

FEDERATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA PEACE UNITY FREEDOM



WORLD CLASS STRATEGIC PLAN OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA FOR THE NEXT 10 YEARS

BUSINESS PLAN



The future we want

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MAP

Regions of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA



Republic of Biafra States

**Each state will have 15 LGAs, and
each LGA will have 5 districts**

32 STATES OF THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA		
	Old Abia State: 17 LGAs	Capital
1	ABA STATE	Aba
2	IKWUMISIA STATE	Umuahia
3	OGBOO STATE	Obasi Nnunu
	Old Akwa Ibom State : 30 LGAs	
1	IDUNG IBOM STATE	Uyo
2	ITTAI ANANG STATE	Ikot Ekpene
3	QUA STATE	Eket
	Old Anambra State : 21 LGAs	
1	IKEMBA STATE	Awka
2	ODUMEGWU STATE	Isuofia
3	OMAMBALA STATE	Onitsha
	Old Bayelsa State : 8 LGAs	
1	BON STATE	Brass
2	EPIE STATE	Yenalgoa
3	SAGBAMA STATE	Sagbama
	Old Cross River State : 18 LGAs	
1	CALABAR STATE	Calabar
2	IKOM STATE	Obubra
3	OGOJA STATE	Obudu
	Old Delta State : 26 LGAs	
1	ANIOMA STATE	Agbor
2	DELTA STATE	Ugheli
3	KOKO STATE	Sapele
	Old Ebonyi State : 13 LGAs	
1	EBONYI STATE	Abakaliki
2	EDDA STATE	Ekoli
3	OHACHUKWU STATE	Ezamgbo
	Old Enugu State : 17 LGAs	
1	ALANSO STATE	Nsukka
2	AGBOJIOGU STATE	Oji
3	ENUGU STATE	Enugu
	OHABUENYI STATE(Part Benue)	
1	OHABUENYI STATE(Part Benue)	
	Old Imo State : 27 LGAs	
1	OKIGWE STATE	Okigwe
2	ORLU STATE	Orlu
3	OWERRI STATE	Owerri
	Old Rivers State : 23 LGAs	
1	ASARI STATE	Akoko Toro
2	IGBANI STATE	Port Harcourt
3	ORASHI STATE	Omoku
	FEDERAL CAPITAL	
	EBUBE	
	EACH STATE WILL HAVE 15 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS.	
	Each LGA will have 5 Districts.	

INTRODUCTION

Context

Growth prospects remain positive. Downside risks could be due to the security problems arising from religious tensions in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRAN STATES and slowing global growth, particularly.

Economic growth is driven to a large extent by the capital-intensive sectors, it does not create enough jobs and the poverty rate remains high. As a result, the country has a low human development index. It made great strides towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), but progress is slow and uneven due to the unrest by the religious / Fulani Jihadist attacks (Bokoharam terrorism)

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA economy must diversify into non-oil sectors leading to more sources of growth, giving it a wider base, both socially and geographically. The further development of agriculture, manufacturing and services could also increase growth, create jobs, and reduce poverty.

GDP growth should remain strong in 2013, supported by public investment and the exploitation of new oil fields in deep waters. GDP growth is likely to establish around 6.5% on average over the 2013-2017 period and the buying power is too high is rapidly.

The country's currency is THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRAN DOLLAR,

Goal

This study is conducted to create infrastructures to promote employment for the BIAFRANS, to significantly reduce the rate of jobless within 10 years in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA. Thus, it aims at improving the BIAFRAN way of life by a sustainable development for every BIAFRAN to have access to a quality lifestyle to realize the God given destiny / the image of who they are created to be.

Methodology

The implementation process of sustainable economic development involves a balanced "logic economic» and "the infrastructures" from the perspective of social equity within and between generations. Also, the evaluation of projects is by key department and according to investment grade. And progress in the context of sustainable development generally follows the structure of a lead to three dimensions of sustainable development: economic, social, and environmental dimensions.

The implementation of actions at national level therefore requires taking heed of the following constraints concomitantly:

- Economic constraint ensures sustained economic growth and poverty reduction.
- Ecological constraint maintains renewal capacity of natural ecosystems that provide the ecological basis of growth and economic and social development.
- Political, institutional, and legal constraints: establishing institutions and develop effective

legal instruments (laws, regulations ...).

