# Simple past: To be

You were late for class.

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| Badge à suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **was** tired.  You **were** late for class.  He **was** the best player.  She **was** good at tennis.  It **was** a rainy day.  We **were** on vacation.  They **were** married. | Badge à ne plus suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **was not** tired.  You **were not** late for class.  He **was not** the best player.  She **was not** good at tennis.  It **was not** a rainy day.  We **were not** on vacation.  They **were not** married. | Badge point d’interrogation avec un remplissage uni  **Was I** tired?  **Were you** late for class?  **Was he** the best player?  **Was she** good at tennis?  **Was it** a rainy day?  **Were we** on vacation?  **Were they** married? |

## These are *Time markers* that are often used with the simple past.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| five years ago | last year | four months ago | last month | last week |
| two days ago | yesterday | yesterday morning | yesterday afternoon | last night |
| today | this morning | two hours ago | then | next |
| *Last night, I did my homework. Then, I was tired, and I went to bed.* | | | | | |

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| **Let’s chat!** Choose a word from the *Time markers* vocabulary list. Tell your tutor where you were at that time (for example, “I was at home yesterday.”) Then, ask your tutor a question with the same time marker (for example, “Were you at home yesterday?”) Then, switch roles. Do this for three different time markers each. | Chat avec un remplissage uni |

## ❶ Write sentences or questions in the past with ‘to be’ using the words below.

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| --- | --- |
| * at home | you | last night? ***Were you at home last night?***  1. at school | we | not | yesterday 2. cold | it | on the weekend 3. they | at the party? 4. angry | I | at him | 1. sick | Ariana | last week? 2. James | busy | not | this morning 3. ready | you 4. they | at work | yesterday afternoon? |

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| **Quick tip!** Negatives and questions with ‘to be’ are structured the same in the past as in the present. Compare the top line to the bottom line.  Present: *I* ***am not*** *tired now.* ***Is she*** *on vacation this week?*  Past: *I* ***was not*** *tired this morning.* ***Was she*** *on vacation last week?* | Mille |

# Simple past: Regular verbs

I asked a question.

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| Badge à suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **asked** a question.  You **asked** a question.  He **asked** a question.  She **asked** a question.  We **asked** a question.  They **asked** a question. | Badge à ne plus suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **did not** **ask** a question.  You **did not** **ask** a question.  He **did not** **ask** a question.  She **did not** **ask** a question.  We **did not** **ask** a question.  They **did not** **ask** a question. | Badge point d’interrogation avec un remplissage uni  **Did I** **ask** a question?  **Did you** **ask** a question?  **Did he** **ask** a question?  **Did she** **ask** a question?  **Did we** **ask** a question?  **Did they** **ask** a question? |

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| **Quick tip!** In the example: “Where did you go?,” the main verb is **‘go,’** and **‘did’** is a helper word used to make it into a question. The helper word is also called an auxiliary, or an auxiliary verb. Questions in the simple past use **‘did’**as a helper word. | Mille |

# Simple past: To go

I went to Ontario.

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| Badge à suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **went** to Saskatchewan.  You **went** to Newfoundland.  He **went** to Manitoba.  She **went** to British Columbia.  We **went** to Alberta.  They **went** to Nova Scotia. | Badge à ne plus suivre avec un remplissage uni  I **did not go** to Saskatchewan.  You **did not go** to Newfoundland.  He **did not go** to Manitoba.  She **did not go** to British Columbia.  We **did not go** to Alberta.  They **did not go** to Nova Scotia. | Badge point d’interrogation avec un remplissage uni  **Did I** **go** to Saskatchewan?  **Did you** **go** to Newfoundland?  **Did he** **go** to Manitoba?  **Did she** **go** to British Columbia?  **Did we** **go** to Alberta?  **Did they** **go** to Nova Scotia? |

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| **Watch out!** In negatives and questions in the past, the helper word ‘did’ is in the past, so the main verb is in the present. One verb in the past is enough!  Madison **~~do not went~~** on vacation last summer.  Madison **did** **not** **go** on vacation last summer. | Loupe |

## ❷ Write sentences or questions in the past with ‘to go' using the words below.

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| --- | --- |
| * home | you | last night | go? ***When did you go home last night?***  1. a restaurant | we | not | yesterday | go 2. I | a party | on the weekend | go 3. you | a party | go? | 1. in Toronto | I | last year | go 2. she | at school | this morning | go? 3. James | a café | not | two days ago | go 4. last month | you | a cottage | go? |

## ❸ Write questions in the past with ‘to be’ and ‘to go.’

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| * you | very busy | be ***Were you very busy?***  1. they | Calgary | last summer | go 2. we | tired | last night | be 3. you | work | yesterday morning | go | 1. I | happy | last year | be 2. she | Rome | two years ago | go 3. he | last night | home | be 4. they | school | this morning | go |

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| **Quick tip!** We can use the word ‘last’ to refer to the most recent time something happened.  When did you **last** have pizza?  We **last** saw Liam on the weekend. | Mille |

# Questions with ‘when’

When did you arrive here?

