OPM</u>	<u>ENT FUND</u>				
		IGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	TO B PO	ARIANCE O FINAL SUDGET OSITIVE EGATIVE
Receipts								
Interest	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,003	\$	(997)
System Development Fees		7,940		7,940	_	15,784		7,844
Total Receipts		9,940		9,940	_	16,787		6,847
Disbursements								
Materials and Services		229,440		229,440	(1)	_		229,440
				,	`			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Disbursements		229,440		229,440		-		229,440
					_			
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(219,500)		(219,500)		16,787		236,287
-								
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		219,500		219,500		219,906		406
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	236,693	\$	236,693
		·						·

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CAPITAL RESERVE WATER FUND

	RIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	_	Α	ACTUAL	]	ARIANCE FO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE
Receipts							
Interest	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000		\$	2,989	\$	(11)
Total Receipts	 3,000	3,000	-		2,989		(11)
Disbursements							
Materials and Services	50,000	50,000	(1)		_		50,000
Capital Outlay	572,300		(1)		_		572,300
•			Ì				
Total Disbursements	622,300	622,300			-		622,300
Excess of Receipts Over, -Under Disbursements	(619,300)	(619,300)			2,989		622,289
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES Transfers In	 108,000	108,000	•		108,000		
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	108,000	108,000			108,000		-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(511,300)	(511,300)			110,989		622,289
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	511,300	 511,300	•		519,385		8,085
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ _	\$ -	:	\$	630,374	\$	630,374

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### O'SHEA CREEK TIMBER FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		A	CTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE	
Receipts Interest	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500		\$	669	\$	(831)
Total Receipts		1,500	1,500			669		(831)
Disbursements Materials and Services		122,000	122,000	(1)		<u>-</u>		122,000
Total Disbursements		122,000	 122,000					122,000
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(120,500)	(120,500)			669		121,169
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		120,500	120,500			120,616		116
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	_	\$ -		\$	121,285	\$	121,285

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **SEWER FUND**

		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL UDGET		A	.CTUAL	] : I	ARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE
Receipts								
Interest	\$	3,000	\$ 3,000		\$	334	\$	(2,666)
Charges for Services		0.40,000	0.40.000			024.077		04.077
Utility Services		840,000	840,000			924,077		84,077
Miscellaneous Sewer Fees		300	300			- 5 217		(300)
Miscellaneous		600	 600	į.		5,317		4,717
Total Receipts		843,900	 843,900	•		929,728		85,828
Disbursements								
Personal Services		252,870	252,870	(1)		230,948		21,922
Materials and Services		300,210	300,210	(1)		212,420		87,790
Capital Outlay		38,500	38,500	(1)		3,832		34,668
Contingency		43,320	43,320	(1)		5,052		43,320
Contingency	-	43,320	 13,320	(1)				13,320
Total Disbursements		634,900	 634,900	i		447,200		187,700
Excess of Receipts Over								
-Under Disbursements		209,000	209,000			482,528		273,528
		,	,			,		,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES								
Transfers Out		(439,000)	 (439,000)	(1)		(439,000)		_
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses		(439,000)	(439,000)			(439,000)		-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(230,000)	(230,000)			43,528		273,528
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		230,000	 230,000			418,019		188,019
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$		\$ -	ł	\$	461,547	\$	461,547

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### WASTEWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND VARIANCE TO FINAL **BUDGET** ORIGINAL **FINAL POSITIVE BUDGET BUDGET** ACTUAL -NEGATIVE Receipts \$ Interest \$ 12,000 \$ 12,000 2,809 \$ (9,191)System Development Fees 11,250 11,250 26,970 15,720 **Total Receipts** 23,250 23,250 29,779 6,529 Disbursements Materials and Services 115,500 115,500 (1) 115,500 Capital Outlay 485,040 485,040 (1) 485,040 **Total Disbursements** 600,540 600,540 600,540 Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements (577,290)(577,290)29,779 607,069 Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance (577,290)(577,290)29,779 607,069 Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance 577,290 577,052 577,290 (238)