- Financial constraints: establishing a funding mechanism and sustainable development investment (economical instruments - taxes, market, funding, and consignment).
- Socio-cultural constraint: Inform, sensitize, and educate all stakeholders for behavior change for sustainable development. Support the participation of local people in decision-making, enhance traditional knowledge and develop environmental awareness.

Projects used for the preparation of this business plan synthesis focused on (research on national strategies, plans, policies, capacity needs assessment, practical experiences,) and interviews and consultations with stakeholder's national stakeholders (government, major national groups, and donor agencies).

1. THE WORLD CLASS MASTER / MEGA PROJECTS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

Progress in sustainable development comes in terms of political commitment on the part of government and effective involvement of the private sector and civil society.

BELOW ARE MENTIONNED SOME MASTER / MEGA PROJECTS FOR THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

- Health Master Projects
- Mine and Energies Master Projects
- Livestock and agriculture Master Projects
- Master Projects in the field of land and air transport
- Master Projects of communication and information technologies
- Master Projects of aviation and automotive
- Master Projects of industry
- Master Projects of environmental and urban sanitation
- Projects of the environment against the desertification and climate warming
- Master Projects for people housing
- Master Projects of tourism
- Master Projects for sports, recreation, and sports infrastructures
- Master Projects of National education and vocational training

I. COUNTRY CONCERNED

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA is the country concerned.

I.1 Geography of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA, country of Western Africa is a federal republic open to Cameroon, to the republic of Oduduwa Nation and north, the republic of Ariwa.

Former British colony will become a member of BRICS, THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA with an area of 29 848 square miles (77 310 km ²), is the most populous country on the African continent.

Source: Wikipedia

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA population, rich in its diversity is unevenly distributed. The total population size is not precisely known, with estimates ranging from 120 to 150 million people in 2021, according to several sources.

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA has about 32 States

I.2 Demographics

The data documents abundantly THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA demographic characteristics in 2012.

Table 1: THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA demographic specifications

Indicator per population average	Men	Women	2012
Population (thousand)	84 398	82 231	166 629
Percentage of the population (60 years +)	5	6	11%
Percentage of the population (Under 15 years)	-	-	43%
Percentage of the population (Men/100 Women)	-	-	97
Annual population growth rate 2010-2015	-	-	2.5
Urban population	-	-	50.3
Sex ratio of international migrants (Men/100 Women)	-	-	0.2

Source: United Nations Data (2012)

Table 2: THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA Health characteristics

Indicator per population	Women	Men	2012
Life expectancy at birth	53	52	-
Life expectancy at (60 years +)	17	15	-
Adolescent fertility rate	-	-	111.3
Total fertility rate	-	-	5.43

Source: United Nations Data (2012)

I.3 Economy

7.4% in 2011, growth of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA economy has moderated to 6.6% in 2012. The oil sector is the engine, with an average growth of about 8.0% against -0.35% for the non-oil sector. Agriculture and the oil and gas sector continues to occupy a prominent place in economic activities and in the country. The fiscal consolidation measures help to keep the budget deficit below 3% of GDP. Combined with the monetary policy of the Federal Reserve (BIAFRAN FEDERAL RESERVE, BFR), they have contained inflation around 12% in 2012. Growth prospects remain favorable. In the short and medium term, we could still see a slowdown because of the insecurity caused by religious tensions, tribal conflicts / terrorism against THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA, the costs of the floods, the slowdown in global economic growth (especially in the United States and China) and the crisis of sovereign debt in the euro area.