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| To make a question with ‘when,’ start with a basic yes/no question, and add ‘when’ in front of it.  **Were you hungry**? →  When **were you hungry**?  ~~When you were hungry?~~  **Did you drink coffee**? →  When **did you drink coffee**?  ~~When you drink coffee?~~ | Examples: ‘to be’  When **was I** late?  When **were you** at home?  When **was he** happy?  When **was she** sad?  When **were we** at school?  When **were they** angry?  Watch out! There is no ‘did.’  ~~Where did Oliver is?~~  Where **was** Oliver? | Examples: other verbs  When **did I** buy this car?  When **did you** arrive here?  When **did he** get up?  When **did she** meether friend?  When **did we** do the cleaning?  When **did they** take the bus?  Watch out! Here, you need ‘did.’  ~~When you bought your phone?~~  When **did you buy** your phone? |

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| **💬 Interactive practice.** Use these questions for a quick chat. Try to use *Time markers* in your answer. When did you last go on a trip? When were you last late for class? When did you last buy a new phone? When were you last sick? When did you last… (choose an activity)? When were you last… (use an adjective, like ‘sad’?) Ask all of the questions, then it’s your tutor’s turn. | Chat avec un remplissage uni |

# Feelings and personality

The movie was interesting.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| to like | to enjoy | to love | to feel good | to feel great |
| a nice person | a good person | a good friend | happy | sad |
| ready | excited | exciting | interested | interesting |
| bored | boring | fun | funny | safe |

## ❹ Use the vocabulary list to find the right word.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. a feeling of pleasure and contentment 2. attracting your attention 3. feeling of strong affection 4. not in danger 5. person who is morally correct 6. prepared to do something 7. something that makes you laugh 8. tired and annoyed because something is uninteresting 9. to experience something good 10. to get pleasure from something 11. very enthusiastic about something | 1. to have intensely positive feelings 2. close acquaintance 3. feelings of interest and enthusiasm 4. to have happy feelings 5. a kind, polite, and friendly person 6. not happy 7. something amusing or enjoyable 8. uninteresting 9. wanting to learn more about something |

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| **Let’s chat!** Ask your tutor what they did the last time they went out. They should explain when it was using *Time markers*, what they did using a few different verbs, and how it was or how they felt using the *Feelings and personality* vocabulary. Then, it is your tutor’s turn. | Chat avec un remplissage uni |

# Short forms in the past

The class wasn’t interesting.

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| **With ‘to be’**  I **wasn’t** tired.  You **weren’t** tired.  He **wasn’t** tired.  She **wasn’t** tired.  We **weren’t** tired.  They **weren’t** tired. | **With other verbs**  I **didn’t** **go** out.  You **didn’t go** out.  He **didn’t go** out.  She **didn’t go** out.  We **didn’t go** out.  They **didn’t go** out. | **💬 Interactive practice**  Let’s talk about one bad movie you watched. Choose one movie that you didn’t enjoy. Tell your tutor why it was bad. Try to use a negative to express it, like “It wasn’t exciting.” Then, switch roles. |

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| **Quick tip!** Using the apostrophe.  An apostrophe replaces a missing letter in a word. For example, an apostrophe replaces the letter ‘o’ in the word ‘not’when **‘did not’** becomes **‘didn’t.’** | Mille |
| Of course, an apostrophe can also be used to show possession. For example, “my brother’s car.” |  |

# Going out

I went to a café for lunch.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| hungry | to eat | thirsty | to drink | a movie theatre |
| a restaurant | a café | a coffee | for lunch | for dinner |
| a plate | a bowl | a fork | a spoon | a knife |
| a cup | a glass | a washroom | a waiter | a waitress |

## ❺ Use the vocabulary list to find the right word.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. a flat, round dish for serving food 2. a man who serves food to people in a restaurant 3. a place where films are shown 4. a room with a toilet in a public building 5. a small, pointed tool for eating food 6. a small tool used for cutting food 7. a transparent drinking container 8. a woman who serves food to people in a restaurant 9. need to drink 10. need to eat | 1. a hot, dark brown drink made with ground beans 2. put food in mouth and swallow 3. a place where you can buy and eat a meal 4. a round container for serving food like soups 5. a small restaurant where you can buy simple meals and drinks 6. a small tool with a tiny bowl attached to a handle 7. a small, round container with a handle for drinking 8. meal in the middle of the day 9. put liquid in mouth and swallow 10. the main meal of the day |

