

# 6 MONTH VISIT—PARENT



## HEALTHY TEETH

- Ask us about the need for fluoride.
- Clean gums and teeth (as soon as you see the first tooth) 2 times per day with a soft cloth or soft toothbrush and a small smear of fluoride toothpaste (no more than a grain of rice).
- Don't give your baby a bottle in the crib. Never prop the bottle.
- Don't use foods or juices that your baby sucks out of a pouch.
- Don't share spoons or clean the pacifier in your mouth.

## WHAT TO EXPECT AT YOUR BABY'S 9 MONTH VISIT

### We will talk about

- Caring for your baby, your family, and yourself
- Teaching and playing with your baby
- Disciplining your baby
- Introducing new foods and establishing a routine
- Keeping your baby safe at home and in the car



## SAFETY

- Use a rear-facing-only car safety seat in the back seat of all vehicles.
- Never put your baby in the front seat of a vehicle that has a passenger airbag.
- If your baby has reached the maximum height/weight allowed with your rear-facing-only car seat, you can use an approved convertible or 3-in-1 seat in the rear-facing position.
- Put your baby to sleep on her back.
- Choose crib with slats no more than 2 3/8 inches apart.
  - Lower the crib mattress all the way.
- Don't use a drop-side crib.
- Don't put soft objects and loose bedding such as blankets, pillows, bumper pads, and toys in the crib.
- If you choose to use a mesh playpen, get one made after February 28, 2013.
- Do a home safety check (stair gates, barriers around space heaters, and covered electrical outlets).
- Don't leave your baby alone in the tub, near water, or in high places such as changing tables, beds, and sofas.
- Keep poisons, medicines, and cleaning supplies locked and out of your baby's sight and reach.
- Put the Poison Help line number into all phones, including cell phones. Call us if you are worried your baby has swallowed something harmful.
- Keep your baby in a high chair or playpen while you are in the kitchen.
- Do not use a baby walker.
- Keep small objects, cords, and latex balloons away from your baby.
- Keep your baby out of the sun. When you do go out, put a hat on your baby and apply sunscreen with SPF of 15 or higher on her exposed skin.

Consistent with *Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents*, 4th Edition

For more information, go to <https://brightfutures.aap.org>.

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