Table 3: Key macroeconomic aggregates, 2011-2013

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Growth rate of real GDP	7.4	6.6	6.7	7.3
Growth rate of real GDP per capita	4.9	4.1	4.2	4.8
Inflation ICP	10.9	12	9.7	9.5
Budget balance % GDP	-0.1	3.7	4.4	5.7
Current account % GDP	3.2	10.4	11.8	14.6

Source: Africa Economic Outlook “Perspectives economic of Africa”, Estimates

II.4 Presentation of some key ministries and their roles in development in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

A. Ministry of Health

It ensures the wellbeing and encourages involvement in development. Contribute to improving the health status of the population living in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA by the animation of the pharmaceutical activity and promote any investment in health. It is a key Ministry of Development of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

B. Ministry of Information and Communication

This ministry is responsible for Communication, implementation, and monitoring of government policy in terms of communication throughout the country. It contributes to sustainable economic development in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

C. Ministry of Transport

The Ministry of road and air transport has the main role to monitor and implement the development policy of the Government in transports, to modernize the transport system in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

D. Ministry of National Education

Its mission is to manage the national education program to educate citizens and revitalize skills required for human resource principle of globalization. Knowledge acquired by secondary and higher education levels. To make set up the policy of the national development.

E. Ministry of Economy and Finances

It is a ministry of state; he is responsible for the management of public finances, mainly business revenue collection and payment of expenses of the state. It deals with the economy, finance, treasury, budget allocated to each department.

ASSESSMENT OF THE PROJECTS RELEVANT TO DEVELOPMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRAN plans to be repositioned among the concert of the nations and to enhance its image at the national

level and international level. This initiative allowed the state of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA to specify pilot projects for itseconomic, social, industrial, educational development during the next 10 years.

The action plan is defined by the creation of several projects per category:

I.4 Categories of the summary projects of the needs in infrastructures

We distinguish several projects gathered by general field:

A. Health

For a sustainable development, the foundation basis is on a healthy population, available and accessible infrastructure. Therefore, the design and construction of the following facilities are required:

- Design and construction of research centers
- Construction of hospitals (Polyclinics, Hospitals Universities, Regional Hospital Centre (RHC)
- Creating of pharmaceutical centers
- Construction of universities in the field of health
- Promote natural-therapeutic medicine.



HOSPITAL

Summary of needs for Health

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA arises need to create more Health infrastructures. Recently its intention was to build centers for drugs addicted.

Table 4: Summary health projects

FIELD	PROJECTS	SPECIFICATION	UNIT	UNIT COST USD	TOTAL COST OF INVESTMENT USD
HEALTH	RESEARCH CENTERS		2	800.000.000	1.600.000.000
	HOSPITALS AND SPECIALIZED CENTERS	University Hospitals	10	400.000.000	4.000.000.000
		Polyclinics	100	500.000.000	5.000.000.000
	PHARMACEUTICAL LABORATORIES		2	600.000.000	1.200.000.000
	CREATING UNIVERSITY SPECIALIZED IN MEDICINE		2	2.000.000.000	4.000.000.000
	TOTAL USD				

Mines and Energies

For many years, THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA is seeking partners and investors to improve its oil production through refineries, increased tenfold its agricultural, services capacities, and create more employment for unemployed graduate THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA or others. This thought is also focused on hydrocarbons in all various forms (coltan, tin, iron ore, zinc...) including Crude Oil and Natural Gas. The beneficiaries are the promoters of the projects; THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA mining sector; populations surrounding project areas; the State of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA through various taxes; worldwide market; electronic industries.

The policy adopted is to create mining and oil infrastructures, and to meet global demand. For a strong economy, THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA wants to score with two new refineries for oil and Gas. Below piloting specific projects:

- Exploration
- Creating refineries for oil and gas
- Extraction
- Creating all mining infrastructures on the site of extraction
- Creating offshore infrastructures



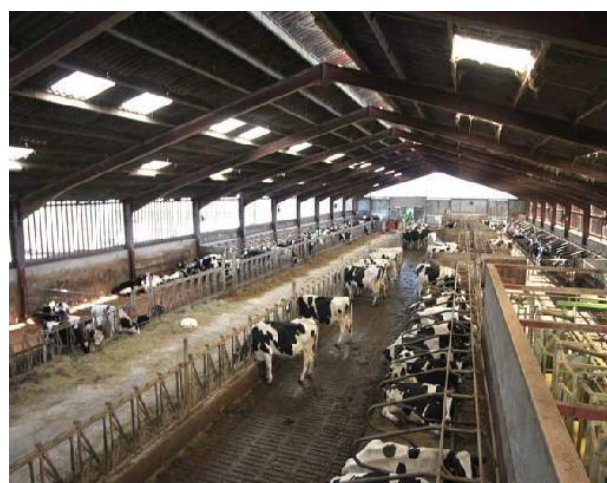
Table 5: Recapitalizing oil and mining projects