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| **Vocabulary tip!** When you go to a restaurant, you **order** food. To do that, we use the word ‘have.’ For example, you could say to the waiter, “I **will have** the salad, please.” Then, if you tell this story to a friend, you will say, “Yesterday, I **went** to the restaurant and **had** a salad.” | Livres sur une étagère |

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| **Let’s chat!** Choose a word from the *Going out* vocabulary list. Ask a question like you saw in *Questions with ‘When.’* For adjectives, like ‘bored’ and similar words, you need to ask a question like “When were you bored.” For other words, like ‘restaurant,’ you will need to choose a verb and ask a question like “When did you go to…” Switch roles to do four words each. | Chat avec un remplissage uni |

# Unit review

Simple past: “We played. It was fun.”

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| **Let’s chat!** Tell your tutor five different places where you were today, using the word ‘ago.’ For example, “Five hours **ago**, I was in bed.”Then, switch roles.  Ask questions to your tutor about places they were yesterday using **time markers**. For example, “Were you at home **last night**?”Then, switch roles. | Chat avec un remplissage uni |

## ❻ Write questions in the past using the following words.

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| --- |
| * when | you | go | home?  ***When did you go home?***  1. we | be | ready | this morning? 2. when | they | go out? 3. he | ask | a question? 4. when | I | be | sad? 5. Scarlett | be | ready | yesterday morning? 6. when | you | go | to work? 7. she | be | excited | last night? |

## Review the vocabulary for *The body.* (You saw this in Unit A1-02.)

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a body | an arm | a leg | a head | a face |
| a hand | a finger | a nail | a foot (feet) | a toe |
| an eye | an ear | a nose | a mouth | a tooth (teeth) |

 

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| --- | --- |
| **Who is it?** Start by playing with just the pictures on the left-hand side. Secretly choose one of the pictures. Using the *Feelings and personality* vocabulary list and other words that you know, try to describe the person that you chose. You can say “She is…,” or “she is not…,” and words like ‘very’ or ‘really.’ Your tutor will try to guess which face you chose. When they guess, switch roles. Play for a few minutes. Then, use the pictures of the woman on the right-hand side. | Puzzle |

# Recommended homework

Choose one or more activities

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Internet | **Reading and watching.** Use your phone’s camera or a “QR Code scanner” to open these pages. |  | Watch a TV episode on CBC Gem. (It’s free!) One good choice is *Schitt’s Creek*.  <https://gem.cbc.ca/> |
|  | Read “A Great Summer Vacation,” from Lingua. [https://lingua.com/english/ reading/summer-vacation/](https://lingua.com/english/reading/summer-vacation/) |  | Watch “How to Order Food at a Restaurant,” by Bob the Canadian.  <https://youtu.be/uUMPULuwdLI> |

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| **Writing topic:** Choose three places from the *Going out* vocabulary list. Write a short paragraph that describes the last time you went to these places. When did you go? Who were you with? What did you have to eat or drink? How was it, and how did you feel? etc. | Crayon |

End of Unit A1-05.

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| **Answers.** ❶ A. We were not at school yesterday. B. It was cold on the weekend. C. Were they at the party? D. I was angry at him. E. Was Ariana sick last week? F. James was not busy this morning. G. Were you ready? H. Were they at work yesterday afternoon? ❷ A. We did not go to a restaurant yesterday. B. I was at a party on the weekend. C. Were you at a party? D. I was in Toronto last year. E. Was she at school this morning? F. James was not at a café two days ago. G. Were you at a cottage last month? ❸ A. Did they go to Calgary last summer? B. Were we tired last night? C. Did you go to work yesterday morning? D. Was I happy last year? E. Did she go to Rome two years ago? F. Was he at home last night? G. Did they go to school this morning? ❹ A. happy B. interesting C. to love D. a good person E. ready F. funny G. bored H. to like I. to enjoy J. excited K. to feel great L. a good friend M. exciting N. to feel good O. a nice person P. sad Q. safe R. fun **S.** boring T. interested ❺ A. a plate B. a waiter C. a movie theatre D. a washroom E. a fork F. a knife G. a glass H. a waitress I. thirsty J. hungry K. a coffee L. to eat M. for dinner N. a bowl O. a café P. spoon Q. a cup R. for lunch **S.** to drink T. for dinner ❻ A. Were we ready this morning? B. When did they go out? C. Did he ask a question? D. When was I sad? E. Was Scarlett ready yesterday? F. When did you go to work? G. Was she excited last night? | Coche |

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