606,831

\$

\$

606,831

Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

WASTEW	ATER	TREATMEN	T UF	PGRADE FU	ND			
		ORIGINAL BUDGET	]	FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL	_	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Disbursements Capital Outlay	\$	101,686	\$	101,686	(1) \$	_	\$	101,686
Capital Canay	Ψ_	101,000	Ψ	101,000	(1) Ψ		Ψ-	101,000
Total Disbursements		101,686		101,686				101,686
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements		(101,686)		(101,686)		-		101,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers Out					. <u>-</u>	(101,686)		(101,686)
Total Other Financing Sources				-		(101,686)		(101,686)
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		(101,686)		(101,686)		(101,686)		101,686
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance		101,686		101,686	. <u> </u>	101,686		
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CAPITAL RESERVE SEWER FUND

Descripto	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	T 1 F	ARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OSITIVE IEGATIVE
Receipts Interest	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	14,237	\$	4,237
Total Receipts	10,000	10,000		14,237		4,237
Disbursements Capital Outlay	2,516,080	2,516,080	(1)			2,516,080
Total Disbursements	2,516,080	2,516,080	. <u>-</u>			2,516,080
Excess of Receipts Over, -Under Disbursements	(2,506,080)	(2,506,080)		14,237		2,520,317
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES Transfers In	744,555	744,555		744,555		
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	744,555	744,555		744,555		-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(1,761,525)	(1,761,525)		758,792		2,520,317
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	1,761,525	1,761,525	· <u></u>	1,760,738		(787)
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,519,530	\$	2,519,530

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### RURAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

Disbursements		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE
Materials and Services	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	(1)	•	60,625	\$	99,375
Capital Outlay	Φ	100,000	Ψ	100,000	(1)	Ψ	607,669	Ψ	(607,669)
Capital Outlay	1				(1)		007,007	-	(007,007)
Total Disbursements		160,000		160,000			668,294		(508,294)
				,					(= = = )
Excess of Receipts Over -Under Disbursements		(160,000)		(160,000)			(668,294)		508,294
Other Financing Sources, -Uses									
Loan Proceeds		160,000		160,000			676,699		516,699
					<u>.</u> 11				
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance		-		-			8,405		8,405
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance				-			(6,838)		(6,838)
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$		\$		ı	\$	1,567	\$	1,567

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### WASTEWATER UPGRADE DEBT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Disbursements Debt Service	225,788	225,788 (1)	225,788	
Debt Service	223,788	223,788 (1)	223,788	
Total Disbursements	225,788	225,788	225,788	
Excess of Receipts Over, -Under Disbursements	(225,788)	(225,788)	(225,788)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES Transfers Out	(265,869)	(265,869) (1)	(265,869)	<del>-</del>
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	(265,869)	(265,869)	(265,869)	-
Net Change in Cash Basis Fund Balance	(491,657)	(491,657)	(491,657)	-
Beginning Cash Basis Fund Balance	789,297	789,297	789,297	
Ending Cash Basis Fund Balance	\$ 297,640	\$ 297,640	\$ 297,640	\$ -

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a)		(b)			(b/c)	Plan fiduciary
	Employer's	Em	ployer's		(c)	NPL as a	net position as
Year	proportion of	proporti	onate share			percentage	a percentage of
Ended	the net pension	of the net pension		n covered		of covered	the total pension
June 30,	liability (NPL)	liabili	ity (NPL)		payroll	liability	
2022	0.00233 %	\$	278,769	\$	357,935	78%	87.6 %
2021	0.00299 %		651,788		331,273	197%	75.8 %
2020	0.00280 %		483,999		321,506	151%	80.2 %
2019	0.00302 %		458,272		333,950	137%	82.1 %
2018	0.00264 %		356,176		335,400	106%	83.1 %
2017	0.00367 %		551,153		312,385	176%	80.5 %

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the supplementary information is available.

#### **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

	Statutorily required ontribution	rela statute	Contributions in relation to the tatutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		mployer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$ 66,801	\$	66,801	\$	-	\$	381,071	18%
2021	57,610		57,610		-		357,935	16%
2020	43,097		43,097		-		331,273	13%
2019	30,622		30,622		-		321,506	10%
2018	31,018		31,018		-		333,950	9%
2017	29,225		29,225		-		335,400	9%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the supplementary information is available.

## 2021-2022 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

July 13, 2023

#### **Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Canyonville as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated July 13, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Canyonville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. As such, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Canyonville was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for one instance of expenditures exceeding appropriations as noted on page 11.

#### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Canyonville's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canyonville's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canyonville's internal control over financial reporting.

#### 2021-2022 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members, management of City of Canyonville and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Kenny Allen, CPA Municipal Auditor

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.