FIELD	PROJECTS	UNIT	UNIT COST (USD)	GLOBAL COST OF INVESTISSEMENT (USD)
MINE AND PETROLEUM	Exploration		500.000.000	500.000.000
	Creating refineries for oil	1 (Oil)	4.000.000.000	4.000.000.000
		1 (Gas)	3.000.000.000	3.000.000.000
	Creating offshore infrastructures	2	1.500.000.000	3.200.000.000
Infrastructures as compensation for the benefit of population on the sites of extraction	100	4.00.000	4.000.000.000	
PARTIAL TOTAL				14.700.000.000

B. Farming and Agriculture

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA it's in food self-sufficiency policy aims to focus on the following points:

- Livestock
- Agriculture



The projects to be developed in the field of animal husbandry are the following:



- Creation of research for the improvement of animal and fish species
- Animal husbandry and fisheries infrastructure creation (farms, fish, etc.).
- Modernization of livestock (use of modern equipment)
- Construction of modern slaughterhouses
- Construction of factories for the manufacture of animal feed
- Construction of meats
- Construction of veterinary centers
- Construction of water high-tech green house for

Aquaculture and agriculture

The projects to be developed in the field of agriculture are:

- Establishment of research centers for agricultural development
- Creation of modern infrastructure for growing grain and vegetable growers
- Creation of micro-tube factories to modernize the culture of potatoes in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA
- Establishment of vocational training centers for new farming techniques



Table 6: Summary agricultural projects

FIELD	PROJET		NUMBER	UNIT COST	INVESTMENT GLOBAL COAST
FARMING AND AGRICULTURE	LIVESTOCK				
	RESEARCH CENTERS		1	200.000.000	200.000.000
	LIVESTOCK INFRASTRUCTURES	Farms	-	-	1.000.000.000
		Aquaponics	-	-	
	MODERN SLAUGHTERHOUSES		10	10.000.000	100.000.000
	ANIMALS FOOD FACTORIES		5	100.000.000	500.000.000
	GREENHOUSES CONSTRUCTION OF HIGH-WATER TECHNOLOGY FOR VEGETABLE AND AQUAQUAPONICS		20	200.000.000	4.000.000.000
	AGRICULTURE				
	PLANT MICRO-TUBE FOR CULTURE OF POTATOES		10	200.000.000	2.000.000.000
	VOCATIONAL TRAINING CENTRES A LIVESTOCK AND AGRICULTURE		10	10.000.000	100.000.000
TOTAL				7.900.000.000	

C. The transport

Transport plays an important role in the lives of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA. It is an important factor for sustainable development in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA. The state has set itself the following objectives:

D.1 Road transport

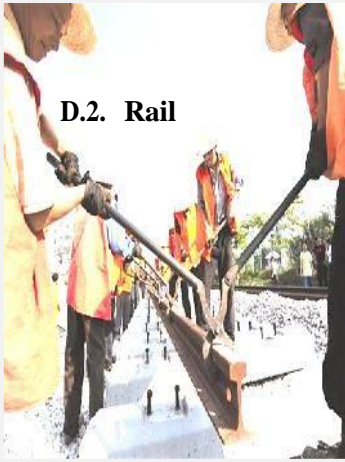
- Tarring and renewal of roads (10.000 km over on ground);
- Construction of several international bus stations.
- Rehabilitation and improvement of existing bus stations.

Renewal of means of urban transport (purchase of buses and taxis)

- Construction of bridges



D.2. Rail



- Construction of 5.000km railway
- Construction of railway stations in major cities of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA.
- The installation of a control tower to monitor national rail traffic in THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA.
- Construction of urban passenger rail network in Legos (Economical Capital).



D.3. Air transport

- Creation of two new international airports
- Creation of international private airlines
- Purchase of new aircraft lines for domestic, regional, and international air traffic
- Renovation of airports inside the country



Table 8: Summary transport projects

DOMAIN	SECTORS	PROJECTS	SPECIFICS	TOTAL INVESTISSEMENT (USD)	
TRANSPORT	ROAD TRANSPORT	Tarring and road renewal	10.000 km over earth	3.000.000.000	
		Construction of international bus stations	5 stations to be built	1.000.000.000	
		Rehabilitation of Existing bus stations	Rehabilitation and extension	200.000.000	
		Urban transport (Purchase of buses, taxis ...)	5.000 buses 50.000 taxis	2.500.000.000	
		Construction of bridges	4 bridges	1.000.000.000	
	RAIL	Construction of railways	5,000 km of railways	2.560.000.000	
		Construction of railway stations		2.000.000.000	
		Installation of a national control tower		100.000.000	
		Construction of an urban network in Legos		1.000.000.000	
	SHIPPING	Development and servicing of the port area	Additional industrial and commercial area of 150 ha	300.000.000	
		Construction of a container terminal	700 ml-based platform to -15 m with 23 HA medians, Capacity: 600,000 TEU Vessel project: PC 4500-6000 TEUs in Legos	1.000.000.000	
		Construction of a hydrocarbons storage centre	Storage de 50 000 tons	50.000.000	
	AIR TRANSPORT	Creation of international airports	Two airports	2.000.000.000	
		Creation of international private' airports	3 private airlines	100.000.000	
		Purchase of new airliners	10 Airplanes	100.000.000	
	TOTAL				14.600.000.000

D. Communication et new technologies of information and communication (NTIC)

- Creation of training centers in communication and NTIC
- Creation of new audio-visual channels
- Digitization of audiovisual archives
- Deployment of digital broadcast network
- Creation of telephone companies



Table 9: Summary new technologies of information and communication projects

DOMAIN	PROJECT	UNITS	PRICE PER UNIT (USD)	TOTAL INVESTISSEMENT (USD)
Communication and NTIC	Creation of training centers in communication and new technologies			2.400.000.000
	Creation of new audio-visual channels	1	200.000.000	200.000.000
	Digitization of audiovisual archives			1.000.000.000
	Deployment of digital broadcast network	20	10.000.000	200.000.000
	Creation of telephone companies			1.000.000.000
Partial Total				4.800.000.000

E. Industries

Revitalizing all THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA industry:

- The primary industries (construction of onshore and offshore platform for mining and oil)
- The secondary industries (construction of car assembly plants, processing plants refineries, steelworks factory prefabricated houses ...)



Table 10: Summary industrial projects

DOMAIN	INDUSTRIES	GOALS	BENEFICIARIES	PRICE PER UNIT	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
Industry	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	Make THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA industries to become performant in west African area	–	–	15.000.000.000
	CONSTRUCTION OF ONSHORE AND OFFSHORE PLATFORM FOR MINING AND OIL	–	2	2.000.000.000	4.000.000.000
Partial Total					19.000.000.000

F. Environment and Urban safety

- Construction of a collection factory and processing into renewable energy
- Promote awareness in the fight against unpleasant / conduciveness.
- Establish programs to fight against deforestation.

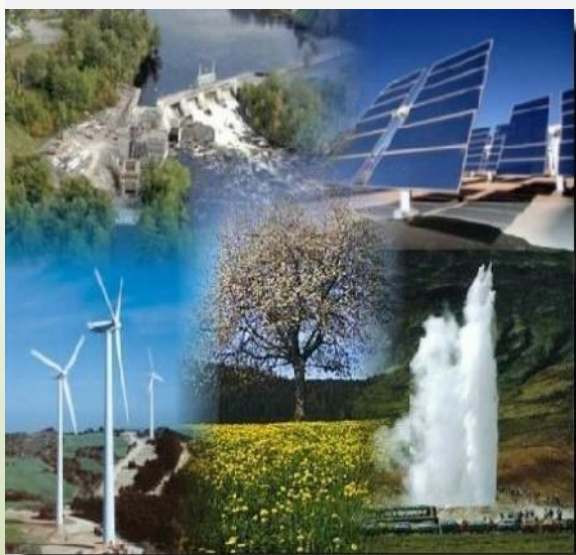


Table 11: Summary environment and urban safety projects

DOMAIN	PROJECTS	GOALS	BENEFICARY	PRICE PER UNIT	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
Environment and urban safety	CONSTRUCTION OF A COLLECTION FACTORY AND PROCESSING INTO RENEWABLE ENERGY	Place THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA among leader of the industry in West Africa	Investors, State of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA, populations	–	2.400.000.000
	PROMOTE AWARENESS IN THE FIGHT AGAINST GLOBAL WARMING		Investors, State of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA, populations	–	1.000.000.000
	ESTABLISH PROGRAMS TO FIGHT AGAINST DEFORESTATION		Investors, State of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA, populations	–	1.000.000.000
Partial Total					4.400.000.000

G. People housing

THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA has a deficit of 500,000 units of housing. The need for shelter is increasingly felt. The state has planned to cope with it in the next 5 years. Below are the actions for the next 5 years:

- Construction of low-price housing



Table 12: Summary people housing projects.

DOMAIN	PROJECT	TARGET	Housing (unit)	PRICE PER UNIT (USD)	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
	Construction of low price housing	The poors	500.000 for the five (5) next years	10.000	5.000.000.000

H. Tourism

- Construction of a line of five-star hotels
- Rehabilitation of tourist sites
- Development of beaches
- Development of national parks



Table 13: Summary tourism projects

DOMAIN	PROJECTS	QUANTITY	PRICE PER UNIT (USD)	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
TOURISM	Construction of a line of five-star hotels	2Hotels	500.000.000	1.000.000.000
	Rehabilitation of tourist sites	-	500.000.000	500.000.000.
	Development of national parks	5	100.000.000	500.000.000
Partial Total				2.000.000.000

I. Sport and leisure

- Construction of sports facilities (Olympic Stadium ...)
- Construction of sports centers accessible to the Public
- Construction of sports schools that meet international standards.



Table 14: Summary sportive infrastructures projects

DOMAIN	PROJECTS	QUANTITY	PRICE PER UNIT (USD)	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
SPORT AND LEISURE	Construction of sports facilities (Olympic Stadium ...)	2 Olympic stadiums	500.000.000	1.000.000.000
	Construction of sports centers accessible to the Public			1.000.000.000
	Construction of sports schools that meet international standards	10	200.000.000	2.000.000.000
Partial Total				4.000.000.000

J. National Education and Professional Training

- Construction of primary and secondary schools
- Construction of school canteens
- Construction of medical centers for schools
- Construction of Universities
- Construction of literacy centers
- Construction of research centers
- Housing for teachers and professors of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA
- Creation of school and university libraries
- Creation of centers of assistance to students, poor students, and Orphans



Table 15: Summary education projects

DOMAIN	PROJECTS	QUANTITY	PRICE PER UNIT (USD)	TOTAL INVESTMENT (USD)
National Education and Professional Training	Construction of primary and high schools	500 Schools	5.000.000	2.500.000.000
	Creation of centers of assistance to students, poor students and Orphans	100	4.000.000	400.000.000
	Primary schools equipment			1.000.000.000
	Construction of Specialized health centers for children	20	100.000.000	2.000.000.000
	Creating literacy centers			200.000.000
	Housing for teachers and professors of THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA	20.000 houses	20.000	400.000.000
	Creation of school and university libraries	100	2.000.000	200.000.000
Partial Total				6.700.000.000

Table 16: GLOBAL COST OF THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRA DEVELOPMENT PROJECT FOR THE NEXT 10 YEARS

For its sustainable development, **THE REPUBLIC OF BIAFRAN** plans to achieve all above-mentioned projects in all sectors. The global cost amounts at **~98.7 BILLION USD** as specified below:

PROJECTS	PARTIAL COST OF INVESTMENT (USD)
Health	15.6 Billion
Mining and Energy	14.7 Billion
Agriculture	7.9 Billion
Transport	14.6 Billion
New Technologies of information and communication	4.8 Billion
Industry	19 Billion
Environment and urban safety	4.4 Billion
People Housing	5 Billion
Tourism	2 Billion
Sport and Leisure	4 Billion
National Education	6.7 Billion
GLOBAL COST	~98.7 Billion

CAPE TOWN SOUTH AFRICA.

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